





General Assembly

Distr. LIMITED

A/C.3/45/L.43/Rev.1 29 November 1990 ENGLISH ORIGINAL: SPANISH

Forty-fifth session THIRD COMMITTEE Agenda item 108

INTERNATIONAL ACTION TO COMBAT DRUG ABUSE AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING

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International action to combat drug abuse and illicit trafficking

The General Assembly,

<u>Deeply concerned</u> that the illicit demand for, production of and traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances continue to pose a serious threat to all mankind, to affect adversely the socio-economic and political structures of affected societies and to endanger the stability, national security and sovereignty of States,

<u>Alarmed</u> by the growing connection between drug trafficking and terrorism,

<u>Reaffirming</u> the principle of shared responsibility of the international community in combating drug abuse and illicit trafficking,

<u>Reaffirming also</u> the importance of international co-operation in the immediate implementation of all mandates and courses of action contained in the Comprehensive

Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control $\underline{1}$ / and the Global Programme of Action, $\underline{2}$ /

Noting with interest the reports of the Secretary-General, 3/

<u>Welcoming</u> the work of the Intergovernmental Expert Group to Study the Economic and Social Consequences of Illicit Traffic in Drugs, convened under General Assembly resolution 44/142 of 15 December 1989, on the impact of the social and economic consequences of drug-money transfers and conversion, which have an adverse effect on national economic systems,

<u>Having in mind</u> that the group of experts proposed a framework for a future in-depth study on the economic and social consequences of illicit traffic in drugs, for which reason the issue must be duly followed up,

Keeping in mind that the Secretary-General has taken note of the recommendations addressed to him by the group of experts, which will be considered in the context of the proposed programme of drug-control activities for the biennium 1992-1993,

<u>Recognizing</u> that the Expert Group's consideration of the financial aspects of its mandate was more extensive than that on the economic and social consequences, and that these latter areas require further and more detailed analysis,

<u>Welcoming</u> the efforts made by those countries that produce narcotic drugs for scientific, medicinal and therapeutic uses to prevent the channelling of such substances to illicit markets and to maintain production at a level consistent with licit demands,

<u>Reiterating</u> that the transit routes used by drug traffickers change constantly and that an ever-growing number of countries in all regions of the world, and even entire regions, are particularly vulnerable to illicit transit traffic on account, inter alia, of their geographical location,

Noting with regret that the work of the secretariat of the International Narcotics Control Board and of the Division of Narcotic Drugs of the Secretariat is impeded by lack of human and financial resources and affirming that this problem must be given due consideration in the context of the restructuring of the United Nations drug control system,

1/ See Report of the International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking, Vienna, 17-26 June 1987 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.87.I.18), chap. I, sect. A.

3/ A/45/535 and A/45/542.

^{2/} Resolution S-17/2, annex.

<u>Reiterating its condemnation</u> of criminal activities that involve children in the use, production and illicit distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, and appealing to the competent international agencies and the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control to assign high priority to measures designed to address these problems,

<u>Reaffirming</u> the declarations of the International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking 4/ and the General Assembly at its seventeenth special session, 2/ the World Ministerial Summit to Reduce the Demand for Drugs and to Combat the Cocaine Threat, held in London from 9 to 11 April 1990, 5/ and the Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control and Global Programme of Action, which, together with the international drug control treaties, provide a comprehensive framework for international co-operation in drug control,

Noting that the Global Programme of Action invites the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control to elaborate for consideration by States a subregional strategy covering all aspects of drug abuse control and concentrating on the most affected areas where the problems are most complex and grave,

Noting with satisfaction that the regional heads of national drug law enforcement agencies and the Sub-Commission on Illicit Traffic and Related Matters in the Near and Middle East of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs are sources of very useful recommendations for action at the regional level oriented towards solving specific problems of the various regions,

A

International action to combat drug abuse and illicit trafficking

1. <u>Strongly condemns</u> the crime of drug trafficking in all its forms and urges continued commitment and effective international action to combat it, in keeping with the principle of shared responsibility and with full respect for national sovereignty and the cultural identity of States;

2. Urges Governments and organizations to adhere to the principles set forth in the declarations of the International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking and of the General Assembly at its seventeenth special session, and to implement the recommendations and mandates contained in the Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control and in the Global Programme of Action;

4/ See Report of the International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking, Vienna, 17-26 June 1987 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.87.I.18), chap. I, sect. B.

5/ See A/45/262, annex.

3. <u>Also urges</u> the immediate implementation of the mandates and recommendations established in the Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control and the Global Programme of Action, particularly those pertaining to, <u>inter alia</u>, demand reduction, treatment and social rehabilitation of drug addicts, eradication of illicit crops, integrated rural development, establishment of complementary employment, health, housing and education programmes, expanded opportunities for trade and investment, including international co-operation to facilitate the marketing of substituted crops, elimination of illicit trafficking, interdiction, supervision and control of precursors and essential chemicals, money-laundering and problems of illicit producers;

4. <u>Welcomes</u> the establishment under the Commission on Narcotic Drugs of a world-wide network of regional heads of national drug law enforcement agencies, which, together with the Sub-Commission on Illicit Traffic and Related Matters in the Near and Middle East, constitute co-operation mechanisms against illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, and that the first regional meeting for Europe of the heads of national drug law enforcement agencies will be convened in Moscow from 19 to 23 November 1990;

5. <u>Emphasizes</u> the connection between the illicit production or supply of, demand for, sale of or traffic and transit in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and the economic, social and cultural conditions of the countries affected and that solutions to these problems must take into account the differences and diversity of the problem in each country;

6. <u>Calls upon</u> the international community to provide increased international economic and technical co-operation to Governments, at their request, in support of programmes for the substitution of illicit crops by means of integrated rural development programmes that respect fully the jurisdiction and sovereignty of countries and the cultural traditions of peoples;

7. <u>Considers</u> that a system should be established to identify the methods and routes used for transit traffic of illicit narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, in order to enhance the interdiction capability of States along such routes;

8. <u>Encourages</u> all countries to take action to prevent the illicit arms trade by which weapons are provided to drug traffickers;

9. Takes note of the recommendations and conclusions of the World Ministerial Summit to Reduce the Demand for Drugs and to Combat the Cocaine Threat, 4/ and all efforts designed to reduce and prevent the illicit demand for narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, and calls upon the United Nations and other relevant international organizations to devote greater attention to this aspect of the drug problem;

10. <u>Urges</u> Member States to increase substantially their voluntary contributions to the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control to enable it to expand further its programmes;

11. <u>Welcomes</u> the initiatives of the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control aimed at prompting and supporting subregional programmes as envisaged by the Global Programme of Action and urges the Governments concerned to increase their co-operation in support of such subregional strategies;

12. <u>Strongly recommends</u> that the necessary resources from within the regular budget, as well as extrabudgetary resources, be made available for implementation of the various activities for drug abuse control, and particularly for the implementation of the mandates and courses of action contained in the Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control and the Global Programme of Action;

13. <u>Requests</u> the Commission on Narcotic Drugs to study the mandates and recommendations contained in the Comprehensive Multidisciplinary Outline of Future Activities in Drug Abuse Control, the Global Programme of Action and other relevant documents, with a view to establishing a timetable for their implementation in the first five years of the United Nations Decade against Drug Abuse 1991-2000.

В

Economic and social consequences of illicit traffic in drugs and psychotropic substances

1. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to issue the report of the Expert Group to Study the Economic and Social Consequences of Illicit Traffic in Drugs as a document of the forty-fifth session of the General Assembly and to remit it to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs for consideration at its thirty-fifth session;

2. <u>Invites</u> the Commission on Narcotic Drugs to study the various recommendations and conclusions contained in the report of the Expert Group, in particular on the proposed framework for an in-depth study on the economic and social consequences of illicit traffic in drugs and psychotropic substances, and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session through the Economic and Social Council;

3. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General, in view of the provisional and preliminary nature of the expert study on the economic and social consequences of illicit traffic in drugs and psychotropic substances, to consider the possibility of convening a meeting of an expert group to conclude the analysis commenced under the mandate contained in paragraphs 9 and 9 (a) of resolution 44/142, and to give due consideration to any recommendations made by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs;

4. <u>Notes with interest</u> the observation made by the Expert Group that it is important for the United Nations to develop an integrated and unified information system facilitating credible data and information on the chain of illicit traffic in drugs, mainly on illicit production, elaboration, processing and consumption;

5. <u>Invites</u> the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session on the measures to be adopted in implementation, in a timely manner, of the recommendations addressed to him by the Expert Group, as well as on the relevant recommendations made by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs;

6. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session on the implementation of the present resolution;

7. <u>Decides</u> to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-sixth session the item entitled "International action to combat drug abuse and illicit trafficking".
