### UNITED NATIONS

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY



CENERAL A/1841/Add.4 23 October 1951

ENGLISE

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SPANISH

Dual distribution

# ADDITIONAL MEASURES TO BE EMPLOYED TO MEET THE AGGRESSION IN KOREA

Reports from governments on measures taken in accordance with General Assembly resolution 500 (V) of 18 May 1951

After documents A/1841, A/1841/Add.1, A/1841/Add.2 and A/1841/Add.3 had been prepared, a communication was received from the following government:

Uruguay

#### URUGUAY

New York, 11 october 1951

With reference to my note 401 - 951 - 615 of 6 June 1951, I have the honour to communicate herewith the text of the decree whereby my Government has given effect to the measures recommended in General Assembly resolution 500 (V) of 13 May 1951, paragraph 1(e).

(signed) E. RODRIGUEZ FARREGAT
Permanent representative of Uruguay to the United Nations

### ANNEX

MINISTRY OF FCREIGN AFFAIRS
MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEFENCE
MINISTRY OF FINANCE

Montevideo, 25 June 1951

WHEREAS on 27 June 1950 the Security Council of the United Nations determined "that the armed attack upon the Republic of Korea by forces from North Korea constitutes a breach of the peace", and on 1 February 1951 the General Assembly found that the Government "of the People's Republic of China, by giving direct aid and assistance to those who were already committing aggression in Korea, and by engaging in hostilities against United Nations forces there, has itself engaged in aggression in Korea"; and

whereas in its resolution of 13 May 1951 the General Assembly of the United Nations recommended that every State should "apply an emeargo on the shipment to areas under the control of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China and of the North Korean authorities of arms, ammunition and implements of war, atomic energy materials, petroleum, transportation materials of strategic value, and items useful in the production of arms, ammunition and implements of war"; and

WHEREAS, elthough Uruguay carries on virtually no trade with the areas referred to in the aforesaid resolution of the General Assembly, it is desirable to avoid any resolutive of direct or indirect violation of the measures adopted, as well as to afford further proof of the determination with which this country supports the United Nations efforts to prevent and punish the crime of international aggression; and

WEEREAS, as regards the power of the Executive to order the measures recommended, under our legal system treaties duly concluded and ratified and also the rules of international law are directly applicable in domestic affairs by the executive and judicial authorities, as is confirmed, inter alia, by the Decree of the Executive Power dated 19 February 1951 and by the decision of the Sugreme Court of Justice dated 17 January 1951 which are likewise consenant with rules of customary law; and

WHEREAS in Resping with this grinciple, the Decrees of the Executive Power dated 17 October and 19 Rovember 1935 were enacted to prescribe measures, resembling those contemplated in the present Decree, in pursuance of a similar resolution adopted by the assembly of the League of Matfons; and

WHEREAS the General Assembly of the United Nations is authorized under Article to and Article 1, paragraph 1, of the Charter to recommend to ... Members "effective collective measures for the prevention and removal of threats to the peace, and for the suppression of acts of aggression or other breaches of the peace"; end

WHEREAS Article 2, persgraph 5, of the Charter stipulates that "all Members shall refrain from giving assistance to any State against which the United Nations is taking preventive or enforcement action"; and

WHEREAS, furthermore Article 157, paragraph 17, of the Constitution empowers the Executive Power to order the severance of relations on its own authority and in general terms and the measure recommended involves a partial severance of economic and trade relations;

NOW THEREFORE, in accordance with the report submitted to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, within the prescribed time limits, concerning the measures which the Government of the Republic was preparing to adopt,