

Security Council

Distr. GENERAL

S/17725/Add.13 21 April 1986

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/17725 of 8 January 1986, S/17725/Add.5 of 18 February 1986 and S/17725/Add.12 of 15 April 1986.

During the week ending 5 April 1986, the Security Council took action on the following item:

Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.12)

Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.12)

Letter dated 26 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.12)

The Security Council continued its consideration of the item at its 2671st meeting, held on 31 March 1986.

In addition to those representatives previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Afghanistan, Mozambique and Nicaragua, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/17954) submitted by Bulgaria and the Unio: of Soviet Socialist Republics which read as follows:

The Security Council,

Deeply concerned about the threat to peace and security in the southern Mediterranean that has arisen as a result of the attack by United States armed forces against the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya,

Reaffirming the obligation of all States Members of the United Nations to refrain from the threat or use of force, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations,

- 1. Firmly condemns the act of armed aggression against the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, which constitutes a blatant violation of the Charter of the United Nations and the norms of international law;
- 2. <u>Demands</u> an immediate halt to any hostile actions against the territorial integrity, sovereignty and political independence of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya;
- 3. Demands that the United States of America immediately withdraw its armed forces from this area;
- 4. Considers that the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya is entitled to appropriate compensation for the loss of lives and damage to property resulting from this act of aggression;

5. Decides to remain seized of this matter.