



SUMMARY RECORD OF THE 3rd MEETING

Chairman: Mr. CHOUDHURY (President of the General Assembly)

CONTENTS

ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA OF THE FORTY-FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
AND ALLOCATION OF ITEMS (continued)

- (a) REQUEST FOR THE INCLUSION OF AN ADDITIONAL ITEM SUBMITTED BY OMAN
- (b) REQUEST FOR THE INCLUSION OF AN ADDITIONAL ITEM SUBMITTED BY COSTA RICA,
EL SALVADOR, GUATEMALA, HONDURAS AND NICARAGUA

*This record is subject to correction. Corrections should be sent under the signature of a member of the delegation concerned *within one week of the date of publication* to the Chief of the Official Records Editing Section, room DC2-750, 2 United Nations Plaza, and incorporated in a copy of the record.

Corrections will be issued after the end of the session, in a separate fascicle for each Committee.

The meeting was called to order at 5.35 p.m.

ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA OF THE FORTY-FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
AND ALLOCATION OF ITEMS (continued)

- (a) REQUEST FOR THE INCLUSION OF AN ADDITIONAL ITEM SUBMITTED BY OMAN (A/41/242)
1. Mr. AL-ANSI (Oman) drew attention to the letter contained in document A/41/242, in which, as Chairman of the Group of Arab States, he requested that the item entitled "Israeli nuclear armament" should be included in the agenda of the forty-first session of the General Assembly.
 2. The survey published by The Sunday Times of London in its issue of 5 October 1986 had disclosed unambiguously the secrets of the Israeli nuclear arsenal. A technical team of British and American specialists with instructions to investigate the matter had already reached the same conclusions.
 3. Israel followed a policy of concealment with regard to its nuclear facilities and had resorted to theft, trickery and usurpation in order to obtain nuclear materials and techniques, thereby violating the rules of the safeguards system of the International Atomic Energy Agency and the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.
 4. The sole nuclear danger in the Middle East region arose from the nuclear capability which Israel currently possessed. Moreover, Israel persistently refused to comply with Security Council resolution 487 (1981), in which the Council called upon Israel urgently to place its nuclear facilities under the safeguards of the International Atomic Energy Agency.
 5. Mr. IMMERMANN (United States of America) expressed surprise at the request for the inclusion of the item in the agenda. The General Assembly had already urged all parties directly concerned to take the practical steps required for the implementation of the proposal to establish a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East. The current agenda item 49 provided adequate opportunity for the discussion of that topic and he was concerned at the proliferation of agenda items. He wished to know what event had led to the request being made at the current time.
 6. The Committee decided to recommend that the General Assembly should include the additional item in the agenda.
 7. The Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered in the First Committee.

(b) REQUEST FOR THE INCLUSION OF AN ADDITIONAL ITEM SUBMITTED BY COSTA RICA, EL SALVADOR, GUATEMALA, HONDURAS AND NICARAGUA (A/41/243)

8. Mr. KNIPPING-VICTORIA (Dominican Republic) drew attention to the letter contained in document A/41/243, in which the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua to the United Nations requested the inclusion of an item entitled "Emergency assistance to El Salvador" and proposed that, in view of its important and urgent character, the item should be considered in plenary meeting on a priority basis.

9. The Committee decided to recommend that the General Assembly should include the additional item in the agenda.

10. The Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting and that it should be given priority.

The meeting rose at 5.45 p.m.