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## **General Assembly**

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## RIGHT OF PEOPLES TO SELF-DETERMINATION

Nigeria: draft resolution

Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination

The General Assembly,

Recalling all its resolutions on the use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination, and the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations concerning the strict observance of the principles of sovereign equality, political independence, territorial integrity of States and self-determination of peoples, as well as strict respect for the principle of the non-use or threat of the use of force in international relations, as developed in the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, 1/

Reaffirming the legitimacy of the struggle of peoples and their liberation movements for their independence, territorial integrity, national unity and liberation from colonial domination, apartheid and foreign intervention and occupation, and that their legitimate struggle can in no way be considered as or equated to mercenary activity,

Convinced that the use of mercenaries is a threat to international peace and security,

1 . . .

<sup>1/</sup> Resolution 2625 (XXV), annex.

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<u>Deeply concerned</u> about the menace that the activities of mercenaries represent for all States, particularly African and other developing States,

<u>Profoundly alaimed</u> at the continued international criminal activities carried out by mercenaries in collusion with drug traffickers,

Recognizing that the activities of mercenaries are contrary to the fundamental principles of international law, such as non-interference in the internal affairs of States, territorial integrity and independence, and impede the process of the self-determination of peoples struggling against colonialism, racism and apartheid and all forms of foreign domination,

Recalling all of its relevant resolutions, as well as those of the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council and the Organization of African Unity, in which, inter alia, it condemned any State that permitted or tolerated the recruitment, financing, training, assembly, transit and use of mercenaries with the objective of overthrowing the Governments of States Members of the United Nations, especially those of developing countries, or of fighting against national liberation movements,

<u>Deeply concerned</u> about the loss of life, the substantial damage to property and the short-term and long-term negative effects on the economy of southern African countries resulting from mercenary aggression,

<u>Convinced</u> that it is necessary to develop international cooperation among States for the prevention, prosecution and punishment of such offences,

Welcoming the adoption of the International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries,  $\underline{2}$ / and the fulfilment of the provisions of paragraph 2 of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1991/29 of 5 March 1991  $\underline{3}$ / as reflected in the preliminary report of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights,  $\underline{4}$ /

1. Notes with appreciation the note by the Secretary-General 5/
transmitting the preliminary report of the Special Rapporteur of the
Commission on Human Rights on the use of mercenaries as a means of violating
human rights and impeding the exercise of the right of peoples to
self-determination;

<sup>2/</sup> Resolution 44/34, annex.

<sup>3/</sup> Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1991, Supplement No. 2 (E/1991/22), chap. II, sect. A.

<sup>4/</sup> A/46/459, annex.

<sup>5/</sup> A/46/459.

- 2. <u>Condemns</u> the continued recruitment, financing, training, assembly, transit and use of mercenaries, as well as all other forms of support to mercenaries, for the purpose of destabilizing and overthrowing the Governments of African States and of other developing States and fighting against the national liberation movements of peoples struggling for the exercise of their right to self-determination;
- 3. <u>Reaffirms</u> that the use of mercenaries and their recruitment, financing and training are offences of grave concern to all States and violate the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations;
- 4. <u>Strongly condemns</u> the use of groups of armed mercenaries by South African racist movements to carry out acts of aggression and intimidation against the black majority and to fight the dismantling of apartheid;
- 5. <u>Denounces</u> any State that persists in the recruitment, or permits or tolerates the recruitment, of mercenaries and provides facilities to them for launching armed aggression against other States;
- 6. <u>Urges</u> all States to take the necessary steps and to exercise the utmost vigilance against the menace posed by the activities of mercenaries and to ensure, by both administrative and legislative measures, that the territory of those States and other territories under their control, as well as their nationals, are not used for the recruitment, assembly, financing, training and transit of mercenaries, or for the planning of activities designed to destabilize or overthrow the Government of any State and to fight the national liberation movements struggling against racism, apartheid, colonial domination and foreign intervention or occupation;
- 7. <u>Cails upon</u> all States to extend humanitarian assistance to victims of situations resulting from the use of mercenaries, as well as from colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation;
- 8. Reaffirms that to use channels of humanitarian and other assistance to finance, train and arm mercenaries is inadmissible:
- 9. <u>Urges</u> all States to take early action to sign, accede to or ratify the International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries, in order to expedite the coming into force of that Convention;
- 10. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session on the use of mercenaries, especially in view of the additional elements highlighted in the preliminary report of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights.

