# REPORT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

16 June 1989-15 June 1990

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

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### NOTE

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures. Mention of such a symbol indicates a reference to a United Nations document.

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The resolutions of the Security Council, numbered in accordance with a system adopted in 1964, are published in yearly volumes of *Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council*. The new system, which has been applied retroactively to resolutions adopted before 1 January 1965, became fully operative on that date.

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### INTRODUCTION

The present report is submitted to the General Assembly by the Security Council in accordance with Article 24, paragraph 3, and Article 15, paragraph 1, of the Charter of the United Nations. It is the forty-fifth annual report of the Security Council to the General Assembly. These reports are circulated as <a href="Supplement No. 2">Supplement No. 2</a> to the Official Records of each regular session of the General Assembly.

As in previous years, the report is not intended as a substitute for the records of the Security Council, which constitute the only comprehensive and authoritative account of its deliberations, but as a guide to the activities of the Security Council during the period covered. It should be noted in this connection that in December 1974 the Council decided to make its report shorter and more concise, without changing its basic structure. Moreover, in 1985, the Council agreed, in keeping with the spirit of its 1974 decision, to discontinue the practice of summarizing documents addressed to the President of the Council or to the Secretary-General and circulated as official documents of the Council and instead simply to indicate the subject-matter of those documents which related to the procedure of the Council. The present report has been prepared in accordance with those decisions.

Chapters in part I are arranged in chronological order based on the first occasion on which the Council considered the item in a formal meeting during the period covered by the present report. Similarly, chapters in part IV are arranged in chronological order based on the date of the first communication on each item received during the same period.

With respect to the membership of the Security Council during the period covered, it will be recalled that the General Assembly, at the 34th plenary meeting of its forty-fourth session, on 18 October 1989, elected Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Yemen,\* Romania and Zaire as non-permanent members of the Council to fill the vacancies resulting from the expiration, on 31 December 1989, of the terms of office of Algeria, Brazil, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia.

The period covered in the present report is from 16 June 1989 to 15 June 1990. The Council held 59 meetings during that period.

<sup>\*</sup> Yemen was admitted to membership in the United Nations on 30 September 1947 and Democratic Yemen on 14 December 1967. On 22 May 1990 the two countries merged and have since that date been represented as one Member with the name "Yemen".

### PART I

## QUESTIONS CONSIDERED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL UNDER ITS RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

### Chapter 1

#### THE SITUATION IN THE OCCUPIED ARAB TERRITORIES

### A. Communications received between 27 June and 5 July 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 27 June 1989 (S/20706) from the representative of the Syrian Arab Republic, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of Arab States, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the report issued pursuant to the recommendation of the Permanent Arab Committee for Human Rights, adopted by the Council of the League of Arab States at its ninety-first session under resolution 4907 of 30 March 1989.

Letter dated 28 June (S/20703) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a declaration adopted by the 12 States members of the European Community, at the meeting of the European Council held at Madrid on 26 and 27 June.

Letter dated 29 June (S/20708) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 June (S/20709) from the representative of the Syrian Arab Republic, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of Arab States, addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting an immediate meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 1 July (S/20712) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 July (S/20714) from the Acting Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

### B. Consideration at the 2870th meeting (6 July 1989)

At its 2870th meeting, on 6 July, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the occupied Arab territories:

"Letter dated 30 June 1989 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20709)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Israel, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of the United Nations and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 3 July (S/20711) from the observer of Palestine, requesting that, in accordance with the Council's past practice, an invitation be extended to him to participate in the discussion on the item. The President added that the request was not made pursuant to rule 37 or rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council but that, if it was approved, the Council would invite the observer of Palestine to participate, not under rule 37 or rule 39, but with the same rights of participation as under rule 37.

The representative of the United States of America made a statement concerning the request.

Decision: At the 2870th meeting, on 6 July 1989, the request by Palestine was approved by 11 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Yugoslavia) to 1 against (United States of America), with 3 abstentions (Canada, France and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20710) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia.

The Council heard a statement by the representative of Israel.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, the representative of the United States made a statement.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2870th meeting, on 6 July 1989, the draft resolution (S/20710) was adopted by 14 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Yugoslavia) to none against, with 1 abstention (United States of America), as resolution 636 (1989).

Resolution 636 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 607 (1988) of 5 January 1988 and 608 (1988) of 14 January 1988,

"Having been apprised that Israel, the occupying Power, has once again, in defiance of those resolutions, deported eight Palestinian civilians on 29 June 1989,

"Expressing grave concern over the situation in the occupied Palestinian territories,

"Recalling the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, and in particular articles 47 and 49 thereof,

- "1. <u>Deeply regrets</u> the continuing deportation by Israel, the occupying Power, of Palestinian civilians;
- "2. Calls upon Israel to ensure the safe and immediate return to the occupied Palestinian territories of those deported and to desist forthwith from deporting any other Palestinian civilians;
- "3. Reaffirms that the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, is applicable to the Palestinian territories, occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, and to the other occupied Arab territories;
  - "4. Decides to keep the situation under review."

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

C. Communications received between 17 July and 29 August 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 17 July (S/20734) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 28 August (S/20816) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 August (S/20817) from the representative of Qatar addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting, on behalf of the Group of Arab States, the convening of an urgent meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 29 August (S/20822) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

D. Consideration at the 2883rd meeting (30 August 1989)

At its 2883rd meeting, on 30 August, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the occupied Arab territories:

"Letter dated 29 August 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20817)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Israel, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 30 August (S/20823) from the observer of Palestine to the United Nations requesting that, in accordance with the Council's past practice, an invitation be extended to him to participate in the discussion on the item. The President added that the requested invitation was not made pursuant to rule 37 or rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council but that, if it was approved, the Council would invite the observer of Palestine to participate, not under rule 37 or rule 39, but with the same rights of participation as under rule 37.

The representative of the United States made a statement concerning the request.

Decision: At the 2883rd meeting, on 30 August 1989, the request by Palestine was approved by 11 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Yugoslavia) to 1 against (United States of America), with 3 abstentions (Canada, France and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20820) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yuqoslavia.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of Israel.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, the representative of the United States made a statement.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2883rd meeting, on 30 August 1989, the draft resolution (S/20820) was adopted by 14 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Yugoslavia) to none against, with 1 abstention (United States of America), as resolution 641 (1989).

Resolution 641 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 607 (1988) of 5 January 1988, 608 (1988) of 14 January 1988 and 636 (1989) of 6 July 1989,

"Having been apprised that Israel, the occupying Power, has once again, in defiance of those resolutions, deported five Palestinian civilians on 27 August 1989,

"Expressing grave concern over the situation in the occupied Palestinian territories,

"Recalling the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, and in particular articles 47 and 49 thereof,

- "1. <u>Deplores</u> the continuing deportation by Israel, the occupying Power, of Palestinian civilians;
- "2. <u>Calls upon</u> Israel to ensure the safe and immediate return to the occupied Palestinian territories of those deported and to desist forthwith from deporting any other Palestinian civilians;
- "3. Reaffirms that the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, is applicable to the Palestinian territories, occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, and to the other occupied Arab territories;
  - "4. Decides to keep the situation under review."

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

E. Communications received between 30 August and 3 November 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 30 August (S/20824) from the representative of Bahrain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the press release issued at the thirty-second session of the Ministerial Council of the Co-operation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf, held at Jeddah from 28 to 29 August.

Letter dated 12 September (S/20842) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 September (S/20860) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 September (S/20866) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 October (S/20886) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 16 October (S/20902) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/2 of 6 October 1989, entitled "The uprising (intifadah) of the Palestinian people", and conveying an excerpt therefrom

Letter dated 19 October (S/20912) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Emir of the State of Kuwait and Chairman of the fifth session of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC).

Letter dated 23 October (S/20920 and Corr.1) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 October (S/20925 and Corr.1) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 November (S/20942) from the representative of Kuwait, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of Arab States, addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting, on behalf of the members of that Group, an immediate meeting of the Council.

### F. Consideration at the 2887th to 2889th meetings (6 and 7 November 1989)

At its 2887th meeting, on 6 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the occupied Arab territories:

"Letter dated 3 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Kuwait to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20942)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Israel, Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 6 November (S/20949) from the observer of Palestine requesting that, in accordance with the Council's past practice, an invitation be extended to him to participate in the discussion on the item. The President added that the request was not made pursuant to rule 37 or rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council but that, if it was approved, the Council would invite the observer of Palestine to participate, not under rule 37 or rule 39, but with the same rights of participation as under rule 37.

The representative of the United States made a statement concerning the request.

Decision: At the 2887th meeting, on 6 November 1989, the request by Palestine was approved by 11 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Yugoslavia) to 1 against (United States of America), with 3 abstentions (Canada, France and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 3 November (S/20950) from the representative of Algeria requesting that an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure be extended to Mr. Clovis Maksoud, observer of the League of Arab States (LAS). In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20945) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia, which read as follows:

### "The Security Council,

"Having considered the letter dated 3 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Kuwait to the United Nations (S/20942), in his capacity as Chairman of the Group of Arab States for the month of November,

"Recalling its relevant resolutions on the situation in the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, in particular resolution 605 (1987) of 22 December 1987,

"Taking note of General Assembly resolution 44/2 of 6 October 1989,

"Bearing in mind the inalienable rights of all peoples recognized by the Charter of the United Nations and proclaimed by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

"Recalling also the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949,

"Alarmed by the deteriorating situation in the Palestinian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem,

"Having heard the statements concerning the policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, and the conduct of its troops and agents in those territories, as manifested in the town of Beit Sahur, other towns and refugee camps,

"Taking into account the immediate need to consider measures for the impartial and international protection of Palestinian civilian population under Israeli occupation,

"Considering that the current policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, in the occupied territory are bound to have grave consequences for the endeavours to achieve comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East,

- "1. Strongly deplores those policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, which violate the human rights of the Palestinian people in the occupied territories, and in particular the siege of towns, the ransacking of the homes of inhabitants, as has happened at Beit Sahur, and the confiscation of their property and valuables;
- "2. Reaffirms once again that the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, is applicable to the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem;
- "3. Calls once again upon Israel, the occupying Power, to abide immediately and scrupulously by the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, and to desist forthwith from its policies and practices that are in violation of the provisions of the Convention;
- "4. <u>Calls upon</u> all the High Contracting Parties to the Fourth Geneva Convention to ensure respect for it, including the obligation of the occupying Power under the Convention to treat the population of the occupied territory humanely at all times and in all circumstances;

- "5. <u>Calls upon</u> Israel to desist from committing such practices and actions and lift its siege;
  - "6. Demands that Israel return the confiscated property to its owners;
- "7. Requests the Secretary-General to conduct on-site monitoring of the present situation in the Palestinian territory occupied since 1967, including Jerusalem, by all means available to him, and to submit periodic reports thereon, the first such report no later than 15 November 1989."

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of Kuwait, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of Arab States.

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

At its 2888th meeting, on 6 November, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council continued its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, and the representative of Senegal, who spoke also in her capacity as Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, and by the representatives of Israel, Yugoslavia, Nepal and the Islamic Republic of Iran.

In accordance with the decision taken at the 2887th meeting, the Council heard a statement by Mr. Maksoud.

At its 2889th meeting, on 7 November, the Council resumed its consideration of the item.

The President drew attention to the text of a revised draft resolution (S/20945/Rev.1) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia, which read as follows:

### "The Security Council,

"Having considered the letter dated 3 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Kuwait to the United Nations (S/20942), in his capacity as Chairman of the Group of Arab States for the month of November,

"Recalling its relevant resolutions on the situation in the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, in particular resolution 605 (1987) of 22 December 1987,

"Taking note of General Assembly resolution 44/2 of 6 October 1989,

"Bearing in mind the inalienable rights of all peoples recognized by the Charter of the United Nations and proclaimed by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

"Recalling also the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949,

"Alarmed by the deteriorating situation in the Palestinian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem,

"Having heard the statements concerning the policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, and the conduct of its troops and agents in those territories, as manifested in the town of Beit Sahur, other towns and refugee camps,

"Taking into account the immediate need to consider measures for the impartial and international protection of the Palestinian civilian population under Israeli occupation,

"Considering that the current policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, in the occupied territory are bound to have grave consequences for the endeavours to achieve comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East,

- "1. Strongly deplores those policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, which violate the human rights of the Palestinian people in the occupied territory, and in particular the siege of towns, the ransacking of the homes of inhabitants, as has happened at Beit Sahur, and the illegal and arbitrary confiscation of their property and valuables;
- "2. Calls upon Israel to desist from committing such practices and actions and lift its siege;
- "3. Urges that Israel return the illegally and arbitrarily confiscated property to its owners;
- "4. Reaffirms once again that the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, is applicable to the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem;
- "5. Calls once again upon Israel, the occupying Power, to abide immediately and scrupulously by the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, and to desist forthwith from those policies and practices which are in violation of the provisions of the Convention;
- "6. <u>Calls upon</u> all the High Contracting Parties to the Fourth Geneva Convention to ensure respect for it, including the obligation of the occupying Power under the Convention to treat the population of the occupied territory humanely at all times and in all circumstances;

"7. Requests the Secretary-General to conduct on-site monitoring of the present situation in the Palestinian territory occupied since 1967, including Jerusalem, by all means available to him, and to submit periodic reports thereon, the first such report as soon as possible."

The Council heard statements by the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Malaysia, Finland, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Algeria, Canada, Ethiopia, Brazil, Colombia and France and by the President of the Council, in his capacity as the representative of China.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2889th meeting, on 7 November 1989, the revised draft resolution (S/20945/Rev.1) received 14 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Yugoslavia) and 1 against (United States of America) and was not adopted, owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Council.

Following the vote, the representatives of the United States and Canada made statements.

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

G. Communications received between 6 December 1989 and 13 March 1990 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 6 December (S/21009) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 December (S/21061) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 January 1990 (S/21089) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 January (S/21098) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 January (S/21118) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a submission dated 29 January by the First Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the USSR to the head of the Israeli Consular Group in Moscow.

Letter dated 7 February (S/21133) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made on the same date by the Emir of the State of Kuwait and Chairman of the Fifth Summit of OIC on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the establishment of that organization.

Letter dated 7 February (S/21134) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 5 February from the Secretary-General of OIC to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 February (S/21137) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Letter dated 12 February (S/21139) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting the convening of a Council meeting.

Letter dated 12 February (S/21144) from the representative of Tunisia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 31 January by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Tunisia.

Letter dated 13 February (S/21143) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 12 February by the First Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs of the USSR.

Letter dated 15 February (S/21151) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 February (S/21153) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/47 of 8 December 1989, entitled "United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East", and conveying an excerpt from resolution 44/47 I.

Letter dated 27 February (S/21174) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 March (S/21182) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué dated 5 March, issued at the thirty-fourth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council, held at Riyadh on 4 and 5 March under the chairmanship of the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Oman.

Letter dated 12 March (S/21186) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 7 March by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR.

Letter dated 13 March (S/21192) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Final Communiqué of the Ministerial Meeting of the Committee of Nine on Palestine of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Tunis on 11 March.

H. Consideration at the 2910th to 2912th, 2914th, 2915th and 2920th meetings (15-29 March and 3 May 1990)

At its 2910th meeting, on 15 March, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the occupied Arab territories:

"Letter dated 12 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21139)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Israel, Jordan and Senegal, at their request, to participate in the discussion, without the right to vote.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 13 March (S/21191) from the observer of Palestine requesting that, in accordance with the Council's past practice, an invitation be extended to Mr. Farouq Qaddoumi, Head of the Political Department of the Palestine Liberation Organization, to participate in the discussion on the item. The President added that the request was not made pursuant to rule 37 or rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council but that, if it was approved, the Council would invite the observer of Palestine to participate, not under rule 37 or rule 39, but with the same rights of participation as under rule 37.

The representative of the United States made a statement concerning the request.

Decision: At the 2910th meeting, on 15 March 1990, the request by Palestine was approved by 11 votes in favour (China, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Yemen, Ethiopia, Finland, Malaysia, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Zaire) to 1 against (United States of America), with 3 abstentions (Canada, France and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

The President further informed the Council of a letter dated 15 March (S/21193) from the representative of Jordan requesting that an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure be extended to Mr. Clovis Maksoud, observer of LAS. In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of the Soviet Union.

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

Statements were made by the representatives of Malaysia and Cuba.

At its 2911th meeting, on 15 March, the Council continued its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of Jordan, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of Arab States. Statements were made also by the representative of Senegal, who spoke also in her capacity as Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, and by the representative of Israel.

In accordance with the decision taken at the 2910th meeting, the Council heard a statement by Mr. Maksoud.

At its 2912th meeting, on 27 March, the Council resumed its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, India, Indonesia, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Yemen and Yugoslavia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 23 March (S/21203) from the representative of Saudi Arabia requesting that an invitation, under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure, be extended to Mr. Engin A. Ansay, observer of OIC. In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

The Council continued its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Egypt, Yemen, Tunisia, the Syrian Arab Republic, Indonesia, Saudi Arabia and China.

In accordance with the decision taken earlier at the meeting, the Council heard a statement by Mr. Ansay.

At its 2914th meeting, on 28 March, the Council continued its consideration of

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Bangladesh, Morocco and the United Republic of Tanzania, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Yugoslavia, Pakistan, India, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Qatar, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Bahrain, Bangladesh and the United Republic of Tanzania.

At its 2915th meeting, on 29 March, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Afghanistan, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Kuwait and Nicaragua, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council continued its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Canada, Finland, France, the United Kingdom, Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Morocco, the Islamic Republic of Iran and Afghanistan.

On 12 April 1990, a draft resolution in provisional form (S/21247), sponsored by Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Yemen, Ethiopia, Malaysia and Zaire, was circulated, which read as follows:

### "The Security Council,

"Having considered the policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, in the Palestinian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, and the other occupied Arab territories,

"Recalling its resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967 and 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973,

"Recalling also its resolutions 237 (1967) of 14 June 1967, 465 (1980) of 1 March 1980, 478 (1980) of 20 August 1980 and other relevant resolutions,

"Bearing in mind the provisions of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949,

"Affirming that settlements and all other measures taken by Israel to change the physical character, demographic composition, institutional structure or status of the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied since 1967, including Jerusalem, or any part thereof, are illegal,

"Stressing the urgent need to consider measures for the impartial protection of the Palestinian civilian population under Israeli occupation,

"Aware of the current immigration of Jews to Israel and expressing concern regarding recent Israeli statements about settling civilians and new immigrants in the occupied territories,

"Recalling paragraph 11 of General Assembly resolution 194 (III) of 11 December 1948, which stipulates that the Palestinian refugees wishing to return to their homes and live in peace with their neighbours should be permitted to do so and that compensation should be paid for the property of those choosing not to return,

"Reaffirming the right of all displaced inhabitants to return to their homes or former places of residence in the other territories occupied by Israel since 1967,

- "1. Reaffirms the applicability to the Palestinian and other Arab territories, occupied since 1967, including Jerusalem, of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, and in particular article 49 thereof, which prohibits the occupying Power from deporting or transferring parts of its own civilian population into the territory it occupies, and the undertaking of the High Contracting Parties to respect and ensure respect of the said Fourth Geneva Convention in accordance with article 1 of that Convention;
- "2. Considers that the policies and practices of Israel of settling parts of its civilian population and new immigrants in the occupied territories are violations of the rights of the Palestinian people and the population of the other occupied Arab territories;
- "3. Considers further that the settlement of Jewish immigrants and the Israeli settlement policy in the occupied territories constitute an obstacle to, and have detrimental impact on, attempts to reach a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East;
- "4. <u>Deplores</u> the policies and practices of Israel to settle civilians on the occupied territories, which are in violation of the Fourth Geneva Convention;

- "5. <u>Calls upon</u> Israel, the occupying Power, to abide by its international legal obligations to desist forthwith from settling Israeli civilians and/or Jewish immigrants in the occupied territories and from any other action to alter the physical character and demographic composition of those territories;
- "6. Also calls upon all States not to provide Israel with any assistance to be used in connection with settlements in the occupied territories;
- "7. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the situation under close review and to report to the Security Council on the implementation of the present resolution not later than 31 May 1990;
- "8. <u>Decides</u> to keep the situation in the Palestinian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem, and the other occupied Arab territories under review."

At its 2920th meeting, on 3 May, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Greece and Turkey, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council resumed its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Romania, Greece and Turkey.

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

A statement was made also by the representative of Egypt.

### I. Communications received between 20 March and 31 May 1990 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 20 March (S/21199) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General conveying the request of the Committee pursuant to the decision taken at its 169th meeting on 2 March 1990 that excerpts from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989, published by the United States Department of State, be circulated as a document of the General Assembly and of the Security Council, and annex to the letter.

Letter dated 27 March (S/21213) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Acting Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement, issued at Jeddah on 26 March by the Secretary-General of OIC.

Letter dated 2 April (S/21225) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 3 April (S/21226) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Egypt. Letter dated 23 April (S/21267) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 April (S/21269) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by the Heads of the Christian Churches and Communities in Jerusalem.

Letter dated 27 April (S/21276) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 April (S/21279) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a resolution adopted by the 83rd Inter-Parliamentary Conference held at Nicosia from 2 to 7 April.

Letter dated 27 April (S/21280) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date at a briefing in the press centre of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR.

Letter dated 1 May (S/21281) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 May (S/21300) from the representative of Bahrain, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of Arab States addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting an immediate meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 21 May (S/21303) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 May (S/21307) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 21 May at Jeddah by the Secretary-General of OIC.

Letter dated 21 May (S/21308) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 22 May (S/21309) stating that following consultations with the members of the Council concerning the request of Bahrain of 21 May (S/21300) to hold an immediate meeting of the Council, the President was setting the first meeting on that matter at Geneva at the United Nations Office on Friday, 25 May 1990 at 3 p.m. to continue until the speakers' list for that meeting was exhausted.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 22 May (S/21310) stating that in connection with the understanding reached at consultations of the Security Council, held on 22 May, the first meeting to consider the request of Bahrain of 21 May (S/21300) would be held at the United Nations Office at Geneva on Friday, 25 May at 3 p.m. (S/21309), members of the Council also agreed to waive the requirement laid down in rule 49 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure regarding the time of issuance of the verbatim record of the meeting and that the verbatim record would, accordingly, be issued in New York subsequently.

Letter dated 22 May (S/21311) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 May (S/21327) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 21 May from the observer of OIC to the Secretary-General forwarding the text of a letter of the same date from the Secretary-General of OIC to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 May (S/21332) from the representative of Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by the 12 States members of the European Community.

Letter dated 24 May (S/21335) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR dated 22 May.

Letter dated 25 May (S/21336 and Corr.1) from the representatives of Egypt and the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Soviet-Egyptian declaration signed in Moscow on 15 May 1990.

Letter dated 29 May (S/21322) from the representative of Madagascar addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message dated 25 May from the President of Madagascar.

Letter dated 30 May (S/21321) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 25 May from the Unified National Leadership of the <u>Intifadah</u> to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 May (S/21339) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General.

### J. Consideration at the 2923rd and 2926th meetings (25/26 and 31 May 1990)

At its 2923rd meeting, held at the Palais des Nations, Geneva, on 25 May, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the occupied Arab territories:

"Letter dated 21 May 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21300)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Bahrain, Bangladesh, Egypt, Gabon, India, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates and Yugoslavia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 22 May (S/21306) from the observer of Palestine, requesting that "in accordance with its previous practice, the Security Council invite His Excellency President Yasser Arafat, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization, to participate in the

current debate of the Security Council". The President added that the request was not made pursuant to rule 37 or rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council but that, if it was approved, the Council would invite the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization to participate, not under rule 37 or rule 39, but with the same rights of participation as under rule 37.

The representative of the United States made a statement concerning the request.

Decision: At the 2923rd meeting, on 25 May 1990, the request by Palestine was approved by 11 votes in favour (China, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Ethiopia, Finland, Malaysia, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Yemen and Zaire) to 1 against (United States of America), with 3 abstentions (Canada, France and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 24 May from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, requesting that an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure be extended to her. In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

The President also informed the Council of a letter dated 24 May (S/21313) from the representative of Yemen, requesting that an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure be extended to Mr. Clovis Maksoud, observer of LAS. In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

The President further drew attention to a letter dated 23 May (S/21312) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, requesting that an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure be extended to Mr. Nabil T. Maarouf, Assistant Secretary-General for Palestine and Al-Quds of OIC. In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

The Council began its consideration of the item by hearing a statement by the representative of Palestine, Mr. Yasser Arafat.

The Council then heard statements by the Minister of State for Legal Affairs of the State of Bahrain, by the representatives of Jordan and the United Kingdom, by the Minister of State of Kuwait, by the representative of Colombia and by the Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of Israel, and by the representatives of Malaysia, the Soviet Union, China, France, Canada and Saudi Arabia, who spoke also as Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations and as the representative of the Group of Arab States in New York, Cuba, Yemen, Zaire and the Syrian Arab Republic.

In accordance with the decisions taken earlier at the meeting, the Council heard statements by the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People and by Mr. Maarouf.

The meeting was then suspended until 9 a.m. on Saturday, 26 May.

On 26 May, the Council resumed its consideration of the item by hearing statements by the representatives of the United Arab Emirates, Bangladesh, Iraq, Ethiopia and Egypt, by the Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran and by the representative of Qatar.

Following a brief suspension, the Council resumed its consideration of the item by hearing, in accordance with its earlier decision, a statement by Mr. Maksoud under rule 39 of its provisional rules of procedure.

Statements were made by the representatives of Morocco, Romania, Côte d'Ivoire, Yugoslavia, Tunisia, Sri Lanka, Lebanon, Turkey and India.

Following a brief suspension, the President, in his capacity as the representative of Finland, made a statement.

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

At its 2926th meeting, held in New York on 31 May, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Japan and Pakistan, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21326), submitted by Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Yemen and Zaire, which read as follows:

### "The Security Council,

"Having considered the letter dated 21 May 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Bahrain to the United Nations, in his capacity as Chairman of the Group of Arab States for the month of May 1990 (S/21300),

"Having listened to the statement by His Excellency President Yasser Arafat,

"Reaffirming that the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, is applicable to the Palestinian and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem,

"Gravely concerned and alarmed by the deteriorating situation in the Palestinian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem,

"Bearing in mind that any deliberately planned act of violence in the region is a blow to peace,

"1. <u>Establishes</u> a Commission consisting of three members of the Security Council, to be dispatched immediately to examine the situation relating to the policies and practices of Israel, the occupying Power, in the Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, occupied by Israel since 1967;

- "2. Requests the Commission to submit its report to the Security Council by 20 June 1990, containing recommendations on ways and means for ensuring the safety and protection of the Palestinian civilians under Israeli occupation;
- "3. Requests the Secretary-General to provide the Commission with the necessary facilities to enable it to carry out its mission;
- "4. <u>Decides</u> to keep the situation in the occupied territories under constant and close scrutiny and to reconvene to review the situation in the light of the findings of the Commission."

The Council resumed its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Pakistan, Israel and Japan.

In accordance with the decision taken at its 2923rd meeting, the Council heard a statement under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure by Mr. Maksoud.

Following a brief suspension, the meeting was resumed and the Council proceeded to vote on the draft resolution (S/21326).

Decision: At the 2926th meeting, on 31 May 1990, the draft resolution (S/21326) received 14 votes in favour (Canada, China, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Malaysia, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Yemen and Zaire) and 1 against (United States of America) and was not adopted, owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Council.

Following the vote, the representative of the United States made a statement.

The representative of Palestine made a statement.

Statements were made by the representatives of the Soviet Union, Cuba and Yemen.

### K. Communications received between 6 and 15 June 1990

Letter dated 6 June (S/21345) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Final Statement of the Emergency Arab Summit Conference, held at Baghdad from 28 to 30 May 1990.

Letter dated 12 June (S/21355) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued at Taif, Saudi Arabia, on 4 June 1990 at the thirty-fifth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

Letter dated 12 June (S/21356) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 June (S/21362) from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People addressed to the Secretary-General.

### Chapter 2

### CENTRAL AMERICA: EFFORTS TOWARDS PEACE

### A. Report of the Secretary-General dated 26 June 1989

Report of the Secretary-General dated 26 June 1989 (S/20699) submitted pursuant to Security Council resolutions 530 (1983) of 19 May 1983 and 562 (1985) of 10 May 1985 and General Assembly resolution 43/24 of 15 November 1988, describing the steps that had been taken in response to a series of requests from the Governments of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua for the establishment of impartial machinery for on-site verification of the undertakings in respect of security commitments contained in the Esquipulas II agreements signed on 7 August 1987 at Guatemala City.

### B. Consideration at the 2871st meeting (27 July 1989)

At its 2871st meeting, held on 27 July in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20752) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations and to the report of the Secretary-General (S/20699).

As agreed during the Council's prior consultations, the President introduced, on behalf of the members of the Council, the draft resolution (S/20752), which he proposed to put to the vote.

<u>Decision: At the 2871st meeting, on 27 July 1989, the draft resolution (S/20752) was adopted unanimously as resolution 637 (1989).</u>

Resolution 637 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 530 (1983) of 19 May 1983 and 562 (1985) of 10 May 1985 and General Assembly resolutions 38/10 of 11 November 1983, 39/4 of 26 October 1984, 41/37 of 18 November 1986, 42/1 of 7 October 1987 and 43/24 of 15 November 1988, as well as the initiative that the Secretary-General of the United Nations undertook on 18 November 1986 together with the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States,

"Convinced that the peoples of Central America wish to achieve a peaceful settlement of their conflicts without outside interference, including support for irregular forces, with respect for the principles of self-determination and non-intervention while ensuring full respect for human rights,

"Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General of 26 June 1989 submitted in pursuance of Security Council resolutions 530 (1983) and 562 (1985) (S/20699),

"Recognizing the important contribution of the Contadora Group and its Support Group in favour of peace in Central America,

"Welcoming the agreement on 'Procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace in Central America' signed at Guatemala City on 7 August 1987 by the Presidents of the Republics of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua (S/19085, annex) as the manifestation of the will of the peoples of Central America to achieve peace, democratization, reconciliation, development and justice, in accordance with their decision to meet the historical challenge of forging a peaceful destiny for the region,

"Welcoming also the subsequent Joint Declarations issued by the Central American Presidents on 16 January 1988 at Alajuela, Costa Rica (S/19447, annex) and on 14 February 1989 at Costa del Sol, El Salvador (S/20491, annex),

"Aware of the importance which the Central American Presidents attach to the role of international verification as an essential component for the implementation of the above-mentioned instruments, including, in particular, their commitments relating to regional security, especially non-use of territory to support destabilization of neighbouring countries, and democratization, especially free and fair elections, as well as to the voluntary demobilization, repatriation or relocation of irregular forces, as agreed in the Costa del Sol accord of 14 February 1989,

"Aware also that the commitments enshrined in the Guatemala agreement form a harmonious and indivisible whole,

"Noting with appreciation the efforts undertaken to date by the Secretary-General in support of the Central American peace process, including his assistance in the establishment of appropriate mechanisms to verify compliance with the provisions of the Guatemala agreement and of the Joint Declaration adopted by the Central American Presidents at their meeting held in El Salvador on 14 February 1989 (S/20491, annex), and particularly the Secretary-General's agreement with Nicaragua to deploy a United Nations observer mission to verify the electoral process,

- "1. Commends the desire for peace expressed by the Central American Presidents in signing on 7 August 1987 at Guatemala City the agreement on 'Procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace in Central America' (S/19085, annex) and in the Joint Declarations subsequently signed in pursuance of it;
- "2. Expresses its firmest support for the Guatemala agreement and the Joint Declarations;
- "3. Calls upon the Presidents to continue their efforts to achieve a firm and lasting peace in Central America through the faithful implementation of the commitments entered into in the Guatemala agreement and in the expressions of good will contained in the Joint Declaration of 14 February 1989;

- "4. Appeals to all States, in particular to those which have links with the region and interests in it, to back the political will of the Central American countries to comply with the provisions of the Guatemala agreement and of the Joint Declaration, particularly that regional and extra-regional Governments which either openly or covertly supply aid to irregular forces or insurrectional movements in the area immediately halt such aid, with the exception of the humanitarian aid that contributes to the goals of the Costa del Sol accord;
- "5. Lends its full support to the Secretary-General to continue his mission of good offices, in consultation with the Security Council, in support of the Central American Governments in their effort to achieve the goals set forth in the Guatemala agreement;
- "6. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council regularly on the implementation of the present resolution."

Following the vote, the representative of the United States of America made a statement.

C. Communications received between 7 August and 2 November 1989 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 7 August (S/20774) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the political agreements signed by the President of Nicaragua with the opposition parties on 4 August 1989 and the text of the statement made by the President of Nicaragua at the conclusion of the dialogue with the political parties on the same date at Managua, Nicaragua.

Letter dated 9 August (S/20778) from the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the documents, i.e. the Tela Declaration, the Joint Plan and the Agreement between Honduras and Nicaragua, adopted at the meeting of the Presidents of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua at Tela, Honduras, on 5, 6 and 7 August 1989.

Letter dated 14 August (S/20786) from the representative of Honduras addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 10 August from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Honduras to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 14 August (S/20791) from the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 August (S/20794) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Honduras addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 17 August (S/20795) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 15 August from the Agent of Nicaragua in The Hague addressed to the Registrar of the International Court of Justice.

Letter dated 21 August (S/20802) from the representatives of Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the joint communiqué issued on

17 August 1989 by the member countries of the Permanent Mechanism for Consultation and Concerted Political Action concerning the results achieved at the summit meeting of Central American Presidents held at Tela, Honduras, on 7 August 1989.

Letter dated 28 August (S/20856) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council informing the Council that at a meeting held at United Nations Headquarters on 25 August, the Secretaries-General of the United Nations and the Organization of American States had agreed, in response to the request by the five Central American Governments (S/20791), to establish an International Support and Verification Commission (CIAV) as of 6 September 1989.

Letter dated 20 September (S/20857) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Security Council had taken note of the Secretary-General's letter of 28 August (S/20856), noted with approval the steps which the Secretary-General had taken to set up and form CIAV and put it into operation, and welcomed the Secretary-General's intention to ask the Security Council to adopt in due course the measures needed to establish the military component of CIAV.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 9 October (S/20699/Add.1) issued as an addendum to his report of 26 June 1989, containing an account of the events that had taken place in Central America during the three-month period following the issuance of that report (S/20699).

Report of the Secretary-General dated 11 October (S/20895) submitted in accordance with resolution 637 (1989), recommending the establishment of a United Nations Observer Group in Central America (ONUCA) as requested by the five Central American Presidents under the agreement between the Presidents of Honduras and Nicaragua signed at Tela, Honduras (S/20778, annex II).

Letter dated 30 October (S/20929) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 24 October from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 1 November (S/20935) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué of the same date issued by the Government of Nicaragua.

Letter dated 1 November (S/20937) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General, and annexes.

Letter dated 2 November (S/20939) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the President of Nicaragua, published in <u>The New York Times</u> of the same date.

### D. Consideration at the 2890th meeting (7 November 1989)

At its 2890th meeting, held on 7 November in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/20895)".

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/20951) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

<u>Decision</u>: At the 2890th meeting, on 7 November 1989, the draft resolution (S/20951) was adopted unanimously as resolution 644 (1989).

Resolution 644 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989,

- "1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 11 October 1989 (S/20895);
- "2. <u>Decides</u> to set up immediately, under its authority, a United Nations Observer Group in Central America and requests the Secretary-General to take the necessary steps to this effect, in accordance with his above-mentioned report, bearing in mind the need to continue to monitor expenditures carefully during this period of increasing demands on peace-keeping resources;
- "3. <u>Also decides</u> that the United Nations Observer Group in Central America shall be established for a period of six months, unless the Security Council decides otherwise;
- "4. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council fully informed of further developments."

The President stated that, following consultations with the members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/20952) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council reaffirm their full support for the Secretary-General's efforts to assist the Central American Governments in their efforts to achieve the goals set forth in the Guatemala agreement of 7 August 1987 and in the Joint Declarations subsequently signed in pursuance of it. In any consideration of the renewal of the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America, they will wish to assure themselves that the presence of the Observer Group is continuing to contribute actively to the achievement of a firm and lasting peace in Central America."

Subsequently, a statement was made by the Secretary-General.

# E. Communications received between 16 November 1989 and 26 March 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 16 November (S/20979) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, referring to paragraph 22 of his report of 11 October 1989 (S/20895) and seeking the Council's agreement to his proposals for the composition of ONUCA.

Letter dated 21 November (S/20980) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the composition of ONUCA.

Letter dated 16 November (S/20981) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, referring to paragraph 9 of his report of 11 October (S/20985) and seeking the Council's consent for his proposal to appoint Major-General Agustín Quesada Gómez of Spain as the Chief Military Observer of ONUCA.

Letter dated 21 November (S/20982) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General, informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the appointment of the Chief Military Observer of ONUCA.

Letter dated 11 December (S/21017) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by the Soviet Government dated 9 December.

Letter dated 11 December (S/21018) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 8 December by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Letter dated 12 December (S/21019) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Declaration of San Isidro de Coronado, signed on the same date at San Isidro de Coronado, Costa Rica, by the five Central American Presidents.

Letter dated 14 December (S/21024) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued on 13 December by the Diplomatic Information Office of the Spanish Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 21 December (S/21029) prepared pursuant to Security Council resolution 637 (1989) and General Assembly resolution 44/10, concerning the situation in Central America.

Letter dated 3 January 1990 (S/21067) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued by the Office of the President of Nicaragua on 2 January.

Letter dated 23 January (S/21101) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 22 January from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Secretary of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 1 February (S/21124) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 24 January from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Secretary-General, and its appendix.

Letter dated 26 February (S/21169) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué of the same date issued by the Diplomatic Information Office of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Spain.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 15 March (S/21194) on ONUCA, seeking from the Security Council its urgent approval, on a contingency basis, of an enlargement of the mandate of ONUCA and the addition of armed personnel to its strength in order to enable it to play a part in the voluntary demobilization of the members of the Nicaraguan resistance.

Letter dated 26 March (S/21206) from the representative of Honduras addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the "Toncontín Agreement", which was concluded between representatives of the President-elect of Nicaragua and the Nicaraguan resistance on 23 March 1990 at Tegucigalpa, Honduras.

# F. Consideration at the 2913th meeting (27 March 1990)

At its 2913th meeting, held on 27 March in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/21194)".

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/21207) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2913th meeting, on 27 March 1990, the draft resolution (S/21207) was adopted unanimously as resolution 650 (1990).

Resolution 650 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989 and 644 (1989) of 7 November 1989,

"Reiterating its support for the Central American peace process and commending the efforts made by the Central American Presidents, represented by the agreements they have concluded,

"Urging all parties to comply with their undertakings under those agreements, including in particular the commitments relating to regional security, and reiterating its full support of the Secretary-General's mission of good offices in the region,

"Noting with appreciation the efforts undertaken to date by the Secretary-General in support of the Central American peace process, including his continuing efforts to promote voluntary demobilization, resettlement and repatriation, as reflected in his report of 15 March 1990 (S/21194),

- "1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General;
- "2. <u>Decides</u> to authorize, on a contingency basis in accordance with the report, an enlargement of the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America and the addition of armed personnel to its strength, in order to enable it to play a part in the voluntary demobilization of the members of the Nicaraguan resistance;
- "3. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council fully informed of further developments regarding the implementation of the present resolution."

Following the vote, the representatives of the United States of America and Cuba made statements.

# G. Communications received between 29 March and 19 April 1990

Letter dated 29 March (S/21232) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council referring to paragraphs 20 and 25 (a) of his report of 11 October 1989 (S/20895) concerning the establishment of ONUCA, and bringing to the Council's attention his further proposal concerning the composition of ONUCA.

Letter dated 5 April (S/21233) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the composition of ONUCA.

Letter dated 5 April (S/21235) from the representatives of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the "Montelimar Declaration", signed by the five Central American Presidents on 3 April in Montelimar, Nicaragua.

Letter dated 19 April (S/21257) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council recommending that the Security Council approve the enlargement of ONUCA's mandate.

Letter dated 20 April (S/21259) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement by the Secretary-General made in informal consultations of the Council held on 19 April.

Letter dated 19 April (S/21261) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council referring to paragraph 11 of his report of 15 March 1990 (S/21194) and bringing to the Council's attention his proposal concerning additional military observers for ONUCA.

Letter dated 20 April (S/21262) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the composition of ONUCA.

## H. Consideration at the 2919th meeting (20 April 1990)

At its 2919th meeting, held on 20 April in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21258) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to a vote.

Decision: At the 2919th meeting, on 20 April 1990, the draft resolution (S/21258) was adopted unanimously as resolution 653 (1990).

Resolution 653 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having examined the letter addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Secretary-General on 19 April 1990 (S/21257) concerning the United Nations Observer Group in Central America, as well as his statement of the same date to the members of the Security Council in which he briefed them on the agreements signed at Managua that day (S/21259, annex), which envisage the complete demobilization of the Nicaraguan resistance by the Observer Group during the period from 25 April to 10 June 1990,

"Reaffirming its resolutions 644 (1989) of 7 November 1989 and 650 (1990) of 27 March 1990,

- "1. Approves the proposals concerning the addition of new tasks to the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America contained in the letter of the Secretary-General of 19 April 1990 (S/21257) and in his statement (S/21259, annex);
- "2. <u>Requests</u> the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on all aspects of the operations of the Observer Group before the expiry of the current mandate period on 7 May 1990."

Following the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Cuba, the USSR and the United States.

The representative of Cuba made a further statement.

I. Communications received between 23 and 30 April 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 23 April (S/21266) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 20 April by the Office of Diplomatic Information of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Spain.

Note verbale dated 23 April (S/21272) from the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the following documents: Definitive Cease-fire Agreement between the Government of Nicaragua and the YATAMA Atlantic Front of the Nicaraguan resistance under the auspices of His Eminence Miguel Cardinal Obando y Bravo, and annexes; Effective and Definitive Cease-fire Agreement between the Government of Nicaragua and the Nicaraguan Resistance under the auspices of His Eminence Miguel Cardinal Obando y Bravo, and annex; and Addendum to the Toncontín Agreement.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 27 April (S/21274) on ONUCA.

Addendum dated 2 May (S/21274/Add.1) to the report of the Secretary-General on ONUCA.

Letter dated 30 April (S/21282) from the representative of Ireland to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the Joint Political Declaration of the Dublin Ministerial Conference on Political Dialogue and Economic Co-operation between the European Community and its Member States, the Countries of Central America and Panama, and Colombia, Mexico and Venezuela as Co-operating Countries, held at Dublin on 9 and 10 April 1990, and the Joint Economic Communiqué issued by the European Community and the countries party to the General Treaty on Central American Economic Integration and Panama.

# J. Consideration at the 2921st meeting (4 May 1990)

At its 2921st meeting, held on 4 May in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace:

"Report of the Secretary-General (S/21274 and Add.1)".

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/21286) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2921st meeting, on 4 May 1990, the draft resolution (S/21286) was adopted unanimously as resolution 654 (1990).

Resolution 654 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989, 644 (1989) of 7 November 1989, 650 (1990) of 27 March 1990 and 653 (1990) of 20 April 1990, as well as the statement made by the President of the Council on its behalf on 7 November 1989 (S/20952),

"Recalling the initial agreement reached at Geneva on 4 April 1990 by the parties to the conflict in El Salvador, under the auspices of the Secretary-General,

- "1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 27 April and 2 May 1990 (S/21274 and Add.1);
- "2. Decides to extend, under its authority, the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America as defined in resolutions 644 (1989), 650 (1990) and 653 (1990), for a further period of six months, that is, until 7 November 1990, on the understanding, as expressed by the Secretary-General in his report (S/21274, para. 34), that the tasks of the Observer Group of monitoring the cease-fire and separation of forces in Nicaragua and demobilizing members of the Nicaraguan resistance will lapse with the completion of the demobilization process, not later than 10 June 1990, and bearing in mind the need to continue to monitor expenditures carefully during this period of increasing demands on peace-keeping resources;
- "3. <u>Welcomes</u> the efforts of the Secretary-General to promote the achievement of a negotiated political solution to the conflict in El Salvador;
- "4. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council fully informed of further developments and to report on all aspects of the operations of the Observer Group before the expiry of the current mandate period and in particular to report to the Council not later than 10 June 1990 concerning the completion of the demobilization process."

# K. Communication received on 21 May 1990

Letter dated 21 May (S/21304) from the representative of Honduras addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued at Tegucigalpa on 16 May by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Honduras.

# L. Consideration at the 2922nd meeting (23 May 1990)

At its 2922nd meeting, held on 23 May in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts towards peace".

The President stated that, following consultations with the members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/21331) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council recall that the Council, in conformity with its primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security, has supported the Central American peace process from the outset. This has resulted in its decision to set up a United Nations Observer Group for Central America, whose mandate it subsequently enlarged and reaffirmed on two occasions.

"The members of the Council also recall the decision taken by the Council in its resolution 654 (1990) to extend the mandate of the Observer Group until 7 November 1990 on the understanding that its tasks of monitoring the cease-fire and separation of forces in Nicaragua and demobilizing members of the resistance would lapse with the completion of the demobilization process, not later than 10 June 1990.

"The members of the Council, taking note of the report of the Secretary-General and fully supporting his efforts, express their concern at the slow pace of the demobilization process during its first two weeks. It is clear that the process must be accelerated if the deadline of 10 June set for its completion is to be met.

"In the light of the foregoing, the members of the Council call on the resistance to meet fully and urgently the commitments it made in agreeing to demobilize. They also support the Government of Nicaragua in its efforts to facilitate, by taking the necessary steps, timely demobilization and urge it to continue such efforts. They also call on all others with influence in this matter to take action to ensure that demobilization now proceeds in accordance with the agreements entered into by the Nicaraguan parties, and in particular to ensure that the 10 June deadline is respected.

"The members of the Council request the Secretary-General, through a senior representative, to continue to observe the situation on the ground first-hand and to report to the Council by 4 June.

"The members of the Council request the Secretary-General to convey the Council's position to the five Central American Presidents.

"The members of the Council also request the Secretary-General to convey the Council's concerns about the situation described above to the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States, who shares responsibilities with the Secretary-General of the United Nations as regards the operations of the International Support and Verification Commission."

# M. Communications received between 29 May and 8 June 1990 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 29 May (S/21316) from the representative of Guatemala addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a press communiqué issued in Guatemala on 25 May.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 4 June (S/21341) on ONUCA, submitted in accordance with the request contained in the statement made by the President of the Security Council at the Council's 2922nd meeting on 23 May (S/21331).

Letter dated 7 June (S/21347) from the representatives of Spain and Venezuela addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text issued at the conclusion of a press conference given at Madrid on the same date by the President of Venezuela and the President of Spain.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 8 June (S/21349) submitted in accordance with the request contained in paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 654 (1990) of 4 May 1990 on ONUCA.

# N. Consideration at the 2927th meeting (8 June 1990)

At its 2927th meeting, held on 8 June in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Central America: efforts toward peace:

"Reports of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (S/21341 and S/21349)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21350) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

<u>Decision</u>: At the 2927th meeting, on 8 June 1990, the draft resolution (S/21350) was adopted unanimously as resolution 656 (1990).

Resolution 656 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolution 654 (1990) of 4 May 1990 and the statement made by the President of the Council on its behalf on 23 May (S/21331) concerning the United Nations Observer Group in Central America,

"Expressing its concern that the process of demobilization has not yet been fully completed, although progress is now being made after the removal of obstacles that prevented the conclusion of the demobilization process on 10 June 1990, as stipulated in resolution 654 (1990),

"Having studied the report of the Secretary-General of 4 June 1990 (S/21341) as well as his statement of 8 June to the members of the Council (S/21349),

- "1. <u>Decides</u> that the tasks of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America of monitoring the cease-fire and separation of forces in Nicaragua and demobilizing members of the Nicaraguan resistance shall be extended, on the understanding, as recommended by the Secretary-General (S/21349), that those tasks will lapse with the completion of the demobilization process, not later than 29 June 1990;
- "2. <u>Urges</u> all those directly involved in the demobilization process to take all necessary measures to maintain and, if possible, increase the rate of demobilization so as to complete it, at the latest, on the date specified in paragraph 1 above;
- "3. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council fully informed of further developments and in particular to report to it not later than 29 June 1990 concerning the completion of the demobilization process."

#### Chapter 3

## THE QUESTION OF HOSTAGE-TAKING AND ABDUCTION

## A. Consideration at the 2872nd meeting (31 July 1989)

At its 2872nd meeting, held on 31 July in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The question of hostage-taking and abduction".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20757) submitted by Canada and Finland.

As agreed in the Council's prior consultations, the President made the following statement:

"As we consider the adoption of the draft resolution on hostage-taking and abduction, we meet under the shadow of recent events and the cruel reports that Lieutenant-Colonel Higgins, who served the United Nations on a peace-keeping mission in Lebanon, may have been murdered today. I wish to express the full support of the Security Council for the statement made by the Secretary-General yesterday, 30 July, in this connection.

"The Council will seek further facts on the developments of today, and urges those involved to act with reason, restraint and a proper respect for human life and dignity. The Council feels that it should proceed without delay to the adoption of the draft resolution that we have been discussing in private on the subject of hostage-taking and abduction.

"There is a most tragic irony that our efforts to adopt a text on this matter should have coincided with the grave events of recent days.

"This illustrates, with utmost clarity, that we need to underline the necessity for effective international action on the subject of hostage-taking and abduction. Indeed, the expression of the unanimous view of the Security Council will, I am sure, serve to deter such unlawful, criminal and cruel acts in the future."

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2872nd meeting, on 31 July 1989, the draft resolution (S/20757) was adopted unanimously as resolution 638 (1989).

Resolution 638 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Deeply disturbed by the prevalence of incidents of hostage-taking and abduction, and the continued protracted incarceration of many of those held hostage,

"Considering that the taking of hostages and abductions are offences of grave concern to all States and serious violations of international humanitarian law, having severe adverse consequences for the human rights of the victims and their families and for the promotion of friendly relations and cooperation among States,

"Recalling its resolutions 579 (1985) of 18 December 1985 and 618 (1988) of 29 July 1988 condemning all acts of hostage-taking and abduction,

"Bearing in mind the International Convention against the Taking of Hostages, adopted on 17 December 1979, 1/ the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents, adopted on 14 December 1973, 2/ the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation, signed on 23 September 1971, 3/ the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft, signed on 16 December 1970, 4/ and other relevant conventions,

- "1. Condemns unequivocally all acts of hostage-taking and abduction;
- "2. <u>Demands</u> the immediate safe release of all hostages and abducted persons, wherever and by whomever they are being held;
- "3. Calls upon all States to use their political influence in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and the principles of international law to secure the safe release of all hostages and abducted persons and to prevent the commission of acts of hostage-taking and abduction;
- "4. Expresses appreciation for the efforts of the Secretary-General in seeking the release of all hostages and abducted persons and invites him to continue such efforts whenever so requested by a State;
- "5. Appeals to all States that have not yet done so to consider becoming parties to the International Convention against the Taking of Hostages, the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents, the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation, the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft and other relevant conventions;
- "6. <u>Urges</u> the further development of international co-operation among States in devising and adopting effective measures which are in accordance with the rules of international law to facilitate the prevention, prosecution and punishment of all acts of hostage-taking and abduction as manifestations of terrorism."

<sup>&</sup>quot;1/ General Assembly resolution 34/146, annex.

<sup>&</sup>quot;2/ General Assembly resolution 3166 (XXVIII), annex.

<sup>&</sup>quot;3/ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 974, No. 14118.

<sup>&</sup>quot;4/ Ibid., vol. 860, No. 12325.

# B. Communications received between 2 August and 29 September 1989

Letter dated 1 August (S/20767) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Letter dated 8 August (S/20775) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 2 August by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR.

Letter dated 25 September (S/20869) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Secretary of State of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint statement dated 23 September.

#### Chapter 4

#### THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

- A. <u>United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon and developments in the Israel-Lebanon sector</u>
- 1. Communications received between 21 June and 13 July 1989 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 21 June 1989 (S/20697) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 June (S/20700) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 July (S/20712) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 July (S/20728) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 July (S/20733) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 21 July (S/20742) containing an account of developments relating to the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) for the period from 25 January to 21 July 1989, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 31 July.

2. Consideration at the 2873rd meeting (31 July 1989)

At its 2873rd meeting, on 31 July, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/20742)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20755) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

<u>Decision</u>: At the 2873rd meeting, on 31 July 1989, the draft resolution (S/20755) was adopted unanimously as resolution 639 (1989).

Resolution 639 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 425 (1978) and 426 (1978) of 19 March 1978, 501 (1982) of 25 February 1982, 508 (1982) of 5 June 1982, 509 (1982) of

6 June 1982 and 520 (1982) of 17 September 1982, as well as all its resolutions on the situation in Lebanon,

"Having studied the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon of 21 July 1989, (S/20742) and taking note of the observations expressed therein,

"Taking note of the letter dated 13 July 1989 from the representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/20733),

"Responding to the request of the Government of Lebanon,

- "1. <u>Decides</u> to extend the present mandate of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon for a further interim period of six months, that is, until 31 January 1990;
- "2. Reiterates its strong support for the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries;
- "3. Re-emphasizes the terms of reference and general guidelines of the Force as stated in the report of the Secretary-General of 19 March 1978 (S/12611), approved by resolution 426 (1978), and calls upon all parties concerned to cooperate fully with the Force for the full implementation of its mandate;
- "4. Reiterates that the Force should fully implement its mandate as defined in resolutions 425 (1978), 426 (1978) and all other relevant resolutions;
- "5. Requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned with the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the Security Council thereon."

The President then stated that, as a result of consultations held among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/20758) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council note with deep regret and sorrow that, during the current mandate period, the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon has suffered additional loss of life and other casualties as a result of various serious incidents in the area of its deployment, including the harassment of its personnel by various armed groups and forces.

"The members of the Council convey in this regard their deep-felt sympathy and condolences to the Governments of Ireland, Norway and Sweden and, through them, to the bereaved families of the victims and pay tribute to the valiant action, courage and self-sacrifice manifested by all the members of UNIFIL, in service of the ideals of peace in the region.

"They take note with great concern of reports appearing today that Lieutenant-Colonel Higgins may have been murdered in Lebanon and, should these reports prove to be true, express their outrage that such a cruel and criminal act should be committed against an officer who serves the United Nations on a peace-keeping mission in Lebanon. They draw attention to Security Council resolution 638 (1989) adopted this morning, condemn all acts of hostage-taking and abduction and demand the immediate safe release of all hostages and abducted persons wherever and by whomever they are being held.

"Given the serious situation in the zone of Force operations, the members of the Council consider it important to reaffirm their profound concern over the safety and security of Force personnel, who are exposed to constant threats and danger.

"The members of the Council note with appreciation that, as stated in the latest Secretary-General's report on the Force (S/20742), 'significant efforts have been undertaken to improve further the security of Force personnel and facilities' during the current mandate period.

"They call upon all parties to do their utmost in order to ensure the effective reinforcement of the security of the members of the Force and to enable the Force to carry out its mandate, as laid down in Security Council resolution 425 (1978)."

# 3. Communications received between 31 July and 8 August 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 31 July (S/20759) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 July (S/20766) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 August (S/20767) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Letter dated 8 August (S/20775) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of 2 August by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR.

Letter dated 15 August (S/20789) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting, in the exercise of his responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations, an urgent meeting of the Council.

# 4. Consideration at the 2875th meeting (15 August 1989)

At its 2875th meeting, on 15 August, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Letter dated 15 August 1989 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20789)".

The President stated that, in response to the urgent appeal addressed to the Council by the Secretary-General in his letter of 15 August 1989 (S/20789), the Council had met immediately and, without prejudice to any subsequent action by it, adopted the following statement (S/20790):

"Deeply concerned at the further deterioration of the situation in Lebanon, the Security Council profoundly deplores the intensification of the shelling and the bitter fighting in recent days. It expresses its great disquiet at the loss of human lives and the untold sufferings that it causes to the Lebanese people.

"The Council reaffirms its statement of 24 April 1989 (S/20602) and urgently appeals to all the parties to put an immediate end to all operations and to all firing and shelling on land and at sea. It firmly appeals to all the parties to observe a total and immediate cease-fire. It also appeals to them to do everything possible to secure the consolidation of the cease-fire, the opening of the lines of communication and the lifting of the sieges.

"The Council expresses its full support for the Tripartite Committee of the Arab Heads of State in the efforts it is making with a view to putting an end to the trials of the Lebanese people through the establishment of an effective and definitive cease-fire and the putting into effect of a plan for the settlement of the Lebanese crisis in all its aspects by guaranteeing the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon. It appeals to all States and to all the parties likewise to support the efforts of the Tripartite Committee.

"In this context, the Council invites the Secretary-General to pursue all appropriate contacts, in liaison with the Tripartite Committee, in order to ensure observance of the cease-fire, and to keep it informed on the matter."

# 5. Communications received between 23 August and 18 September 1989

Letter dated 23 August (S/20811) from the representative of France addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the statement by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the European Community issued on the same date.

Letter dated 28 August (S/20819) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 August (S/20822) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 August (S/20826) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a copy in Arabic of the unofficial text of the report of the Arab Tripartite Committee which was published by the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Qabas International.

Letter dated 6 September (S/20833) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 September (S/20852) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

# 6. Consideration at the 2884th meeting (20 September 1989)

At its 2884th meeting, on 20 September, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Letter dated 15 August 1989 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20789)".

The Council resumed its consideration of the item in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/20855) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council, recalling their statement of 15 August 1989 (S/20790), welcome the resumption of the work of the Tripartite High Arab Committee set up to resolve the Lebanese crisis.

"In this regard, they once again express to the Tripartite High Committee full support in its efforts to stop the bloodshed and to establish an atmosphere conducive to ensuring security, stability and national reconciliation in Lebanon.

"They strongly urge respect for the appeal by the Tripartite High Committee for an immediate and comprehensive cease-fire, the implementation of the security arrangements and the establishment of the necessary conditions for national reconciliation in Lebanon.

"The members of the Security Council express their full support to the Tripartite High Committee in its action to put into effect a plan for the settlement of the Lebanese crisis in all its aspects by guaranteeing the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon.

"The members of the Security Council welcome the contacts maintained by the Secretary-General of the United Nations since 15 August 1989 with the members of the Tripartite High Committee and invite him to pursue these contacts and to keep the Council informed."

# 7. Communications received between 21 September and 31 October 1989

Letter dated 21 September (S/20861) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 September (S/20869) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union and the Secretary of State of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the joint statement dated 23 September.

Letter dated 3 October (S/20880) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the statement

issued after the meeting of their respective Foreign Ministers with the Secretary-General on 29 September.

Letter dated 31 October (S/20934) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting, inter alia, the text of the final communiqué of the Coordination Meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of OIC, held at United Nations Headquarters on 4 October.

## 8. Consideration at the 2891st meeting (7 November 1989)

At its 2891st meeting, on 7 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East".

The Council began its consideration of the item in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/20953) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council recall their statements of 15 August and 20 September 1989, in which they have expressed their full support for the Tripartite High Committee of Arab Heads of State in its action for the implementation of a settlement plan for the Lebanese crisis in all its aspects by guaranteeing the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon.

"In this spirit, they welcome the election of the President of the Lebanese Republic and the ratification of the Taif Agreement by the Lebanese Parliament. The members of the Council pay particular tribute to the high sense of responsibility and to the courage of the Lebanese members of Parliament. An essential stage has thus been accomplished on the road to restoring the Lebanese State and establishing renovated institutions.

"In the aftermath of this constitutional election, the members of the Council call upon all Lebanese to stand resolutely by their President with a view to uniting the aspirations of the Lebanese people to achieve peace, dignity and harmony.

"At this historic moment, the members of the Security Council urge all sectors of the Lebanese people, including the armed forces, to come to the support of their President in order to achieve the goals of the Lebanese people which are the restoration of the unity, independence and sovereignty of Lebanon on its entire territory, so that Lebanon can reassume its role as a leading centre of civilization and culture for the Arab nation and for the world."

# 9. Communications received between 8 and 20 November 1989 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 8 November (S/20957) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 7 November by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Letter dated 15 November (S/20969) from the representatives of France and the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Franco-Soviet statement made in Moscow on 14 November.

Letter dated 20 November (S/20983) from the representative of Brazil addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 10 November 1989 by the Brazilian Government.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 November (S/20971) on the situation in the Middle East, containing, <u>inter alia</u>, an account of developments relating to UNIFIL for the period from 18 November 1988 to 22 November 1989.

# 10. Consideration at the 2894th meeting (22 November 1989)

At its 2894th meeting, on 22 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East".

The Council began its consideration of the item in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/20988) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council express their deep indignation and dismay over the assassination of Mr. René Moawad, President of the Lebanese Republic, earlier today in Beirut. They express their sympathy and condolences to the family of the late President, to the Prime Minister and to the Lebanese people.

"The members of the Council strongly condemn this cowardly, criminal and terrorist act for what it is, an attack upon the unity of Lebanon, the democratic processes and the process of national reconciliation.

"The members of the Council recall their statement of 7 November 1989, and reaffirm their support for the efforts undertaken by the Tripartite High Committee of the League of Arab States and for the Taif Agreement. These remain the only basis for guaranteeing the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon.

"The members of the Council reiterate their call of 7 November 1989 to all sectors of the Lebanese people to continue the process of achieving the goals of the restoration of the Lebanese State and the establishment of renovated institutions that had started with the election of President Moawad and the appointment of Prime Minister Salim al-Hoss. Democratic Lebanese

institutions must be strongly supported and the process of national reconciliation must go forward. This is the only way that Lebanese national unity can be fully restored.

"The members of the Council solemnly reaffirm their support for the Taif Agreement, ratified by the Lebanese Parliament on 5 November 1989. In this regard, they urge all Lebanese people to exercise restraint, to rededicate themselves to the urgent task of national reconciliation and to demonstrate their commitment to democratic processes.

"The members of the Security Council are convinced that all those who seek to divide the people of Lebanon through such cowardly, criminal and terrorist acts of violence cannot, and will not, succeed."

# 11. Communications received between 24 November and 4 December 1989

Letter dated 24 November (S/20990) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on the same date by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Letter dated 27 November (S/20992) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 November (S/20993) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 December (S/21001) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 December (S/21007) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

# 12. Consideration at the 2903rd meeting (27 December 1989)

At its 2903rd meeting, on 27 December, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East".

The Council began its consideration of the item in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/21056) on behalf of the Council:

"Recalling their statements of 7 November 1989 and 22 November 1989, and relevant Security Council resolutions, the members of the Council reaffirm their full support for the efforts undertaken by the Tripartite High Committee of the League of Arab States and for the Taif Agreement. These remain the only basis for guaranteeing the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon.

"In this regard, the members of the Security Council welcome the election of Elias Hrawi as successor to the late René Moawad as President of the Lebanese Republic and the appointment of the Lebanese Government led by the Prime Minister Salim al-Hoss.

"The members of the Council reaffirm the urgency of continuing the process of national reconciliation and political reform embodied in the Taif Agreement, and they express their deep concern over obstacles that have delayed progress in achieving these goals.

"The members of the Council support President Hrawi's efforts in implementation of the Taif Agreement to deploy Lebanese Government forces to restore central government authority over all Lebanese territory.

"The members of the Security Council reiterate their call on the Lebanese people, and in particular all Lebanese Government officials, civilian and military, to support their President and the constitutional process initiated at Taif to achieve peacefully the restoration of unity, independence and sovereignty of Lebanon on its entire territory."

# 13. Communications received between 27 December 1989 and 22 January 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 27 December (S/21058) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 December (S/21065) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Final Communiqué and the Muscat Declaration adopted by the tenth summit of the Supreme Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council, held at Muscat, Oman, from 18 to 21 December.

Letter dated 30 December (S/21068) from the representative of France addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the conclusions adopted by the heads of State or Government of the 12 States members of the European Community at the meeting of the European Council held at Strasbourg on 8 and 9 December.

Letter dated 11 January 1990 (S/21074) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 January (S/21096) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 25 January (S/21102) containing an account of developments relating to UNIFIL for the period from 22 July 1989 to 25 January 1990, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 31 January.

# 14. Consideration at the 2906th meeting (31 January 1990)

At its 2906th meeting, on 31 January, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/21102)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21117) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2906th meeting, on 31 January 1990, the draft resolution (S/21117) was adopted unanimously as resolution 648 (1990).

Resolution 648 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 425 (1978) and 426 (1978) of 19 March 1978, 501 (1982) of 25 February 1982, 508 (1982) of 5 June 1982, 509 (1982) of 6 June 1982 and 520 (1982) of 17 September 1982, as well as all its resolutions on the situation in Lebanon,

"Having studied the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon of 25 January 1990 (S/21102), and taking note of the observations expressed therein,

"Taking note of the letter dated 11 January 1990 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General, (S/21074)

"Responding to the request of the Government of Lebanon,

- "1. <u>Decides</u> to extend the present mandate of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon for a further interim period of six months, that is, until 31 July 1990;
- "2. Reiterates its strong support for the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries;
- "3. Re-emphasizes the terms of reference and general guidelines of the Force as stated in the report of the Secretary-General of 19 March 1978 (S/12611), approved by resolution 426 (1978), and calls upon all parties concerned to cooperate fully with the Force for the full implementation of its mandate:
- "4. Reiterates that the Force should fully implement its mandate as defined in resolutions 425 (1978), 426 (1978) and all other relevant resolutions;
- "5. Requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned with the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the Security Council thereon."

# 15. Communications received between 23 February and 23 April 1990

Letter dated 23 February (S/21166) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 1 March (S/21175) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 March (S/21182) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué dated 5 March, issued at the thirty-fourth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council, held at Riyadh on 4 and 5 March under the chairmanship of the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Oman.

Letter dated 27 March (S/21211) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 April (S/21237) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an explanatory note.

Letter dated 10 April (S/21243) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 April (S/21263) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General.

# B. United Nations Disengagement Observer Force

## 1. Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 November 1989

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 November (S/20976 and Corr.1), containing an account of the activities of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF) for the period from 23 May to 21 November 1989, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 30 November.

# 2. Consideration at the 2895th meeting (29 November 1989)

At its 2895th meeting, on 29 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/20976 and Corr.1)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20996) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

<u>Decision: At the 2895th meeting, on 29 November 1989, the draft resolution</u> (S/20996) was adopted unanimously as resolution 645 (1989).

Resolution 645 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/20976 and Corr.1),

# "Decides:

- "(a) To call upon the parties concerned to implement immediately Security Council resolution 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973;
- "(b) To renew the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for another period of six months, that is, until 31 May 1990;
- "(c) To request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 338 (1973)."

On behalf of the Council, the President made the following complementary statement (S/20998) regarding resolution 645 (1989):

"As is known, the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/20976 and Corr.1) states, in paragraph 24: 'Despite the present quiet in the Israel-Syria sector, the situation in the Middle East as a whole continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached'. That statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council."

# 3. Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 May 1990

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 May (S/21305) containing an account of the activities of UNDOF for the period from 22 November 1989 to 21 May 1990, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 31 May.

# 4. Consideration at the 2925th meeting (31 May 1990)

At its 2925th meeting, on 31 May, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in the Middle East:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/21305)".

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21325) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2925th meeting, on 31 May 1990, the draft resolution (S/21325) was adopted unanimously as resolution 655 (1990).

Resolution 655 (1990) reads as follows:

## "The Security Council,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/21305),

# "Decides:

- "(a) To call upon the parties concerned to implement immediately Security Council resolution 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973;
- "(b) To renew the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for another period of six months, that is, until 30 November 1990;
- "(c) To request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 338 (1973)."

On behalf of the Council, the President made the following complementary statement (S/21338) regarding resolution 655 (1990):

"As is known, the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/21305) states, in paragraph 24: 'Despite the present quiet in the Israel-Syria sector, the situation in the Middle East as a whole continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached'. That statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council."

# C. Other aspects of the situation in the Middle East

Communications received between 28 June 1989 and 12 June 1990 and reports of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 28 June (S/20703) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a declaration adopted by the 12 States members of the European Community, at the meeting of the European Council held at Madrid on 26 and 27 June.

Letter dated 11 July (S/20727) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 August (S/20826) from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a copy in Arabic of the unofficial text of the report of the Arab Tripartite Committee which was published by the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Qabas International.

Letter dated 6 October (S/20889) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué of the Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs and Heads of Delegations of Non-Aligned Countries, held in New York on 3 October.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 16 October (S/20902) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/2 of 6 October 1989, entitled "The uprising (intifidah) of the Palestinian people", and conveying an excerpt therefrom.

Letter dated 10 November (S/20960) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 6 November from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Israel to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 16 November (S/20968), submitted in accordance with General Assembly resolution 43/176 of 15 December 1988, on the question of convening the International Peace Conference on the Middle East.

Letter dated 15 November (S/20969) from the representatives of France and the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Franco-Soviet joint statement made in Moscow on 14 November.

Letter dated 15 November (S/20977) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council bringing to the Council's attention his proposal concerning the change in the composition of military observers serving in the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO).

Letter dated 21 November (S/20978) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposals concerning the change in the composition of UNTSO.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 November (S/20971) covering developments in the Middle East in all their aspects, submitted in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 43/54 A of 6 December 1988.

Note verbale dated 22 November (S/20987) from the Permanent Mission of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a letter of the same date from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt to the Secretary-General and its enclosure.

Letter dated 14 December (S/21025) from the representative of Jordan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 11 December from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Jordan to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 January 1990 (S/21112) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/121 of 15 December 1989, entitled "Israeli nuclear armament", and conveying an excerpt therefrom.

Letter dated 31 January (S/21118) from the representative of the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a submission dated 29 January by the First Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the USSR to the head of the Israeli Consular Group in Moscow.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 6 February (S/21131) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/41 of 6 December 1989, entitled "Question of Palestine", and conveying an excerpt therefrom.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 9 February (S/21136) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/42 of 6 December 1989, entitled "Question of Palestine", and conveying excerpts therefrom.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 February (S/21152) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/40 of 4 December 1989, entitled "The situation in the Middle East", and conveying excerpts therefrom.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 February (S/21153) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/47 of 8 December 1989, entitled "United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East", and conveying an excerpt therefrom.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 5 March (S/21178) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/48 of 8 December 1989, entitled "Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories", and conveying excerpts therefrom.

Letter dated 13 March (S/21192) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Final Communiqué of the Ministerial Meeting of the Committee of Nine on Palestine of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Tunis on 11 March.

Letter dated 16 April (S/21252) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 April (S/21279) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a resolution adopted by the 83rd Inter-Parliamentary Conference, held at Nicosia from 2 to 7 April.

Letter dated 23 May (S/21327) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 21 May from the observer of OIC to the Secretary-General, forwarding the text of a letter of the same date from the Secretary-General of OIC to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 May (S/21332) from the representative of Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by the 12 States members of the European Community.

Letter dated 25 May (S/21336 and Corr.1) from the representatives of Egypt and the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Soviet-Egyptian declaration signed in Moscow on 15 May.

Letter dated 30 May (S/21321) from the observer of Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 25 May from the Unified National Leadership of the <a href="Intifadah">Intifadah</a> to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 May (S/21339) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 June (S/21345) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Final Statement adopted at the Emergency Arab Summit Conference, held at Baghdad from 28 to 30 May.

Letter dated 6 June (S/21352) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message dated 22 May from the President of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General of the League of Arab States.

Letter dated 12 June (S/21355) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued at Taif, Saudi Arabia, on 4 June at the thirty-fifth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

#### Chapter 5

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS BETWEEN THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL CONCERNING DISPATCH OF A FACT-FINDING MISSION TO CAMBODIA

# Communications received on 2 and 3 August 1989

Letter dated 2 August 1989 (S/20768) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council informing the Council of his intention, pursuant to the acceptance by the Conference on Peace in Cambodia, convened in Paris on 30 July 1989, of his proposal to proceed with the necessary arrangements for the dispatch of a preliminary short-term fact-finding mission to Cambodia to gather, on the spot, technical information relevant to the work of one of the four working committees established by the Conference that had been entrusted with the mandate to define the modalities of a cease-fire and the mandate as well as the principles which should guide the creation and operation of an effective international control mechanism in order to supervise and control the comprehensive implementation of the political settlement in Cambodia.

Letter dated 3 August (S/20769) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the agreement of the members of the Council with his proposal.

## Chapter 6

# LETTER DATED 25 APRIL 1989 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF PANAMA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

# A. Communications received between 5 July and 7 August 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 5 July 1989 (S/20719) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 July (S/20729) from the representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 7 August (S/20773) from the representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting the convening of a meeting of the Council.

# B. Consideration at the 2874th meeting (11 August 1989)

At its 2874th meeting, on 11 August, the Council resumed consideration of the item. 1/

The President stated that he had been informed by the representative of Panama that he intended, during his statement, to show video material and that, in keeping with past practice and as agreed in the Council's prior consultations, he had requested the Secretariat to make the necessary technical arrangements in the Council Chamber.

The Council heard statements by the Minister for External Relations of Panama and by the representative of the United States of America.

The Minister for External Relations of Panama made further statements, in the course of which a videotape was displayed in the Council Chamber.

The representative of the United States made a further statement.

# C. Communications received between 15 August and 4 December 1989

Letter dated 15 August (S/20787) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Panama Declaration issued by the Organization of Military Personnel for Democracy, Integration and Liberation in Latin America and the Caribbean (OMIDELAC) at the conclusion of its special meeting held in Panama City from 7 to 11 August.

<sup>1/</sup> For the Council's earlier consideration of the letter dated 25 April 1989 from the representative of Panama (S/20606), see Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 2 (A/44/2), chap. 13.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20800) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a resolution adopted at the plenary meeting of the Supreme Court of Justice of Panama on 17 August.

Letter dated 24 August (S/20813) from the representatives of Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Declaration of the Countries Members of the Permanent Mechanism for Consultation and Concerted Political Action dated 21 August.

Letter dated 1 September (S/20828) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of a proclamation and decisions taken on 31 August by the General Council of State of Panama.

Letter dated 3 November (S/20944) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20989) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué dated 21 November issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Panama.

Letter dated 4 December (S/21004) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 16 November by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Panama to the General Assembly of the Organization of American States at its nineteenth session, held in Washington, D.C., from 13 to 18 November.

# Chapter 7

## THE SITUATION IN NAMIBIA

# A. Communications received between 10 and 15 August 1989 and requests for a meeting

Letter dated 10 August 1989 (S/20779) from the representative of Ghana, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States, addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council.

Letter dated 10 August (S/20782) from the representative of Zimbabwe and Chairman of the Co-ordinating Bureau of Non-Aligned Countries addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council.

Letter dated 10 August (S/20784) from the representative of Zimbabwe addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a copy of the final communiqué issued on 10 August by the Co-ordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries.

Letter dated 15 August (S/20788) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Administrator-General of Namibia on 15 August at Windhoek.

# B. Consideration at the 2876th to 2882nd meetings (16-29 August 1989)

At its 2876th meeting, on 16 August, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Namibia:

"Letter dated 10 August 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Ghana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20779);

"Letter dated 10 August 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Zimbabwe to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20782)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Angola, Cameroon, Cuba, Egypt, Ghana, Mali, Nigeria, South Africa, the United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representative of Ghana, speaking in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States, and by the representative of Egypt, as current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity.

The representatives of Zambia and South Africa made statements.

At its 2877th meeting, on 17 August, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Burundi, Guatemala, India and Indonesia, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Angola, Ethiopia, Brazil, Nigeria, Cameroon, the United Republic of Tanzania and Mali.

At its 2878th meeting, on 18 August, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Bangladesh, Nicaragua, Pakistan and Uganda, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Cuba, Malaysia, Colombia, Finland, Yugoslavia, Indonesia, Canada, Guatemala, India, Bangladesh and Burundi.

At its 2879th meeting, on 21 August, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of the Congo, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Mauritania, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council heard statements by the representatives of the Congo, Pakistan, Nepal, Senegal, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, China, France, the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Nicaragua and Uganda.

At its 2880th meeting, also on 21 August, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to those previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Afghanistan and Zimbabwe, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

Statements were made by the representatives of the Federal Republic of Germany, Ghana, Mauritania and South Africa.

At its 2881st meeting, on 22 August, the Council continued its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Afghanistan, Zimbabwe and Ghana, and by the President, speaking in his capacity as the representative of Algeria.

At its 2882nd meeting, on 29 August, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

The Council had before it the text of a draft resolution (S/20808) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia, which read as follows:

## "The Security Council,

"Having critically reviewed the implementation process of resolution 435 (1978) of 29 September 1978 since its commencement and noting with concern that South Africa is not fully complying with its provisions,

"Concerned at reports of widespread intimidation and harassment of the civilian population, in particular by Koevoet elements in the South-West Africa Police,

"Recognizing the efforts being exerted by the United Nations Transition Assistance Group to carry out its responsibilities in spite of obstacles thus placed in its way,

"Recalling and reaffirming all its resolutions on the question of Namibia, particularly 435 (1978), 629 (1989) of 16 January 1989 and 632 (1989) of 16 February 1989,

"Reiterating that resolution 435 (1978) must be implemented in its original and definitive form to ensure conditions in Namibia which will allow the Namibian people to participate freely and without intimidation in the electoral process, under the supervision and control of the United Nations, leading to early independence of the Territory,

"Recalling and reaffirming its firm commitment to the decolonization of Namibia through the holding of free and fair elections under the supervision and control of the United Nations and in which the Namibian people will participate without intimidation or interference,

- "1. <u>Demands</u> strict compliance by all parties concerned, especially South Africa, with the terms of resolutions 435 (1978) and 632 (1989);
- "2. Also demands the disbandment of all paramilitary and ethnic forces and commando units, in particular Koevoet, as well as the dismantling of their command structures as required by resolution 435 (1978);
- "3. Calls upon the Secretary-General to review the actual situation on the ground with a view to determining the adequacy of the military component of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group in relation to its ability to carry out its responsibilities as authorized under resolutions 435 (1978) and 632 (1989) to inform the Security Council;
- "4. <u>Invites</u> the Secretary-General to review the adequacy of the number of police monitors in order to undertake any appropriate increase that he may deem necessary for the effective fulfilment of the Group's responsibilities;
- "5. Requests the Secretary-General, in his supervision and control of the electoral process, to ensure that all legislation concerning the electoral process is in conformity with the provisions of the settlement plan;

- "6. Also requests the Secretary-General to ensure that all proclamations conform with internationally accepted norms for the conduct of free and fair elections and, in particular, that the proclamation on the Constituent Assembly also respects the sovereign will of the people of Namibia;
- "7. <u>Further requests</u> the Secretary-General to ensure the observance of strict impartiality in the provision of media facilities, especially on radio and television, to all parties for the dissemination of information concerning the election;
- "8. Appeals to all the parties concerned to co-operate fully with the Secretary-General in the implementation of the settlement plan;
- "9. Expresses its full support for the Secretary-General in his efforts to ensure that resolution 435 (1978) is implemented in its original and definitive form and requests him to report to the Council before the end of September on the implementation of the present resolution;
  - "10. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

The President drew attention to the revised text of the draft resolution (S/20808/Rev.1) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, the representative of the United Kingdom made a statement.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the revised draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2882nd meeting, on 29 August 1989, the revised draft resolution (S/20808/Rev.1) was adopted unanimously as resolution 640 (1989).

Resolution 640 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having critically reviewed the implementation process of resolution 435 (1978) of 29 September 1978 since its commencement and noting with concern that all its provisions are not being fully complied with,

"Concerned at reports of widespread intimidation and harassment of the civilian population, in particular by Koevoet elements in the South-West Africa Police,

"Recognizing the efforts being exerted by the United Nations Transition Assistance Group to carry out its responsibilities in spite of obstacles thus placed in its way,

"Recalling and reaffirming all its resolutions on the question of Namibia, particularly 435 (1978), 629 (1989) of 16 January 1989 and 632 (1989) of 16 February 1989,

"Reiterating that resolution 435 (1978) must be implemented in its original and definitive form to ensure conditions in Namibia which will allow the Namibian people to participate freely and without intimidation in the electoral process, under the supervision and control of the United Nations, leading to early independence of the Territory,

"Recalling and reaffirming its firm commitment to the decolonization of Namibia through the holding of free and fair elections under the supervision and control of the United Nations and in which the Namibian people will participate without intimidation or interference,

- "1. <u>Demands</u> strict compliance by all parties concerned, especially South Africa, with the terms of resolutions 435 (1978) and 632 (1989);
- "2. Also demands the disbandment of all paramilitary and ethnic forces and commando units, in particular Koevoet, as well as the dismantling of their command structures as required by resolution 435 (1978);
- "3. Calls upon the Secretary-General to review the actual situation on the ground with a view to determining the adequacy of the military component of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group in relation to its ability to carry out its responsibilities as authorized under resolutions 435 (1978) and 632 (1989) and to inform the Security Council;
- "4. Invites the Secretary-General to review the adequacy of the number of police monitors in order to undertake the process for any appropriate increase that he may deem necessary for the effective fulfilment of the Group's responsibilities;
- "5. Requests the Secretary-General, in his supervision and control of the electoral process, to ensure that all legislation concerning the electoral process is in conformity with the provisions of the settlement plan;
- "6. Also requests the Secretary-General to ensure that all proclamations conform with internationally accepted norms for the conduct of free and fair elections and, in particular, that the proclamation on the Constituent Assembly also respects the sovereign will of the people of Namibia;
- "7. <u>Further requests</u> the Secretary-General to ensure the observance of strict impartiality in the provision of media facilities, especially on radio and television, to all parties for the dissemination of information concerning the election;
- "8. Appeals to all the parties concerned to co-operate fully with the Secretary-General in the implementation of the settlement plan;
- "9. Expresses its full support for the Secretary-General in his efforts to ensure that resolution 435 (1978) is implemented in its original and definitive form and requests him to report to the Council before the end of September on the implementation of the present resolution;
  - "10. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

Following the vote, the representative of the United States made a statement.

# C. Communications received between 21 August and 31 October 1989, report of the Secretary-General and request for a meeting

Letter dated 21 August (S/20803) from the representative of China addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of China at Harare on 4 August.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20810) from the Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples addressed to the President of the Security Council conveying an excerpt from a resolution (A/AC.109/1014) adopted by the Special Committee at its 1360th meeting on 18 August.

Letter dated 30 August (S/20824) from the representative of Bahrain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the press release issued at the thirty-second session of the Ministerial Council of the Co-operation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf, held at Jeddah from 28 to 29 August.

Letter dated 31 August (S/20831) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the concluding statement of the fourth meeting of the Commonwealth Committee of Foreign Ministers on Southern Africa, held at Canberra from 7 to 9 August, and an annex.

Letter dated 13 September (S/20847) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council bringing to the Council's attention his proposal concerning a change in the composition of the military component of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group (UNTAG).

Letter dated 15 September (S/20848) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the composition of the military component of UNTAG.

Letter dated 26 September (S/20871) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's statement at the consultations of the Security Council on 16 August concerning an increase in the number of UNTAG civilian police monitors and bringing to the Council's attention urgent steps being taken by him to ensure the dispatch of additional civilian police monitors to Namibia by early October.

Letter dated 28 September (S/20872) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the increase in the number of civilian police monitors of UNTAG.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 29 September (S/20874) conveying the Council's agreement with the proposal of the Secretary-General contained in a letter dated 28 September from the Secretary-General to the President of the Security Council that the deadline for submission of the report by the Secretary-General called for in paragraph 9 of resolution 640 (1989) of 29 August 1989 be extended until 6 October.

Letter dated 3 October (S/20880) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Foreign Ministers of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General on 29 September.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 6 October (S/20883) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 640 (1989) concerning the question of Namibia, submitted in accordance with paragraph 9 of the resolution.

Addendum to the report of the Secretary-General dated 16 October (S/20883/Add.1) containing the report of the United Nations Mission on Detainees.

Letter dated 6 October (S/20889) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué of the meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs and Heads of Delegation of Non-Aligned Countries at the forty-fourth session of the United Nations General Assembly, held in New York on 3 October.

Letter dated 10 October (S/20894) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the Administrator-General of Namibia.

Letter dated 12 October (S/20897) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the Administrator-General of Namibia.

Letter dated 13 October (S/20899 and Corr.1) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of two letters from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of South Africa to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 October (S/20905) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council referring to his statement at the Council's consultations on 29 September concerning the number of electoral supervisors required for the forthcoming elections in Namibia and bringing to the attention of the Council his proposal concerning the dispatch of additional election supervisors to Namibia starting in mid-October.

Letter dated 17 October (S/20906) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing the Secretary-General of the Council's agreement with his proposal concerning the increase in the number of electoral supervisors for the forthcoming elections in Namibia.

Letter dated 18 October (S/20909) from the representative of Kenya, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Group of African States on the Secretary-General's report of 6 October (S/20883) on the implementation of resolution 640 (1989).

Letter dated 18 October (S/20908) from the representative of Kenya, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States, addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council.

Letter dated 19 October (S/20910) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint communiqué issued on 18 October at Pretoria by the Joint Commission established under the Brazzaville Protocol of 13 December 1988.

Letter dated 23 October (S/20914) from the representative of Malaysia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Kuala Lumpur Statement on Southern Africa adopted by the Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting on 21 October.

Letter dated 31 October (S/20927) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the Administrator-General of Namibia.

# D. Consideration at the 2886th meeting (31 October 1989)

At its 2886th meeting, on 31 October, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Namibia:

"Letter dated 18 October 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Kenya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20908)".

The Council had before it the text of a draft resolution (S/20923) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia that had been circulated on 26 October and read as follows:

# "The Security Council,

"Reaffirming all its relevant resolutions on the question of Namibia, especially resolutions 435 (1978) of 29 September 1978, 629 (1989) of 16 January 1989, 632 (1989) of 16 February 1989 and 640 (1989) of 29 August 1989,

"Also reaffirming that the United Nations plan for the independence of Namibia, contained in resolution 435 (1978), remains the only internationally accepted basis for the peaceful settlement of the Namibia question,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 6 October 1989 and the addendum thereto of 16 October 1989 (S/20883 and Add.1),

"Noting with deep concern that, less than two weeks before the scheduled elections in Namibia, South Africa has not yet fully complied with the letter and spirit of resolution 435 (1978),

"Noting the progress made so far in the implementation of the settlement plan and the remaining obstacles placed in its way as well as the efforts being exerted by the United Nations Transition Assistance Group to carry out its responsibilities,

"Reaffirming the continuing legal responsibility of the United Nations over Namibia until the full attainment by the Namibian people of national independence,

- "1. Welcomes the report of the Secretary-General of 6 October 1989 and the addendum thereto of 16 October 1989;
- "2. Expresses its firm determination to implement resolution 435 (1978) in its original and definitive form in order to ensure the holding of free and fair elections in Namibia under the supervision and control of the United Nations;
- "3. Reaffirms its commitment in carrying out the continuing and legal responsibility over Namibia until its independence to ensure the unfettered and effective exercise by the people of Namibia of their inalienable rights to self-determination and genuine national independence in accordance with resolutions 435 (1978) and 640 (1989);
- "4. Expresses its full support for the Secretary-General in his efforts to ensure that resolution 435 (1978) is fully implemented in its original and definitive form;
- "5. <u>Demands</u> immediate, full and strict compliance by all parties concerned, and in particular South Africa, with the terms of resolutions 435 (1978), 632 (1989) and 640 (1989);
- "6. Further reiterates its demand for the complete disbandment of all paramilitary and ethnic forces and commando units, in particular the Koevoet and the South-West Africa Territorial Force as well as the complete dismantling of their command structures as required by resolutions 435 (1978) and 640 (1989);
- "7. Requests the Secretary-General to ensure the immediate dismantling of the 'Department of Defence Administration' established by the Administrator-General and staffed by South African Defence Forces personnel, in violation of the settlement plan;
- "8. <u>Demands</u> the immediate repeal of all remaining restrictive and discriminatory laws and regulations including Proclamation AG 8 which inhibit the holding of free and fair elections and that no such new laws be introduced;
- "9. <u>Invites</u> the Secretary-General to keep under constant review the adequacy of the number of police monitors in order to undertake the process for any appropriate increase that he may deem necessary for the effective fulfilment of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group's responsibilities;
- "10. <u>Demands</u> that the South West Africa Police extend full co-operation to the United Nations Transition Assistance Group civil police in carrying out the tasks entrusted to it under the settlement plan;
- "11. Mandates the Secretary-General to make all necessary arrangements to safeguard the territorial integrity and security of Namibia and to assist the Constituent Assembly in the discharge of responsibilities entrusted to it

under the settlement plan in order to ensure a peaceful transition to national independence;

- "12. Requests the Secretary-General to prepare appropriate plans for mobilizing all forms of assistance, including technical, material and financial resources for the people of Namibia during the period following the elections for the Constituent Assembly until the accession to independence;
- "13. <u>Urgently appeals</u> to Member States, United Nations agencies, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to extend, in coordination with the Secretary-General, generous financial, material and technical support to the Namibian people, both during the transitional period and after independence;
- "14. <u>Decides</u> that, if the pertinent provisions of the present resolution are not complied with before the elections, the Security Council shall immediately convene to review the situation and take appropriate action;
- "15. Requests the Secretary-General to report on the implementation of the present resolution as soon as possible;
  - "16. Decides to send a Security Council team to Namibia;
  - "17. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

The President drew attention to the revised text of the draft resolution (S/20923/Rev.1) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the revised draft resolution.

<u>Decision</u>: At the 2886th meeting, on 31 October 1989, the revised draft resolution (S/20923/Rev.1) was adopted unanimously as resolution 643 (1989).

Resolution 643 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Reaffirming all its relevant resolutions on the question of Namibia, in particular resolutions 435 (1978) of 29 September 1978, 629 (1989) of 16 January 1989, 632 (1989) of 16 February 1989 and 640 (1989) of 29 August 1989,

"Reaffirming also that the United Nations plan for the independence of Namibia, contained in resolution 435 (1978), remains the only internationally accepted basis for the peaceful settlement of the Namibia question,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 6 October 1989 and the addendum thereto of 16 October 1989 (S/20883 and Add.1),

"Noting with deep concern that, one week before the scheduled elections in Namibia, all the provisions of resolution 435 (1978) are not being fully complied with,

"Noting the progress made so far in the implementation of the settlement plan and the remaining obstacles placed in its way as well as the efforts being exerted by the United Nations Transition Assistance Group to carry out its responsibilities,

"Reaffirming the continuing legal responsibility of the United Nations over Namibia until the full attainment by the Namibian people of national independence,

- "1. Welcomes the report of the Secretary-General and the addendum thereto;
- "2. Expresses its full support for the Secretary-General in his efforts to ensure that resolution 435 (1978) is fully implemented in its original and definitive form;
- "3. Expresses its firm determination to implement resolution 435 (1978) in its original and definitive form in order to ensure holding of free and fair elections in Namibia under the supervision and control of the United Nations:
- "4. Reaffirms its commitment in carrying out the continuing legal responsibility over Namibia until its independence to ensure the unfettered and effective exercise by the people of Namibia of their inalienable rights to self-determination and genuine national independence in accordance with resolutions 435 (1978) and 640 (1989);
- "5. <u>Demands</u> immediate, full and strict compliance by all parties concerned, in particular South Africa, with the terms of resolutions 435 (1978), 632 (1989) and 640 (1989);
- "6. Reiterates its demand for the complete disbandment of all remaining paramilitary and ethnic forces and commando units, in particular the Koevoet and the South-West Africa Territorial Force as well as the complete dismantling of their command structures, and other defence-related institutions as required by resolutions 435 (1978) and 640 (1989);
- "7. Requests the Secretary-General to pursue his efforts to ensure the immediate replacement of the remaining South African Defence Force personnel in accordance with resolution 435 (1978);
- "8. <u>Demands</u> the immediate repeal of such remaining restrictive and discriminatory laws and regulations as inhibit the holding of free and fair elections and that no such new laws be introduced and endorses the position of the Secretary-General as expressed in his report that Proclamation AG 8 should be repealed;
- "9. Invites the Secretary-General to keep under constant review the adequacy of the number of police monitors in order to undertake the process for any appropriate increase that he may deem necessary for the effective fulfilment of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group's responsibilities;

- "10. <u>Demands</u> that the South-West Africa Police extend full co-operation to the United Nations Transition Assistance Group civil police in carrying out the tasks entrusted to it under the settlement plan;
- "11. Mandates the Secretary-General to ensure that all necessary arrangements are made in accordance with the settlement plan to safeguard the territorial integrity and security of Namibia in order to ensure a peaceful transition to national independence, and to assist the Constituent Assembly in the discharge of responsibilities entrusted to it under the settlement plan;
- "12. Requests the Secretary-General to prepare appropriate plans for mobilizing all forms of assistance, including technical, material and financial resources, for the people of Namibia during the period following the elections for the Constituent Assembly until the accession to independence;
- "13. <u>Urgently appeals</u> to Member States, United Nations agencies and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to extend, in coordination with the Secretary-General, generous financial, material and technical support to the Namibian people, both during the transitional period and after independence;
- "14. <u>Decides</u> that, if the pertinent provisions of the present resolution are not complied with, the Security Council shall convene as required before the elections to review the situation and consider appropriate action;
- "15. Requests the Secretary-General to report on the implementation of the present resolution as soon as possible;
  - "16. Decides to remain seized of the matter."

Following the vote, the representatives of the United Kingdom, the United States, Brazil and Colombia made statements.

# E. Report of the Secretary-General dated 3 November 1989

Report of the Secretary-General dated 3 November (S/20943) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 643 (1989), concerning the question of Namibia, submitted in accordance with paragraph 15 of the resolution.

# F. Statement by the President of the Security Council (3 November 1989)

The following statement (S/20946) was issued by the President of the Council after consultations of the Council held on 3 November:

"The Security Council deplores the false alarm by South Africa on 1 November 1989 concerning the alleged movement of forces of the South West Africa People's Organization across the Angola-Namibia border.

"The Council expresses its profound concern about this incident as well as the potential implications for the elections of the initial South African reaction to it. It, therefore, calls upon South Africa to desist from any such further actions.

"The Council strongly commends the prompt action taken by the United Nations Transition Assistance Group to clarify the situation and to establish that such allegations were unfounded.

"The Council calls upon all parties to honour their commitments in accordance with the settlement plan.

"The Council reiterates its full support for the Secretary-General and his Special Representative as well as its firm commitment to ensure the full implementation of resolution 435 (1978) in its original and definitive form."

G. Communications received between 4 and 16 November 1989 and further report of the Secretary-General dated 14 November 1989 and addendum thereto dated 29 November 1989

Letter dated 4 November (S/20947) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a media statement made on 3 November by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of South Africa.

Letter dated 13 November (S/20966) from the representative of South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 12 November by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of South Africa at the conclusion of the elections in Namibia.

Further report of the Secretary-General dated 14 November (S/20967) concerning the implementation of Security Council resolution 435 (1978) concerning the question of Namibia.

Addendum to the further report of the Secretary-General dated 29 November (S/20967/Add.1) and annexes containing the text of the Constituent Assembly Proclamation, which had been published in the Official Gazette (Namibia) on 6 November, and the related exchange of letters dated 3 November between the Secretary-General's Special Representative and the Administrator-General.

Letter dated 16 November (S/20972) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

### H. Consideration at the 2893rd meeting (20 November 1989)

At its 2893rd meeting, held on 20 November in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Namibia:

"Further report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Security Council resolution 435 (1978) concerning the question of Namibia (\$/20967)".

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/20974) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council welcome with satisfaction the successful conclusion of the elections in Namibia, certified by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General as free and fair (see S/20967, para. 5), thus paving the way for the convening of the Constituent Assembly and the early independence of Namibia at a date to be determined by the Constituent Assembly.

"The members of the Council congratulate the people of Namibia for the successful exercise of their democratic rights and look forward to the early independence of Namibia. They are deeply appreciative of the efforts of the Secretary-General, his Special Representative and the United Nations Transition Assistance Group for the role they have played, which attests to the effectiveness and credibility of the United Nations.

"The members of the Council reaffirm the continuing important role of the United Nations in the transition period in ensuring the implementation of the settlement plan on the basis of its legal responsibility over Namibia until independence, so that the Constituent Assembly, reflecting the collective will of the people, can draw up and adopt, in accordance with the settlement plan and free from any interference, a Constitution that will accord sovereignty to Namibia. In this regard, they express support to the Secretary-General in his continuing efforts to ensure the full implementation of the settlement plan and request him to make the necessary arrangements under the settlement plan to safeguard the territorial integrity and security of Namibia. They also stress the importance of full compliance with all the remaining provisions of resolution 435 (1978) in its original and definitive form. The members of the Council express the hope that, in the transition period, the utmost political responsibility will be displayed to facilitate the earliest possible accession of Namibia to independence.

"The members of the Council call upon the Constituent Assembly to carry out its responsibility expeditiously and request the Secretary-General to provide it with all necessary assistance."

I. Communications received between 22 November 1989 and 21 March 1990 and second addendum dated 16 March 1990 to the further report of the Secretary-General dated 14 November 1989

Letter dated 22 November (S/20986) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué dated 20 November of the Co-ordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries.

Letter dated 5 March 1990 (S/21181) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the General Assembly, with a copy to the President of the Security Council, making available in an annex thereto the text of a letter dated 1 March to the Secretary-General from the President-elect of Namibia, requesting the Secretary-General's good offices to advise all oil-producing and trading nations, as Members of the United Nations, to lift the ban on oil and other goods destined for Namibia, and expressing his belief that, as the sanctions in question had been imposed through resolutions of the General Assembly, the most expeditious way of responding to that request would be for the General Assembly to reconvene at an early date in order to take the appropriate action.

Letter dated 12 March (S/21221) from the President of the General Assembly addressed to the Secretary-General, also circulated as a document of the Security Council, expressing his agreement with the Secretary-General that the most expeditious way of responding to the request of the President-elect of Namibia would be for the General Assembly to rescind its earlier decisions on sanctions in respect of Namibia and indicating his intention to reconvene the General Assembly so that appropriate action could be taken immediately after Namibian independence on 21 March.

Second addendum to the further report of the Secretary-General dated 16 March (S/20967/Add.2) concerning the implementation of Security Council resolution 435 (1978) concerning the question of Namibia and annexes containing the full and definitive text of the Constitution of the Republic of Namibia and a note entitled "Comparison of the Constitution of the Republic of Namibia with the 1982 Constitutional Principles".

Letter dated 21 March (S/21201) from the representative of Brazil addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message of the same date from the Government of Brazil.

Letter dated 21 March (S/21220) from the representative of Uruguay addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the President of Uruguay to the Secretary-General.

#### J. Further report of the Secretary-General dated 28 March 1990

Further and closing report of the Secretary-General dated 28 March concerning the implementation of Security Council resolution 435 (1978) concerning the question of Namibia, marking the accession of Namibia to independence on 20/21 March 1990.

#### K. Communications received between 29 March and 20 April 1990

Letter dated 29 March (S/21224) from the representative of Malawi, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States, addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of the Lusaka Statement dated 19 March, of the Ad Hoc Committee of Heads of State and Government on Southern Africa of the Organization of African Unity.

Letter dated 3 April (S/21227) from the representative of Bolivia addressed to the Secretary-General conveying the text of a message dated 21 March from the Constitutional President of Bolivia addressed to the President of Namibia.

Letter dated 20 April (S/21270) from the President of the United Nations Council for Namibia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the declaration of the special meeting of the United Nations Council for Namibia, held at Windhoek from 9 to 11 April 1990, and annexes thereto.

#### Chapter 8

#### THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAN AND IRAQ

A. Communications received between 20 June and 26 September 1989 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 20 June 1989 (S/20695) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 June (S/20698) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 June (S/20701) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 24 June by the President of Iraq.

Letter dated 3 July (S/20713) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 July (S/20724) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 27 June from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Geneva.

Letter dated 11 July (S/20725) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 July (S/20726) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 July (S/20735) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting an excerpt from a statement made by the President of Iraq.

Letter dated 12 July (S/20738) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 July (S/20740) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran on the occasion of the first anniversary of the official acceptance of Security Council resolution 598 (1987).

Letter dated 19 July (S/20741) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General requesting that the text of a letter dated 10 July from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note dated 10 July from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran be circulated as a document of the Security Council.

Letter dated 21 July (S/20744) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a commentary made on 17 July by a spokesman for the Permanent Mission of Iraq in New York on the communiqué issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran on 17 July.

Letter dated 24 July (S/20745) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 July (S/20750) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 July (S/20754) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale of the same date from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq addressed to the International Committee of the Red Cross.

Letter dated 31 July (S/20762) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 26 July from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran.

Letter dated 31 July (S/20764) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 30 July from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran.

Letter dated 1 August (S/20765) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 August (S/20771) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 August (S/20772) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 August (S/20777) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 August (S/20780) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq on the occasion of the first anniversary of the agreement of 8 August 1988.

Letter dated 14 August (S/20785) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 August (S/20792) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 August (S/20797) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 August (S/20798) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20801) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20807) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20809) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note dated 16 August from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran.

Letter dated 28 August (S/20814) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 27 August from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq addressed to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Baghdad.

Letter dated 28 August (S/20815) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 August (S/20824) from the representative of Bahrain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the press release issued at the thirty-second session of the Ministerial Council of the Co-operation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf, held at Jeddah from 28 to 29 August.

Letter dated 6 September (S/20832) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 September (S/20835) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 September (S/20836) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex.

Letter dated 8 September (S/20837) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 September (S/20840) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 September (S/20851) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 September (S/20853) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 September (S/20862) on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (UNIIMOG) for the period from 3 February to 22 September.

Letter dated 26 September (S/20865) from the representative of Iraq addressed the Secretary-General.

# B. Consideration at the 2885th meeting (29 September 1989)

At its 2885th meeting, on 29 September, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection.

"The situation between Iran and Iraq:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (S/20862)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of the United Nations and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20873) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2885th meeting, on 29 September 1989, the draft resolution (S/20873) was adopted unanimously as resolution 642 (1989).

Resolution 642 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 598 (1987) of 20 July 1987, 619 (1988) of 9 August 1988 and 631 (1989) of 8 February 1989,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group of 22 September 1989 (S/20862), and taking note of the observations expressed therein,

### "Decides:

- "(a) To call once again upon the parties concerned to implement immediately Security Council resolution 598 (1987);
- "(b) To extend the mandate of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group for a further period of six months, that is, until 31 March 1990;
- "(c) To request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 598 (1987)."
- C. Communications received between 29 September 1989 and 26 February 1990

Letter dated 29 September (S/20875) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 October (S/20880) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Foreign Ministers of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General on 29 September.

Letter dated 5 October (S/20885) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 October (S/20888) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 10 October (S/20891) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 October (S/20892) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an appeal issued by the International Meeting of Experts on the Exchange of Prisoners of War between Iran and Iraq, held at Geneva on 29 and 30 May 1989.

Letter dated 13 October (S/20900) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 October (S/20904) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 October (S/20913) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 October (S/20916) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 October (S/20917) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 October (S/20918) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 October (S/20919) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 October (S/20922) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 October (S/20924) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 October (S/20930) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 October (S/20931) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 November (S/20961) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 28 September from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran.

Letter dated 9 November (S/20962) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 November (S/20963) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 13 November (S/20965) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 November (S/20970) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 27 November (S/20995) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 December (S/21005) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 December (S/21006) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 December (S/21012) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 7 December (S/21013) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 December (S/21016) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 18 December (S/21030) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 December (S/21031 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 19 December (S/21032) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale of the same date from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq addressed to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Geneva.

Letter dated 19 December (S/21033) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 20 December (S/21037) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 December (S/21050) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 December (S/21055) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 January 1990 (S/21069) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 January (S/21070) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 January (S/21072) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 January (S/21075) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 January (S/21077) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 6 January from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran.

Letter dated 15 January (S/21078) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 January (S/21079) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made on 11 January by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Iraq.

Letter dated 16 January (S/21085) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 January (S/21088) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 January (S/21092) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 January (S/21093) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made by an official Iraqi spokesman.

Letter dated 22 January (S/21097) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 January (S/21104) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 24 January (S/21105) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 January (S/21106 and Corr.1) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 January (S/21111) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/115 of 15 December 1989, entitled "Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons", and conveying an excerpt therefrom.

Letter dated 29 January (S/21116) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General, and annexes.

Letter dated 5 February (S/21128) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 February (S/21129) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 February (S/21140) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 February (S/21141) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 February (S/21147) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 February (S/21170) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

#### D. Consideration at the 2908th meeting (27 February 1990)

At its 2908th meeting, held on 27 February in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iran and Iraq".

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/21172) on behalf of the Council:

"The Security Council expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for his briefing on the situation between Iran and Iraq and on his integrated approach to the format, agenda and timetable for direct talks between the parties aimed at achieving the full implementation of resolution 598 (1987) of 20 July 1987.

"Accordingly, the Council fully supports the efforts of the Secretary-General aimed at the holding of appropriately structured direct talks between both parties under his auspices, for a period of two months and with a specific agenda, the elements of which he outlined to the members of the Council, that he would propose to the parties, on the basis of the concluding observations contained in his report of 22 September 1989.

"The Council calls upon both parties to co-operate fully with the Secretary-General in his ongoing efforts, considering that 18 months after the cease-fire between Iran and Iraq, resolution 598 (1987) has not yet been fully implemented.

"The Council requests the Secretary-General to report to it at the conclusion of this stage of his efforts and to inform it on the results achieved and on the further steps he envisages for the full implementation of resolution 598 (1987)."

# E. Communications received between 2 and 29 March 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 2 March (S/21177) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 March (S/21180) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 March (S/21205) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 22 March (S/21200) on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group for the period from 23 September 1989 to 22 March 1990.

Letter dated 22 March (S/21202) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 March (S/21209) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 March (S/21222) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

# F. Consideration at the 2916th meeting (29 March 1990)

At its 2916th meeting, on 29 March, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation between Iran and Iraq:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (\$/21200)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21217) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2916th meeting, on 29 March 1990, the draft resolution (S/21217) was adopted unanimously as resolution 651 (1990).

Resolution 651 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling its resolutions 598 (1987) of 20 July 1987, 619 (1988) of 9 August 1988, 631 (1989) of 8 February 1989 and 642 (1989) of 29 September 1989,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group of 22 March 1990 (S/21200), and taking note of the observations expressed therein,

#### "Decides

- "(a) To call once again upon the parties concerned to implement immediately Security Council resolution 598 (1987);
- "(b) To extend the mandate of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group for a further period of six months, that is, until 30 September 1990;
- "(c) To request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 598 (1987)."
- G. Communications received between 16 April and 14 June 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 16 April (S/21250) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 April (S/21264) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 26 April (S/21275) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 April (S/21277) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 May (S/21289) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 8 May (S/21291) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 May (S/21302) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 May (S/21329) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an article published in <u>The Washington</u> <u>Post</u> on 3 May.

Letter dated 24 May (S/21334) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 May (S/21337) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 6 June (S/21346) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 June (S/21353) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 June (S/21355) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued at Taif, Saudi Arabia, on 4 June at the thirty-fifth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

Letter dated 14 June (S/21359) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General.

#### Chapter 9

LETTER DATED 27 NOVEMBER 1989 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF EL SALVADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

LETTER DATED 28 NOVEMBER 1989 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF NICARAGUA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

# A. Communications received between 22 and 29 November 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 22 November 1989 (S/20985) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 20 November by the Co-ordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries.

Letter dated 27 November (S/20991) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting the convening of a meeting of the Council, as a matter of urgency.

Letter dated 27 November (S/20994) from the representatives of Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 24 November by the Governments of the member countries of the Permanent Mechanism for Consultation and Concerted Political Action.

Letter dated 28 November 1989 (S/20999) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting that the scope of the urgent meeting requested by the representative of El Salvador (S/20991) be expanded.

Letter dated 29 November 1989 (S/21000) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a draft resolution for consideration by the Council at the meeting requested on 27 November by the representative of El Salvador (S/20991).

#### B. Consideration at the 2896th meeting (30 November 1989)

At its 2896th meeting, on 30 November, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20991);

"Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20999)".

The President stated that he had been informed by the representatives of El Salvador and Nicaragua that their respective delegations intended, during their statements, to show audio-visual material and that, in keeping with past practice

and as agreed in the Council's prior consultations, he had requested the Secretariat to make the necessary arrangements in the Council Chamber.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of El Salvador and Nicaragua, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard a statement by the representative of El Salvador, in the course of which a videotape was displayed in the Council Chamber.

The Council also heard a statement by the representative of Nicaragua, in the course of which a series of slides was projected and a videotape was displayed in the Council Chamber.

The representative of El Salvador made a further statement.

The representative of the United States of America made a statement.

The representative of Nicaragua made a further statement.

# C. Communication received on 1 December 1989

Letter dated 1 December (S/21002) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the following documentation: (a) an article published by the Salvadorian newspaper <u>La Prensa Gráfica</u> on 17 September; (b) letters dated 7 and 9 November by the Office of the Rector of the Central American University.

# D. Consideration at the 2897th meeting (8 December 1989)

At its 2897th meeting, held on 8 December in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20991);

"Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (\$/20999)".

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/21011) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council, after hearing statements by the representatives of El Salvador and Nicaragua at the 2896th meeting of the Security Council, on 30 November 1989, express their grave concern over the present situation in Central America, in particular over the numerous acts of violence resulting in loss of lives and sufferings of the civilian population.

"The members of the Council reiterate their firm support for the Esquipulas process of peaceful settlement in Central America and appeal to all States to contribute to the urgent implementation of the agreements reached by the five Central American Presidents. In this regard the members of the Council welcome the announcement by the five Central American Presidents to meet on 10 and 11 December at San José, Costa Rica, in order to discuss within the framework of the Esquipulas peace process, solutions to the problems confronting them.

"The members of the Council consider that it is primarily the responsibility of the five Central American Presidents to find solutions to the regional problems, in accordance with the Esquipulas agreements. Therefore, they reiterate their appeal to all States, including those with links to the region and interests in it, to refrain from all actions that could impede the achievement of a real and lasting settlement in Central America through negotiations.

"The members of the Council urge all parties concerned to co-operate in the search for peace and a political solution.

"They also express their firm support for the efforts being made by the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States in the peace process. In particular, they reiterate their full support for the Secretary-General of the United Nations in the exercise of the missions entrusted to him by the General Assembly and the Security Council, as well as for the early deployment of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America."

# E. Communications received between 11 and 14 December 1989

Letter dated 11 December (S/21017) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by the Soviet Government dated 9 December.

Letter dated 11 December (S/21018) from the representative of Japan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 8 December by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

Letter dated 12 December (S/21019) from the representative of El Salvador addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Declaration of San Isidro de Coronado, signed on the same date at San Isidro de Coronado, Costa Rica, by the five Central American Presidents.

Letter dated 14 December (S/21024) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued on 13 December by the Diplomatic Information Office of the Spanish Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

#### Chapter 10

#### THE SITUATION IN CYPRUS

# A. Communications received between 28 August and 13 December 1989 and report by the Secretary General

Letter dated 28 August 1989 (S/20821) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, and its enclosure.

Letter dated 14 September (S/20845) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, and its enclosure.

Letter dated 22 September (S/20863) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General attaching the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cyprus to the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States Members of the United Nations.

Letter dated 10 October (S/20893) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 October (S/20898) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, enclosing a letter of the same date from Mr. Kenan Atakol to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 October (S/20903) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 October (S/20928) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, enclosing the text of a statement of 15 October by Mr. Kenan Atakol.

Letter dated 20 October (S/20933) from the Secretary-General addressed to the Governments of all States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies, and annex.

Letter dated 8 November (S/20954) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General enclosing a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 17 November (S/20973) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, and its enclosure.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 7 December (S/21010) on the United Nations operation in Cyprus for the period from 1 June to 4 December 1989, updating the record of activities of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus

(UNFICYP), submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 15 December.

Addendum dated 13 December (S/21010/Add.1) to the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus.

#### B. Consideration at the 2898th meeting (14 December 1989)

At its 2898th meeting, on 14 December, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Cyprus:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/21010 and Add.1)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Cyprus, Greece and Turkey, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council.

The President stated that, in the course of consultations, members of the Council had agreed that the Council should extend an invitation to Mr. Özer Koray under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure. In the absence of objection, it was so decided.

The Council began its consideration of the item.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/20324) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2898th meeting, on 14 December 1989, the draft resolution (S/20324) was adopted unanimously as resolution 646 (1989).

Resolution 646 (1989) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus of 7 and 13 December 1989 (S/21010 and Add.1),

"Taking note also of the recommendation by the Secretary-General that the Security Council extend the stationing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus for a further period of six months,

"Noting that the Government of Cyprus has agreed that in view of the prevailing conditions in the island it is necessary to keep the Force in Cyprus beyond 15 December 1989,

"Reaffirming the provisions of resolution 186 (1964) of 4 March 1964 and other relevant resolutions,

- "1. Extends once more the stationing in Cyprus of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force established under resolution 186 (1964) for a further period ending on 15 June 1990;
- "2. Requests the Secretary-General to continue his mission of good offices, to keep the Security Council informed of the progress made and to submit a report on the implementation of the present resolution by 31 May 1990;
- "3. <u>Calls upon</u> all the parties concerned to continue to co-operate with the Force on the basis of the present mandate."

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Cyprus and Greece.

The Council heard a statement by Mr. Koray, in accordance with the decision taken earlier in the meeting.

The representative of Turkey made a statement.

Further statements were made by the representatives of Cyprus, Greece and Turkey.

Before adjourning the meeting, the President made the following statement (S/21026) on behalf of the Council, following the Council's consultations:

"The members of the Security Council take note of the Secretary-General's report (S/21010 and Add.1) on the United Nations operation in Cyprus and express their full support for his continuing efforts in pursuing the initiative launched in August 1988.

"The members of the Council recall the statement made on their behalf by the President of the Council on 9 June 1989 (S/20682), in which they expressed their regret that, in the more than 25 years since the establishment of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus, it had not been possible to achieve a negotiated settlement of all aspects of the Cyprus problem.

"The members of the Council note the Secretary-General's assessment that a basis for effective negotiations exists provided both leaders manifest the necessary good will and recognize that a viable solution must satisfy the legitimate interests of both communities.

"The members of the Council share the Secretary-General's disappointment that it has not been possible to achieve concrete results to date in developing an agreed outline of an overall agreement. In this regard, they share the Secretary-General's hope that direct and meaningful talks can be resumed early next year.

"The members of the Council urge both leaders to proceed as suggested by the Secretary-General during their most recent meetings and, as agreed in June, to co-operate with him and his Special Representative in completing work on an outline. They also urge the two parties to make a further determined effort to promote reconciliation. They share the Secretary-General's view that the adoption of good will measures could prove useful in this regard.

"The members of the Council are concerned by the difficulties encountered by the Force during the last mandate period. They call on all parties to co-operate with the Force and to take effective measures to ensure that the integrity of the buffer zone is safeguarded.

"The members of the Council also note the continuing financial difficulties facing the Force as indicated by the Secretary-General. They take note of his appeal for greater financial contributions to the Force, which would help it continue its important peace-keeping role in Cyprus and would reduce its financial difficulties.

"The members of the Council request the Secretary-General to report to the Council by 1 March 1990 on what progress has been made in resuming intensive talks and developing an agreed outline of an overall agreement."

# C. Communications received between 24 January and 21 February 1990

Letter dated 24 January 1990 (S/21107) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Ozer Koray to the Secretary-General, enclosing copies of letters dated 25 April, 5 and 23 May, 5 and 12 July, 22 August, 20 September and 22 November 1989 from Mr. Koray to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 February (S/21138) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General attaching the text of a statement of the Minister for Defence of Cyprus presented to the Seminar on Military Doctrine, held at Vienna on 18 January.

Letter dated 21 February (S/21162) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

# D. Statement by the President of the Security Council (22 February 1990)

On 22 February, following consultations of the Council, the President issued the following statement (S/21160) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council recall the statement made on their behalf by the President on 14 December 1989 (S/21026). They express their appreciation to the Secretary-General for his briefing on the current situation about his mission of good offices concerning Cyprus, and give their full support to his efforts to assist the two communities to reach a just and lasting solution.

"The members of the Council stress the importance they attach to an early negotiated settlement of the Cyprus problem.

"The members of the Council are pleased that the leaders of the two sides in Cyprus have accepted the Secretary-General's invitation to meet with him for an extended session beginning on 26 February 1990 to complete the work on an outline of an overall agreement, as agreed in June 1989.

"The members of the Council call upon the two leaders to demonstrate the necessary goodwill and flexibility and to co-operate fully with the Secretary-General so that the talks will result in a major step towards the resolution of the Cyprus problem.

"The members request the Secretary-General to report to the Council at the conclusion of the forthcoming meeting to inform them of the results achieved and of his assessment of the situation at that time."

#### E. Report of the Secretary-General dated 8 March 1990

Report of the Secretary-General dated 8 March (S/21183) on his mission of good offices in Cyprus, submitted pursuant to the request contained in the statement by the President of the Security Council of 22 February (S/21160).

### F. Consideration at the 2909th meeting (12 March 1990)

At its 2909th meeting, on 12 March, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Cyprus:

"Report of the Secretary-General on his mission of good offices in Cyprus (S/21183)".

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/21184) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2909th meeting, on 12 March 1990, the draft resolution (S/21184) was adopted unanimously as resolution 649 (1990).

Resolution 649 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 8 March 1990 (S/21183) on the recent meeting between the leaders of the two communities in Cyprus and on his assessment of the current situation,

"Recalling its relevant resolutions on Cyprus,

"Recalling also the statement made by the President of the Security Council on 22 February 1990 (S/21160) calling upon the leaders of the two communities to demonstrate the necessary goodwill and flexibility and to co-operate with the Secretary-General so that the talks will result in a major step forward toward the resolution of the Cyprus problem,

"Expressing its regret that, in the more than twenty-five years since the establishment of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus, it has not been possible to achieve a negotiated settlement of all aspects of the Cyprus problem,

"Concerned that, at the recent meeting in New York, it was not possible to achieve results in arriving at an agreed outline of an overall agreement,

- "1. Reaffirms in particular its resolution 367 (1975) of 12 March 1975 as well as its support for the 1977 (S/12323) and 1979 (S/13669, para. 51) high-level agreements between the leaders of the two communities in which they pledged themselves to establish a bi-communal Federal Republic of Cyprus that will safeguard its independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity and non-alignment, and exclude union in whole or in part with any other country and any form of partition or secession;
- "2. Expresses its full support for the current effort of the Secretary-General in carrying out his mission of good offices concerning Cyprus;
- "3. Calls upon the leaders of the two communities to pursue their efforts to reach freely a mutually acceptable solution providing for the establishment of a federation that will be bi-communal as regards the constitutional aspects and bi-zonal as regards the territorial aspects, in line with the present resolution and their 1977 and 1979 high-level agreements, and to co-operate, on an equal footing, with the Secretary-General in completing, in the first instance and on an urgent basis, an outline of an overall agreement, as agreed in June 1989;
- "4. Requests the Secretary-General to pursue his mission of good offices in order to achieve the earliest possible progress and, toward this end, to assist the two communities by making suggestions to facilitate the discussions;
- "5. Calls upon the parties concerned to refrain from any action that could aggravate the situation;
- "6. Decides to remain actively seized of the situation and the current effort;
- "7. Requests the Secretary-General to inform the Security Council, in his report due by 31 May 1990, of the progress made in resuming the intensive talks and in developing an agreed outline of an overall agreement in line with the present resolution."
- G. Communications received between 14 March and 13 June 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 14 March (S/21190) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, and its enclosure.

Letter dated 27 March (S/21212) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, enclosing the text of a letter dated 23 March from Mr. Kenan Atakol to the President of the European Parliament.

Letter dated 29 March (S/21219) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 11 April (S/21245) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General, attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General, enclosing the text of a letter dated 10 April from Mr. Kenan Atakol to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 April (S/21265) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing the text of a resolution adopted by the European Parliament on 15 March.

Letter dated 25 April (S/21273) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter dated 24 April from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 30 April (S/21279) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing the text of a resolution adopted by the 83rd Inter-Parliamentary Conference, held at Nicosia from 2 to 7 April.

Letter dated 9 May (S/21292) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 May (S/21294) from the representative of Austria addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting, on behalf of the troop-contributing countries of UNFICYP, the text of a joint letter dated 7 May from the representatives of Australia, Austria, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Ireland, Sweden and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 May (S/21301) from the representative of Austria addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting, on behalf of the troop-contributing countries of UNFICYP, the text of a joint letter dated 14 May from the representatives of Australia, Austria, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Ireland, Sweden and the United Kingdom to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 30 May (S/21324) from the representative of Cyprus addressed to the Secretary-General attaching the text of a letter dated 22 May from the Acting President of the House of Representatives of Cyprus, together with the text of a resolution adopted on 17 May by the House of Representatives.

Letter dated 21 May (S/21328) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 31 May (S/21340) on the United Nations operation in Cyprus for the period from 1 December 1989 to 31 May 1990, updating the record of activities of UNFICYP, submitted prior to the expiration of the mandate of the Force on 15 June.

Addendum dated 13 June (S/21340/Add.1) to the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus.

Letter dated 31 May (S/21351) from the Secretary-General addressed to the Governments of all States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies, and annex.

Letter dated 1 June (S/21342) from the representative of Turkey addressed to the Secretary-General attaching the text of a letter of the same date from Mr. Özer Koray to the Secretary-General.

## H. Consideration at the 2928th meeting (15 June 1990)

At its 2928th meeting, on 15 June, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Cyprus:

"Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/21340 and Add.1)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Cyprus, Greece and Turkey, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President stated that, in the course of consultations, members of the Council had agreed that the Council should extend an invitation to Mr. Ozer Koray under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure. In the absence of objection, it was so decided.

The Council began its consideration of the item.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21357) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

Decision: At the 2928th meeting, on 15 June 1990, the draft resolution (S/21357) was adopted unanimously as resolution 657 (1990).

Resolution 657 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/21340 and Add.1),

"Taking note also of the recommendation by the Secretary-General that the Security Council extend the stationing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus for a further period of six months,

"Noting that the Government of Cyprus has agreed that in view of the prevailing conditions in the island it is necessary to keep the Force in Cyprus beyond 15 June 1990,

"Reaffirming the provisions of its resolution 186 (1964) of 4 March 1964 and other relevant resolutions,

- "1. Extends once more the stationing in Cyprus of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force established under resolution 186 (1964) for a further period ending on 15 December 1990;
- "2. Requests the Secretary-General to continue his mission of good offices, to keep the Security Council informed of the progress made and to submit a report on the implementation of the present resolution by 30 November 1990;
- "3. <u>Calls upon</u> all the parties concerned to continue to co-operate with the Force on the basis of the present mandate."

Following the vote, the representatives of Canada, the United Kingdom, Finland and the USSR made statements.

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Cyprus and Greece.

The Council heard a statement by Mr. Koray, in accordance with the decision taken earlier in the meeting.

The representative of Turkey made a statement.

Further statements were made by the representatives of Greece and Cyprus.

Before adjourning the meeting, the President stated that, following consultations among the members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/21361) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Council recall Security Council resolution 649 (1990) and other relevant resolutions. They express again their regret that, in the more than 25 years since the establishment of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus, it has not been possible to achieve a negotiated settlement for all aspects of the Cyprus problem. They reiterate their full support for the current effort of the Secretary-General in carrying out his mission of good offices concerning Cyprus.

"The members of the Council also recall the statement made by the President on 30 May 1990 on United Nations peace-keeping operations (S/21323). They reiterate their view expressed in that statement that peace-keeping operations must be launched and maintained on a sound and secure financial basis. They therefore express their concern at the chronic and ever-deepening financial crisis facing the Force, as described in the Secretary-General's report (S/21340 and Add.1) and in his letter of 31 May 1990 (S/21351) addressed to all States Members of the United Nations, and they support his appeal for financial contributions which would enable the Force to continue to carry out the functions for which it was established."

#### Chapter 11

#### THE SITUATION IN PANAMA

#### A. Communications received on 20 December 1989 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 20 December 1989 (S/21034) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting an urgent and immediate meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 20 December (S/21035) from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 20 December (S/21036) from the representative of Brazil addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a declaration of the same date by the Government of Brazil.

Letter dated 20 December (S/21044) from the representative of Peru addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on the same date by the Government of Peru.

# B. Consideration at the 2899th to 2902nd meetings (20-23 December 1989) and report of the Secretary-General

At its 2899th meeting, on 20 December, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation in Panama:

"Letter dated 20 December 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21034)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Nicaragua, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The Council began its consideration of the item, hearing statements by the representatives of Nicaragua, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, China, France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Canada and the United States of America.

At its 2900th meeting, on 21 December, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

In addition to the representative previously invited, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Cuba, El Salvador, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Peru, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The Council continued its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Yugoslavia, Nepal, Ethiopia, Finland, Algeria, Brazil, Malaysia, Cuba, Peru, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and El Salvador.

At its 2901st meeting, on 21 December, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

The President stated that, on the basis of prior consultations among members of the Council, it was his understanding that the Council wished to invite Panama to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure, and that, in the absence of objection, he would take it that the Council so decided.

The representative of the United States requested that this question be put to the vote.

The Council proceeded to vote on the proposal to invite Panama to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

Decision: At the 2901st meeting, on 21 December 1989, the proposal was adopted by 14 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, Canada, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Yugoslavia) to none against, with 1 abstention (United States of America).

Following the vote, statements were made by the representatives of the United States, the United Kingdom, France and Canada.

The President informed the Council that he had received by letter two requests to participate in the Council's discussion. It was his understanding that the Council wished to ask the Secretary-General to prepare a report on credentials under rules 14 and 15 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure. It was so decided.

At its 2902nd meeting, on 23 December, the Council continued its consideration of the item.

The President drew attention to the report of the Secretary-General dated 21 December (S/21047), submitted in response to the request made by the President of the Council at the 2901st meeting, on 21 December, and pursuant to rule 15 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure, in connection with two requests received by the President for participation in the capacity of representative of Panama. The President stated that it was his understanding, on the basis of the Council's prior consultations, that the Council wished to take note of the report of the Secretary-General. In the absence of objection, it was so decided.

The President further stated that, with regard to the two requests for participation in the capacity as representative of Panama, he wished to inform the Council that he had just been informed by each of the requesters, in writing, that the requests were not being maintained.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21048) submitted by Algeria, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal and Yugoslavia, which read as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Taking note of the statements made regarding the invasion of Panama,

"Reaffirming the sovereign and inalienable right of Panama to determine freely its social, economic and political system and to develop its international relations without any form of foreign intervention, interference, subversion, coercion or threat,

"Recalling that, in conformity with Article 2, paragraph 4, of the Charter of the United Nations, all Member States are obliged to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations,

- "1. Strongly deplores the intervention in Panama by the armed forces of the United States of America, which constitutes a flagrant violation of international law and of the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of States;
- "2. <u>Demands</u> the immediate cessation of the intervention and the withdrawal of the United States armed forces from Panama;
- "3. Calls upon all States to uphold and respect the sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of Panama;
- "4. Requests the Secretary-General to monitor the developments in Panama and to report to the Security Council within a twenty-four-hour period after the adoption of the present resolution."

The Council heard statements by the representatives of Senegal and the United States.

The President made a statement, in his capacity as the representative of Colombia.

The Council proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2902nd meeting, on 23 December 1989, the draft resolution (S/21048) received 10 votes in favour (Algeria, Brazil, China, Colombia, Ethiopia, Malaysia, Nepal, Senegal, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Yugoslavia), 4 against (Canada, France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America) and 1 abstention (Finland), and was not adopted owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Council.

Following the vote, statements were made by the representatives of Finland, France, the United Kingdom and the Soviet Union.

#### C. Communications received between 21 and 30 December 1989

Letter dated 21 December (S/21038) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a letter dated 20 December from the President of the Council of State and of the Government of Cuba to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 21 December (S/21041) from the representative of the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 21 December by the Soviet Government.

Letter dated 21 December (S/21042) from the representative of Argentina addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued on 20 December by the Government of Argentina.

Letter dated 21 December (S/21043) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 December (S/21045) from the representative of Mexico addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting circulation of a statement dated 20 December by the Government of Mexico.

Letter dated 21 December (S/21046) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on the same date by the Government of Nicaragua.

Letter dated 22 December (S/21049) from the representative of the United Republic of Tanzania addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 21 December by the Government of the United Republic of Tanzania.

Letter dated 23 December (S/21051) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the representative of Nicaragua to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 26 December (S/21053) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement issued on 25 December by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Cuba.

Letter dated 22 December (S/21054) from the representative of Ghana addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 21 December by the Government of Ghana.

Letter dated 27 December (S/21059) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 26 December from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Secretary of State of the United States.

Letter dated 22 December (S/21060) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 21 December by the Department of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia.

Letter dated 30 December (S/21064) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note verbale dated 29 December from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Embassy of the United States of America in Nicaragua.

#### THE SITUATION RELATING TO AFGHANISTAN

A. Communications received between 29 June 1989 and 9 January 1990 and report of the Secretary-General

Letter dated 28 June 1989 (S/20704) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the conclusions adopted by the heads of State and Government of the 12 States members of the European Community at the meeting of the European Council held on 26 and 27 June at Madrid.

Letter dated 5 July (S/20716) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 July (S/20718) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 July (S/20720) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 3 July by the representative of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union.

Letter dated 12 July (S/20730) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message from the President of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 July (S/20749) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting excerpts from a joint communiqué of the twenty-second Ministerial Meeting of the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN), held at Bandar Seri Begawan on 3 and 4 July.

Letter dated 31 July (S/20760) from the representative of Saudi Arabia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Saudi Arabia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 10 August (S/20781) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20804) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 22 August (S/20805) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 August (S/20806) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message of the same date from the Minister for Islamic Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 31 August (S/20825) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Pakistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 29 September (S/20876) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 3 October (S/20880) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Foreign Ministers of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General on 29 September.

Letter dated 5 October (S/20887) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 20 October (S/20911) submitted in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 43/20 of 3 November 1988.

Letter dated 2 November (S/20938) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 21 November (S/20997) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 January 1990 (S/21071) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, referring to Security Council resolution 622 (1988), the Secretary-General's note dated 15 February (S/20465) transmitting the report of the United Nations Good Offices Mission in Afghanistan and Pakistan (UNGOMAP), and the report of the Secretary-General dated 20 October (S/20911) and seeking the Council's concurrence with the proposal to extend the temporary detachment of military officers of Afghanistan and Pakistan, with the concurrence of the countries supplying the military personnel.

# B. Consideration at the 2904th meeting (11 January 1990)

At its 2904th meeting, on 11 January, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"The situation relating to Afghanistan:

"Letter dated 9 January 1990 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21071)."

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21073) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations, which he proposed to put to the vote.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2904th meeting, on 11 January 1990, the draft resolution was adopted unanimously as resolution 647 (1990).

Resolution 647 (1990) reads as follows:

"The Security Council,

"Recalling the letters dated 14 and 22 April 1988 (S/19834 and S/19835) from the Secretary-General to the President of the Security Council concerning the Agreements on the Settlement of the Situation Relating to Afghanistan, signed at Geneva on 14 April 1988 (S/19835, annex I),

"Recalling also the note by the Secretary-General of 15 February 1989 (S/20465) and his report of 20 October 1989 (S/20911),

"Recalling further its resolution 622 (1988) of 31 October 1988,

"Taking note of the letter dated 9 January 1990 from the Secretary-General to the President of the Security Council (S/21071),

- "1. <u>Confirms</u> its agreement to the measures envisaged in the Secretary-General's letter of 9 January 1990 concerning the arrangements for the temporary deployment in Afghanistan and Pakistan of military officers from existing United Nations operations to assist in the mission of good offices for a further period of two months;
- "2. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council informed of further developments in accordance with the Agreements on the Settlement of the Situation Relating to Afghanistan, signed at Geneva on 14 April 1988."

## C. Communications received between 15 January and 4 April 1990

Letter dated 15 January (S/21080) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 9 February (S/21135) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the President of the Security Council, and annex.

Letter dated 16 February (S/21157) from the representative of the Soviet Union addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an article by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the USSR and member of the Politburo of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, published in <u>Izyestia</u> on 15 February.

Letter dated 12 March (S/21189 and Corr.1) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message dated 4 April from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 March (S/21188) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council bringing to the attention of the Security Council the Secretary-General's intention to redeploy a limited number of military officers from existing United Nations operations, with the concurrence of their respective countries, as military advisers to the Secretary-General's Personal Representative in Afghanistan and Pakistan in order to assist in the further implementation of the responsibilities entrusted to the Secretary-General by General Assembly resolution 44/15 of 1 November 1989.

Letter dated 28 March (S/21218) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General informing him that the members of the Security Council have no objection to the action proposed by the Secretary-General in his letter of 12 March.

Letter dated 28 March (S/21216) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Pakistan to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 4 April (S/21228) from the representative of Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan to the Secretary-General.

LETTER DATED 3 JANUARY 1990 FROM THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES A.I. OF THE PERMANENT MISSION OF NICARAGUA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

## A. Communication received on 3 January 1990 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 3 January 1990 (S/21066) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the President of the Security Council, requesting the convening of a meeting of the Council.

#### B. Consideration at the 2905th meeting (16 January 1990)

At its 2905th meeting, on 17 January, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Letter dated 3 January 1990 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21066)".

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Nicaragua, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President drew attention to the text of a draft resolution (S/21084) submitted by Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Yemen, Ethiopia, Malaysia and Zaire, which read as follows:

#### "The Security Council,

"Taking into account the statements made by the delegations of Nicaragua and the United States of America on the events that occurred on 29 December 1989, at the residence of the Ambassador of Nicaragua in the Republic of Panama,

"Recalling the principles of independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity, and sovereign equality of States,

"Considering the obligation of States to respect fully the privileges and immunities granted to diplomatic missions and agents by international law, as codified in the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations of 18 April 1961, especially with regard to the inviolability of the premises and residences of diplomatic missions and the immunity, safety and personal integrity of diplomatic agents,

"Recalling that the Havana Convention of 20 February 1928, on Diplomatic Officers, provides that "Diplomatic officers shall be inviolate as to their persons, their residence, private or official and their property,

"Reaffirming the need to comply with the obligations assumed by States in the Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic and Consular Relations, as well as in other international legal instruments, as a contribution to the preservation of international peace and security and friendly relations among States,

"Taking note of the letters, dated 4 and 5 January 1990, from the Permanent Mission of the United States of America to the President of the Security Council, regretting the search of the residence of the Ambassador of Nicaragua in Panama by United States military forces, and indicating that the United States has taken steps to prevent the recurrence of such actions,

- "1. <u>Declares</u> that the serious events that took place are, as has been acknowledged, a violation of the privileges and immunities recognized under international law and codified in the Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic and Consular Relations;
- "2. Expresses its deep concern over any measure or action that restricts free communication and prevents the functioning of diplomatic missions in Panama in accordance with international law, and calls upon those concerned to take the appropriate steps to avoid the recurrence of such measures or actions;
- "3. <u>Demands</u> the full respect for the rules of international law that guarantee the immunity of diplomatic officers and the inviolability of the premises of diplomatic missions, an essential condition for the normal development of their activities."

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representative of Nicaragua and the Ambassador of Nicaragua to Panama.

The representative of the United States of America made a statement.

The Council then commenced its voting procedure.

Before the vote, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland made a statement.

The Council then proceeded to vote on the draft resolution.

Decision: At the 2905th meeting, on 17 January 1990, the draft resolution (S/21084) received 13 votes in favour (Canada, China, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Yemen, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Malaysia, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Zaire), against (United States of America), and 1 abstention (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland), and was not adopted owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Council.

Following the vote, the representatives of Canada and Finland made statements.

LETTER DATED 2 FEBRUARY 1990 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF CUBA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

# A. Communications received between 2 and 5 February 1990 and request for a meeting

Letter dated 2 February 1990 (S/21120) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting the convening of a meeting of the Council.

Letter dated 3 February (S/21121) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of two notes dated 31 January and 1 February 1990 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Cuba to the Interests Section of the United States of America in the Embassy of Switzerland in Havana.

Letter dated 3 February (S/21122) from the representative of the United States addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 5 February (S/21127) from the representative of Panama addressed to the Secretary-General, and annex containing text of a communication from the Consular and Shipping Department of the Ministry of Finance and Budget of Panama to the Embassy of the United States in Panama.

# B. Consideration at the 2907th meeting (9 February 1990)

At its 2907th meeting, on 9 February, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"Letter dated 2 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21120)".

The President (Cuba) informed members of his decision to have resort to rule 20 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council and to yield the presidential chair, for the purpose of the consideration of the item currently on the Council's agenda, to the representative of the next member in English alphabetical order (Democratic Yemen). The representative of Democratic Yemen took the presidential chair.

The Council began its consideration of the item and heard statements by the representatives of Cuba and the United States.

Further statements were made by the representatives of Cuba and the United States.

#### UNITED NATIONS PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS

#### Consideration at the 2924th meeting (30 May 1990)

At its 2924th meeting, held on 30 May in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, the Council included the following item in its agenda without objection:

"United Nations peace-keeping operations".

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/21323) on behalf of the Council:

"The members of the Security Council note with satisfaction that the United Nations has in recent years played an increasingly important and active role in restoring and maintaining international peace and security. The peace-keeping operations of the United Nations have become a valuable instrument facilitating the settlement of international disputes. Recent successful peace-keeping operations have for their part contributed to the enhanced standing and effectiveness of the United Nations.

"The members of the Council express their deep satisfaction with the growing support of the international community for United Nations peace-keeping and, in particular, with the participation of a growing number of Member States in the operations. They pay a tribute to the Secretary-General and his staff for their tireless efforts in the conduct of those operations. They also commend States which have provided resources for such operations. Furthermore, they commend the peace-keeping forces for their exemplary and dedicated service in the cause of international peace and security.

"The members of the Council consider it of vital importance that adequate resources are available for the preparation, deployment and maintenance of the United Nations peace-keeping operations. This must be underlined all the more in view of the new challenges in prospect. They urge Member States to respond positively and rapidly to requests from the Secretary-General for contributions of financial, human and material resources for the operations. They emphasize that the operations must be launched and maintained on a sound and secure financial basis and stress the importance of full and timely payments of assessed contributions. At the same time they underscore that the operations must be planned and conducted with maximum efficiency and cost-effectiveness.

"The members of the Council also emphasize the importance of political support by all the Member States and in particular by the parties concerned for United Nations peace-keeping and for the action of the Secretary-General in conducting the operations. They stress that a peace-keeping operation is essentially a temporary measure, intended to facilitate the resolution of conflicts and disputes. Its mandate is not automatically renewable.

Peace-keeping should never be construed as a substitute for the ultimate goal,

an early negotiated settlement. In the light of this, the members of the Council will continue to examine carefully the mandate of each operation and, when necessary, vary it in response to prevailing circumstances.

"The members of the Council, while recognizing the principle that peace-keeping should be undertaken only with the consent of the host countries and the parties concerned, urge the host countries and all parties involved to assist and facilitate in every way the successful and safe deployment and functioning of the United Nations peace-keeping operations in order to enable the fulfilment of their mandates, including the early conclusion of status-of-forces agreements with the United Nations and the provision of appropriate infrastructure support.

"The members of the Council are encouraged by recent achievements of United Nations peace-keeping. Bearing in mind the primary responsibility of the Council under the Charter of the United Nations, they express their determination to continue to work jointly and in co-operation with the Secretary-General for the prevention and resolution of international conflicts. The members of the Council remain ready to consider launching new peace-keeping operations as and when necessary in the interest of international peace and security in accordance with the principles and purposes of the Charter."

#### PART II

# OTHER MATTERS CONSIDERED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL

## Chapter 16

#### ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS

#### Application of Namibia

In a letter dated 6 April 1990 (S/21241) addressed to the Secretary-General the President of Namibia submitted the application of his country for membership in the United Nations, and at the same time made a solemn pledge to accept and carry out the obligations contained in the Charter and requested that the application be given consideration on a priority basis, so as to enable the Namibian delegation to participate in the work of the special session of the General Assembly devoted to economic development, to be held from 23 to 28 April 1990.

At its 2917th meeting, on 17 April, the Council referred the application of Namibia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report, in accordance with rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure, and decided to waive the time-limit provided in the last sentence of rule 59 that the Committee shall report its conclusions to the Council not less than 14 days in advance of a special session of the General Assembly as the eighteenth special session would commence on 23 April.

At the 2918th meeting, also on 17 April, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Brazil, Mali and South Africa, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President informed the Council of a letter dated 17 April from the President of the United Nations Council for Namibia, requesting that an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure be extended to the Acting President of the United Nations Council for Namibia. In the absence of objection, the President extended the invitation requested.

At the same meeting, the Council considered the Committee's report (S/21251) on the application of Namibia. In its report, the Committee recommended the adoption of the following draft resolution:

#### "The Security Council,

"Having examined the application of the Republic of Namibia for admission to the United Nations (S/21241),

"Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Namibia be admitted to membership in the United Nations."

Decision: At the 2918th meeting, on 17 April 1990, the draft resolution was adopted unanimously as resolution 652 (1990).

The Council then approved the proposal contained in paragraph 4 of the Committee's report, requesting the inclusion of an item entitled "Admission of new members to the United Nations" in the supplementary list of items for the agenda of the eighteenth special session of the General Assembly.

Thereafter, the President made a statement.

The Secretary-General made a statement.

Statements were made by the representatives of Malaysia, Democratic Yemen, Zaire, Côte d'Ivoire, the United States of America, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Finland, China, Colombia, Romania, Canada, Cuba, Brazil, speaking on behalf of the States of the Zone of Peace and Co-operation of the South Atlantic, and South Africa.

In accordance with the decision taken earlier at the meeting, the Council heard a statement by the Vice-President of the United Nations Council for Namibia.

The representative of Mali made a statement, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States.

The President made a statement, speaking in his capacity as the representative of Ethiopia.

# PART III

#### MILITARY STAFF COMMITTEE

#### Chapter 17

## WORK OF THE MILITARY STAFF COMMITTEE

The Military Staff Committee, established pursuant to Article 47 of the Charter of the United Nations, functioned continually under its draft rules of procedure during the period under review. It held a total of 27 meetings and remained prepared to carry out the functions assigned to it under the terms of Article 47.

#### PART IV

MATTERS BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL BUT NOT DISCUSSED IN THE COUNCIL DURING THE PERIOD COVERED

# Chapter 18

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE LETTER DATED 17 MARCH 1988 FROM THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES A.I. OF THE PERMANENT MISSION OF NICARAGUA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Letter dated 19 June 1989 (S/20696) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 14 June from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Honduras.

Letter dated 28 June (S/20705) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note dated 27 June from the Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Secretary of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 12 July (S/20731) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 30 June from the Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Secretary of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 18 July (S/20737) from the representative of Nicaragua addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note dated 13 July from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Nicaragua to the Secretary of State of the United States of America.

## COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING DISARMAMENT

Letter dated 23 June 1989 (S/20702) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message dated 20 June from the President of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR to the leaders of Argentina, Greece, India, Mexico, Sweden and the United Republic of Tanzania on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the Six-Nation Initiative for peace and disarmament.

Letter dated 25 July (S/20749) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting excerpts from a joint communiqué of the 22nd Ministerial meeting of the Association of South-East Asian Nations, held at Bandar Seri Begawan on 3 and 4 July.

Letter dated 25 September (S/20868) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the USSR and the Secretary of State of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint American-Soviet statement of 23 September.

Letter dated 2 November (S/20940) from the representatives of Finland and the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a Finnish-Soviet Declaration signed at Helsinki on 26 October.

Letter dated 1 December (S/21003) from the representatives of Italy and the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint Italian-Soviet declaration signed in Rome on 30 November.

Letter dated 16 April 1990 (S/21252) from the representative of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 25 May (S/21336 and Corr.1) from the representatives of Egypt and the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a Soviet-Egyptian declaration signed in Moscow on 15 May.

# COMMUNICATION FROM SPAIN

Letter dated 28 June 1989 (S/20704) from the representative of Spain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the conclusions adopted by the heads of State or Government of the 12 States members of the European Community at the Meeting of the European Council held on 26 and 27 June in Madrid.

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE TELEGRAM DATED 3 JANUARY 1979
FROM THE DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER IN CHARGE OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
OF DEMOCRATIC KAMPUCHEA ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL

Letter dated 5 July 1989 (S/20717) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a declaration made at Pyongyang on 25 June by the President of Democratic Kampuchea and the text of a press communiqué dated 5 July issued by the three Ministers members of the Co-ordination Committee on National Defence of the Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 5 July (S/20721) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint statement of the Foreign Ministers of the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN) issued at their meeting at Bandar Seri Begawan, on 3 July.

Letter dated 10 July (S/20722) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 5 July by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 12 July (\$/20732) from the representative of France addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued in Paris on 11 July by the 12 States members of the European Community on the eve of the opening of the International Conference on Cambodia.

Letter dated 24 July (S/20746) from the representatives of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued at Phnom Penh on 20 July by the Cambodian National Assembly.

Letter dated 25 July (S/20748) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 20 June prepared by the three parties of the Cambodian National Resistance and the Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchea, under the aegis of the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 25 July (S/20749) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting excerpts from a joint communiqué of the twenty-second ASEAN Ministerial Meeting, held at Bandar Seri Begawan, Indonesia, on 3 and 4 July.

Letter dated 26 July (S/20751) from the representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 24 July by the Government of the Lao People's Democratic Republic.

Letter dated 27 July (S/20753) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a statement issued on 25 July by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 27 July (S/20756) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint statement issued on the same date by the Permanent Representatives to the United Nations of those Member States which are members of ASEAN.

Letter dated 2 August (S/20768) from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council.  $\underline{1}$ /

Letter dated 3 August (S/20769) from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General.  $\underline{1}$ /

Letter dated 2 August (S/20770) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a speech made in Paris on 30 July by the President of Democratic Kampuchea at the International Conference on Cambodia.

Letter dated 8 September (S/20838) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 5 September by the Government of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 15 September (S/20849) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 12 September by the Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 15 September (S/20850) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 6 August prepared by the Department of Press and Information of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 21 September (S/20859) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a declaration of the same date by the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 27 September (S/20864) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an interview granted to the Viet Nam News Agency on 26 September by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 27 September (S/20877) from the representatives of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communication submitted by the delegation of Mr. Hun Sen at the International Conference on Cambodia held in Paris in August 1989.

Letter dated 29 September (S/20878) from the representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a message dated 22 September from Mr. Hun Sen to the Secretary-General.

<sup>1/</sup> See chapter 5 of the present report.

Letter dated 2 October (S/20879) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 29 September by the Government of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 3 October (S/20884) from the representative of Thailand addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 16 October (S/20907) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an interview granted to the Viet Nam News Agency on 15 October by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 1 November (S/20932) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an interview granted to the Viet Nam News Agency on 29 October by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 3 November (S/20948) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 30 October prepared by the Department of Press and Information of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 9 November (S/20958) from the representatives of France and Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press release by the Co-Presidents of the International Conference on Cambodia, issued at the conclusion of the meeting between the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of France and Indonesia on 25 and 27 September in New York.

Letter dated 9 November (S/20959) from the representatives of France and Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued at the conclusion of the International Conference on Cambodia, held in Paris from 30 July to 30 August 1989.

Letter dated 21 November (S/20984) from the representative of Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 19 November by the spokesman for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam.

Letter dated 12 December (S/21021) from the representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the interview granted on 9 December by Mr. Hun Sen.

Letter dated 15 December (S/21027) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of statements issued on 11 December by the President of Democratic Kampuchea and by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 15 January 1990 (S/21081) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a note dated 10 January by the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 15 January (S/21082) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a declaration dated 3 January by the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 15 January (S/21083) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a copy of a videotape and the text of a transcript of that videotape and photographs.

Letter dated 16 January (S/21086) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an open letter dated 14 January from the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 16 January (S/21087) from the representatives of China, France, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the statement agreed to at the meeting of the representatives of the Governments of the five permanent members of the Security Council on the situation in Cambodia, held in Paris on 15 and 16 January 1990.

Letter dated 17 January (S/21090) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 22 January (S/21095) from the representative of Singapore addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Singapore.

Letter dated 24 January (S/21115) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made on 18 January by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Indonesia.

Letter dated 1 February (S/21119) from the representative of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a document dated 29 January prepared by the President of Democratic Kampuchea.

Letter dated 5 February (S/21130) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Declaration dated 3 February by the President of Cambodia, announcing the official change of name as of 3 February from Democratic Kampuchea to Cambodia.

Letter dated 14 February (S/21146) from the representatives of the Lao People's Democratic Republic and Viet Nam addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué issued by a conference of the Deputy Foreign Ministers of Cambodia, the Lao People's Democratic Republic and Viet Nam, held at Phnom Penh on 10 and 11 February.

Letter dated 13 February (S/21149) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the statement agreed to at a meeting of the representatives of the Governments of the five permanent members of the Security Council on the situation in Cambodia, held in New York on 11 and 12 February.

Letter dated 20 February (S/21156) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué of the National Government of Cambodia dated 17 February.

Letter dated 15 March (S/21196) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the summary of discussions agreed to at the meeting of the representatives of the Governments of the five permanent members of the Security Council on the modalities of a comprehensive political settlement of the Cambodian conflict, held in Paris on 12 and 13 March.

Letter dated 27 March (S/21214) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting a compilation of information.

Letter dated 9 April (S/21239) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 4 April of the Democratic Kampuchea Party.

Letter dated 9 April (S/21240) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a new proposal of the same date by the President of Cambodia.

Letter dated 10 April (S/21244) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press statement dated 9 April by the Prime Minister of the National Government of Cambodia.

Letter dated 18 April (S/21253) from the representative of Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a declaration dated 14 April by the President of the Democratic Kampuchea Party and Vice-President of Cambodia in charge of Foreign Affairs.

Letter dated 29 May (S/21318) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a summary of conclusions agreed to at the meeting of the representatives of the Governments of the five permanent members of the Security Council on the modalities of a comprehensive political settlement of the Cambodia conflict, held in New York on 25 and 26 May 1990.

## COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE QUESTION OF KOREA

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 11 July 1989 (S/20723) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of information of 10 July from the Korean People's Army and Chinese People's Volunteers side to the Korean Military Armistice Commission.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 1 August (S/20763) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 24 July by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 28 August (S/20812) circulating the text of a letter dated 25 August from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 21 August by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 5 September (S/20830) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, and its enclosure.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 11 September (S/20839) circulating the text of a letter dated 8 September from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a statement of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, dated 7 September.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 21 September (S/20858) circulating the text of a letter dated 20 September from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 19 September of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 5 October (S/20882) circulating the text of a letter dated 4 October from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 3 October by the spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 9 November (S/20956) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, and its enclosure.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 13 November (S/20964) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 9 November by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 20 November (S/20975) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 2 January 1990 (S/21063) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the Permanent Observer Mission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, and its enclosure.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 24 January (S/21103) circulating the text of a letter dated 23 January from the Permanent Observer Mission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 22 January of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 27 January (S/21171) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 27 February by the Supreme Command of the Korean People's Army.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 7 March (S/21179) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement dated 5 March by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 15 March (S/21195) circulating the text of a letter of the same date from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a memorandum dated 12 March of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 29 May (S/21315) circulating the text of a letter dated 25 May from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, and its enclosure.

Note by the President of the Security Council dated 5 June (S/21343) circulating the text of a letter of 4 June from the observer of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea addressed to the President of the Security Council, and its enclosure.

Letter dated 14 June (S/21358) from the representative of the United States of America, on behalf of the Unified Command established pursuant to Security Council resolution 84 (1950), addressed to the President of the Security Council, transmitting a report of the United Nations Command concerning the maintenance of the Armistice Agreement of 1953 during the period from 1 January to 31 December 1989, together with a special report of the United Nations Command to the Security Council.

# COMMUNICATION FROM THE INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION

Note by the Secretary-General dated 18 July 1989 (S/20736) transmitting to the members of the General Assembly and of the Security Council the text of a letter dated 10 July from the President of the Council of the International Civil Aviation Organization to the Secretary-General concerning Security Council resolution 635 (1989) of 14 June 1989.

#### COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING RELATIONS BETWEEN SENEGAL AND MAURITANIA

Letter dated 19 July 1989 (S/20739) from the representative of Senegal addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a letter of the same date from the Minister for the Armed Forces and Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs of Senegal to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 24 July (S/20747) from the representative of Mauritania addressed to the President of the Security Council conveying the text of a letter from the Minister of Education and Minister for Foreign Affairs and Co-operation a.i. of Mauritania to the President of the Security Council.

## COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MOVEMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES

Letter dated 19 July 1989 (5/20743 and Corr.l and 2) from the representative of Zimbabwe addressed to the Secretary-General forwarding the texts of final documents of the Ministerial Meeting of the Co-ordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Harare from 17 to 19 May.

Letter dated 22 September (S/20870) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General forwarding the texts of final documents of the Ninth Conference of Heads of State or Government of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Belgrade from 4 to 7 September.

Letter dated 6 October (S/20889) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué of the Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs and Heads of Delegation of Non-Aligned Countries at the forty-fourth session of the General Assembly, held in New York on 3 October 1989.

COMMUNICATIONS AND REPORT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 421 (1977) CONCERNING THE QUESTION OF SOUTH AFRICA

Letter dated 25 July 1989 (S/20749) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting excerpts from a joint communiqué of the twenty-second Ministerial Meeting of the Association of South-East Asian Nations, held at Bandar Seri Begawan on 3 and 4 July.

Letter dated 17 August (S/20796) from the Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a decision (Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No.23 (A/44/23), part III, chap. VI, sect. B) adopted by the Special Committee on 15 August and drawing the Council's particular attention to paragraph 6 of the consensus.

Letter dated 21 August (S/20803) from the representative of China addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made on 4 August at Harare by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of China.

Letter dated 31 August (S/20831) from the representative of Canada addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the concluding statement of the fourth meeting of the Commonwealth Committee of Foreign Ministers on Southern Africa, held at Canberra from 7 to 9 August, and an annex.

Letter dated 11 September (S/20844) from the Chairman of the Special Committee against <u>Apartheid</u> addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the conclusions and recommendations adopted by the International Non-Governmental Organizations Seminar on Education against <u>Apartheid</u>, held at Geneva from 4 to 6 September.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 2 October (S/20867) transmitting the report and recommendations of the Panel of Eminent Persons established to conduct the second public hearings on the activities of transmational corporations in South Africa and Namibia, held at the United Nations Office at Geneva from 4 to 6 September.

Letter dated 6 October (S/20889) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué of the Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs and Heads of Delegation of Non-Aligned Countries at the forty-fourth session of the General Assembly, held in New York on 3 October.

Letter dated 12 October (S/20901 and Corr.2) from the Acting Chairman of the Special Committee against <u>Apartheid</u> addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the Special Committee's annual report and its report on recent developments concerning relations between Israel and South Africa, adopted unanimously on 11 October and submitted to the General Assembly and the Security Council in accordance with the relevant provisions of General Assembly resolutions 2671 (XXV) of 8 December 1970 and 43/50 A to K of 5 December 1988. (The report was issued as Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 22 (A/44/22).)

Letter dated 23 October (S/20914) from the representative of Malaysia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Kuala Lumpur Statement on Southern Africa, adopted by the Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting on 21 October.

Letter dated 26 October (\$/20926) from the Acting Chairman of the Intergovernmental Group to Monitor the Supply and Shipping of Oil and Petroleum Products to South Africa addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the Group's report, adopted unanimously on 26 October and submitted to the General Assembly and the Security Council in accordance with paragraph 5 of General Assembly resolution 43/50 J of 5 December 1988. (The report was issued as Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 44 (A/44/44).)

Report of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 421 (1977) concerning the question of South Africa on activities during the period 1980 to 1989 (S/21015), adopted by the Committee at its 91st meeting, on 11 December 1989, and submitted in accordance with paragraph 1 of resolution 421 (1977).

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 January 1990 (S/21109) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolutions 44/27 C, H, I and K of 22 November 1989, entitled "Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa", and conveying excerpts therefrom.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 January (S/21110) drawing the Council's attention to paragraph 14 of General Assembly resolution 44/113 B of 15 December 1989, entitled "Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa".

Letter dated 5 February (S/21125) from the representative of Botswana addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of comments made on 2 February by the President of Botswana.

Letter dated 8 February (S/21142) from the representative of Guyana addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Government of Guyana.

Letter dated 13 February (S/21148) from the representative of Madagascar addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of two messages, dated 2 and 11 February, from the President of Madagascar to the President of South Africa.

Letter dated 14 February (S/21145) from the representative of Haiti addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 13 February by the Government of Haiti.

Letter dated 16 February (S/21150) from the representative of Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 14 February by the Department of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia.

Letter dated 22 February (S/21167) from the representative of Senegal addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement made on 11 February by the President of Senegal.

Letter dated 27 February (S/21173) from the representative of Venezuela addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message dated 21 February from the President of Venezuela to Mr. Nelson Mandela.

Letter dated 16 March (S/21198) from the representative of Madagascar addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a message dated 11 February from the President of Madagascar addressed to Mr. Oliver Tambo, President of the African National Congress.

Letter dated 29 March (S/21224) from the representative of Malawi, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Group of African States, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Lusaka Statement, dated 19 March, of the <a href="Ad Hoc">Ad Hoc</a> Committee of Heads of State and Government on Southern Africa of the Organization of African Unity.

Letter dated 5 June (S/21344) from the representative of Botswana addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of a statement made on 4 June by the President of Botswana and of a statement by Mr. Nelson Mandela, Vice-President of the African National Congress.

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE LETTER DATED 3 OCTOBER 1984 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Letter dated 31 July 1989 (S/20761) from the representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 10 July from the Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Lao People's Democratic Republic addressed to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Thailand.

COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE LETTERS DATED 21 MAY 1984 FROM THE REPRESENTATIVES OF BAHRAIN, KUWAIT, OMAN, QATAR, SAUDI ARABIA AND THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Letter dated 8 August 1989 (S/20776) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of three notes verbales dated 6 July from the Interests Section of the Islamic Republic of Iran in Washington, D.C., to the Embassy of Algeria in Washington, D.C., and enclosures.

Letter dated 2 October (S/20881) from the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of three notes verbales dated 31 July from the Interests Section of the Islamic Republic of Iran in Washington, D.C. to the Embassy of Algeria in Washington, D.C., and enclosures.

REPORTS OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AND COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE LETTERS DATED 17 DECEMBER 1988 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVES OF ANGOLA AND CUBA TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

Report of the Secretary-General dated 11 August 1989 (S/20783) on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (UNAVEM) containing an account of developments relating to UNAVEM since the report of 10 May (S/20625), as well as an account of the manner in which UNAVEM was carrying out its functions in the phase of its operation that came into effect on 1 August (D-Day plus four months).

Letter dated 21 August (S/20799) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 16 August from the President of the Council of State and the Council of Ministers of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 9 November (S/20955) on UNAVEM, bringing up to date the information contained in the report of 11 August (S/20783) and containing information on the activities of UNAVEM prior to and immediately following the inception of the phase of its operations which began on 1 November (D-Day plus seven months).

Letter dated 25 January 1990 (S/21113) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Cuba.

Letter dated 20 February (S/21158) from the representative of Angola addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 19 February from the Minister for External Relations of Angola to the Secretary-General and its enclosure.

Report of the Secretary-General dated 12 April and addendum thereto dated 25 April (S/21246 and Add.1) on UNAVEM, containing an account of developments relating to UNAVEM since the report of 9 November (S/20955), as well as an update on the manner in which UNAVEM was carrying out its functions in the phase of its operations which came into effect on 1 April (D-Day plus 12 months).

# COMMUNICATIONS REGARDING THE QUESTION CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN THE REGION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (ISLAS MALVINAS)

Letter dated 28 August 1989 (S/20818) from the representatives of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued in New York on 18 August by the representatives of the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom.

Letter dated 24 October (S/20915) from the representatives of Argentina and the United Kingdom addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint statement issued at Madrid on 19 October by the delegations of Argentina and the United Kingdom.

Letter dated 21 February 1990 (S/21259) from the representatives of Argentina and the United Kingdom addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint statement issued at Madrid on 15 February by the delegations of Argentina and the United Kingdom.

# COMMUNICATION AND REPORTS CONCERNING THE TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

Letter dated 30 August 1989 (S/20827) from the Acting Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples addressed to the President of the Security Council conveying the conclusions and recommendations concerning the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands adopted by the Special Committee at its 1347th meeting, on 7 August (Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 23 (A/44/23), part VI, chap. IX, sect. B.17).

Report of the Trusteeship Council to the Security Council on the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands for the period from 20 July 1988 to 1 August 1989, communicated to the Security Council in document S/20843 (Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-fourth Year, Special Supplement No. 1).

Note by the Secretary-General dated 9 April 1990 (S/21242), submitted pursuant to paragraph 3 of Security Council resolution 70 (1949) of 7 March 1949, transmitting to the members of the Council the report of the United States Government on the administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands for the period from 1 October 1988 to 30 September 1989, received on 27 March 1990.

# COMMUNICATION FROM THE LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

Letter dated 19 September 1989 (S/20854) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the Secretary of the People's Committee of the People's Bureau for Foreign Liaison and International Co-operation.

# COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY OR BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL RELATIONS

Letter dated 25 September 1989 (S/20868) from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Secretary of State of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint statement of 23 September of the USSR and the United States.

Letter dated 3 October (S/20880) from the representatives of China, France, the USSR, the United Kingdom and the United States addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the Foreign Ministers of the five permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General on 29 September.

Letter dated 2 November (S/20940) from the representatives of Finland and the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Finnish-Soviet Declaration signed at Helsinki on 26 October.

Letter dated 1 December (S/21003) from the representatives of Italy and the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint Italian-Soviet declaration signed in Rome on 30 November.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 February 1990 (S/21155) drawing attention to General Assembly resolution 44/126 of 15 December 1989, entitled "Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security" and conveying excerpts therefrom.

Letter dated 7 March (S/21187) from the representatives of Thailand and the USSR addressed to the Secretary-General, transmitting the text of a joint communiqué between Thailand and the USSR issued at Bangkok on 12 February.

Letter dated 30 April (S/21279) from the representative of Cyprus to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a resolution adopted by the 83rd Inter-Parliamentary Conference, held at Nicosia from 2 to 7 April.

### COMMUNICATION FROM ISRAEL

Letter dated 11 October 1989 (S/20896) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 2 October from the Minister for Environmental Affairs of Israel to the Ministers for Environmental Affairs of States Members of the United Nations.

#### COMMUNICATION FROM MALAYSIA

Letter dated 26 October 1989 (S/20921) from the representative of Malaysia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a communiqué adopted on 24 October by the Commonwealth Heads of Government at their meeting held at Kuala Lumpur from 18 to 24 October.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE ORGANIZATION OF THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE

Letter dated 31 October 1989 (S/20934) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as current Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the final communiqué of the Co-ordination Meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC), held at United Nations Headquarters on 4 October, and the Declaration of the Fourth Extraordinary Session of the Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers of OIC, held at United Nations Headquarters on 4 October.

Letter dated 7 February 1990 (S/21133) from the representative of Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement made on the same date by the Emir of the State of Kuwait and Chairman of the Fifth Summit of OIC on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the establishment of OIC.

Letter dated 22 March (S/21204) from the representative of Saudi Arabia, in his capacity as Acting Chairman of the Islamic Group at the United Nations, addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 20 March by the Secretary-General of OIC.

#### COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING THE SITUATION IN TIMOR

Letter dated 28 November 1989 (S/21022) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 15 December (S/21028) from the representative of Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General conveying the text of a note handed to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Resources of Australia by the Chargé d'affaires of the Portuguese Embassy in Canberra, Australia.

# COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY, ITALY, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS CONCERNING ROMANIA

Letter dated 21 December 1989 (S/21039) from the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany addressed to the President of the Security Council invoking Article 35 of the Charter of the United Nations and requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council.

Letter dated 21 December (S/21040) from the representative of Italy addressed to the President of the Security Council invoking Article 35 of the Charter of the United Nations and requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council.

Letter dated 22 December (S/21052) from the representative of Czechoslovakia addressed to the Secretary-General conveying the text of a declaration made by the Government of Czechoslovakia on 21 December.

Letter dated 25 December (S/21057) from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GULF CO-OPERATION COUNCIL

Letter dated 30 August 1989 (S/20824) from the representative of Bahrain addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press release issued at the thirty-second session of the Ministerial Council of the Co-operation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf, held at Jeddah from 28 to 29 August.

Letter dated 29 December (S/21065) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the Final Communiqué and the Muscat Declaration adopted at the tenth summit of the Supreme Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council, held at Muscat from 18 to 21 December.

Letter dated 8 March 1990 (S/21182) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué dated 5 March issued at the thirty-fourth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council held at Riyadh on 4 and 5 March.

Letter dated 12 June (S/21355) from the representative of Oman addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a press communiqué issued at Taif, Saudi Arabia, on 4 June at the thirty-fifth session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

#### COMMUNICATION FROM FRANCE

Letter dated 30 December 1989 (S/21068) from the representative of France addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the conclusions adopted by the Heads of State or Government of the 12 States members of the European Community at the meeting of the European Council, held on 8 and 9 December at Strasbourg.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM CUBA

Letter dated 17 January 1990 (S/21091) from the Minister of External Relations of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 27 March (S/21210 and Corr.1) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Cuba.

Letter dated 11 April (S/21249) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a letter from the International Frequency Registration Board to the Government of the United States of America, and its enclosure.

Letter dated 30 April (S/21278) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a communiqué of the Ministry of the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Cuba.

Letter dated 29 May (S/21319) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of an editorial published by the newspaper Granma.

Letter dated 29 May (S/21320) from the representative of Cuba addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement dated 7 May issued by a group of Hispano-American Christians.

# COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING RELATIONS BETWEEN THE LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Letter dated 18 January 1990 (S/21094) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter from the Secretary of the People's Committee of the People's Bureau for Foreign Liaison and International Co-operation of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 12 March (S/21185) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the People's Committee of the People's Bureau for Foreign Liaison and International Co-operation of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

# COMMUNICATIONS TRANSMITTING THE TEXTS OF RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS FORTY-FOURTH SESSION

Note by the Secretary-General dated 25 January 1990 (S/21108) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/17 of 1 November 1989, entitled "Co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity", and conveying an excerpt therefrom.

Note by the Secretary-General dated 20 February (S/21154) drawing the Council's attention to General Assembly resolution 44/51 of 8 December 1989, entitled "Protection and security of small States", and conveying excerpts therefrom.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM CHAD, THE LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA AND THE SUDAN

Letter dated 26 January 1990 (S/21114) from the representative of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a memorandum by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chad and annexes.

Letter dated 5 February (S/21126) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a memorandum by the Government of the Sudan.

Letter dated 22 February (S/21165) from the representative of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of an official communiqué issued by the Ministry of Information and Civic Policy of Chad on 19 February.

Letter dated 26 March (S/21208) from the representative of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a communiqué issued on 26 March by the Government of Chad.

Letter dated 29 March (S/21223) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a communiqué of the People's Committee of the People's Bureau for Foreign Liaison and International Co-operation of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

Letter dated 4 April (S/21229) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued on 26 March by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Sudan.

Letter dated 14 May (S/21295) from the representative of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council, and annex.

Letter dated 15 May (S/21296) from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of an official release issued on the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Sudan.

Letter dated 16 May (S/21298) from the representative of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 17 May (S/21299) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the President of the Security Council requesting circulation of the attached text of a letter dated 11 May from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the President of the Security Council.

Letter dated 23 May (S/21333) from the representative of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council conveying the text of a communiqué issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chad on the same date.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM ALBANIA AND YUGOSLAVIA

Letter dated 7 February 1990 (S/21132) from the representative of Albania addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a telegram dated 2 February from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Albania to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 February (S/21163) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a letter dated 22 February addressed by the Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General.

Letter dated 23 February (S/21164) from the representative of Yugoslavia addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting excerpts from the statement made on 7 February by the President of the Presidency of Yugoslavia in the Assembly of Yugoslavia, and from the concluding remarks made on 8 February by the Vice-President of the Presidency of Yugoslavia in the Assembly of Yugoslavia and from the conclusions of 9 February of the Assembly of Yugoslavia.

#### COMMUNICATION FROM INDONESIA AND IRELAND

Letter dated 22 February 1990 (S/21161) from the representatives of Indonesia and Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a joint declaration of the Eighth Meeting of the Foreign Ministers of the Association of South-East Asian Nations and the European Community, held at Kuching, Malaysia, on 16 and 17 February.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM ISRAEL

Letter dated 4 April 1990 (S/21230) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Senegal from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 5 April (S/21231) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Iraq from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989, published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 6 April (S/21236) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Cuba from the <u>Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989</u> published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 9 April (S/21238) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to the Syrian krab Republic from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 12 April (S/21248) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Malaysia from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 13 April (S/21254) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to the Lao People's Democratic Republic from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 18 April (S/21255) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Pakistan from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 19 April (S/21256) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Saudi Arabia from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 20 April (S/21260) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Eurkina Faso from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 23 April (S/21268) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Mali from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 24 April (S/21271) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Mauritania from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 1 May (S/21283) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Somalia from the <u>Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989</u> published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 2 May (S/21284) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to the Sudan from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 3 May (S/21285) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Afghanistan from the <u>Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989</u> published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 4 May (S/21287) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Bahrain from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 7 May (S/21288) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Bangladesh from the Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989 published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 8 May (S/21290) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya from the <u>Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989</u> published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

Letter dated 9 May (S/21293) from the representative of Israel addressed to the Secretary-General, and its annex containing an extract pertaining to Democratic Yemen from the <u>Country Reports on Human Rights Practices for 1989</u> published by the Department of State of the United States of America.

#### COMMUNICATION FROM IRELAND

Letter dated 30 April 1990 (S/21282) from the representative of Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Joint Political Declaration of the Dublin Ministerial Conference on Political Dialogue and Economic Co-operation between the European Community and its Member States, the Countries of Central America and Panama, and Colombia, Mexico and Venezuela as Co-operating Countries, held at Dublin on 9 and 10 April 1990, and the text of the Joint Economic Communiqué issued by the European Community and the countries party to the General Treaty on Central American Economic Integration and Panama, resulting from the Conference held at Dublin on 9 and 10 April.

#### COMMUNICATION CONCERNING THE INDIA-PAKISTAN QUESTION

Letter dated 16 May 1990 (S/21297) from the representative of Pakistan addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting the text of a letter dated 14 May from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Pakistan to the President of the Security Council.

## COMMUNICATION FROM IRAQ

Letter dated 23 May 1990 (S/21330) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement issued by the International Atomic Energy Agency.

## COMMUNICATION CONCERNING THE COMPLAINT BY IRAQ

Letter dated 7 June 1990 (S/21348) from the representative of Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement.

#### APPENDICES

# I. Membership of the Security Council during the years 1989 and 1990

1989

1990

Algeria Brazil Canada China Colombia Ethiopia Finland France Malaysia Nepal Senegal Union of Soviet Socialist Republics United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland United States of America Yugoslavia

Canada China Colombia Côte d'Ivoire Cuba Ethiopia Finland France Malaysia Romania Union of Soviet Socialist Republics United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland United States of America Yemen a/ Zaire

a/ The General Assembly, at the 34th plenary meeting of its forty-fourth session, on 18 October 1989, elected Democratic Yemen as a non-permenent member of the Security Council for a term of office beginning on 1 January 1990. On 22 May 1990, Democratic Yemen and Yemen merged and have since that date been represented as one Member with the name "Yemen".

# II. Representatives and deputy, alternate and acting representatives accredited to the Security Council

The following representatives and deputy, alternate and acting representatives served on the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1989 to 15 June 1990

#### Algeria a/

Mr. Hocine Djoudi

Mr. M'Hamed Achache

Mr. Ahmed Ouyahia

Mr. Amar Bendjama

Mr. Ahmed Benyamina

Mr. Abdallah Baali

Mr. Tewfik Abada

Mr. Sabri Boukadoum

Mr. Soufiane Mimouni

Mr. Abdallah Laouri

#### Brazil a/

Mr. Paulo Nogueira-Batista

Mr. Alvaro Gurgel de Alencar

#### Canada

Mr. L. Yves Fortier

Mr. Philippe Kirsch

Mr. Paul Laberge

Col. Douglas Fraser

Mr. Richard Têtu

Ms. Lillian Thomsen

Ms. M. Gail Miller

Mr. Graham N. Green

#### China

Mr. Li Luye

Mr. Li Daoyu

Mr. Ding Yuanhong

Mr. Yu Mengjia

Mr. Wang Guangya

#### Colombia

Mr. Enrique Peñalosa

Mr. Rafael Rivas Posada c/

Mr. Enrique Gaviria

Mr. Luis Guillermo Grillo

Miss Fanny Umaña

Mrs. Juanita Castaño

Mr. Mario Fernando Pinzón

Mr. Rafael Nieto Navia

#### Côte d'Ivoire b/

Mr. Amara Essy

Mr. N'Zi Nanan Koliabo Anet

Mrs. Djénébou Kaba

Mr. Emmanuel Amon

Mr. Djabia Joachim Anvire

Mr. Kouassi Florent Ekra

Mr. Marc Sery

#### Cuba b/

Mr. Ricardo Alarcón de Ouesada

Mr. Oscar Oramas Oliva

Mrs. María de los Angeles Flórez Prida

Mr. Carlos Rafael Zamora Rodríguez

Mr. Abelardo Moreno Fernández

#### Ethiopia

Mr. Tesfaye Tadesse

Mr. Keffyalew Gebremedhin

Mr. Haile-Mariam Goshu

Mr. Gebre-Medhin Hagoss

#### Finland

Mr. Klaus Törnudd

Ms. Marjatta Rasi

Mr. Yrjö Karinen

Ms. Christel Nyman

Mr. Pasí Patokallio

Mrs. Pia Hillo

Mr. Martti Koskenniemi

Ms. Elina Kalkku

#### France

Mr. Pierre-Louis Blanc

Mr. Pierre Brochand

Mr. Jean-Marc Rochereau de La Sablière

Mr. Jean-Michel Gaussot

Mr. Francis Delon

Mrs. Anne Gazeau-Secret

Mr. Bernard Poletti

#### <u>Malaysia</u>

Mr. Razali Ismail

Mr. Hasmy Agam

Mr. Ghazzali Sheikh Abdul Khalid

Mr. Rastam Mohd. Isa

Mr. Mohd. Kamal Yan Yahaya

Mr. Kamaruddin B. Mohamad Baria

#### Nepal a/

Mr. Jai Pratap Rana

Mr. Mana Ranjan Josse

#### Romania b/

Mr. Petre Tanasie

Mr. Aurel Dragos Munteanu

Mr. Nicolae Micu

Mr. Ioan Voicu

Mr. Nicolae Ionescu

Mr. Dumitru Tanasa

#### Senegal a/

Mrs. Absa Claude Diallo

Mr. Saïdou Nourou Ba

Mr. Ibou Ndiaye

Mr. Mame Balla Sy

Mr. Moussa Bocar Ly

Miss Maymouna Diop

#### Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

Mr. Aleksandr M. Belonogov

Mr. Yuliy Mikhailovich Vorontsov

Mr. Valentin V. Lozinsky

Mr. Sergey N. Smirnov

Mr. Dmitriy V. Bykov

Mr. Alexey B. Podtserob

# <u>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</u>

Sir Crispin Tickell

Mr. John A. Birch

Mr. Thomas L. Richardson

Mr. Christopher O. Hum

Mr. Anthony I. Aust

Mr. Andrew Fulton

Mr. Stewart G. Eldon

Mr. James W. Watt

Mr. Ian C. Cliff

Mr. J. Stephen Smith

Mrs. Helen de C. Taylor

#### United States of America

Mr. Thomas R. Pickering

Mr. Herbert S. Okun

Miss Patricia M. Byrne

Mr. Alexander F. Watson

Mr. M. James Wilkinson

Mr. Robert T. Immerman

Mr. Robert T. Grey

Mr. Robert Rosenstock

#### Yemen b/ d/

Mr. Abdalla Saleh Al-Ashtal

Mr. Hussein Saeed Al-Alfi

Mr. Nabil Khaled Missary

Mr. Abdulrahman Salem Bin Brek

#### Yugoslavia a/

Mr. Dragoslav Pejic

Mr. Slobodan Kotevski

Mr. Milislav Paic

#### Zaire b/

Mr. Bagbeni Adeito Nzengeya

Mr. Lukabu Khabouji N'Zaji

Mr. Kibidi Ngovuka

a/ Term of office ended on 31 December 1989.

b/ Term of office began on 1 January 1990.

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>c</u>/ Representative of Colombia at the 2923rd meeting of the Security Council held at Geneva on 25/26 May 1990.

d/ See footnote on page 153 above.

## III. Presidents of the Security Council

The following representatives served as President of the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1989 to 15 June 1990

#### United States of America

Mr. Thomas R. Pickering (16 to 30 June 1989)

#### Yugoslavia

Mr. Dragoslav Pejić (1 to 31 July 1989)

#### Algeria

Mr. Hocine Djoudi (1 to 31 August 1989)

#### Brazil

Mr. Paulo Nogueira-Batista (1 to 30 September 1989)

#### Canada

Mr. L. Yves Fortier (1 to 31 October 1989)

#### China

Mr. Li Luye (1 to 30 November 1989)

#### Colombia

Mr. Enrique Peñalosa (1 to 31 December 1989)

#### Côte d'Ivoire

Mr. Amara Essy (1 to 31 January 1990)

#### Cuba

Mr. Ricardo Alarcón de Quesada (1 to 28 February 1990)

#### Democratic Yemen

Mr. Abdalla Saleh Al-Ashtal (1 to 31 March 1990)

#### Ethiopia

Mr. Tesfaye Tadesse (1 to 30 April 1990)

## <u>Finland</u>

Mr. Klaus Törnudd (1 to 31 May 1990)

## France

Mr. Pierre-Louis Blanc (1 to 15 June 1990)

# IV. Meetings of the Security Council held during the period from 16 June 1989 to 15 June 1990

Meeting	Subject	<u>Date</u>
2870th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	6 July 1989
	Letter dated 30 June 1989 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20709)	
2871st	Central America: efforts towards peace	27 July 1989
2872nd	The question of hostage-taking and abduction	31 July 1989
2873rd	The situation in the Middle East	31 July 1989
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/20742)	
2874th	Letter dated 25 April 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20606)	11 August 1989
2875th	The situation in the Middle East	15 August 1989
	Letter dated 15 August 1989 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20789)	
2876th	The situation in Namibia	16 August 1989
	Letter dated 10 August 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Ghana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20779)	
	Letter dated 10 August 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Zimbabwe to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20782)	
2877th	Ditto	17 August 1989
2878th	Ditto	18 August 1989
2879th	Ditto	21 August 1989
2880th	Ditto	21 August 1989
2881st	Ditto	22 August 1989
2882nd	Ditto	29 August 1989

Meeting	Subject	Date
2883rđ	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	30 August 1989
	Letter dated 29 August 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20817)	
2884 th	The situation in the Middle East	20 September 1989
	Letter dated 15 August 1989 from the Secretary- General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20789)	
2885th	The situation between Iran and Iraq	29 September 1989
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (S/20862)	
2886th	The situation in Namibia	. 31 October 1989
	Letter dated 18 October 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Kenya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20908)	
2887th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	6 November 1989
	Letter dated 3 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Kuwait to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20942)	
288 <b>8th</b>	Ditto	6 November 1989
288 <b>9th</b>	Ditto	7 November 1989
2890th	Central America: efforts towards peace	7 November 1989
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/20895)	
2891st	The situation in the Middle East	7 November 1989
2892nd (private)	Consideration of the draft report of the Security Council to the General Assembly covering the period from 16 June 1988 to 15 June 1989	17 November 1989

Meeting	Subject	Date
2893rd	The situation in Namibia	20 November 1989
	Further report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Security Council resolution 435 (1978) concerning the question of Namibia (S/20967)	
2894th	The situation in the Middle East	22 November 1989
2895th	The situation in the Middle East	29 November 1989
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/20976 and Corr.1)	
2896th	Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20991)	30 November 1989
	Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/20999)	
2897th	Ditto	8 December 1989
2898th	The situation in Cyprus	14 December 1989
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/21010 and Add.1)	
2899th	The situation in Panama	20 December 1989
	Letter dated 20 December 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21034)	,
2900th	Ditto	21 December 1989
2901st	Ditto	21 December 1989
2902nd	Ditto	23 December 1989
2903rđ	The situation in the Middle East	27 December 1989
2904th	The situation relating to Afghanistan	11 January 1990
	Letter dated 9 January 1990 from the Secretary- General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21071)	

Meeting	Subject	<u>Date</u>
2905th	Letter dated 3 January 1990 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21066)	17 January 1990
2906th	The situation in the Middle East	31 January 1990
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (S/21102)	
2907th	Letter dated 2 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21120)	9 February 1990
2908th	The situation between Iran and Iraq	27 February 1990
2909th	The situation in Cyprus	12 March 1990
	Report of the Secretary-General on his mission of good offices in Cyprus (S/21183)	
2910th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	15 March 1990
	Letter dated 12 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21139)	
2911th	Ditto	15 March 1990
2912th	Ditto	27 March 1990
2913th	Central America: efforts towards peace	27 March 1990
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/21194)	•
2914th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	28 March 1990
	Letter dated 12 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21139)	
2915th	Ditto	29 March 1990
2916th	The situation between Iran and Iraq	29 March 1990
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (S/21200)	i e

Meeting	<u>Subject</u>	Date
2917th	Admission of new Members	17 April 1990
	Letter dated 6 April 1990 from the President of the Republic of Namibia to the Secretary- General (S/21241)	
2918th	Admission of new Members	17 April 1990
	Report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Namibia for admission to membership in the United Nations (S/21251)	
2919th	Central America: efforts towards peace	20 April 1990
2920th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	3 May 1990
	Letter dated 12 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21139)	
2921st	Central America: efforts towards peace	4 May 1990
	Report of the Secretary-General (S/21274 and Add.1)	
2922nd	Central America: efforts towards peace	23 May 1990
2923rd	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	25 and 26 May 1990
	Letter dated 21 May 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21300)	•
2924th	United Nations peace-keeping operations	30 May 1990
2925th	The situation in the Middle East	31 May 1990
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (S/21305)	
2926th	The situation in the occupied Arab territories	31 May 1990
	Letter dated 21 May 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/21300)	

Meeting	Subject	<u>Date</u>	
29 <b>27</b> th	Central America: efforts towards peace	8 June 1990	
	Reports of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (S/21341 and S/21349)		
2928th	The situation in Cyprus	15 June 1990	
	Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/21340 and Add.1)		

# V. Resolutions adopted by the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1989 to 15 June 1990

Resolution number	Date of adoption	Subject
636 (1989)	6 July 1989	The situation in the occupied Arab territories
637 (1989)	27 July 1989	Central America: efforts towards peace
638 (1989)	31 July 1989	The question of hostage-taking and abduction
639 (1989)	31 July 1989	The situation in the Middle East
640 (1989)	29 August 1989	The situation in Namibia
641 (1989)	30 August 1989	The situation in the occupied Arab territories
642 (1989)	29 September 1989	The situation between Iran and Iraq
643 (1989)	31 October 1989	The situation in Namibia
644 (1989)	7 November 1989	Central America: efforts towards peace
645 (1989)	29 November 1989	The situation in the Middle East
646 (1989)	14 December 1989	The situation in Cyprus
647 (1990)	11 January 1990	The situation relating to Afghanistan
648 (1990)	31 January 1990	The situation in the Middle East
649 (1990)	12 March 1990	The situation in Cyprus
650 (1990)	27 March 1990	Central America: efforts towards peace
651 (1990)	29 March 1990	The situation between Iran and Iraq
652 (1990)	17 April 1990	Admission of new Members to the United Nations (Namibia)
653 (1990)	20 April 1990	Central America: efforts towards peace
654 (1990)	4 May 1990	Central America: efforts towards peace
655 (1990)	31 May 1990	The situation in the Middle East
656 (1990)	8 June 1990	Central America: efforts towards peace
657 (1990)	15 June 1990	The situation in Cyprus

# VI. Meetings of subsidiary bodies of the Security Council during the period from 16 June 1989 to 15 June 1990

## 1. Committee on the Admission of New Members

Meeting Date
72nd 17 April 1990

2. Security Council Committee established by resolution 421 (1977) concerning the question of South Africa

Meeting		<u>Date</u>
85th	21	July 1989
86th	14	August 1989
87th	22	August 1989
88th	14	September 1989
89th	27	September 1989
90th	27	September 1989
91st	11	December 1989
92nd	31	January 1990
93rd	6 1	April 1990

#### VII. List of matters of which the Security Council is seized

The complete list of items of which the Security Council is seized, issued pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Council, is published at the beginning of each calendar year. The list issued on 11 January 1989 was contained in document S/20370 and that issued on 24 January 1990 was contained in document S/21100.

## A. As at 15 June 1990, the list of matters of which the Security Council is seized is as follows:

- 1. Special agreements under Article 43 of the Charter and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council
- 2. Rules of procedure of the Security Council
- 3. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee
- 4. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations
- 5. The Egyptian question
- 6. Voting procedure in the Security Council
- 7. Reports on the strategic Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the resolution of the Security Council of 7 March 1949
- 8. Admission of new Members
- 9. The Palestine question
- 10. The India-Pakistan question
- 11. The Czechoslovak question
- 12. The Hyderabad question
- 13. Identical notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General
- 14. International control of atomic energy
- 15. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa)
- 16. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China
- 17. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons
- 18. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare
- 19. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 20. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 21. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 22. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China; letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China
- 23. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888
- 24. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations
- 25. The situation in Hungary
- 26. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria
- 27. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 28. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General
- 29. Complaint of the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union"
- 30. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations, 4 September 1959
- 31. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 32. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 33. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 34. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 35. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 36. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba
- 37. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, the Congo (Brazzaville), the Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, the Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, the United Arab Republic, the Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia
- 38. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security
- 39. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 40. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 41. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council
- 42. Reports of the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen
- 43. Question concerning the situation in Territories under Portuguese administration

- 44. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa
- 45. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 46. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'affaires a.i., addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 47. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia
- 48. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 49. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council and letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 50. Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 51. Letter dated 1 December 1964 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, the Central African Republic, the Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Kenya, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Somalia, the Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, the United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia and Zambia
- 52. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 53. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 54. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 55. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 56. The situation in the Middle East
- 57. The situation in Namibia
- 58. Letter dated 25 January 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 59. Letter dated 21 May 1968 from the Permanent Representative a.i. of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 60. Letter dated 12 June 1968 from the Permanent Representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 61. Letter dated 21 August 1968 from the representatives of Canada, Denmark, France, Paraguay, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 62. Complaint by Zambia
- 63. Letter dated 18 August 1969 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 64. Complaint by Guinea
- 65. The question of initiating periodic meetings of the Security Council in accordance with Article 28, paragraph 2, of the Charter
- 66. The situation created by increasing incidents involving hijacking of commercial aircraft
- 67. The situation in the India/Pakistan subcontinent
- 68. Letter dated 3 December 1971 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 69. Request of the Organization of African Unity concerning the holding of meetings of the Council in an African capital (operative para. 2 of General Assembly resolution 2863 (XXVI))
- 70. Consideration of questions relating to Africa with which the Security Council is currently seized and implementation of its relevant resolutions
- 71. Consideration of measures for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security in Latin America in conformity with the provisions and principles of the Charter
- 72. Complaint by Cuba
- 73. Arrangements for the proposed Peace Conference on the Middle East
- 74. Complaint by Iraq concerning incidents on its frontier with Iran
- 75. The situation in Cyprus
- 76. Relationship between the United Nations and South Africa

- 77. The situation concerning Western Sahara
- 78. The situation in Timor
- 79. The Middle East problem including the Palestinian question
- 80. The situation in the Comoros
- 81. Communications from France and Somalia concerning the incident of 4 February 1976
- 82. Request by the Libyan Arab Republic and Pakistan for consideration of the serious situation arising from recent developments in the occupied Arab territories
- 83. Complaint by Kenya, on behalf of the African Group of States at the United Nations, concerning the act of aggression committed by South Africa against the People's Republic of Angola
- 84. The situation in the occupied Arab territories
- 85. The question of the exercise by the Palestinian people of its inalienable rights
- 86. Situation in South Africa: killings and violence by the apartheid régime in South Africa in Soweto and other areas
- 87. Complaint by the Prime Minister of Mauritius, current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity, of the "act of aggression" by Israel against the Republic of Uganda
- 88. Complaint by Zambia against South Africa
- 89. Complaint by Greece against Turkey
- 90. Complaint by Lesotho against South Africa
- 91. Complaint by Benin
- 92. The question of South Africa
- 93. Complaint by Angola against South Africa
- 94. Telegram dated 3 January 1979 from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 95. The situation in South-East Asia and its implications for international peace and security. [Letter dated 22 February 1979 from the representatives of Norway, Portugal, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council]

- 96. Letters dated 13 June 1979 and 15 June 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 97. Letter dated 25 November 1979 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 98. Letter dated 22 December 1979 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 99. Letter dated 3 January 1980 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Australia, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Denmark, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Fiji, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malaysia, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Uruguay and Venezuela
- 100. Letter dated 1 September 1980 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 101. The situation between Iran and Iraq
- 102. Complaint by Iraq
- 103. Complaint by Seychelles
- 104. Letter dated 19 March 1982 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General
- 105. Letter dated 1 April 1982 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 106. Letter dated 31 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Kenya addressed to the President of the Security Council enclosing the letter dated 18 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 107. Question concerning the situation in the region of the Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas)
- 108. Letter dated 19 February 1983 from the Permanent Representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 109. Letter dated 16 March 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 110. Letter dated 22 March 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 111. Letter dated 5 May 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 112. Letter dated 2 August 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 113. Letter dated 8 August 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 114. Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Observer for the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 2 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of Australia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 115. Letter dated 12 September 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 116. The situation in Grenada
- 117. Letter dated 3 February 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 118. Letter dated 18 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 119. Letter dated 22 March 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 120. Letter dated 29 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 121. Letter dated 21 May 1984 from the representatives of Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 122. Letter dated 4 September 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 123. Letter dated 3 October 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 124. Letter dated 9 November 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 125. Letter dated 28 January 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 126. Letter dated 6 May 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 127. Letter dated 17 June 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 128. Letter dated 26 September 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
  - Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 568 (1985)
- 129. Letter dated 1 October 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 130. Letter dated 6 December 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 131. Letter dated 16 December 1985 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 132. Letter dated 4 February 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 133. The situation in southern Africa
- 134. Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- Letter dated 26 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 135. Letter dated 12 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 136. Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Burkina Faso to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Oman to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 137. Letter dated 27 June 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 138. Letter dated 22 July 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 139. Letter dated 17 October 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 140. Letter dated 13 November 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 141. Letter dated 9 December 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 142. Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Observer of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
  - Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 143. Letter dated 11 March 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Argentina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 144. Letter dated 17 March 1988 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- 145. Letter dated 19 April 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 146. The situation relating to Afghanistan
- 147. Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General
  - Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General
- 148. Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
  - Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 149. Letter dated 25 April 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 150. Central America: efforts towards peace
- 151. The question of hostage-taking and abduction
- 152. Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
  - Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 153. The situation in Panama
- 154. Letter dated 3 January 1990 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- 155. Letter dated 2 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council
- Between 16 June 1989 and 15 June 1990, items 150, 151, 152, 153, 154 and 155 above were added to the list of matters of which the Security Council is seized and, in accordance with a request by the Permanent Representatives of Indonesia and Malaysia to the United Nations in a letter dated 15 September 1989, the item entitled "Letter dated 3 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia addressed to the President of the Security Council" was removed from that list.

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