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 THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA:
 THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND
 SECURITY AND PEACE INITIATIVES

Note verbale dated 26 October 1990 from the Permanent
 Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations
 addressed to the Secretary-General

The Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to transmit the communiqué issued on 25 October 1990 regarding the visit of a Salvadoran verification mission to Managua, Nicaragua.

In this connection, the Permanent Representative of El Salvador requests that this note and its annex be distributed as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 28, and of the Security Council.

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ANNEX

Communiqué dated 25 October 1990

The Government of the Republic of El Salvador considers it necessary to inform national and international public opinion of the following:

1. That in the "Procedure for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace in Central America" (Esquipulas II), the Central American Presidents agreed "to prevent the use of their own territory by persons, organizations or groups seeking to destabilize the Governments of Central American countries and to refuse to provide them with or allow them to receive military and logistical support".
2. That a few days ago, the National Assembly of the Republic of Nicaragua adopted Act No. 112, amending article 546 of the Penal Code of Nicaragua, by adding the following paragraph:

"6. Anyone who, in the national territory, promotes, assists and organizes foreign irregular forces, forms part of them or uses or permits the use of the national territory to promote, aid or provide military or logistical assistance to such forces or to forces organized in another country, through the trafficking, storage and transport of arms, equipment or military supplies; the recruitment, billeting or training of military personnel; or the installation or operation of radio transmitters or television or radio stations, or who in any other way assists or collaborates with them, shall be punished with from 10 to 3 years' imprisonment and the confiscation of the arms, supplies and other property used to commit the offence."
3. That with the authorization of the Government of Nicaragua, a Salvadoran mission carried out a visit to Managua, Nicaragua, in order to verify information provided by FMLN informers.
4. The Salvadoran mission had the full collaboration of the Nicaraguan authorities and, in the presence of those authorities and of members of ONUCA, it found, in one of the places visited, Venceremos Radio propaganda, a large quantity of documentation and modern reproduction and communication equipment (computer, fax and offset). In another place nearby, it also found a Farabundo Martí Radio sign.
5. The documents, which were seized by the Nicaraguan authorities, confirmed the support which the Sandinista Government of Daniel Ortega provided to FMLN, and which certain individuals, members or sympathizers of that group, are continuing to provide, carrying out activities which have been qualified as offences.
6. The Government of the Republic expresses its appreciation to the Government of Nicaragua for its collaboration, and declares that it will continue in its efforts to attain the peace which the Salvadoran people demand.

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