

## **Security Council**

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

## Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/17725 of 8 January 1986, S/17725/Add.5 of 18 February 1986, S/17725/Add.12 of 15 April 1986, S/17725/Add.14 of 23 April 1986, S/17725/Add.15 of 30 April 1986, S/17725/Add.26 of 16 July 1986 and S/17725/Add.30 of 11 August 1986.

During the week ending 11 October 1986, at its 2714th meeting, held in private on 10 October 1986, the Security Council considered the question of the recommendation for the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

In accordance with rule 55 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the following communiqué was issued by the Secretary-General in place of a verbatim record:

"At its 2714th meeting, held in private on 10 October 1986, the Security Council considered the question of the recommendation for the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

"Following on a vote by secret ballot, the Security Council unanimously adopted the following resolution:

## 'The Security Council,

'Having considered the question of the recommendation for the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations,

'Recommends to the General Assembly that Mr. Javier Pérez de Cuéllar be appointed Secretary-General of the United Nations for a second term of office from 1 January 1987 to 31 December 1991.'" S/17725/Add.40 English Page 2

Also during the week ending 11 October 1986, the Security Council took action on the following item:

The situation between Iran and Iraq (see S/13737/Add.38, S/13737/Add.39, S/13737/Add.41, S/13737/Add.42, S/13737/Add.43, S/14840/Add.28, S/14840/Add.40, S/15560/Add.44, S/16270/Add.12, S/16880/Add.9, S/16880/Add.16, S/17725/Add.7, S/17725/Add.8, S/17725/Add.11 and S/17725/Add.39)

The Security Council continued its consideration of the item at its 2711th to 2713th meetings, held between 6 and 8 October 1986.

In addition to the representatives previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Afghanistan, Chad, Cuba, Guyana, Mauritania, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, Uruguay and Yemen, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the 2713th meeting, the President drew attention to the draft resolution (S/18383) which had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution (S/18383) and adopted it unanimously as resolution 588 (1986).

Resolution 588 (1986) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Having considered the question entitled "The situation between Iran and Iraq",

Noting that the Council has been seized with this question for over six years and that decisions have been taken thereon,

Deeply alarmed about the prolongation and intensification of the conflict resulting in heavy losses of human lives and considerable material damage and endangering international peace and security,

Noting the obligation of Member States to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations,

Recalling the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations and in particular the obligation of all Members to settle their international disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security and justice are not endangered,

Recalling further that, under the Charter, Member States have conferred on the Security Council primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security and to this end have agreed to accept the role of the Security Council in the settlement of disputes,

Commending the efforts of the Secretary-General in the search for a peaceful settlement of the conflict,

- 1. Calls upon Iran and Iraq to implement fully and without delay resolution 582 (1986) adopted unanimously on 24 February 1986;
- 2. Requests the Secretary-General to intensify his efforts with the parties to give effect to the above-mentioned resolution and to report to the Council no later than 30 November 1986;
- 3. <u>Decides</u> to meet again to consider the report of the Secretary-General and the conditions for the establishment of a durable peace between the two countries in conformity with the Charter of the United Nations and the principles of justice and international law.

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