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Held at Headquarters, New York,
on Wednesday, 3 December 1986, at 3 p.m.

President: Mr. CHOUDHURY (Bangladesh)

- Effects of atomic radiation: report of the Special Political Committee [70]
- Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories: [71]
 - (a) Report of the Special Political Committee;
 - (b) Report of the Fifth Committee;
- International co-operation in the peaceful uses of outer space; question of the review of the convention on registration of objects launched into outer space: report of the Special Political Committee [72]
- Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects: report of the Special Political Committee [73]

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- Questions relating to information: report of the Special Political Committee [74]
- United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East: report of the Special Political Committee [75]
- International co-operation to avert new flows of refugees: report of the Special Political Committee [76]
- Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India: report of the Special Political Committee [77]
- Question of the composition of the relevant organs of the United Nations: report of the Special Political Committee [78]
- Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States: report of the Sixth Committee [121]
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- Report of the International International Law Commission on the work of its thirty-eighth session: report of the Sixth Committee [130]
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- Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization: [132]
 - (a) Report of the Sixth Committee;
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- Development and strengthening of good-neighbourliness between States: report of the Sixth Committee [133]
- Draft Body of Principles for the Protection of All Persons under Any Form of Detention or Imprisonment: report of the Sixth Committee [134]
- Draft standard rules of procedure for United Nations conferences: report of the Sixth Committee [135]
- Draft Declaration on Social and Legal Principles relating to the Protection and Welfare of Children, with Special Reference to Foster Placement and Adoption Nationally and Internationally: report of the Sixth Committee [136]
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The meeting was called to order at 3.25 p.m.

AGENDA ITEMS 70, 71, 72 and 137, and 73 to 78

EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/730)

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE POPULATION OF THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES:

(a) REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/750);

(b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/920)

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE; QUESTION OF THE REVIEW OF THE CONVENTION ON REGISTRATION OF OBJECTS LAUNCHED INTO OUTER SPACE: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/751)

COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THE WHOLE QUESTION OF PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS IN ALL THEIR ASPECTS: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/752)

QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/753)

UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/754)

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION TO AVERT NEW FLOWS OF REFUGEES: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/755)

QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF GLORIEUSES, JUAN DE NOVA, EUROPA AND BASSAS DA INDIA: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/756)

QUESTION OF THE COMPOSITION OF THE RELEVANT ORGANS OF THE UNITED NATIONS: REPORT OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE (A/41/757)

Mr. Ahmed Khan (Bangladesh), Rapporteur of the Special Political Committee,
presented the reports of that Committee (A/41/730 and A/41/750 to A/41/757) and
then spoke as follows:

Mr. AHMED KHAN (Bangladesh), Rapporteur of the Special Political Committee: I have the honour to present to the General Assembly for its consideration nine reports of the Special Political Committee. I am happy to be able to inform the Assembly that, in conformity with the directions of the President of the General Assembly, the Special Political Committee, which conducted its deliberations in a cordial atmosphere, was able to conclude its work within the scheduled time-frame.

(Mr. Ahmed Khan, Rapporteur, Special
Political Committee)

The first report (A/41/730) relates to item 70 of the agenda, entitled "Effects of atomic radiation". The Special Political Committee considered this item at two meetings and, after hearing 24 statements in the general debate, adopted two draft resolutions without a vote. The draft resolutions, which appear in paragraph 13 of the report, are recommended to the General Assembly for adoption.

The second report (A/41/750) which I have the honour to present today relates to agenda item 71, "Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories". Six meetings of the Special Political Committee were devoted to this item and 39 delegations took part in the discussion. Seven draft resolutions, all of which were adopted by recorded votes, appear in paragraph 26 of the report and are recommended to the General Assembly for its approval.

The third report (A/41/751) relates to items 72 and 137 of the agenda, entitled "International co-operation in the peaceful uses of outer space" and "Question of the review of the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space". The Special Political Committee devoted six meetings to consideration of these items and, after hearing 41 speakers in the general debate, adopted without a vote the draft resolutions which appear in paragraph 12 of the report. I recommend those draft resolutions to the General Assembly for its approval.

The next report (A/41/752) relates to item 73 of the agenda, entitled "Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects". The Committee considered this item at three meetings and heard 25 statements in the general debate. The draft resolution, which was adopted without

(Mr. Ahmed Khan, Rapporteur, Special
Political Committee)

a vote, appears in paragraph 6 of the report and is recommended to the General Assembly for adoption.

Turning to agenda item 74, "Questions relating to information", the Committee's report is in document A/41/753. Eight meetings were devoted to its consideration and 57 speakers participated in the general debate. The draft resolutions, three of which were adopted by recorded votes, appear in paragraph 23 of the report and are recommended to the General Assembly for adoption.

With respect to agenda item 75, entitled "United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East", the report of the Committee is in document A/41/754. The Special Political Committee considered this item at seven meetings and heard 38 statements in the general debate. Eleven draft resolutions, which appear in paragraph 34 of the report, are recommended to the General Assembly for adoption. Two of the draft resolutions were adopted without a vote, and the rest by recorded votes.

The report of the Special Political Committee on agenda item 76, "International co-operation to avert new flows of refugees", is in document A/41/755. Three meetings of the Special Political Committee were devoted to this item and 27 delegations took part in the discussion. The draft resolution, which was adopted by consensus, appears in paragraph 13 of the report and is recommended to the General Assembly for adoption.

With respect to agenda item 77, "Question of the Malagasy Islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India", the Committee's report is in document A/41/756. For the reason set out in paragraph 3 of the report, the Special Political Committee recommends that the General Assembly should include the item in the provisional agenda of its forty-second session.

(Mr. Ahmed Khan, Rapporteur, Special
Political Committee)

Lastly, I present the Committee's report (A/41/757) on agenda item 78, "Question of the composition of the relevant organs of the United Nations". For the reason set out in paragraph 3 of the report, the Special Political Committee recommends that the General Assembly should include this item in the provisional agenda of its forty-second session.

The PRESIDENT: If there is no proposal under rule 66 of the rules of procedure, I shall take it that the General Assembly decides not to discuss the reports of the Special Political Committee.

It was so decided.

The PRESIDENT: Statements will therefore be limited to explanations of vote. The positions of delegations regarding the various recommendations of the Special Political Committee have been made clear in the Committee and are reflected in the relevant official records.

May I remind members that, in paragraph 7 of its decision 34/401, the General Assembly decided that, when the same draft resolution is considered in a main Committee and in plenary meeting, a delegation should, as far as possible, explain its vote only once, that is, either in the Committee or in plenary meeting, unless that delegation's vote in plenary meeting is different from its vote in the Committee.

May I also remind members that, also in accordance with decision 34/401, explanations of vote are limited to 10 minutes and should be made by delegations from their seats.

I invite Members to turn their attention to the reports of the Special Political Committee.

We shall consider first the report of the Special Political Committee (A/41/730) on agenda item 70, entitled "Effects of atomic radiation".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the two draft resolutions recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 13 of its report (A/41/730).

Draft resolution A was adopted by the Committee without a vote. May I take it that the Assembly also wishes to adopt it?

Draft resolution A was adopted (resolution 62 A).

The PRESIDENT: The Committee adopted draft resolution B without a vote.

May I take it that the Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution B was adopted (resolution 41/62 B).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 70.

We turn now to the report of the special Political Committee (A/41/750) on agenda item 71, entitled "Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the seven draft resolutions recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 26 of its report (A/41/750).

I invite members to turn their attention to draft resolution A. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Draft Resolution A was adopted by 108 votes to 2, with 34 abstentions (resolution 41/63 A).*

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly will now take a decision on draft resolution B. A separate, recorded vote has been requested on operative paragraph 1 of draft resolution B. I have no objection so we shall proceed accordingly.

I therefore put to the vote operative paragraph 1 of draft resolution B.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago,

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Zaire had intended to abstain.

Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel

Abstaining: Equatorial Guinea

Operative paragraph 1 of draft resolution B was adopted by 148 votes to 1, with one abstention.*

The PRESIDENT: I now put to the vote draft resolution B as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey,

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Zaire had intended to abstain.

Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel

Abstaining: Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Liberia, United States of America

Draft resolution B, as a whole, was adopted by 145 votes to 1, with 6 abstentions (resolution 41/63 B).*

*Subsequently, the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Zaire had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: We now turn to draft resolution C.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel

Abstaining: Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Equatorial Guinea, Saint Lucia, United States of America

Draft resolution C was adopted by 145 votes to 1, with 5 abstentions (resolution 41/63 C).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: We turn now to draft resolution D.

The programme budget implications of that draft resolution are to be found in the report of the Fifth Committee (A/41/920).

A separate vote has been requested on operative paragraph 6 of draft resolution D. Is there any objection to that request? There is none. I shall therefore put it to the vote first. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Chad, China, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Poland, Qatar, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Colombia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Brazil, Burma, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chile, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Greece, Guatemala, Honduras, Liberia, Malawi, Nepal, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela, Zaïre

Operative paragraph 6 of draft resolution D was adopted by 86 votes to 22, with 40 abstentions.*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Bolivia had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: I now put to the vote draft resolution D as a whole.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Colombia, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Barbados, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Swaziland, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zaire

Draft resolution D, as a whole, was adopted by 114 votes to 2, with 36 abstentions (resolution 41/63 D).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: Next, we come to draft resolution E.

A separate vote has been requested on operative paragraph 1 of draft resolution E. Is there any objection to that request? There is none. I shall therefore put it to the vote first.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Papua New Guinea, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Operative paragraph 1 of draft resolution E was adopted by 115 votes to 2, with 34 abstentions.*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Zaire had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: I now put to the vote the draft resolution as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel

Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Germany, Federal Republic of, Grenada, Iceland, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Swaziland, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Draft resolution E, as a whole, was adopted by 131 votes to 1, with 21 abstentions (resolution 41/63 E).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Zaire had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: I now put to the vote draft resolution F. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel

Abstaining: Cameroon, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Grenada, Liberia, Malawi, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, United States of America

Draft resolution F was adopted by 142 votes to 1, with 11 abstentions (resolution 41/63 F).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; Zaire had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: Next, I put to the vote draft resolution G, which is contained in paragraph 26 of the report of the Special Political Committee (A/41/750).

A recorded vote has been requested on operative paragraph 2 of draft resolution G. If there is no objection, I shall therefore put it to the vote first.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Chad, Chile, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Panama, Portugal, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Solomon Islands, Spain, Swaziland, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Operative paragraph 2 of draft resolution G was adopted by 102 votes to 2, with 45 abstentions.*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: I shall now put to the vote draft resolution G as a whole.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Fiji, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Italy, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Chile, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Finland, Germany, Federal Republic of, Grenada, Guatemala, Honduras, Iceland, Ireland, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Panama, Portugal, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Draft resolution G, as a whole, was adopted by 119 votes to 2, with 32 abstentions (resolution 41/63 G).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Gambia advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour; the delegation of Zaire had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly has thus concluded its consideration of agenda item 71.

I now invite members to turn their attention to the report of the Special Political Committee on agenda items 72 and 137, namely, "International co-operation in the peaceful uses of outer space" and "Question of the review of the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space" (A/41/751).

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolutions recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 12 of its report.

Draft resolution I was adopted by the Special Political Committee without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution I was adopted (resolution 41/64).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution II was adopted by the Special Political Committee without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

Draft resolution II was adopted (resolution 41/65).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution III was also adopted by the Special Political Committee without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly also wishes to adopt it without a vote?

Draft resolution III was adopted (resolution 41/66).

The PRESIDENT: I now call on the representative of the Soviet Union, who has asked to make a statement in explanation of vote after the voting.

Mr. TIMERBAEV (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) (interpretation from Russian): In joining the consensus on draft resolution I in document A/41/751, the delegation of the USSR would like to call attention to a new Soviet proposal along the same lines as the one set forth in the draft resolution we have just adopted.

Speaking before the Indian Parliament on 27 November, the General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union,

(Mr. Timerbaev, USSR)

Mikhail Gorbachev, proposed the establishment, with the assistance of the leading space Powers, of an international centre for joint research and development in space technology, in response to the requests of the developing countries for access to such technology - for example, to satellites for the study of natural resources. Such a centre would comprise facilities for training specialists from developing countries, including cosmonauts, as well as a testing range for the launching of space objects.

That initiative embodies our deep conviction that outer space, as the common heritage of mankind, should be used solely for peaceful purposes and that the development of broad international co-operation in the peaceful conquest of outer space is the only sensible alternative to the extension of the arms race into outer space. Of particular importance in this regard are projects calling for international co-operation in providing genuine assistance to developing countries in order to involve them as fully as possible in the use of the achievements of space science and technology.

The peaceful conquest and uses of outer space are causes that involve all mankind, and not the prerogative of the developed countries alone. That is the essence of our basic position and of our proposal for a step-by-step implementation of a "Star Peace" programme, as contained in the new Soviet proposal put forward by Mr. Gorbachev.

The PRESIDENT: I call upon the representative of the United Kingdom, who has asked to speak on a point of order.

Mr. GODSON (United Kingdom): We would welcome clarification as to whether the statement being made by the representative of the Soviet Union is an explanation of vote or a general statement which, of course, should have been made - or probably has in any case already been made - elsewhere.

The PRESIDENT: The delegation of the USSR had asked to make a statement in explanation of vote after the voting. Perhaps the representative of the USSR can respond to the point raised by the delegation of the United Kingdom.

Mr. TIMERBAEV (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) (interpretation from Russian): As the President has correctly stated, I was explaining the vote of the Soviet Union on the resolution just adopted. I had, in fact, completed my statement and have nothing more to add to it.

The PRESIDENT: The General Assembly has thus concluded its consideration of agenda items 72 and 137.

We shall now consider the report of the Special Political Committee on agenda item 73, entitled "Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects" (A/41/752).

The General Assembly will take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 5 of that report. The Special Political Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/67).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 73.

We turn now to the report of the Special Political Committee on agenda item 74, entitled "Questions relating to information" (A/41/753). The Assembly will take a decision on the five draft resolutions recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 23 of that report.

(The President)

We turn first to draft resolution A. A separate, recorded vote has been requested on recommendation (1) contained in operative paragraph 1 of that draft resolution. If there is no objection, we shall proceed accordingly. I now put to the vote recommendation (1) in paragraph 1 of draft resolution A.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Recommendation (1) of operative paragraph 1 of draft resolution A was adopted by 128 votes to 2, with 22 abstentions.

The PRESIDENT: I now put to the vote draft resolution A as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: United States of America

Abstaining: Canada, Israel, Malawi, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Draft resolution A, as a whole, was adopted by 148 votes to 1, with 4 abstentions (resolution 41/68 A).

The PRESIDENT: We turn now to draft resolution B in document A/41/753.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Israel, Japan, Netherlands

Draft resolution B was adopted by 143 votes to 2, with 7 abstentions

(resolution 41/68 B).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Viet Nam advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: I call on the representative of Tunisia on a point of order.

Mr. LESSIR (Tunisia): In the Special Political Committee my delegation requested that the phrase "seen as an evolving and continuous process", in paragraph 9 of draft resolution B, be put between two commas. We again request that that be done.

The PRESIDENT: Although draft resolution B has been adopted, the request of the delegation of Tunisia will be acceded to if the Assembly has no objection.

It was so decided.

The PRESIDENT: We now turn to draft resolution C, which was adopted by the Special Political Committee without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution C was adopted (resolution 41/68 C).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution D was also adopted without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution D was adopted (resolution 41/68 D).

The PRESIDENT: We turn next to draft resolution E. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Japan, Netherlands, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Austria, Finland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Sweden

Draft resolution E was adopted by 134 votes to 10, with 9 abstentions (resolution 41/68 E).*

*Subsequently the delegation of Albania advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: That concludes our consideration of agenda item 74.

The Assembly will now consider the report of the Special Political Committee (A/41/754) on agenda item 75, entitled "United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East".

The Assembly has to take a decision on the 11 draft resolutions recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 34 of its report (A/41/754).

I now put to the Assembly draft resolution A, entitled "Assistance to Palestine refugees".

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: Israel

Draft resolution A was adopted by 150 votes to none, with 1 abstention (resolution 41/69 A).*

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution B is entitled "Working Group on the Financing of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East". The Special Political Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

Draft resolution B was adopted (resolution 41/69 B).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution C, entitled "Assistance to persons displaced as a result of the June 1967 and subsequent hostilities", was also adopted without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution C was adopted (resolution 41/69 C).

*Subsequently the delegations of Guinea-Bissau and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics advised the Secretariat that they had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: We turn next to draft resolution D, entitled "Offers by Member States of grants and scholarships for higher education, including vocational training for Palestine refugees". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: Israel

Draft resolution D was adopted by 153 votes to none, with one abstention (resolution 41/69 D).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution E is entitled "Palestine refugees in the Gaza Strip". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Cameroon, Costa Rica, Liberia, Malawi, Zaire

Draft resolution E was adopted by 146 votes to 2, with 5 abstentions (resolution 41/69 E).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution F is entitled "Resumption of the ration distribution to Palestine refugees". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Austria, Cameroon, Costa Rica, Spain

Draft resolution F was adopted by 130 votes to 20, with 4 abstentions (resolution 41/69 F).

The PRESIDENT: We come now to draft resolution G, entitled "Population and refugees displaced since 1967". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Costa Rica, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Saint Lucia, Swaziland, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zaire

Draft resolution G was adopted by 126 votes to 2, with 25 abstentions (resolution 41/69 G).*

The PRESIDENT: We come next to draft resolution H, entitled "Revenues derived from Palestine refugee properties". A recorded vote has been requested.

*Subsequently the delegation of Côte d'Ivoire advised the Secretariat that it had intended to abstain.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Chad, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Fiji, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Papua New Guinea, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zaire

Draft resolution H was adopted by 124 votes to 2, with 28 abstentions (resolution 41/69 H).

The PRESIDENT: Next, we turn to draft resolution I, entitled "Protection of Palestine refugees". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Costa Rica, Denmark, El Salvador, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Guatemala, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Panama, Portugal, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Spain, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay, Zaire

Draft resolution I was adopted by 121 votes to 2, with 29 abstentions (resolution 41/69 I).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution J is entitled "Palestine refugees in the West Bank". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Against: Israel, United States of America.

Abstaining: Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, El Salvador, Liberia, Malawi, Zaire.

Draft resolution J was adopted by 145 votes to 2, with 6 abstentions (resolution 41/69 J).

The PRESIDENT: Finally, we come to draft resolution K, entitled "University of Jerusalem 'Al-Quds' for Palestine Refugees". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Israel, United States of America

Draft resolution K was adopted by 152 votes to 2 (resolution 41/69 K).

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly has concluded its consideration of agenda item 75.

May I now invite the Assembly to turn its attention to the report of the Special Political Committee on agenda item 76, entitled "International co-operation to avert new flows of refugees" (A/41/755).

(The President)

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 13 of its report.

The Committee adopted that draft resolution by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

I call on the representative of Mexico on a point of order.

Miss RUIZ ZAPATA (Mexico) (interpretation from Spanish): I do not know whether this is a problem of interpretation, but I thought I heard you say, Sir, that the Committee had adopted the draft resolution by consensus. I believe that, legally, in the General Assembly we do not have a system of adoption of decisions by consensus but that we should say "without a vote". It is just a point of clarification.

The PRESIDENT: I call on the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on a point of order.

Count YORK von WARTENBURG (Federal Republic of Germany): As the Rapporteur of the Special Political Committee indicated, this draft resolution was adopted by consensus in the Committee and that, to my delegation at least, has a significance; so if there is no real legal objection I would ask you, Sir, to continue on the basis that you had indicated - that the Assembly adopt this draft resolution by consensus as well.

The PRESIDENT: An important legal question has been raised. Does the delegation of Mexico insist upon whether the draft resolution is adopted "by consensus" or "without a vote"?

I am advised that it is true that it is not customary for draft resolutions to be adopted by consensus in the General Assembly, but there is nothing to prevent the Assembly's taking a decision by consensus if the members so wish.

(The President)

Does the representative of Mexico raise a formal objection to the adoption of this draft resolution by consensus?

Miss RUIZ ZAPATA (Mexico) (interpretation from Spanish): I would not be in a position to object to your decision, Sir, nevertheless I want to make it quite clear that Mexico understands that draft resolutions adopted in this way are adopted "without a vote" and not "by consensus".

The PRESIDENT: It is not my decision. The Rapporteur of the Special Political Committee has said that the Committee adopted the draft resolution by consensus, and that has been confirmed by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany.

I am in the hands of the General Assembly as to whether it wishes to adopt the draft resolution by consensus. That is quite normal. There is nothing to prevent the General Assembly's adopting a draft resolution by consensus, since it was adopted by consensus in the Special Political Committee.

The representative of the Federal Republic of Germany has requested me, as President of the General Assembly, to continue with the Assembly's adoption of this particular draft resolution by consensus. Unless that is formally objected to by the representative of Mexico, we shall adopt the draft resolution by consensus.

Miss RUIZ ZAPATA (Mexico) (interpretation from Spanish): I venture to repeat what I said earlier. This is not a formal objection. It is just that my delegation wishes to follow the rules of procedure and that is why we made our comment. If the Assembly so decides, Mexico's interpretation will be that this draft resolution was adopted without a vote.

The PRESIDENT: The Mexican position will be recorded in the verbatim record of the proceedings, but as far as the rules of procedure are concerned I am assured that there is nothing to prevent the General Assembly's adopting a draft resolution by consensus. If it is the wish of the General Assembly to adopt the draft resolution by consensus, it shall be so decided.

Does the General Assembly wish to adopt the draft resolution recommended by the Special Political Committee in paragraph 13 of its report (A/41/755) by consensus?

If I hear no objection, I shall take it that it is so decided.

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/70).

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly has now concluded its consideration of agenda item 76.

(The President)

We shall now consider the report of the Special Political Committee on agenda item 77, entitled "Question of the Malagasy Islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas Da India", document A/41/756.

The Assembly will now take a decision on the recommendation of the Special Political Committee contained in paragraph 4 of its report.

The Committee recommends that the General Assembly should include the item entitled "Question of the Malagasy Islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India" in the provisional agenda of its forty-second session.

If I hear no objection, I shall consider that the General Assembly adopts that recommendation.

The recommendation was adopted.

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 77.

We turn now to the report of the Special Political Committee on agenda item 78, entitled "Question of the Composition of the Relevant Organs of the United Nations", document A/41/757.

In paragraph 5 of its report, the Special Political Committee recommends that the General Assembly should include in the provisional agenda of its forty-second session the item entitled "Question of the Composition of the Relevant Organs of the United Nations".

In the absence of any objection, may I take it that the Assembly adopts that recommendation?

The recommendation was adopted.

The PRESIDENT: We have now concluded our consideration of agenda item 78 and of all the reports of the Special Political Committee.

AGENDA ITEMS 121 TO 136 AND 138

OBSERVER STATUS OF NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENTS RECOGNIZED BY THE ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY AND/OR BY THE LEAGUE OF ARAB STATES: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/886)

STATUS OF THE PROTOCOLS ADDITIONAL TO THE GENEVA CONVENTIONS OF 1949 AND RELATING TO THE PROTECTION OF VICTIMS OF ARMED CONFLICTS: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/887)

PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES AND NORMS OF INTERNATIONAL LAW RELATING TO THE NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/888)

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES BETWEEN STATES: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/889)

DRAFT CODE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PEACE AND SECURITY OF MANKIND: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/890)

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON ENHANCING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE PRINCIPLE OF NON-USE OF FORCE IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS:

- (a) REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/860);
- (b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/914);
- (c) LETTER FROM NICARAGUA (A/41/932).

REPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW ON THE WORK OF ITS NINETEENTH SESSION: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/861)

CONSIDERATION OF EFFECTIVE MEASURES TO ENHANCE THE PROTECTION, SECURITY AND SAFETY OF DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR MISSIONS AND REPRESENTATIVES: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/891)

REPORT OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON THE DRAFTING OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION AGAINST THE RECRUITMENT, USE, FINANCING AND TRAINING OF MERCENARIES:

- (a) REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/872);
- (b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/922);
- (c) LETTER FROM CAMEROON (A/41/931).

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL LAW COMMISSION ON THE WORK OF ITS THIRTY-EIGHTH SESSION: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/892)

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RELATIONS WITH THE HOST COUNTRY: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/893)

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ON THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ROLE OF THE ORGANIZATION:

(a) REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/894);

(b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/923).

DEVELOPMENT AND STRENGTHENING OF GOOD-NEIGHBOURLINESS BETWEEN STATES: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/895)

DRAFT BODY OF PRINCIPLES FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL PERSONS UNDER ANY FORM OF DETENTION OR IMPRISONMENT: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/896)

DRAFT STANDARD RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCES: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/897)

DRAFT DECLARATION ON SOCIAL AND LEGAL PRINCIPLES RELATING TO THE PROTECTION AND WELFARE OF CHILDREN, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO FOSTER PLACEMENT AND ADOPTION NATIONALLY AND INTERNATIONALLY: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/898)

VIENNA CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF TREATIES BETWEEN STATES AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OR BETWEEN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS: REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/41/899)

Mr. Castroviejo (Spain), Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee, presented the reports of that Committee (A/41/886, A/41/887, A/41/888, A/41/889, A/41/890, A/41/860, A/41/861, A/41/891, A/41/872, A/41/892, A/41/893, A/41/894, A/41/895, A/41/896, A/41/897, A/41/898 and A/41/899) and then spoke as follows:

Mr. CASTROVIEJO (Spain), Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee (interpretation from Spanish): In my capacity as Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee, I have the honour to present to the General Assembly the reports of the Sixth Committee on agenda items 121 to 136 and 138.

The first of these is agenda item 121, concerning the "Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or the League of Arab States". The relevant report of the Sixth Committee is found in document A/41/886. The draft resolution which the Sixth Committee recommends to the Assembly for adoption is to be found in paragraph 8 of the report and was adopted by the Sixth Committee in a recorded vote by 93 votes in favour,

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

9 against and 16 abstentions. In accordance with the terms of the draft resolution, the General Assembly would, among other things, urge all States that have not done so, in particular those which are hosts to international organizations or to conferences convened by, or held under the auspices of, international organizations of a universal character, to consider as soon as possible the question of ratifying, or acceding to, the Vienna Convention on the Representation of States in their Relations with International Organizations of a Universal Character. The General Assembly would also call once more upon the States concerned to accord to the delegations of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States and accorded observer status by international organizations, the facilities, privileges and immunities necessary for the performance of their functions in accordance with the provisions of the Convention.

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

I shall now refer to item 122 of the agenda, entitled "Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts". The report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/887) is in document A/41/887. Under the draft resolution in paragraph 7 of the report, the General Assembly, among other things, would request the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-third session a report on the status of the Protocols based on information received from Member States. The Sixth Committee adopted this draft resolution without a vote and I hope that the General Assembly will be able to do the same.

The report of the Sixth Committee on item 123 of the agenda, entitled "Progressive development of the principles and norms of international law relating to the new international economic order", is in document A/41/888. The draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee for adoption by the General Assembly, in paragraph 10 of the report, was adopted by the Sixth Committee by a recorded vote of 93 votes to none, with 21 abstentions. The draft resolution, among other things, requests the Secretary-General to seek proposals of Member States concerning the most appropriate procedures to be adopted with regard to the consideration within the Sixth Committee of the analytical study prepared by the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR), as well as the forum to be entrusted with the work of the codification and progressive development of the principles and norms of international law relating to the new international economic order. Those proposals would be included in a report to be presented to the next session. The draft resolution also recommends that consideration of the most appropriate procedures for completing the preparation of the process of codification and progressive development of the principles and norms of

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Sixth Committee)

international law and of the forum that would be entrusted with the task be begun at that session with a view to making a final decision after taking into account the proposals and suggestions made by Member States on the matter.

I now turn to document A/41/889, which contains the report of the Sixth Committee on item 124, entitled "Peaceful settlement of disputes between States". The draft resolution recommended to the General Assembly for adoption, which the Sixth Committee adopted by a recorded vote of 107 to none, with 7 abstentions, is to be found in paragraph 17 of the document. According to the terms of that draft resolution, the General Assembly, among other things, would request the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization, at its next session, to continue its work on the question of the peaceful settlement of disputes between States and, in this context, to continue the consideration of the working paper on the resort to a commission of good offices, mediation or conciliation with the United Nations aiming at submitting conclusions thereon to the General Assembly at the earliest possible date, and to examine the progress report of the Secretary-General on the elaboration of the draft handbook on the peaceful settlement of disputes between States.

The report of the Sixth Committee on item 125 of the agenda, concerning the draft code of offences against the peace and security of mankind, is in document A/41/890. The draft resolution recommended to the General Assembly for adoption is in paragraph 8 of the report. It was adopted by a recorded vote of 102 to 5, with 7 abstentions. In accordance with the draft resolution the General Assembly, among other things, would invite the International Law Commission to continue its work on the elaboration of the draft code of offences against the peace and security of

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

mankind by elaborating an introduction and a list of the offences, taking into account the progress made at its thirty-eighth session as well as the views expressed at the forty-first session of the General Assembly.

Next I should like to draw the attention of the members of the General Assembly to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/860) on item 126 of the agenda, concerning the report of the Special Committee on Enhancing the Effectiveness of the Principle of Non-Use of Force in International Relations. The draft resolution which the Sixth Committee recommends to the General Assembly is in paragraph 10 of the report. The report of the Fifth Committee on the financial implications for the programme budget of the draft resolution is in document A/41/914. Under this draft resolution the General Assembly, among other things, would decide that the Special Committee shall complete a draft declaration on the enhancement of the effectiveness of the principle of non-use of force in international relations, including, as appropriate, recommendations on the peaceful settlement of disputes. It would also decide that the Special Committee shall hold its session for a period of three weeks in 1987 and informal consultations at the appropriate time to enable the work to be completed.

I understand that agreement has been reached with regard to the dates of the forthcoming session of the Committee, namely, from 9 to 27 March 1987, in New York.

The Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote and it is hoped that the General Assembly will do the same.

I turn now to item 127 of the agenda, "Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its nineteenth session". The report of the Sixth Committee is in document A/41/861. According to the terms of the draft resolution, which the Sixth Committee recommends for adoption by the General

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

Assembly, in paragraph 7 of that report, the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law would, among other things, complete at its twentieth session the work on the draft convention on international bills of exchange and international promissory notes. The Sixth Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote and we trust that the General Assembly will do likewise.

I now turn to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/891) on item 128, entitled "Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives". Paragraph 10 contains draft resolutions which the Sixth Committee recommends to the General Assembly for adoption. In accordance with the provisions of draft resolution I, the General Assembly would strongly condemn acts of violence against diplomatic and consular missions and representatives, as well as against missions and representatives to international, intergovernmental organizations and officials of such organizations, and, emphasize that such acts can never be justified. Furthermore, the General Assembly would not only maintain but further strengthen the procedures for reporting on violations adopted in earlier resolutions.

Through resolution II, entitled "Twenty-fifth anniversary of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations", the General Assembly, among other things, would reaffirm its conviction of the essential role that the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations has played for over 25 years and will continue to play in promoting co-operation and understanding among States, in creating normal conditions for the activities of diplomatic missions and representatives and in the progressive development of international law in this field, and call upon all States to observe strictly the provisions of the Convention in order to create an appropriate atmosphere essential for the normal discharge by diplomatic missions of their functions.

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

It is my hope that, like the Sixth Committee, the General Assembly will adopt both draft resolutions without a vote.

With regard to item 129 of the agenda, concerning the report of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries, the relevant draft resolution, which was adopted by the Committee without a vote, is in paragraph 11 of the Sixth Committee's report (A/41/872). The report of the Fifth Committee on the financial implications for the programme budget of that draft resolution is to be found in document A/41/922. According to the provisions of the draft resolution, the General Assembly would, among other things, decide to renew the mandate of the Ad Hoc Committee to enable it to continue its work on the drafting of an international convention and request it to make every effort to fulfil the mandate entrusted to it by the General Assembly and to proceed with all deliberate speed with drafting a convention. With regard to the 1987 session of the Ad Hoc Committee, it was agreed that it should meet from 19 January to 6 February 1987. I hope that the General Assembly, like the Sixth Committee, will adopt this draft resolution without a vote.

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

I turn now to agenda item 130, "Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its thirty-eighth session". The draft resolution that the Sixth Committee recommends to the General Assembly is to be found in paragraph 7 of its report in document A/41/892. That draft resolution contains the usual language giving the Commission such guidelines as to continue its work on the topics in its current programme, and reaffirming the Assembly's previous decisions concerning the documentation of the Commission - including the provision of summary records for its sessions - and the increased role of the Codification Division of the Office of Legal Affairs. We should highlight two new paragraphs. First, in paragraph 5 the Assembly would request the International Law Commission to consider thoroughly the planning of its activities for the term of office of its members, bearing in mind the desirability of achieving as much progress as possible in the preparation of draft articles on specific topics; and its methods of work in all their aspects, bearing in mind the possibility of staggering the consideration of some topics. The Commission would also be requested to indicate in its annual report those subjects and issues on which expressions of views by Governments, either in the Sixth Committee or in written form, would be of particular interest for the continuation of its work. Under paragraph 6 of the draft resolution - which is also new - the Assembly would take note of the comments of the International Law Commission on the question of the duration of its session, and would express the view that the needs of the work of codification and progressive development of international law and the magnitude and complexity of the subjects on the agenda of the Commission make it desirable that the usual duration of its sessions be maintained. I trust that, like the Sixth Committee, the General Assembly will adopt this draft resolution without a vote.

(Mr. Castroviejo, Rapporteur,
Sixth Committee)

The Sixth Committee's report on agenda item 131, "Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country", is contained in document A/41/893. Paragraph 7 of that report reproduces the draft resolution that the Sixth Committee recommends for adoption by the Assembly. Under that draft resolution, the General Assembly would, among other things, urge the host country to take all necessary measures without delay in order to continue to prevent any criminal acts, including harassment and activities violating the security of missions and the safety of their personnel or the inviolability of their property. The Assembly would also urge the host country and the Member States that raised the issues in response to the request and action by the host country to reduce the size of their missions to follow the path of consultations with a view to reaching solutions to this matter in accordance with the Agreement between the United Nations and the United States of America regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations. Since the Sixth Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote, it is to be hoped that the Assembly will also do so.

In paragraph 13 of its report in document A/41/894, on agenda item 132, the Sixth Committee recommends to the General Assembly a draft resolution entitled "Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization". The report of the Fifth Committee containing the programme budget implications of the draft resolution is to be found in document A/41/923. Under the provisions of the draft resolution, the General Assembly would, among other things, decide that the Special Committee should hold its session for a period of three weeks early in 1987; request the Special Committee to accord priority, by devoting more time, to the question of the maintenance of international peace and security in all its aspects; to continue its

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work on the question of the peaceful settlement of disputes between States; and to keep the question of the rationalization of the procedures of the United Nations under active review. It would also request the Secretary-General to continue the preparation of a draft handbook on the peaceful settlement of disputes between States. With regard to the 1987 session of the Special Committee, agreement has been reached on the period of 9 to 27 February. The Sixth Committee adopted this draft resolution without a vote. I trust that the Assembly will also be able to do that.

The report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 133, "Development and strengthening of good-neighbourliness between States", is in document A/41/895. Paragraph 11 of the report contains the draft resolution that the Sixth Committee recommends to the Assembly for adoption. Under the provisions of that draft resolution, the General Assembly would, among other things, reaffirm that the generalization of the long practice of good-neighbourliness and of principles and rules pertaining to it is likely to strengthen friendly relations and co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter; take note of the report of the Sub-Committee on Good-Neighbourliness, which functioned within the Sixth Committee during the forty-first session of the General Assembly; and decide to continue and complete at the forty-second session, on the basis of the present resolution and of the report of the Sub-Committee, the task of identifying and clarifying the elements of good-neighbourliness within the framework of a sub-committee on good-neighbourliness. I hope that the General Assembly, like the Sixth Committee, can adopt this draft resolution without a vote.

I turn next to agenda item 134, "Draft body of principles for the protection of all persons under any form of detention or imprisonment". The report of the Sixth Committee on that item is contained in document A/41/896. The Sixth

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Committee adopted the draft decision contained in paragraph 10 of that report without a vote, and I trust that the Assembly also will do that.

With regard to agenda item 135, "Draft standard rules of procedure for United Nations conferences", the Sixth Committee adopted, also without a vote, the draft decision contained in paragraph 6 of its report in document A/41/897. I hope that the General Assembly too will adopt this draft decision without a vote.

I come now to agenda item 136, "Draft declaration on social and legal principles relating to the protection and welfare of children, with special reference to foster placement and adoption nationally and internationally". The Sixth Committee's report on that item is contained in document A/41/898. As representatives will recall, the item originated in General Assembly resolution 3028 (XXVII). At the beginning, the Assembly allocated this item to the Commission for Social Development, which in 1979 reported to the Economic and Social Council on its work. In the same year, the Economic and Social Council submitted the draft declaration to the Assembly. The item was first considered in the Third Committee and then, in 1982, was allocated to the Sixth Committee so that it could complete the final stages of the draft declaration. I am extremely pleased to inform the Assembly that this lengthy, 24-year history has now come to a successful end. After a series of informal consultations held in the Sixth Committee to overcome the obstacles created as a result of the differing approaches to the matter taken in various legal systems, the Committee completed the draft declaration, which contains a preamble and 24 articles and is annexed to the draft resolution reproduced in paragraph 8 of the Sixth Committee's report. The Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote, and I hope that the Assembly will also do so.

Finally, I turn to agenda item 138, "Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International

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Organizations". The draft decision on this item that the Sixth Committee recommends to the General Assembly for adoption is contained in paragraph 7 of the report in document A/41/899. The draft decision was adopted by 87 votes to 1, with 23 abstentions. Under its provisions, the General Assembly would welcome the adoption, on 20 March 1986, by the United Nations Conference on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations, of the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations; would consider that the Convention should be signed on behalf of the United Nations; and would express the hope that States, as well as international organizations that have the capacity to conclude treaties, would consider taking the steps necessary to become parties to the Convention at an early date.

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Sixth Committee)

As I conclude my work as Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee, I should like to address some words of thanks and appreciation to the members of the Committee, whose hard work and competence have made it possible to present this group of draft resolutions and decisions to the General Assembly today for adoption. In particular I should like to thank the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Laurel Francis, for the wise manner in which he conducted the Committee's debates, with the very valuable assistance of the two Vice-Chairmen, Mr. José Luis Jesús and Mr. Ioan Voicu. The excellent legal and diplomat skills of those three representatives have been clearly displayed in the discharge of their mandates.

Similarly, I should like to thank the Secretariat staff who, under the leadership of the Legal Adviser, have made it possible by their outstanding professionalism, unusual dedication, great competence and personal good humour for the Sixth Committee's work to be brought to a successful conclusion. In addition to the Under-Secretary-General, Mr. Fleischhauer, I should like to mention also the Secretary of the Committee, Mr. Kalinkin; the Assistant Secretaries, Mr. de Saram and Miss Dauchy; and the lawyers of the Codification Division, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Rama-Montaldo, Mr. Arsanjani, Mr. Sinjela, Mr. Makarewicz, and Mr. Fominov.

As a Spanish-speaking Rapporteur, I wish to make special mention of the eminent lawyer in the Division of Codification of the Department of Legal Affairs, Mr. Rama-Montaldo, a hardworking and highly competent expert on the legal questions that are dealt with in the Sixth Committee. The drafting in Spanish of the original versions of the Sixth Committee's reports at this forty-first session added in no small measure - and I feel largely responsible for this - to his usual heavy workload, which he has completed in a wholly satisfactory manner and

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which included, in the Sixth Committee, his work as the Secretary of the Sub-Committee on Good Neighbourliness.

My gratitude goes also to the conference and meetings staff, to whom I should like to pay a tribute for their great co-operation in the person of their most senior member, Mrs. Paul de Passe - affectionately known to all as Lily.

I would ask that these words of just and well-deserved appreciation about the persons I have referred to should be duly included in the record with the rest of my statement.

The PRESIDENT: If there is no proposal under rule 66 of the rules of procedure, I shall take it that the General Assembly decides not to discuss the reports of the Sixth Committee.

It was so decided.

The PRESIDENT: Statements will therefore be limited to explanations of vote.

We turn now to the Sixth Committee's report in document A/41/886 on agenda item 121, entitled "Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 8 of that report.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Burma, Denmark, Fiji, Finland, Guatemala, Honduras, Iceland, Ireland, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Paraguay, Portugal, Spain, Sweden

The draft resolution was adopted by 125 votes to 10, with 17 abstentions

(resolution 41/71).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 121.

The Assembly will now turn its attention to the Sixth Committee's report in document A/41/887 on agenda item 122, entitled "Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 8 of that report.

(The President)

The draft resolution was adopted by the Sixth Committee without a vote. May I take it that the Assembly wishes to do likewise?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/72).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 122.

The Assembly will now consider the Sixth Committee's report in document A/41/888 on agenda item 123, entitled "Progressive development of the principles and norms of international law relating to the new international economic order".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 10 of that report.

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The draft resolution was adopted by by 131 votes to none, with 23 abstentions (resolution 41/73).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 123.

The Assembly will now consider the Sixth Committee's report in document A/41/889 on agenda item 124, entitled "Peaceful settlement of disputes between States".

I shall now call on those delegations which have asked to explain their vote, or their position.

Mr. VOICU (Romania) (interpretation from French): My delegation recently held informal bilateral consultations with the delegations which abstained on the draft resolution contained on pages 8 and 9 of document A/41/889. My delegation optimistically concluded from those consultations that there was a real chance to reach a consensus on this draft resolution, in keeping with the established tradition in the Sixth Committee. To my surprise, today I learned that there will be a request for a separate vote on operative paragraph 5. The meaning of this request is quite simple. In the Sixth Committee, consensus was broken on the whole draft resolution. That was Act 1. Now we have Act 2, an attempt to prevent a consensus on operative paragraph 5, on which we did indeed have a consensus in the Sixth Committee. In this regard, I invite delegations to read paragraph 13 of document A/41/889 which states that:

"The sub-amendment of Romania was adopted without a vote. As a result, the amendment of Canada, modified by the sub-amendment of Romania, was incorporated as operative paragraph 5 in draft resolution A/C.6/41/L.2. No vote was taken on the amendment of Canada." (A/41/889, p. 6, para. 13)

My delegation had the opportunity to take a stand on the substance of this question in the Sixth Committee. Let me just take up two aspects.

First, the draft resolution - especially operative paragraph 5 - speaks of the peaceful settlement of disputes. This is a separate and topical subject; one of great importance in international life today. Any attempt to question the legitimacy of the presence of this item on the agenda can only be interpreted as a basic reservation on a fundamental principle of the United Nations Charter. This reservation can only concern the very process of the peaceful settlement of disputes through the progressive development and codification of international law and by increasing the effectiveness of the United Nations in this area.

(Mr. Voicu, Romania)

Secondly, the considerations expressed in the Sixth Committee on the deletion of this item from the agenda for reasons of rationalization are groundless, and all members know why. Indeed, the question of the peaceful settlement of disputes, has always been considered in combination with the item concerning the report of the Special Committee on the Charter and on the strengthening of the role of the Organization. This practice proved successful and caused no difficulty to anyone. This way of discussing the two items created no problems for either agenda item. That is why it seems to my delegation that all the conditions for not asking for a separate vote on paragraph 5 of the draft resolution concerning the peaceful settlement of disputes had been met.

Therefore, I appeal to delegations which asked, or intend to ask, for a separate vote on this paragraph, not to insist on that request. It is an appeal to restore consensus on operative paragraph 5 of the draft resolution. It is a consensus which we had in the Sixth Committee and which we would like to maintain when we deal with the final adoption of the draft resolution in the plenary Assembly.

Mr. SCHRICKE (France) (interpretation from French): When in the Sixth Committee the draft resolution on the peaceful settlement of disputes was considered, an amendment to operative paragraph 5 of the text was submitted by Canada. The Romanian delegation then deemed it necessary to submit a sub-amendment, and my delegation itself submitted a sub-amendment to the Romanian sub-amendment. The purpose of this battle of amendments was only to know whether the peaceful settlement of disputes should be maintained as a separate item on the agenda, which is the Romanian delegation's position, or whether it was preferable for the sake of the rationalization of the work of the Assembly, to consider this question under the item devoted to the consideration of the report of the Special

(Mr. Schricke, France)

Committee on the Charter. That is the view of a considerable number of delegations, including my own.

The sub-amendment proposed by France was not adopted by the Sixth Committee which, in a second vote, took a decision on the draft resolution as a whole, whereas this subject, as the representative of Romania reminded us, was usually contained in a draft resolution adopted without a vote by the Sixth Committee. The vote on the draft resolution as a whole was prompted by the inclusion of operative paragraph 5 in the draft resolution which provides that the question of the peaceful settlement of disputes is to be considered as a separate agenda item at the next session of the General Assembly.

On behalf of the 19 delegations which in the Committee voted in favour of the sub-amendment submitted by my delegation, I should like to recall that we feel that the question of the peaceful settlement of disputes should not be a separate agenda item, because it is dealt with by the Special Committee on the Charter. The Special Committee's report is itself the subject of a separate agenda item. It is under that item that this question should therefore be examined. In fact, for several years now these two questions have been considered together and the wording proposed for paragraph 5 merely draws the consequences of this practice, while maintaining the existence of two separate items, contrary to all logic. We do not understand the reasons given, in this particular case, for refusing to follow the recommendations of the Assembly in favour of combining agenda items, submitted by the Afro-Asian Legal Consultative Committee.

Our delegation's concern is purely one of rationalizing the procedures of the Assembly, and we have no objections to the substance of the draft resolution before us. That is why we decided, so that there would be no ambiguity about our

(Mr. Schricke, France)

position, to ask for a separate vote only on paragraph 5 of the draft resolution, while associating ourselves with the adoption of the text as a whole, without a vote. There would thus be only one vote in the plenary Assembly, whereas there were two votes in the Sixth Committee. Therefore, we shall abstain in the voting on paragraph 5 and we hope that the delegations which share our concern will do likewise.

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 17 of its report (A/41/889).

A separate, recorded vote has been requested on operative paragraph 5 of the draft resolution. If there is no objection to that request, we shall proceed accordingly. The Assembly will therefore vote first on operative paragraph 5 of the draft resolution.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Gambia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Haiti, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Swaziland, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Operative paragraph 5 was adopted by 117 votes to none, with 32 abstentions.*

The PRESIDENT: May I now take it that the Assembly wishes to adopt the draft resolution, as a whole, without a vote?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/74).

The PRESIDENT: This concludes our consideration of agenda item 124.

I now invite members to turn their attention to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/890) on agenda item 125, entitled "Draft code of offences against the peace and security of mankind" (A/41/890).

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 8 of its report (A/41/890). A recorded vote has been requested.

*Subsequently the delegation of the Islamic Republic of Iran advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Israel, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Belgium, Canada, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Turkey

The draft resolution was adopted by 141 votes to 5, with 8 abstentions

(resolution 41/75).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 125.

We turn next to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/860) on agenda item 126, entitled "Report of the Special Committee on Enhancing the Effectiveness of the Principle of Non-Use of Force in International Relations".

(The President)

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 10 of its report (A/41/860).

The report of the Fifth Committee on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution is in document A/41/914.

The Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/76).

The PRESIDENT: I call on the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran, who wishes to explain his position on the resolution just adopted.

Mr. ZAMANI (Islamic Republic of Iran): My delegation decided to go along with the adoption of the draft resolution without a vote because we strongly support the principle of the non-use of force in international relations. As the victim of the use of force and naked aggression by the Iraqi régime on 22 September 1980, my delegation wishes to register its reservations regarding co-sponsorship of that draft resolution by Iraq, a régime that has flagrantly violated the very foundations of the draft resolution in document A/41/860.

The PRESIDENT: I call on the representative of Iraq.

Mr. HIZIMI (Iraq): I would ask you, Mr. President, to remind the representative of that hypocritical régime to stop this auctioneering after being denounced by what it calls the Great Satan, with whom it has been dealing for more than a year - apart from the fact that you have already said that statements should be restricted to explanations of vote.

The PRESIDENT: In connection with this item, I should also like to draw the attention of the Assembly to document A/41/932, which contains a letter from the Chairman of the Latin American Group relating to the membership of the Special Committee. In accordance with that communication, Nicaragua, Panama and Peru will withdraw from membership of the Special Committee in 1987. The following countries have been endorsed by the group to replace them: Cuba, Ecuador and Mexico. On the basis of that communication, I have appointed Cuba, Ecuador and Mexico members of the Special Committee with effect from 1 January 1987. May I take it that the Assembly decides to take note of that appointment?

It was so decided.

The PRESIDENT: Finally, I should like to inform members that agreement has been reached to hold the 1987 session of the Special Committee from 9 to 27 March 1987.

We have thus concluded consideration of agenda item 126.

We turn next to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/861) on agenda item 127, "Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its nineteenth session".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 7 (A/41/861).

The Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly also adopts this draft resolution?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/77).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 127.

We turn now to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/891) on agenda item 128, "Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the recommendations of the Sixth Committee contained in paragraph 10 of its report (A/41/891).

The Sixth Committee adopted draft resolution I by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly also wishes to adopt that draft resolution?

Draft resolution I was adopted (resolution 41/78).

The PRESIDENT: The Sixth Committee adopted draft resolution II unanimously. May I take it that the Assembly also wishes to adopt the draft resolution?

Draft resolution II was adopted (resolution 41/79).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 128.

I now invite members to turn their attention to the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/872) on agenda item 129, "Report of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 11 of its report (A/41/872). The programme budget implications of the draft resolution are contained in the report of the Fifth Committee (A/41/922).

The Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly also wishes to adopt the draft resolution?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/80).

The PRESIDENT: In connection with this item, I should like to draw the attention of members to document A/41/931, which contains a letter from the Chairman of the African Group relating to the membership of the Ad Hoc Committee. In accordance with that communication, the African members of the Ad Hoc Committee in 1987 will be those who served in 1986, namely: Algeria, Angola, Benin, Ethiopia, Nigeria, Senegal, Seychelles, Zaire and Zambia.

Finally, I have to inform members that agreement has been reached to hold the 1987 session of the Ad Hoc Committee from 19 January to 6 February 1987.

We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 129.

Next, we shall consider the report of the Sixth Committee (A/41/892) on agenda item 130, "Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its thirty-eighth session".

(The President)

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 7 of its report (A/41/892). The Sixth Committee adopted without a vote the draft resolution dealing with the report of the International Law Commission. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/81).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 130.

We turn now to the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 131, entitled "Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country" (A/41/893). The Assembly will take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 7 of that report.

The Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote. May I consider that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/82).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 131.

The Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 132, entitled "Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization" (A/41/894).

I invite members to turn their attention to the recommendation of the Sixth Committee in paragraph 13 of that report. The report of the Fifth Committee on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution is contained in document A/41/923.

The Sixth Committee adopted this draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/83).

The PRESIDENT: I call on the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, who wishes to explain his position.

Mr. TIMERBAEV (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) (interpretation from Russian): The Soviet delegation wishes briefly to explain its position on the resolution just adopted on the report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.

(Mr. Timerbaev, USSR)

As noted in the letter from the Soviet delegation on the development of international law (A/C.6/41/5), the circumstances of our time demand not only strict compliance by all States with the existing principles and rules of international law but also a new mode of legal thought. They also require the further qualitative development of international law. Thus the activities of the United Nations take on even greater importance.

Addressing the Indian Parliament recently, the General-Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Mikhail Gorbachev, said:

"We are convinced that in this nuclear space age, the United Nations - which brings together 159 States - can and must increase its contribution to strengthening peace, as envisaged at the time of its foundation. For that purpose it must above all increase its contribution to the formation of new modes of political thought and action.

"The Soviet Union advocates that more effective use be made of the potential of this universal Organization than has been made in the past, inter alia through the democratization of its work and of its basic organs."

In the view of the Soviet Union, it is important that the fullest possible use be made of all the means provided for in the United Nations Charter for the peaceful settlement of disputes between States: through negotiation, investigation, mediation, conciliation, arbitration, judicial proceedings and referral, by agreement, to regional bodies. We advocate the fullest possible enhancement of the role of the United Nations and the strengthening of its political, legal and moral status.

For all those reasons, the Soviet delegation supported the draft resolution just adopted by the Assembly.

The PRESIDENT: I should like to inform members that agreement has been reached to hold the 1987 session of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the role of the Organization from 9 to 27 February 1987.

We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 132.

I now invite the attention of members to the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 133, entitled "Development and strengthening of good-neighbourliness between States" (A/41/895).

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 11 of that report. Since the Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote, may I consider that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/84).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 133.

We turn now to the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 134, entitled "Draft body of principles for the protection of all persons under any form of detention or imprisonment" (A/41/896).

The Assembly will now take a decision on the recommendation of the Sixth Committee. In paragraph 10 of its report, the Sixth Committee recommends the adoption of a draft decision. It adopted that draft decision without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly adopts the draft decision?

The draft decision was adopted.

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 134.

(The President)

The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 135, entitled "Draft standard rules of procedure for United Nations conferences" (A/41/897).

I put to the Assembly the draft decision recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 6 of that report. The Committee adopted the draft decision without a vote. May I consider that the General Assembly too wishes to adopt it?

The draft decision was adopted.

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 135.

The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 136, entitled "Draft declaration on social and legal principles relating to the protection and welfare of children, with special reference to foster placement and adoption nationally and internationally" (A/41/898).

I now put to the Assembly the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 8 of that report. The Sixth Committee adopted this draft resolution without a vote. May I consider that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/85).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 136.

We turn now to the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 138, entitled "Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations" (A/41/899).

The Assembly will now take a decision on the recommendation made by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 7 of that report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Democratic Kampuchea, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: France

Abstaining: Algeria, Angola, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malawi, Mongolia, Norway, Poland, Turkey, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam

The draft decision was adopted by 127 votes to 1, with 22 abstentions.

The PRESIDENT: The General Assembly has thus concluded its consideration of agenda item 138 and of all the reports of the Sixth Committee.

The meeting rose at 6.10 p.m.