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INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES

OFFERS OF STUDY AND TRAINING FACILITIES UNDER RESOLUTION 845 (IX)  
OF 22 NOVEMBER 1954

Report of the Secretary-General

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ANNEX

Scholarships offered to students from Non-Self-Governing  
Territories under General Assembly resolution 845 (IX)

## INTRODUCTION

1. By resolution 845 (IX) of 22 November 1954 the General Assembly invited Member States to extend offers of facilities for study and training to the inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.

2. The present report is submitted in compliance with paragraph 8 of the above resolution, and resolutions 931 (X) of 8 November 1955 and 1154 (XII) of 26 November 1957. The latter resolution was adopted at the last session of the General Assembly and in its operative part:

"1. Requests Members submitting their observations on the qualifications of the candidates, in accordance with paragraph 5 of General Assembly resolution 845 (IX) of 22 November 1954, and Members which offer facilities, to consider the applications with all possible speed;

"2. Requests the Secretary-General to give such assistance as is possible and as may be sought by the Members concerned and by the applicants;

"3. Invites the offering States to inform the Secretary-General of the use made of the scholarships offered by them;

"4. Requests the Secretary-General to include in his annual reports to the General Assembly, prepared in accordance with resolution 931 (X) of 8 November 1955, information on the action taken as a result of the present resolution."

3. The present report covers developments that have taken place since 2 October 1957; information on the action taken by Members as a result of resolution 1154 (XII) covers the period since the inception of the implementation of resolution 845 (IX).

4. Thus, the report supplements the information supplied to the General Assembly at its previous session<sup>1/</sup> by giving an account of offers to students

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<sup>1/</sup> Official Records of the General Assembly, Tenth Session, Annexes, agenda item 31, documents A/2937 and Add.1-4; Ibid., Eleventh Session, Annexes, agenda item 34, documents A/2937/Add.5, A/3165 and Add.1-4 and Corr.1 and Add.5; Ibid., Twelfth Session, agenda item 35, documents A/3618 and Add.1.

from Non-Self-Governing Territories extended after the completion of the last report. It also contains a survey of further applications received during this period; the awards of scholarships and the use made of them, and some other pertinent points such as observations from the Administering Members and publicity given to the terms of the resolution. The annex attached to this paper lists the scholarships available and gives relevant details.

5. The primary purpose of this report is to inform the General Assembly of developments which have occurred as a result of the implementation of the aforementioned resolutions. However, in the light of the interest shown by the General Assembly and the Committee on Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories in offers and awards made to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories under the existing national and regional schemes, the report also includes a section informing the Assembly of scholarship schemes other than those deriving directly from General Assembly resolution 845 (IX).<sup>2/</sup>

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<sup>2/</sup> Cf. A/3618/Add.1 and Official Records of the General Assembly, thirteenth session, Supplement No. 15 (A/3827), Part One, paras. 70 and 71.

I. OFFERS

6. By a letter dated 16 August 1957, the Permanent Mission of Ceylon to the United Nations had confirmed the announcement made by the representative of Ceylon at the eighth session of the Committee on Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories that the Government of Ceylon had decided to offer three scholarships at the secondary level of education to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories.<sup>3/</sup> The details provided by the Mission in a subsequent letter dated 27 November 1957 include the following: (a) one scholarship at secondary level of education tenable for four years to a candidate who has obtained the Cambridge Junior Certificate or has completed his ninth school year and is between 13-1/2 and 14-1/2 years of age on 1 January of the year of admission; and (b) one scholarship in surveying and levelling and one scholarship in draughtsmanship, tenable for one year each, to candidates who have obtained the General Certificate of Education (Ordinary Level) with mathematics, physics and English, or equivalent qualifications and who are between 17 and 20 years of age on 1 July of the year of admission. In a further letter dated 30 December 1957, the Mission informed the Secretary-General that the Government of Ceylon would meet the cost of board, lodging and transportation of candidates to and from their Territories of origin as well as local transportation, and would defray the cost of books, equipment, clothing and medical care.

7. By a communication dated 9 December 1957, the Permanent Mission of Czechoslovakia informed the Secretary-General that the Government of Czechoslovakia had decided, beginning with the academic year 1958-1959 to increase by five the fifteen scholarships offered by it to students from Non-Self-Governing and Trust Territories.

8. By a communication dated 23 April 1958, the Permanent Representative of Israel informed the Secretary-General of the decision of the Government of Israel

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<sup>3/</sup> See A/3618/Add.1

to grant three scholarships to the inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories in Africa. The scholarships were offered to post-graduate students for a fourteen months' stay in Israel which includes nine months of study in the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, the Haifa Institute of Technology or the Weizmann Institute of Science, in addition to a five-month course in Hebrew, should the applicants so desire. The Government of Israel undertakes to pay the required tuition fees as well as a living expense allowance of 225 Israel pounds a month, and is prepared to consider favourably cases where a contribution to the applicant's travelling expenses would be required.

9. By a note dated 16 January 1958, the Permanent Mission of Brazil informed the Secretary-General that the Brazilian Government had decided to offer, for the current year, two scholarships to students of university or post-graduate level from Non-Self-Governing Territories. The two scholarships would be granted preferably to applicants who wished to specialize in tropical medicine or architecture. These scholarships would carry an allowance of US\$80.00 a month each for a maximum period of nine months. All travel expenses would be borne by the candidates themselves.

10. The Government of Ghana has informed the Secretary-General that the question of scholarships is under consideration.

11. By a communication dated 21 March 1958, the Permanent Representative of the United States of America transmitted supplementary information to the Secretary-General, in connexion with General Assembly resolution 845 (IX), concerning the training programme for students from Non-Self-Governing Territories operated by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in collaboration with the International Cooperation Administration of the United States. This programme is chiefly devoted to technical training of a practical nature rather than to academic study. On 19 June 1957, a new agreement was signed by the Governor of Puerto Rico and the Director of the International Cooperation Administration providing for the continuation of this programme for a three-year period. At present, approximately 150 to 200 grants for training under this programme are being made available annually to inhabitants of Territories in the Caribbean area, and approximately thirty such grants annually for the Near East and African area. The usual duration of a grant is for a nine-month school year period. The fields of training for which most grants are given are auto and airplane

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mechanics, carpentry, diesel mechanics, dressmaking, furniture making, masonry, plumbing, and teacher training for shop supervisors, vocational agriculture teachers, co-operative and farm teachers, home economics teachers, social workers and community education specialists. Grants normally include tuition and related fees of \$600 per year per trainee, subsistence allowance to each trainee of \$240 per month and \$25 to \$120 for purchase of books and materials.

12. Under the Government of India Cultural Scholarships Scheme, fifty-three scholarships are offered for the academic year 1959/1960, of which thirty-six are for indigenous students and seventeen are for Indian students. These scholarships are allocated to Aden, British East Africa (Kenya, Uganda and Zanzibar), British West Indies (British Guiana, Trinidad), Fiji, Madagascar, Mauritius, Nigeria, Northern Rhodesia and Nyasaland.

13. By communication dated 24 September 1958 the permanent representative of the Hungarian People's Republic informed the Secretary-General that the Hungarian Government had decided to grant five scholarships to students from either Trust or Non-Self-Governing Territories. The scholarships offered would enable students to attend all Hungarian universities and faculties and would be available beginning with the current academic year. Scholarship-holders would attend language courses in the first year and would then be admitted to universities. They would have the following benefits during the entire period of study: (a) exemption from fees; (b) free facilities for study; (c) 850 Hungarian forints per month, including the vacation period in summer, from which 238 forints would be paid for board and 50 forints for lodging in students' colleges; (d) occasional grants of 3,500 Hungarian forints for clothing; (e) free medical and hospital care and medical supplies; and (f) round-trip travel expenses from the applicant's place of residence to Hungary. Applications and certificates of previous studies should be sent to the Hungarian Government directly or through the Secretariat of the United Nations at least two months in advance of the commencement of the academic year on 1 September 1959 so as to facilitate the completion of all arrangements and the sending to grantees of airway tickets from Budapest in time. By a further communication dated 21 October 1958, the permanent representative provided additional information regarding the duration of the scholarships. The scholarships would be awarded for four, five or six years, according to the

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field of study: four years are compulsory in the Academy of Arts and Crafts and in the Academy of Fine Arts; five years are compulsory in the University of Technical Sciences, the University of Economic Sciences, the University of Agricultural Sciences and in the Teachers' Training Institute; six years are compulsory in the University of Medical Sciences. Certificates of maturity examinations given by secondary schools in the Latin educational system or by other equivalent high schools and one year of language training in Hungary are required for admission to Hungarian universities. The same benefits are provided for the period of language training as those for the period of university studies. All Hungarian universities are open to students from Trust and Non-Self-Governing Territories. Successive examinations ensure a university degree in each field of study.

## II. AWARDS OF SCHOLARSHIPS AND USE MADE OF THE AWARDS

14. By a note dated 8 January 1958, the Secretary-General drew attention of the offering States to General Assembly resolution 1154 (XII) which, in paragraph 3, "invites the offering States to inform the Secretary-General of the use made of scholarships offered by them".

15. Replies were received from the following offering States: Greece, Poland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Romania, Czechoslovakia, Turkey, the Philippines, Mexico, Yugoslavia, the United States and India.

16. By a note dated 11 February 1958, the Permanent Mission of Greece informed the Secretary-General that the first two beneficiaries of scholarships offered by the Government of Greece should be arriving during the current year.

17. The Government of Poland had granted in 1956 and 1957 scholarships to: Mr. T.A. Seneadze of the then Gold Coast; Mr. M.O.M. Amunikoro and Mr. O. Ayorinde, both of Nigeria; Mr. G.G. Kukada and Mr. W.N.Y. Makwakwa, both of Nyasaland. By note dated 8 March 1958, the Permanent Mission of the Polish People's Republic informed the Secretary-General, in effect, that so far none of the above-mentioned had arrived in Poland.

18. The Permanent Representative of Poland informed the Secretary-General, by a communication of 5 November 1958, that scholarships offered by his Government have been exhausted for the time being and, consequently, no further applications can be considered at present.

19. By a communication dated 27 March 1958, the Permanent Mission of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics informed the Secretary-General that in 1957 the Government of the USSR had awarded scholarships for the full course of study in institutions of higher education in the Soviet Union, including one-year Russian-language courses, to the following six inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories: Mr. F.T. Musopole of Nyasaland; Miss E.L. Morris and Mr. W.C. Wolcott, both of Jamaica; Mr. R. Teemul of Trinidad; Mr. O.B. Oworu of Nigeria; Mr. F.M. Oyangi and Mr. J.K. Theuri, both of Kenya. "Of the above-mentioned inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories", the communication stated "one scholarship-holder, Randolph Teemul, has arrived in the USSR and has embarked

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on the preparatory Russian-language course". The Secretary-General was further informed that Ena Lunette Morris and V.S. Walcott were unable to take up the scholarships awarded to them. The communication added that: "with regard to the other persons who were offered scholarships, they were unable to proceed to the USSR to study because of the obstacles which the Administering Powers placed in the way of their departure for this purpose. In particular such obstacles were raised by the United Kingdom authorities in the cases of ... F.T. Katoba Muzopole, an inhabitant of the Non-Self-Governing Territory of Nyasaland. This is confirmed by an official letter, dated 13 November 1957, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs of the United Kingdom to the Embassy of the USSR in London".

20. In another communication dated 27 March 1958, the Permanent Mission of the USSR stated that the Government had granted scholarships for study in institutions of higher education in the Soviet Union, beginning with the academic year 1958/1959, to Mr. O.S. Omor of Uganda to study at the Moscow Institute of Civil Engineering and to Mr. A.B. Mambwe of Northern Rhodesia to study at the Moscow Institute of Medicine. "The above-mentioned individuals have been enrolled at the appropriate institution of higher education in the USSR and should arrive in Moscow at the end of August, bringing with them documents showing their previous education and a certificate stating that their health permits them to study at middle latitudes in the USSR (in Moscow)".

21. By note dated 28 March 1958, the Permanent Representative of Romania informed the Secretary-General that his Government had granted a scholarship to Mr. D.R. Makulu of Northern Rhodesia to study at the Institute of Medicine in Bucharest.

22. In a note dated 11 April 1958, the Permanent Mission of Czechoslovakia reviewed fifteen applications submitted by students from Non-Self-Governing Territories, up to 1 April 1958, either through the Secretary-General or direct to the Czechoslovak authorities. Another note from the Permanent Mission dated 10 September 1958, reviewed a total of ninety-one applications submitted up to 10 August 1958. According to this note, three students, one each from Madagascar, Nigeria and British Somaliland, had assumed their studies in Czechoslovakia during the academic year 1957/1958. Eleven students, four from

French West Africa, three from Nigeria, two from Kenya and one each from British Somaliland and Jamaica were granted scholarships and were expected to assume their studies during the academic year 1958/1959. Nine other students from Non-Self-Governing Territories were promised scholarships, subject to the availability of vacancies for them. Scholarships granted to two students were postponed on the request of the applicants. Of the remaining applications, some were under consideration either because they were submitted belatedly or because the applicants had failed to supply the required certificates; others were rejected because the applicants did not meet the necessary conditions of education, age and health.

23. By a note dated 19 June 1958, the Permanent Representative of Turkey informed the Secretary-General that, thus far, no one from either a Trust or a Non-Self-Governing Territory was studying in Turkey on scholarship. The Turkish Government would continue to offer two scholarships to students from those Territories.

24. In a note dated 17 July 1958, the Permanent Mission of the Philippines stated, that the scholarships offered to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories had not been utilized.

25. By a note dated 22 July 1958, the Permanent Representative of Mexico informed the Secretary-General that the thirteen scholarships offered by the Government of Mexico to students from Trust and Non-Self-Governing Territories had not been utilized thus far.

26. The Government of Yugoslavia had granted scholarships, in 1956 and 1957, to Mr. J.O. Folarin of Nigeria and to Mr. S.K. Ngcma of Nyasaland. There is no information on the use made of these awards.

27. By a communication dated 3 June 1958, the Permanent Representative of the United States transmitted information on the utilization of educational facilities offered by the United States to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories. Under the Exchange of Persons Programme of the International Educational Exchange Service of the Department of State, fourteen scholarships were actively being taken up during the school year 1957/1958 and the same number were anticipated for the 1958-1959 school year. Under the programme conducted by the International Co-operation Administration in co-operation with the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, between 150 and 200 grants would have been

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taken up by the end of the school year 1957/1958 by students from the Caribbean area. Approximately six grants were taken up during the current year by students from the African Non-Self-Governing Territories under the same programme.

28. By a letter dated 14 August 1958, the Permanent Mission of India transmitted information on the number of scholarships offered to, and utilized by, students from Non-Self-Governing Territories under the Government of India Cultural Scholarships Scheme during the years 1955-1958. Of 156 scholarships offered during this period, 131 were being utilized. These were awarded to students from Aden, British West Indies, Fiji, Kenya, Madagascar, Mauritius, Nigeria, Northern Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Seychelles, Uganda and Zanzibar.

### III. PROCEDURE AND PUBLICITY

29. During the period under review offers of facilities for study and training were handled in accordance with the established procedure. Offers extended within the framework of General Assembly resolution 845 (IX) during the period were communicated to the Administering Members concerned for appropriate publicity in the Territories under their administration and to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization for publication in Study Abroad.

30. In a letter dated 31 October 1958 the Permanent Mission of the United Kingdom made the following comments in connexion with the difficulty encountered in giving publicity in the Territories to certain recent offers:

"A certain amount of difficulty has been encountered by the Colonial Office and territorial Governments in connexion with the United Nations programme of study and training facilities for students from Non-Self-Governing Territories under General Assembly resolution 845 (IX) of 22 November 1954. Although in many cases the information which the United Nations Secretariat passes on to us from the donor Governments about the facilities which they offer is most comprehensive, and for this we are most grateful to the Secretariat and to the Governments concerned, in a few recent cases it has been insufficient as a basis for advertising in the Territories the facilities concerned. We have, therefore, been in the habit of seeking this additional information directly from the Government concerned since, as is known, it is our view that particular offers can usually be best pursued by direct Government-to-Government negotiations of this kind.

"The information which we have sought in this way is factual and will be useful to every prospective applicant in every Territory under the United Kingdom administration. I believe that similar information will be also useful to students in other Territories. We have wondered, therefore, whether the Secretariat would feel able to secure from the donor Governments all the necessary information as soon as it receives notification of the offers and then pass it on to us and to the other Administering Members.

"The United Nations Secretariat is naturally aware of the kind of detailed information required, i.e., the year or years for which the offer is open; the precise conditions of the award, including the extent of the incidental expenses which are covered by it; the minimum qualifications required from applicants; the field and duration of the study facilities offered, the nature of the courses offered, and any degrees to which they may lead. In most cases this information is already provided but, where it is not, it will save a good deal of time in securing applications for the scholarships if it is sought by the Secretariat as soon as offers are communicated."

31. In accordance with paragraph 5 of resolution 845 (IX), applications are also communicated to the Administering Members concerned for observations on the qualifications of applicants before transmission to the offering States. Up to 2 October 1957, 140 applications had been submitted, seven of which were received directly by the offering States. Observations had been received on fifty-three applications. Since that date, 155 applications have been submitted, eighty-eight of which according to the available information were received directly by the offering Governments. Observations were received on forty-one applications, eleven of which had been communicated to the Administering Member before that date. In addition, forty-three applications have been submitted for observations and transmission of these applications to the offering Governments is withheld pending the receipt of observations from the Administering Member on the qualifications of the applicants or the lapse of reasonable time for the receipt of such observations.

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IV. INFORMATION CONCERNING SCHOLARSHIPS MADE AVAILABLE TO THE INHABITANTS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES UNDER NATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

A. Scholarship holders from Papua studying in Australia

32. By a communication dated 1 May 1958, the Permanent Mission of Australia informed the Secretary-General that, on June 1957, the Administration of the Territory of Papua had awarded fifty-four scholarships for indigenous students, twenty-three bursaries for students of mixed races and 206 educational allowances to European students.

B. Scholarship holders from Non-Self-Governing Territories under French administration studying in France on 1 January 1956 a/

French Equatorial Africa	201
French West Africa	1,199
Comoro Archipelago	1
French Somaliland	2
Madagascar	<u>197</u>
TOTAL	1,600

a/ Bulletin de la Direction de l'Enseignement et de la Jeunesse du Ministère de la France d'Outre-Mer (décembre 1956), p. 35.

C. Scholarship holders and private students studying in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland during the academic year 1956/1957 a/

	<u>Scholarship holders</u>	<u>Private students</u>	<u>Total</u>
East and Central Africa	402	933	1,335
West Africa	999	2,287	3,286
Far East	126	1,127	1,253
Mediterranean	146	517	663
West Indies	267	3,243	3,510
Other Territories	<u>103</u>	<u>269</u>	<u>372</u>
TOTAL	2,043	8,376	10,419

a/ Central Office of Information, No. R.3702, October 1957.

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V. INFORMATION CONCERNING SCHOLARSHIPS MADE AVAILABLE TO THE INHABITANTS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES UNDER REGIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

33. On the basis of information provided to the Secretariat during the ninth session of the Committee on Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories, 270 students from the Non-Self-Governing Territories in Asia were beneficiaries of training facilities in Australia provided under the Colombo Plan as at 31 December 1957. One hundred and seventy-seven students resident in these Territories were beneficiaries of Colombo Plan correspondence scholarships awarded by Australia. In addition, twelve students from the area held Australian scholarships under the International Scholarship Scheme. The following tables give the details of these scholarships:

Under the Colombo Plan on 31 December 1957

<u>Territory</u>	<u>In training</u>	<u>Completed</u>	<u>Total</u>
Brunei	2	5	7
North Borneo	41	30	71
Sarawak	31	26	57
Singapore	<u>73</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>135</u>
TOTAL	147	123	270

Under the Colombo Plan Correspondence Scholarship Scheme on 31 December 1957

<u>Territory</u>	<u>In training</u>	<u>Completed</u>	<u>Total</u>
Brunei	5	0	5
North Borneo	42	2	44
Sarawak	20	1	21
Singapore	<u>96</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>107</u>
TOTAL	163	14	177

Under the International Scholarship Scheme

<u>Territory</u>	<u>Awards made</u>	<u>At present active</u>
Singapore	3	-
Sarawak	2	-
North Borneo	3	-
Fiji	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>
TOTAL	12	3

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Annex

Scholarships offered to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories  
under General Assembly Resolution 845(LX)

Offering State	Date of offer	Academic year for which scholarships were offered	Number of scholarships offered	Field of study offered	Duration	Qualifications required	Transportation	Maintenance	Allowances
Urma	17 Oct. 1955	-	4	University, technical or agricultural subjects	1-2 years for graduates, 3 years for others	University graduation or sufficient knowledge of English with secondary school graduation	Round trip paid	250 kyats per month	200 kyats per annum for textbooks
Brazil	16 Jan. 1958	1958-1959	2	Tropical medicine or architecture	nine months	University or post-graduate level	Not paid	\$US80 per month for a maximum period of nine months	
Seylan	19 Aug. 1957	-	3	(a) Secondary education (b) Surveying, levelling, draughtsmanship	4 years for (a), 1 year for (b)	Cambridge Junior for (a), General Certificate of education for (b) Age: 13-14 for (a); 17-20 for (b)	Round trip (a), and local transportation paid	Board, lodging, medical care	Books, equipment, clothing
Czechoslovakia	21 Jan. 1957 9 Dec. 1957	1957-1958	15 a/ Increased to 20 a/	University subjects	4-6 years	University entrance standard	Round trip paid	Board, lodging, supplies, medical care, hospitalization	sum for personal expenses
Greece	7 Nov. 1956	-	2	Agriculture, marine, spinning, weaving, mechanics, radio-mechanics, electricity	2-3 years plus 1 year to study Greek	Completion of elementary education	Not paid	14,400 drachmas per annum for board and lodging	
Hungary	24 Sept. 1958	1958-1959 1959-1960	5 a/	(a) Arts and crafts and fine arts; (b) Technical sciences: mechanical, metallurgical, railroad engineering, chemistry, electricity, mining, textile; economic sciences; agriculture; agronomy, veterinary surgery; teacher training; (c) Medical sciences	4 years for (a), 5 years for (b), 6 years for (c) each preceded by one year language training	Certificates of maturity examinations given by secondary schools in Latin educational system or by other equivalent high schools and one year language training in Hungary required for admission to universities	Round trip paid	850 Hungarian forints per month, including the vacation period, from which 238 forints would be paid for board and 50 forints for lodging in students colleges	Exemption from fees; free medical and hospital care, medical supplies; occasional grants of 3,500 Hungarian forints for clothing
India b/ Scholarships offered under the Government of India Cultural Scholarship Scheme)		1955-1956 1956-1957 1957-1958 1958-1959 1959-1960	49 53 52 58 53	Arts and humanities, sciences, agriculture, medicine, technology, education, law, commerce, forestry, veterinary, science, engineering, etc.	Period necessary to acquire degree, diploma or certificate	Standard equivalent to Senior Cambridge or London Matriculate; good command of English, working knowledge of Hindi advantageous	Round trip paid	200 rupees per month plus capitation, tuition, examination fees	Study tours; medical expenses certified by medical officer or head of institution; trip to holiday or youth welfare camp, approved by Government; 30 Rupees per month as coaching fee for learning Hindi



Scholarships offered to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories  
under General Assembly Resolution 845(IX)  
 (continued)

Offering State	Date of offer	Academic year for which scholarships were offered	Number of scholarships offered	Field of study offered	Duration	Qualifications required	Transportation	Maintenance	Allowances
Iran	19 July 1956	-	2	Iranian history and literature	1-2 years	Knowledge of Persian language	Round trip paid	Board, lodging, medical care	
Israel	23 Apr. 1958	-	3	Post-graduate studies	14 months stay in Israel; 9 months study at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, the Haifa Institute of Technology or the Weizmann Institute of Science plus 5 months' course in Hebrew	Post-graduation	The Government of Israel prepared to consider favourably cases where a contribution to applicant's travel expenses would be required	225 Israel pounds a month	
Mexico	23 Oct. 1956	-	10 a/	Agriculture, teacher training, secondary education	1 year with possible extension	Not specified	Not paid	Board, lodging	
Philippines	12 Sept. 1955	for 10 years	5 3	Engineering High school course	4 years	Not specified	Not paid	Not provided	
Poland	19 May 1956	-	10 a/	All available fields of study	5-6 years	University entrance standard; sufficient knowledge of one European language	2 Round trips paid	750 Zlotys per month; tuition free	Cost cover for books, supplies, rent in student quarters; one allowance for clothing; medical care
Romania	31 Oct. 1956		2 a/ Increased to 5 a/	Medicine, Mathematics, Petroleum and gas	6 years	Not specified	Single round trip and annual travel to vacation resorts paid	690 Lei per month, of which 300 Lei to be spent on board, and 50 Lei for lodging	
Tunisia	10 Dec. 1956	1957-1958	10 a/	(a) Secondary education (b) Agriculture (c) University subjects	1 year; extended automatically for satisfactory scholastic performance	Secondary entrance standard for (a); baccalaureat for (b) and (c)	Round trip from Tunisian border paid	Board, lodging	25,000 francs per month granted to university students
Turkey	12 Sept. 1955 Renewed 19 June 1958	-	2 a/	(a) Handicrafts, arts and humanities (b) Technology, arts and humanities (c) Higher technology, arts and humanities	3 years for (a), 2 years for (b), 2 years for (c)	Primary school graduates not older than 17 years of age for (a); high school graduates not older than 19 years of age for (b); graduates of vocational institutes not older than 22 years of age for (c)	Not paid	A cash subsidy of 125 Turkish liras monthly during the length of the scholarships	A grant of 200 Turkish liras a year for clothes plus 200 liras once in two years for an overcoat and from 30 to 100 for books. The Turkish authorities undertake the payment of tuition fees and medical care

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Scholarships offered to students from Non-Self-Governing Territories  
under General Assembly Resolution 845 (IX)(continued)

Offering State	Date of offer	Academic year for which scholarships were offered	Number of scholarships offered	Field of study offered	Duration	Qualifications required	Transportation	Maintenance	Allowances
United States of America	18 Dec. 1956	1957-1958	91	Research, lecturing, teaching	Not specified	Not specified	Not stated	Amount not stated	
"	21 Mar. 1958	For a 3-year period from 19 June 1957	Approx. 150-200 grants annually to inhabitants of territories in the Caribbean area and approx. 30 such grants for Near East and African area c/	Auto and airplane mechanics, carpentry, diesel mechanics, dressmaking, masonry, plumbing, furniture making	Nine-month school year period	Not specified	Not stated	Subsistence allowance to trainee of \$240 per month	Tuition and related fee of \$600 per year for trainee; \$2 to \$120 for the purchase of books and materials
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	24 May 1955	-	10 a/	Agriculture, medicine, technical and university subjects	5-6 years plus 1 year for study of the Russian language	Completion of secondary education	Round trip and travel to resthome or sanatorium during holidays	Sum sufficient to cover cost of board, material and cultural needs; free lodgings in student dormitory; free medical care	Lump sum for equipment; grant for books and supplies
Yugoslavia	15 July 1955		5	University subjects	Not specified	University entrance standard	Paid from Alexandria, Casablanca or Cairo for African students. Arrangements made on individual basis in the case of other students	Amount not stated	
"	"		5	Vocational and technical	1 year	Not specified	As above	Amount not stated	

a/ Scholarships offered to students from Trust and Non-Self-Governing Territories.

b/ Candidates are advised that information and the application forms for the scholarships offered by the Government of India may be obtained from the Indian representative in, or nearest to, the Territory of the candidate.

c/ Candidates are advised that precise information on availability of grants in any given Territory can best be obtained through the educational authorities of the Territorial Government concerned. Applications are also made through the same channel.