



Meeting of States Parties

Distr.: General
28 March 2013

Original: English

Twenty-third Meeting
New York, 10-14 June 2013

Report of the external auditor for the financial period 2011-2012, with financial statements of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea as at 31 December 2012

(Presented by the Tribunal)

1. BDO Warentreuhand Aktiengesellschaft (hereinafter “the Auditor”) audited the financial statements of the Tribunal for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012 in February 2013 and submitted its report on 15 February 2013 (see annex). An audit of certain aspects of the Tribunal’s operational procedures was also undertaken by the Auditor.
2. It is noted from the report that the Auditor was of the view that the financial statements complied with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal and gave true and fair view of the Tribunal’s net assets, financial position and results of operations. The Auditor also noted that the accounting principles were applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding financial period. The Auditor further stated that transactions were in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal and legislative authority.
3. Financial regulation 12.8 stipulates that “the Tribunal shall examine the financial statements and the audit reports and shall forward them to the Meeting of States Parties, with such comments as it deems appropriate”.



Annex

Report of the external auditor for the financial period 2011-2012, with financial statements of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea as at 31 December 2012

Contents

	<i>Page</i>
I. Audit engagement	4
II. Subject, type and scope of the audit.	4
A. Subject of the audit.	4
B. Nature and scope of the audit.	5
III. Accounting-related findings and explanations	6
A. Propriety of accounting	6
B. Overall conclusion of the financial statements.	7
1. Material measurement bases	7
2. Findings regarding the overall conclusion of the financial statements.	7
IV. Findings from the extended scope of the audit engagement	7
V. The auditor's report.	8

Appendices

I: Financial statements of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012.	10
Statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances	10
Statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balances.	11
Statement of cash flows	12
Notes to the financial statements for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012	13
Financial report for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012.	19
II: Budget performance report for the period 2011-2012	22
III: Status of the 1996-2012 contributions to the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea .	24
IV: Performance reports for grants given to the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea .	31
A. Korea International Cooperation Agency of the Republic of Korea	31
B. Nippon Foundation	32
C. Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea	33
D. China Institute of International Studies	34

V: Audit procedures and results of additional audit scope for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012	35
VI: General engagement terms for Wirtschaftsprüfer (German Public Auditors) and Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften (Public Audit Firms) as well as special conditions for increased liability	39

I. Audit engagement

At the eighteenth Meeting of States Parties to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, held from 13 to 20 June 2008, we were appointed as auditors of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg (hereinafter also referred to as “Tribunal”) for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012. Thereupon, the Registrar of the Tribunal engaged us to audit the financial statements of the Tribunal for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012, in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

In accordance with section 321 (4a) of the HGB (“Handelsgesetzbuch”: German Commercial Code), we confirm that we observed the applicable independence requirements while auditing the financial statements.

The present report is solely intended for the Tribunal.

We have prepared the present audit report in accordance with the German generally accepted standards for reporting on the audits of financial statements promulgated by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer in Deutschland e. V. (Institute of Public Auditors in Germany), Düsseldorf (IDW AuS 450).

The performance of the audit and our responsibility — also towards third parties — are governed by the General Engagement Terms for Wirtschaftsprüfer and Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften as amended on 1 January 2002 and by our special conditions for increased liability in the scope of the General Engagement Terms dated 1 January 2002, as set out in appendix VI. The increase in liability does not apply if a lesser liability limit for a professional service is specified by statutory provisions, particularly with respect to an audit required by law. In this case, the statutory limitation of liability must prevail.

II. Subject, type and scope of the audit

A. Subject of the audit

The subject of our audit included the accounting and the financial statements, which comprise the statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances, the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balances, the statement of cash flows, notes to the financial statements and the financial report of the Registrar, prepared in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

The legal representatives of the Tribunal are responsible for the accounting and the information provided to us. Our responsibility is to evaluate those documents as well as the information provided to us in the scope of our audit.

The scope of the audit was extended with respect to the examination of certain aspects of operating procedures for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012 requested by the Tribunal. The extended audit scope included the following:

(a) Whether the expenses incurred during this financial period are in accordance with the appropriations approved by the Meeting of States Parties;

(b) Whether expenditures incurred have been properly authorized by the party designated for that purpose in the Rules of the Tribunal or the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal;

(c) Whether staff and persons being paid by the Tribunal have been recruited or engaged in the manner provided for in the Rules of the Tribunal or the Staff Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal;

(d) Whether goods and services have been procured in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal;

(e) Whether goods and services which have been procured are necessary or not excessive, having regard to circumstances and the functions of the Tribunal;

(f) Whether the grants given to the Tribunal by the Korea International Cooperation Agency of the Republic of Korea (KOICA), the Nippon Foundation, the Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea and the China Institute of International Studies maintained in separate trustee accounts are administered in accordance with the relevant memorandums and terms of reference.

B. Nature and scope of the audit

We conducted the audit in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal and German generally accepted standards for the audit of financial statements promulgated by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer in Deutschland e. V., Düsseldorf. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit such that misstatements materially affecting the presentation of a company's net assets, financial position and results of operations in the financial statements are detected with reasonable assurance.

Our risk-based audit approach, which also complies with international auditing standards, is based on the development of an audit strategy. The risk assessment thereby required is based on the assessment of the Tribunal's position, the business risks and environment and the accounting-related internal control system of the Tribunal.

While assessing the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, we identified and assessed risks at both the financial statement level as well as at the assertion level. Moreover, we categorized these risks into different types of risks, highlighting significant risks requiring special consideration during the audit and risks for which substantive procedures alone do not provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence. By definition in the auditing standards, significant risks also include the risk of management overriding controls as well as the risk of fraud in revenue recognition.

On the basis of our risk assessment, we determined the relevant audit areas and criteria (financial statement assertions) as well as the key audit areas and developed audit programmes. The nature and scope of the various audit procedures were detailed in the audit programmes.

The audit procedures for obtaining audit evidence comprised tests of controls, substantive analytical procedures and test of details (other substantive procedures).

As key audit areas, we determined the following:

- Audit of the financial reporting closing process
- Design, implementation and effectiveness of the internal controls in the processes relating to contributions and expenditures
- Cash and term deposits
- Contribution receivables from States Parties
- Contributions received in advance
- Surrender of savings from prior years
- Obligations current period
- Major expenditures

In order to audit the accounting-related internal control system over the Tribunal's financial reporting, we initially evaluated the design and implementation of the accounting-related controls. In a second step, we performed tests of controls of selected internal controls in accordance with the key audit areas we determined when planning the audit.

The insights we gained from auditing the accounting-related internal control system were used for assessing the risks of material misstatements in the financial statements and for selecting the nature, extent and timing of the analytical audit procedures and tests of details to be performed for the individual audit areas and criteria.

Sampling was used for performing tests of controls in auditing the accounting-related control system as well as for performing tests of details. The selection of the samples was based on the understanding we had obtained from assessing the accounting-related internal control system as well as our understanding of the nature and extent of the transactions.

In the scope of the tests of details, we obtained bank balance confirmations or statements from the banks of the Tribunal.

We performed the audit in May 2012 (interim audit) and in February 2013 until 15 February 2013.

The Registrar of the Tribunal provided us with all information and evidence requested and confirmed their completeness as well as the completeness of the bookkeeping and the financial statements in a written letter of representation dated 15 February 2013.

III. Accounting-related findings and explanations

A. Propriety of accounting

The financial statements for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012 audited by us are set out in appendix I. In our opinion based on the findings of our audit, they comply with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

The statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances, the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balances and the statement of cash flows were properly derived from the bookkeeping and the audited underlying documents. The opening balance sheet figures were properly carried over from the prior period's financial statements. The recognition, presentation and measurement regulations applicable for the Tribunal were adhered to. The notes on the financial statements include all required disclosures and explanations as well as additional requirements. The financial report is consistent with the financial statements.

B. Overall conclusion of the financial statements

1. Material measurement bases

The accounting policies and the measurement methods are described in the notes to the financial statements (appendix I).

Based on our examination, the accounting principles used by the Tribunal were applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding financial period.

In the following we point out those accounting policies and measurement methods that we believe to be material:

We point out that — consistent with the prior financial periods — expenditures are accounted for on an accrual basis except for those relating to staff entitlements and pension obligations for the judges of the Tribunal which are accounted for on a cash basis. Therefore, no provisions are made for any future liabilities arising from staff entitlements due to repatriation, accumulated annual leave, compensatory time and pension to judges in the financial statements of the Tribunal as explained in the notes to the financial statements (appendix I). The amounts of contingent liabilities arising from accumulated annual leave and entitlements due to repatriation are disclosed as contingent liabilities in the notes to the financial statements. The amounts of contingent liabilities arising from pension scheme costs for judges are not disclosed in the notes to the financial statements since no actuarial calculation of the pension obligations have been prepared yet.

2. Findings regarding the overall conclusion of the financial statements

Our audit has led to the conclusion that, as a whole, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Tribunal's net assets, financial position and results of operations in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

IV. Findings from the extended scope of the audit engagement

The examination of the operational procedures including the administration of the KOICA Grant, the Nippon Foundation Grant, the Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea and the Chinese Grant of the China Institute of International Studies did not lead to any reservation. We refer to our audit procedures and explanations in appendix V.

V. The auditor's report

To the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

We have audited the financial statements, comprising the statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances, statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balances, statement of cash flows, notes to the financial statements and financial report of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg, for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with German generally accepted standards for the audit of financial statements promulgated by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer (IDW). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit such that misstatements materially affecting the presentation of the net assets, financial position and results of operations in the financial statements in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea are detected with reasonable assurance. Knowledge of the business activities and the economic and legal environment of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea and evaluations of possible misstatements are taken into account in the determination of audit procedures. The effectiveness of the accounting-related internal control system and the evidence supporting the disclosures in the books and records and the financial statements are examined primarily on a test basis within the framework of the audit. The audit includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Registrar, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our examination included a general review of the accounting procedures and such tests of the accounting records and other supporting evidence as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on the findings of our audit, the financial statements for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012 comply with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea and give a true and fair view of the net assets, financial position and results of

operations of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea. The accounting principles were applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding financial period. Transactions were in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea and legislative authority.

Basis of accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the notes to the financial statements which describe the basis of accounting.

Lübeck, 15 February 2013

BDO AG
Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft

(Signed) (Beecker)
Wirtschaftsprüfer
(German Public Auditor)

(Signed) (Herbers)
Wirtschaftsprüfer
(German Public Auditor)

Appendix I

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg

Financial statements for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012

Statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances

	<i>Note</i>	<i>2011-2012 (in euros)</i>	<i>2009-2010 (in euros)</i>
Income			
Assessed contributions (appendix III)	3	20 398 600	17 515 100
Other income			
Savings due to cancellation of prior period obligations		108 674	72 713
Gains and losses on exchange		(19 019)	(6 013)
Miscellaneous income		1 833	4 420
Interest income		94 020	94 763
Total income		20 584 108	17 680 983
Expenditures	4		
Total expenditures and obligations (appendix II)		(19 223 375)	(15 829 392)
Excess of income over expenditures		1 360 733	1 851 591
Reserve to finance additional appropriation (SPLOS/200)		0	207 450
Final excess of income over expenditures		1 360 733	2 059 041
Movement in reserves			
Release of 2007-2008 reserves		–	(207 450)
Surrender to States parties in 2009-2010		(2 050 683)	(2 697 836)
Total in movement in reserves		-689 950	-846 245
Fund balances at the beginning of financial period		4 147 931	4 994 176
Fund balances as at 31 December 2012		3 457 981	4 147 931

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg

Financial statements for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012

Statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balances

	<i>Note</i>	<i>2011-2012 (in euros)</i>	<i>2009-2010 (in euros)</i>
Assets			
Cash and term deposits		7 180 873	8 301 309
Contributions receivable from States parties	6	1 035 254	474 332
Tax reimbursements due	6	88 907	134 307
Accounts receivable — others	6	192 531	340 276
Total assets		8 497 565	9 250 224
Liabilities			
	7		
Contributions received in advance		2 543 643	2 089 358
Surrender of savings from prior years		1 885 459	1 921 767
Obligations current period		593 382	912 538
Staff assessment special account		70	38 593
Accounts payable		17 030	140 037
Total liabilities		5 039 584	5 102 293
Net assets		3 457 981	4 147 931
Reserves and fund balances			
	8		
Working Capital Fund		959 132	959 132
Prior period gains reserve		1 138 116	1 129 758
Final excess of income over expenditures		1 360 733	2 059 041
Total reserves and fund balances		3 457 981	4 147 931
Total reserves		3 457 981	4 147 931

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg

Financial statements for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012

Statement of cash flows

	<i>2011-2012 (in euros)</i>	<i>2009-2010 (in euros)</i>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net excess (shortfall) of income over expenditures	1 360 733	1 851 591
(Increase) decrease in contributions receivable	(560 922)	(4 345)
(Increase) decrease in tax reimbursements due	45 400	22 204
(Increase) decrease in other accounts receivable	147 745	(54 997)
Increase (decrease) in obligations current period	(319 156)	442 405
Increase (decrease) in contributions received in advance	454 285	550 641
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(123 007)	140 037
Less: interest income	(94 020)	(94 763)
Net cash from operating activities	911 058	2 852 773
Cash flows from investing and financing activities		
Plus: interest income	94 020	94 763
Net cash from operating investing and financing activities	1 005 078	2 947 536
Cash flows from other sources		
Increase (decrease) in working capital fund	—	—
Increase (decrease) in prior period gains reserve	(2 050 683)	(2 697 836)
Increase (decrease) in surrender of savings from prior years	(74 831)	689 427
Net increase (decrease) in cash and term deposits	(1 120 436)	939 127
Cash and term deposits at beginning of period	8 301 309	7 362 182
Cash and term deposits at end of period	7 180 873	8 301 309

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg

Notes to the financial statements for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012

Note 1

Statement of the objectives and activities of the Tribunal

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (“the Tribunal”) is an international judicial body established by the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (“the Convention”) to adjudicate disputes arising out of the interpretation or application of the Convention. It began its activities in 1996. The Tribunal is open to States Parties to the Convention and, in certain cases, to entities other than States Parties (such as international organizations and natural or juridical persons). The jurisdiction of the Tribunal comprises all disputes submitted to it in accordance with the Convention. It also extends to all matters specifically provided for in any other agreement which confers jurisdiction upon the Tribunal. The Tribunal is composed of 21 independent members elected by the States Parties to the Convention. It is assisted by a Registry consisting of 37 staff members.

Note 2

Summary of significant accounting policies

On 12 June 2003, the thirteenth Meeting of States Parties adopted the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal and decided that they should become effective on 1 January 2004 and apply to the financial period 2005-2006 and subsequent financial periods (SPLOS/100). Pursuant to financial regulation 10.1 (a), the Tribunal adopted its Financial Rules in 2004. The States parties took note of the Financial Rules at their fourteenth Meeting. The Financial Rules became effective on 1 January 2005.

Financial period

Pursuant to financial regulation 2, the financial period which is the subject of the present report is the two-year period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012.

Currency of accounts

Pursuant to financial regulation 11.2, the presentation currency is the euro. The accounting records are also maintained in euros.

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the euro are converted into the euro using the United Nations operational rates of exchange, except for assessed contributions paid in United States dollars. For the contributions paid in United States dollars, the conversion into euros is made of the most favourable rate of exchange available to the Tribunal on the date of the payment, in accordance with financial rule 105.2.

The differences in exchange rates which may occur between the date of recording and the date of settling the transactions are recorded in the statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances as gains or losses on exchange.

Assets and liabilities in currencies other than the euro are revalued at the end of the financial period at the prevailing United Nations operational rates of exchange. The revaluation amounts are recorded in the statement of income, expenditures and changes in reserves and fund balances as gains or losses on exchange.

Income

Income consists of assessed contributions from the States parties. Contributions for the two-year financial period are assessed as 50 per cent in year one and 50 per cent in year two. All other income received by the Tribunal is classified as miscellaneous income and is included as general resources (see note 3).

Expenditures

All the expenditures of the Tribunal are recorded against allocated lines of budgetary appropriation.

Expenditures of the Tribunal are accounted for on an accrual basis, except for those relating to staff entitlements, which are accounted for on the basis of cash disbursements. No provision is made for any future liabilities arising from staff entitlements due to repatriation, accumulated annual leave and compensatory time as well as from pension entitlements of the members of the Tribunal (see note 5).

Assets and liabilities

All funds received are deposited into the Tribunal's bank accounts, including those under special account arrangements, and are reflected as cash holdings. Non-expendable equipment (especially computer hardware and software) is not included in the assets, but is charged against the current appropriations when acquired. A separate listing of non-expendable equipment is maintained for control purposes. Assets are valued at nominal value. Liabilities are valued at the repayment amount.

Working Capital Fund

The eighth Meeting of States Parties, held in 1998, authorized the establishment of a working capital fund to ensure continuity of operation in the event of temporary shortfalls in funds, and to provide the Tribunal with the necessary financial means to dispose of cases, in particular those involving urgent proceedings.

For the purposes of the Tribunal, an amount of approximately 8 per cent of its annual budget (4 per cent of its biennial budget) is considered appropriate in line with United Nations practice. The current amount available to the Tribunal is €542,118, which was converted from \$650,000 in November 2005, in accordance with the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal.

The current level of €542,118 represents 2.55 per cent of the approved budget of the Tribunal for 2013-2014. An adequate level in the Working Capital Fund would be €849,565 (4 per cent of the biennial budget). However, to minimize increases in the 2013-2014 budget, no increase of the Working Capital Fund was included in the budget proposals for 2013-2014 submitted to the Meeting of States Parties in 2012.

In addition to the \$650,000 referred to above, the twelfth Meeting of States Parties, held in 2002, approved, on an exceptional basis, the appropriation of \$500,000 (being part of the savings from the financial period 2001) to the Working Capital Fund of the Tribunal, in order to provide the Tribunal with the necessary financial means, in the event of temporary shortfalls in funds, to deal with cases whenever the cost could not be met from case-related costs or from the transfer of funds between appropriation sections (SPLOS/L.28). This amount was converted into €417,014 in November 2005, in accordance with the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal.

The Working Capital Fund currently stands at €959,132.

Note 3

Income

The Tribunal's income in the financial period 2011-2012 totalled €20,584,108. Income includes contributions from 164 States parties (including the European Union) totalling €20,398,600, and other net income from different sources.

Total income also includes:

- (a) Interest income of €94,020 earned on deposit accounts;
- (b) Savings due to the cancellation of prior period obligations, in the amount of €108,674;
- (c) A net loss of €19,019 from gains and losses on exchange resulting from foreign currency transactions and revaluations of foreign currency account balances;
- (d) Net miscellaneous income of €1,833, which includes sales of the Tribunal's ties/scarves/pins, prior period adjustments, refunds from the water supplier and losses from non-refundable tax claims.

Note 4

Expenditure

The budget for the financial period 2011-2012, in the amount of €20,398,600, was approved by the twentieth Meeting of States Parties, held in June 2010 (SPLOS/217).

Budget estimates for staff salaries and judges' allowances were based on the United States dollar to euro exchange rate of 0.741 in March 2010. By the end of the financial period, the exchange rate between the United States dollar and the euro was 0.754. This represents a decrease of 1.72 per cent in the value of the euro against the United States dollar. However, this had no significant impact on the expenditure of the Tribunal, since most expenditures were made in euros, and payments to judges and staff members were subject to an adjustment mechanism that has the effect of largely absorbing the fluctuations of the United States dollar against the euro.

Expenditure for the financial period 2011-2012 totalled €19,233,375.

The total expenditure recorded in section 1, "Judges", amounts to €4,932,582.

This amount is within the initial appropriation of €5,022,500 for section 1, “Judges”. Overexpenditures, however, occurred in the budget lines “annual allowance” and “special allowances”.

The overexpenditure under “annual allowance” in the amount of €133,422 is attributable mainly to the fact that two judges whose term of office ended in September 2011 continued to sit in case No. 16 in accordance with the Rules of the Tribunal, from 1 October 2011 until March 2012. During that period those two judges received annual allowances while the payment of their pension was suspended. Another factor which explains the overexpenditure is the fact that the remuneration of judges was revised twice during the financial period concerned, in 2011 and 2012. It should further be noted that the Meeting of States Parties decided to revise the special allowance for the President from \$15,000 to \$25,000 per annum for the period from July to December 2012. This special allowance is charged against the budget line “annual allowance”.

The overexpenditure under the budget line “special allowances” in the amount of €33,814 is attributable mainly to the increase in the daily subsistence allowance rate for Hamburg from €247, which was used in the 2011-2012 budget appropriations, to €255, effective 1 November 2010 and, then to €317, effective 1 October 2011.

The above overexpenditures totalling €167,236 were fully absorbed by the redeployment of appropriations within the section “Judges”. As a result this section shows a final balance of €89,918.

Section 3, “representation allowance”, shows an overexpenditure of €105, which is attributable entirely to the depreciation of the euro against the United States dollar during the financial period. The budget line “miscellaneous services and charges (including bank charges)” under section 6, “operating expenditures”, also shows an overexpenditure of €4,506. The overexpenditure is caused by the increasing charges levied by the banks on international transactions as well as the higher volume of transactions during the last financial period compared with previous financial periods. This overexpenditure was fully absorbed by the redeployment of appropriations within section 6, “operating expenditures”. Section 6 shows savings in the amount of €29,340.

Note 5

Contingent liability

A net contingent liability for staff benefits at 31 December 2012, amounting to €509,904, consists of the following:

<i>Contingent liability</i>	<i>Amount (in euros)</i>
Accumulated annual leave	284 690
Entitlement due to repatriation	225 214
Total	509 904

All contingent expenditures will be charged against the budget appropriations in the period when actual payments are made. A record of all commitments for future periods, which are to constitute the first charges against relevant

appropriations once these are approved by the Meeting of States Parties, is maintained in the financial statements. In accordance with the Staff Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal, the contingent liability reflected above is based on net remuneration.

In addition to the above contingent liabilities, there is a liability for pension plan costs for the elected members of the Tribunal. However, these expenditures are charged against the budget appropriations in the period when actual payments are made.

Note 6

Accounts receivable

Contributions receivable from States parties as at 31 December 2012 total €1,035,254, as detailed below. The amount overdue from assessed contributions for the financial period 2011-2012 totals €826,852. The Tribunal has maintained its collection efforts, resulting in a reduction of overdue balances with respect to the financial periods 1996-1997 to 2009-2010. The amount of outstanding contributions for the financial periods 1996-1997 to 2009-2010 currently stands at €208,402. This amount is less by €265,930, compared with €474,332 as at 31 December 2010.

<i>Year of assessment</i>	<i>31 December 2012 amount (in euros)</i>	<i>31 December 2010 amount (in euros)</i>
1996/97	6 021	6 692
1998	1 567	2 393
1999	2 991	3 673
2000	8 427	9 216
2001	10 596	11 430
2002	10 942	11 687
2003	7 673	8 460
2004	7 037	7 824
2005	14 340	17 460
2006	18 728	27 997
2007	21 922	34 057
2008	22 788	37 201
2009	25 435	42 561
2010	49 935	253 681
2011	282 215	
2012	544 637	
Total	1 035 254	474 332

“Tax reimbursements due”, amounting to €88,907, represent mainly refunds of value added tax.

“Accounts receivable — others”, amounting to €192,531, include education grant advances paid to staff, travel advances paid in connection with case No. 20 in

December 2012, other amounts due from staff or from the German authorities (Premises Agreement) and some minor miscellaneous charges.

Note 7
Liabilities

The liabilities of the Tribunal as at 31 December 2012 include:

- (a) Contributions received in advance from States parties for the budget period 2013-2014 (€2,543,643);
- (b) Remaining cash surplus from the 2005-2006 financial period, amounting to €2,956, which will be surrendered once the States parties concerned have contributed in full for the financial period 2005-2006 (SPLOS/180);
- (c) Savings amounting to €7,174 from the 2007-2008 financial period, which will be surrendered once the States parties concerned have contributed in full to the financial period 2007-2008 (SPLOS/203 and SPLOS/217);
- (d) Savings amounting to €1,875,329 from the 2009-2010 financial period, which were surrendered in 2012 and deducted from the contributions of the States parties to the 2013 budget (SPLOS/250);
- (e) Obligations arising from goods and services procured in the financial period 2011-2012 (€593,382);
- (f) The remaining amount (€70) from the staff assessment special account, which was maintained for the purpose of reimbursing national taxes;
- (g) Payable accounts totalling €17,030.

Note 8
Funds and reserves

The Working Capital Fund currently stands at €959,132. This corresponds to the equivalent euro amount envisaged in the decision of the eleventh Meeting of States Parties (SPLOS/70). As reported to the Meeting of States Parties in June 2006, this sum was converted from \$1,150,000 to €959,132 on 8 November 2005.

The prior period gains and reserves stand at €1,138,116 and represent the excess of income over expenditures from previous financial periods, 1996-1997 to 2009-2010, in accordance with regulation 4 of the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal.

The initial reserve balance at 1 January 2011 was €1,851,591 (savings from the 2009-2010 budget). From this balance, an amount of €176,704 was surrendered and deducted on an anticipatory basis from the assessed contributions of the States parties for 2012 (see SPLOS/224).

Following an interim audit, which confirmed the final cash surplus in February 2012, a further amount of €1,873,979 was surrendered and deducted from the assessed contributions of the States parties for 2013 (see SPLOS/251).

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg

Financial report for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012

Introduction

1. The Registrar of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea submits herewith the financial report for the period 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012, being the twelfth financial period and report.

2. The financial report includes the statement on income, expenditure and changes in reserves and fund balances for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012 (appendix I); the statement of assets, liabilities, reserves and fund balances as at 31 December 2012 (appendix I); the statement of cash flows for the biennium 2011-2012 (appendix I); the expenditure report for the period 2011-2012 (appendix II); and the status of contributions to the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea for the period 1996-2012 (appendix III). Appendices I, II and III are provided in order to facilitate the review of the report by States parties. The statements are in compliance with the Tribunal's Financial Regulations and Rules and are in line with formats agreed for the harmonization of the accounts of agencies and organizations in the United Nations common system. The financial report shows the financial results of the Tribunal's activities in 2011 and 2012. Elements of particular importance are summarized in the paragraphs below.

3. The cash balance of €7,180,873 as at 31 December 2012 represents a decrease compared with the cash balance at the end of 2009-2010, which stood at €8,301,309. This decrease resulted from an increased utilization of the 2011-2012 budget compared with that of the 2009-2010 budget as well as from a slight reduction in the collection of contributions from States parties.

Income

4. Income in the financial period 2011-2012 included assessed contributions amounting to €20,398,600 from 164 States parties (including the European Union). Of the total amount of contributions for the financial period 2011-2012, €826,852 is outstanding as at 31 December 2012. The balance of unpaid contributions with respect to the overall budget of the Tribunal (1996-1997 to 2011-2012) amounted to €1,035,254 on that date. In addition, other net income from various sources, such as interest income and the cancellation of prior period obligations after adjustments for exchange rate differences and miscellaneous losses, totalled €185,508.

5. With regard to the previous budgets of the Tribunal, the following amounts were still pending: €6,021 for 1996-1997; €1,567 for 1998; €2,991 for 1999; €8,427 for 2000; €10,596 for 2001; €10,942 for 2002; €7,673 for 2003; €7,037 for 2004; €14,340 for 2005; €18,728 for 2006; €21,922 for 2007; €22,788 for 2008; €25,435 for 2009; and €49,935 for 2010. The balance of unpaid contributions with respect to the overall budgets of the Tribunal (1996-1997 to 2011-2012) therefore amounts to €1,035,254. No provision for doubtful accounts receivable for the overdue balances is envisaged under the Tribunal's Financial Regulations and Rules.

Expenditure

6. The expenditures of the Tribunal for the financial period 2011-2012 totalled €19,223,375, which corresponds to 94.24 per cent of the budget for the period (€20,398,600). This performance can be explained by the optimum use of resources based on an increased judicial workload. It may be noted that, during the financial period 2011-2012, the Tribunal held the hearing, the initial deliberations and the meeting of the Drafting Committee in case No. 18, a case on the merits which was filed in November 2010. In addition, one urgent request for provisional measures in case No. 20 was submitted to the Tribunal in November 2012 and dealt with by the Tribunal in December 2012.

7. Under “Staff costs”, savings amounting to €384,905 were made owing mainly to vacant positions in the Registry during the period in question.

8. Under part C, “Case-related costs”, savings amounted to €640,886. These savings were attributable largely to the fact that, while the 2011-2012 budget provided for the costs relating to case No. 16 and three urgent proceedings, during the financial period the Tribunal dealt with case No. 16 and one request for provisional measures (case No. 20), and held the hearing and the initial deliberations in case No. 18. Savings were also able to be achieved by scheduling judicial meetings of the Tribunal in conjunction with the regular meetings of the Tribunal on non-judicial matters. This resulted in savings of €230,438 under the budget line “Travel to meetings”.

9. The performance rate of the 2011-2012 budget, stands at 94.24 per cent. It is noted that, if case-related costs are excluded, the performance rate for other costs would be 96.64 per cent.

Special accounts

10. In accordance with the information communicated to the Meeting of States Parties in June 2011 (see SPLOS/224), an amount of €38,593, corresponding to the amount set aside to reimburse officials of the Tribunal who would be obliged to pay national taxes in respect of their remuneration paid by the Tribunal in 2004 and subsequent years, and an amount of €176,704, corresponding to the unused balance of the 2009-2010 additional appropriation of €207,450, were surrendered and deducted from the assessed contributions of the States parties for 2012, in accordance with regulation 4 of the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal.

11. In accordance with the decision of the Meeting of States Parties adopted in June 2012 (SPLOS/250), an amount of €1,873,979, corresponding to the surplus from the financial period 2009-2010, will be surrendered and deducted from the 2013 contributions of States parties, in accordance with financial regulation 4.

12. Following the signing of a memorandum of understanding between the Tribunal and the Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA) on 9 March 2004, a trust fund, known as the KOICA Grant, was set up to support the Tribunal’s internship programme and provide financial assistance for interns from developing countries.

13. The Grant was initially funded in the sum of \$150,000 (converted into €120,600). In March 2006 the Tribunal received a further contribution amounting to \$100,000 from KOICA, which was converted into €84,400. KOICA made several subsequent contributions to the Grant: in February 2007, €213,645; in May 2008,

€128,400; and in June 2009, €80,000. At the beginning of the financial period 2011-2012, the total reserves of the fund amounted to €35,204. As at 31 December 2012, all reserves were used and the KOICA Grant was closed in July 2012. The audited financial statement for the KOICA Grant will be circulated at the Meeting of States Parties in June 2013.

14. The Nippon Foundation Grant was established in March 2007, following the signature of the Nippon Foundation Grant Agreement. Pursuant to the Agreement between the Tribunal and the Nippon Foundation, the Foundation contributed an amount of €200,000 to the Nippon Foundation's International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea capacity-building and training programme on dispute settlement under the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea. In accordance with regulation 6.5 of the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal, a trust fund was subsequently established and a special euro bank account named "Nippon Foundation Grant" was set up with Deutsche Bank.

15. In March 2008, the Nippon Foundation made a second contribution to the Grant in the amount of €200,000, a third in the same amount in March 2009, and three more contributions in the amount of €230,000 each in March 2010, March 2011 and March 2012. At the beginning of the financial period 2011-2012, the total reserves of the fund amounted to €208,142. As at 31 December 2012, the balance of total reserves was €236,308. The audited financial statement for the Nippon Foundation Grant will be circulated at the Meeting of States Parties in June 2013.

16. Pursuant to regulation 6.5 of its Financial Regulations, the Tribunal established a trust fund for the law of the sea in October 2009. The Trust Fund is intended to promote the advancement of human resources in developing countries in the law of the sea and maritime affairs in general. The first contribution to the Trust Fund, in the amount of €25,000, was made in 2010 by Korwind, a Hamburg-based Korean company working in the field of renewable energy. A second and third contribution of €15,000 each from the Korea Maritime Institute, were made in October 2011 and December 2012, respectively. Since July 2012 the Trust Fund has been used to support the Tribunal's internship programme and provide financial assistance to interns from developing countries. As at 31 December 2012, the balance of total reserves stood at €39,992. The audited financial statement for the Trust Fund will be circulated at the Meeting of States Parties in June 2013.

17. Following the signing of a memorandum of understanding between the Tribunal and the China Institute of International Studies (CIIS), on 3 May 2012, a trust fund — designated as the CIIS Grant — was set up to support the Tribunal's internship programme, the summer academy of the International Foundation for the Law of the Sea and other projects including regional workshops. As at 31 December 2012, the balance of total reserves was €79,005. The audited financial statement for the CIIS Grant will be circulated at the Meeting of States Parties in June 2013.

Institutional arrangements

18. The financial records of the Tribunal have been maintained in the network version of the Sun computerized accounting system.

(Signed) Philippe **Gautier**
Registrar

Appendix II

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

Budget performance report for the period 2011-2012

(In euros)

		2011-2012 approved budget	2011 expenditure (as at 31/12/2011)	2012 disbursement (as at 31/12/2012)	2011-2012 total expenditure (as at 31/12/2012)	Balance	Total expenditure as a percentage of approved budget	
Part/ section	Objects of expenditure							
1	A Recurrent expenditure							1
2	1 Judges	5 022 500	2 364 322	2 568 260	4 932 582	89 918		2
3	Annual allowances	2 931 100	1 537 336	1 527 186	3 064 522	-133 422	104.55	3
4	Special allowances	778 700	361 002	451 512	812 514	-33 814	104.34	4
5	Travel to session	277 500	126 484	101 803	228 287	49 213	82.27	5
6	Judges' pension scheme	901 300	296 325	416 268	712 593	188 707	79.06	6
7	Common costs	133 900	43 175	71 491	114 666	19 234	85.64	7
8								8
9	2 Staff costs	7 333 900	3 384 853	3 564 142	6 948 995	384 905		9
10	Established posts	4 866 800	2 364 591	2 263 937	4 628 528	238 272	95.10	10
11	Common staff costs	2 034 200	863 033	1 066 503	1 929 536	104 664	94.85	11
12	Overtime	32 400	15 024	14 554	29 578	2 822	91.29	12
13	Temporary assistance for meetings	210 300	78 731	115 507	194 238	16 062	92.36	13
14	General temporary assistance	118 100	34 991	66 413	101 404	16 696	85.86	14
15	Training	72 100	28 483	37 228	65 711	6 389	91.14	15
16	3 Representation allowance	11 300	5 495	5 910	11 405	-105	100.93	16
17	4 Official travel	185 300	48 863	126 453	175 316	9 984	94.61	17
18	5 Hospitality	13 900	4 157	7 934	12 091	1 809	86.99	18
19	6 Operating expenditures	2 833 100	1 213 152	1 590 608	2 803 760	29 340		19
20	Maintenance of premises (including security)	2 099 100	901 656	1 185 934	2 087 590	11 510	99.45	20
21	Rental and maintenance of equipment	361 400	166 584	183 746	350 330	11 070	96.94	21
22	Communications	197 200	77 957	109 166	187 123	10 077	94.89	22
23	Miscellaneous services and charges (including bank charges)	40 000	21 997	22 509	44 506	-4 506	111.27	23

<i>Part/ section</i>	<i>Objects of expenditure</i>	<i>2011-2012 approved budget</i>	<i>2011 expenditure (as at 31/12/2011)</i>	<i>2012 disbursement (as at 31/12/2012)</i>	<i>2011-2012 total expenditure (as at 31/12/2012)</i>	<i>Balance</i>	<i>Total expenditure as a percentage of approved budget</i>	
24	Supplies and materials	123 900	44 958	78 803	123 761	139	99.89	24
25	Special services (external audit)	11 500	0	10 450	10 450	1 050	90.87	25
26	7 Library and related costs	324 600	116 043	200 689	316 732	7 868		26
27	Library — procurement of books and publications	234 600	103 924	129 133	233 057	1 543	99.34	27
28	External printing and binding	90 000	12 119	71 556	83 675	6 325	92.97	28
29								29
30	B Non-recurrent expenditure							30
31	8 Furniture and equipment							31
32	Purchase of equipment	154 800	25 299	118 881	144 180	10 620	93.14	32
33								33
34	C Case-related costs	4 519 200	1 369 635	2 508 679	3 878 314	640 886	85.82	34
35	10 Judges	3 309 000	897 384	1 826 016	2 723 400	585 600	82.30	35
36	Special allowances	2 685 100	773 657	1 598 063	2 371 720	313 380	88.33	36
37	Compensation to judges ad hoc	246 200	95 880	108 538	204 418	41 782	83.03	37
38	Travel to meetings including judges ad hoc	377 700	27 847	119 415	147 262	230 438	38.99	38
39	11 Staff costs	1 210 200	472 251	682 663	1 154 914	55 286	95.43	39
40	Temporary assistance for meetings	1 142 700	453 708	654 933	1 108 641	34 059	97.02	40
41	Overtime	67 500	18 543	27 730	46 273	21 227	68.55	41
42	12 Miscellaneous	0	0		0	0		42
43								43
44	D Working Capital Fund	0	0		0	0		44
45								45
46	Total	20 398 600	8 531 819	10 691 556	19 223 375	1 175 225	94.24	46

Appendix III

Status of 1996-2012 contributions to the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

(In euros)

31 December 2012

States parties	2012 scale of assessments (percentage)	Contributions assessed				Collections	Contributions outstanding				Credits forwarded to 2013
		Previous financial periods (1996-2008)	Last financial period 2009-2010	Current financial period ^a 2011-2012	Total ^a		Previous financial periods ^b (1996-2008)	Last financial period (2009-2010)	Current financial period ^c (2011-2012)	Total ^c outstanding	
Albania	0.0132	4 052	1 736	2 669	8 457	7 336	0	0	1 121	1 121	0
Algeria	0.1688	90 044	19 371	34 155	143 570	143 768	0	0	(198)	(198)	(198)
Angola	0.0132	8 450	1 736	2 669	12 855	11 725	0	0	1 130	1 130	0
Antigua and Barbuda	0.0100	6 794	1 736	2 022	10 552	9 734	0	0	819	819	0
Argentina	0.3785	918 988	74 067	76 582	1 069 637	1 069 643	0	0	(6)	(6)	(6)
Armenia	0.0100	4 307	1 736	2 022	8 065	8 087	0	0	(22)	(22)	(22)
Australia	2.5493	1 629 156	407 252	515 794	2 552 202	2 777 090	0	0	(224 888)	(224 888)	(224 888)
Austria	1.1223	931 433	202 144	227 077	1 360 654	1 360 672	0	0	(18)	(18)	(18)
Bahamas	0.0237	14 671	3 647	4 803	23 121	25 227	0	0	(2 107)	(2 107)	(2 107)
Bahrain	0.0514	24 277	7 520	10 407	42 204	42 186	0	0	18	18	0
Bangladesh	0.0132	6 997	2 279	2 669	11 945	10 798	0	0	1 147	1 147	0
Barbados	0.0106	9 392	2 051	2 135	13 578	13 358	0	0	219	219	0
Belarus	0.0554	5 431	4 558	11 207	21 196	26 542	0	0	(5 346)	(5 346)	(5 346)
Belgium	1.4177	991 234	251 142	286 848	1 529 224	1 529 247	0	0	(23)	(23)	(23)
Belize	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	9 858	0	0	559	559	0
Benin	0.0100	6 151	1 736	2 022	9 909	4 662	1 490	1 736	2 022	5 248	0
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.0100	8 439	1 736	2 022	12 197	12 197	0	0	0	0	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.0185	7 270	1 736	3 736	12 742	12 742	0	0	0	0	0
Botswana	0.0237	11 443	3 190	4 803	19 436	17 074	0	0	2 362	2 362	0
Brazil	2.1246	1 637 686	199 638	429 872	2 267 196	1 871 873	0	0	395 323	395 323	0
Brunei Darussalam	0.0369	28 504	5 926	7 471	41 901	38 253	0	0	3 648	3 648	0
Bulgaria	0.0501	22 938	4 558	10 140	37 636	37 637	0	0	(1)	(1)	(1)

States parties	2012 scale of assessments (percentage)	Contributions assessed				Collections	Contributions outstanding				
		Previous financial periods (1996-2008)	Last financial period 2009-2010	Current financial period ^a 2011-2012	Total ^a		Previous financial periods ^b (1996-2008)	Last financial period (2009-2010)	Current financial period ^c (2011-2012)	Total ^c outstanding	Credits forwarded to 2013
Burkina Faso	0.0100	3 277	1 736	2 022	7 035	35	3 242	1 736	2 022	7 000	0
Cameroon	0.0145	10 250	2 051	2 935	15 236	7 457	2 792	2 051	2 935	7 778	0
Canada	4.2295	1 524 979	676 853	855 742	3 057 574	3 430 597	0	0	(373 023)	(373 023)	(373 023)
Cape Verde	0.0100	6 728	1 736	2 022	10 486	8 514	0	0	1 972	1 972	0
Chad	0.0100	0	1 302	2 022	3 324	5 643	0	0	(2 319)	(2 319)	(2 319)
Chile	0.3112	175 275	36 691	62 973	274 939	274 945	0	0	(5)	(5)	(5)
China	4.2057	1 659 952	607 800	850 939	3 118 691	3 496 601	0	0	(377 910)	(377 910)	(377 910)
Comoros	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	94	6 565	1 736	2 022	10 323	0
Congo	0.0100	426	1 736	2 022	4 184	3 188	0	0	996	996	0
Cook Islands ^d	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	6 956	0	1 439	2 022	3 461	0
Costa Rica	0.0448	23 494	7 293	9 072	39 859	40 812	0	0	(952)	(952)	(952)
Côte d'Ivoire	0.0132	9 879	2 051	2 669	14 599	18 169	0	0	(3 571)	(3 571)	(3 571)
Croatia	0.1279	44 120	11 395	25 883	81 398	81 399	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Cuba	0.0936	39 009	12 307	18 946	70 262	63 712	0	0	6 549	6 549	0
Cyprus	0.0607	38 384	10 028	12 275	60 687	60 688	0	0	(1)	(1)	(1)
Czech Republic	0.4603	188 857	64 039	93 126	346 022	387 643	0	0	(41 622)	(41 622)	(41 622)
Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.0100	7 618	1 736	2 022	11 376	94	7 524	1 736	2 022	11 282	0
Denmark	0.9707	344 313	168 416	196 391	709 120	709 135	0	0	(15)	(15)	(15)
Djibouti	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	4 281	2 378	1 736	2 022	6 136	0
Dominica	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	2 189	4 470	1 736	2 022	8 228	0
Dominican Republic	0.0554	0	4 092	11 207	15 299	1 364	0	2 728	11 207	13 935	0
Ecuador	0.0528	0	0	1 333	1 333	0	0	0	1 333	1 333	0
Egypt	0.1240	92 762	20 055	25 083	137 900	148 809	0	0	(10 910)	(10 910)	(10 910)
Equatorial Guinea	0.0106	6 129	1 736	2 135	10 000	94	6 035	1 736	2 135	9 906	0
Estonia	0.0528	5 252	3 647	10 673	19 572	24 737	0	0	(5 166)	(5 166)	(5 166)
European Union ^e	n.a.	647 544	160 000	184 000	991 544	991 544	0	0	0	0	0
Fiji	0.0100	7 067	1 736	2 022	10 825	10 222	0	0	603	603	0
Finland	0.7465	559 894	128 534	151 029	839 457	839 469	0	0	(12)	(12)	(12)

States parties	2012 scale of assessments (percentage)	Contributions assessed				Collections	Contributions outstanding				Credits forwarded to 2013
		Previous financial periods (1996-2008)	Last financial period 2009-2010	Current financial period ^a 2011-2012	Total ^a		Previous financial periods ^b (1996-2008)	Last financial period (2009-2010)	Current financial period ^c (2011-2012)	Total ^c outstanding	
France	8.0752	6 514 485	1 435 977	1 633 835	9 584 297	9 584 426	0	0	(129)	(129)	(129)
Gabon	0.0185	11 467	1 823	3 736	17 026	7 802	3 664	1 823	3 736	9 223	0
Gambia	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	458	6 201	1 736	2 022	9 959	0
Georgia	0.0100	19 562	1 736	2 022	23 320	23 320	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	10.5743	9 511 289	1 954 670	2 139 488	13 605 447	13 605 615	0	0	(169)	(169)	(169)
Ghana	0.0100	7 554	1 736	2 022	11 312	10 588	0	0	725	725	0
Greece	0.9113	492 658	135 826	184 383	812 867	720 715	0	0	92 152	92 152	0
Grenada	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	7 921	0	474	2 022	2 496	0
Guatemala	0.0369	25 743	7 293	7 471	40 507	39 612	0	0	895	895	0
Guinea	0.0100	6 932	1 736	2 022	10 690	94	6 838	1 736	2 022	10 596	0
Guinea-Bissau	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	94	6 565	1 736	2 022	10 323	0
Guyana	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	10 579	0	0	(163)	(163)	(163)
Haiti	0.0100	6 794	1 736	2 022	10 552	11 414	0	0	(862)	(862)	(862)
Honduras	0.0106	6 999	1 736	2 135	10 870	10 906	0	0	(35)	(35)	(35)
Hungary	0.3838	95 379	55 607	77 649	228 635	263 104	0	0	(34 470)	(34 470)	(34 470)
Iceland	0.0554	34 268	8 432	11 207	53 907	58 839	0	0	(4 932)	(4 932)	(4 932)
India	0.7043	376 930	102 553	142 491	621 974	621 986	0	0	(11)	(11)	(11)
Indonesia	0.3139	172 542	36 691	63 507	272 740	301 871	0	0	(29 131)	(29 131)	(29 131)
Iraq	0.0264	56 770	3 418	5 336	65 524	62 946	0	0	2 579	2 579	0
Ireland	0.6568	312 364	101 414	132 884	546 662	604 981	0	0	(58 319)	(58 319)	(58 319)
Italy	6.5928	5 281 302	1 157 488	1 333 911	7 772 701	7 772 806	0	0	(105)	(105)	(105)
Jamaica	0.0185	7 932	2 279	3 736	13 947	12 086	0	0	1 861	1 861	0
Japan	16.5249	17 167 266	3 784 573	3 343 451	24 295 290	24 295 554	0	0	(264)	(264)	(264)
Jordan	0.0185	9 488	2 735	3 736	15 959	15 960	0	0	(0)	(0)	(0)
Kenya	0.0158	8 657	2 279	3 202	14 138	15 562	0	0	(1 424)	(1 424)	(1 424)
Kiribati	0.0100	4 307	1 736	2 022	8 065	3 633	675	1 736	2 022	4 433	0
Kuwait	0.3469	160 463	41 477	70 178	272 118	304 210	0	0	(32 091)	(32 091)	(32 091)
Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.0100	5 887	1 736	2 022	9 645	10 511	0	0	(866)	(866)	(866)

States parties	2012 scale of assessments (percentage)	Contributions assessed				Collections	Contributions outstanding				Credits forwarded to 2013
		Previous financial periods (1996-2008)	Last financial period 2009-2010	Current financial period ^a 2011-2012	Total ^a		Previous financial periods ^b (1996-2008)	Last financial period (2009-2010)	Current financial period ^c (2011-2012)	Total ^c outstanding	
Latvia	0.0501	7 165	4 102	10 140	21 407	26 246	0	0	(4 839)	(4 839)	(4 839)
Lebanon	0.0435	19 974	7 748	8 806	36 528	36 529	0	0	(1)	(1)	(1)
Lesotho	0.0100	1 493	1 736	2 022	5 251	0	1 493	1 736	2 022	5 251	0
Liberia	0.0100	213	1 736	2 022	3 971	0	213	1 736	2 022	3 971	0
Lithuania	0.0857	13 225	7 065	17 344	37 634	37 636	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Luxembourg	0.1187	58 737	19 371	24 015	102 123	102 125	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Madagascar	0.0100	5 000	1 736	2 022	8 758	7 681	0	0	1 077	1 077	0
Malawi	0.0100	0	217	2 022	2 239	0	0	217	2 022	2 239	0
Malaysia	0.3337	201 013	43 301	67 509	311 823	311 829	0	0	(6)	(6)	(6)
Maldives	0.0100	5 357	1 736	2 022	9 115	9 981	0	0	(866)	(866)	(866)
Mali	0.0100	6 858	1 736	2 022	10 616	8 803	0	0	1 813	1 813	0
Malta	0.0224	14 663	3 874	4 536	23 073	23 073	0	0	0	0	0
Marshall Islands	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	7 301	0	1 093	2 022	3 115	0
Mauritania	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	7 158	0	1 237	2 022	3 259	0
Mauritius	0.0145	10 658	2 506	2 935	16 099	17 359	0	0	(1 260)	(1 260)	(1 260)
Mexico	3.1072	1 470 867	514 363	628 665	2 613 895	2 613 944	0	0	(51)	(51)	(51)
Micronesia (Federated States of)	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	4 402	2 257	1 736	2 022	6 015	0
Monaco	0.0100	7 001	1 736	2 022	10 759	10 759	0	0	0	0	0
Mongolia	0.0100	6 794	1 736	2 022	10 552	10 549	0	0	3	3	0
Montenegro	0.0100	1 902	1 736	2 022	5 660	4 667	0	0	993	993	0
Morocco	0.0765	9 009	9 571	15 477	34 057	26 436	0	0	7 621	7 621	0
Mozambique	0.0100	6 461	1 736	2 022	10 219	9 227	0	0	993	993	0
Myanmar	0.0100	9 490	1 736	2 022	13 248	13 248	0	0	(0)	(0)	(0)
Namibia	0.0119	7 554	1 736	2 401	11 691	10 781	0	0	910	910	0
Nauru	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	479	6 180	1 736	2 022	9 938	0
Nepal	0.0100	6 108	1 736	2 022	9 866	9 851	0	0	15	15	0
Netherlands	2.4464	1 747 277	426 850	494 980	2 669 107	2 880 888	0	0	(211 781)	(211 781)	(211 781)
New Zealand	0.3600	237 356	58 341	72 847	368 544	400 220	0	0	(31 676)	(31 676)	(31 676)

States parties	2012 scale of assessments (percentage)	Contributions assessed				Collections	Contributions outstanding				
		Previous financial periods (1996-2008)	Last financial period 2009-2010	Current financial period ^a 2011-2012	Total ^a		Previous financial periods ^b (1996-2008)	Last financial period (2009-2010)	Current financial period ^c (2011-2012)	Total ^c outstanding	Credits forwarded to 2013
Nicaragua	0.0100	5 627	1 736	2 022	9 385	9 862	0	0	(477)	(477)	(477)
Nigeria	0.1029	53 513	10 939	20 813	85 265	87 241	0	0	(1 977)	(1 977)	(1 977)
Niue ^d	0.0100	1 902	1 736	2 022	5 660	4 947	0	0	714	714	0
Norway	1.1487	675 344	178 215	232 414	1 085 973	1 085 992	0	0	(19)	(19)	(19)
Oman	0.1134	62 783	16 636	22 948	102 367	102 368	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Pakistan	0.1081	58 199	13 446	21 881	93 526	93 771	0	0	(245)	(245)	(245)
Palau	0.0100	6 552	1 736	2 022	10 310	7 190	0	1 098	2 022	3 120	0
Panama	0.0290	17 559	5 242	5 870	28 671	39 162	0	0	(10 491)	(10 491)	(10 491)
Papua New Guinea	0.0100	7 281	1 736	2 022	11 039	2 180	5 101	1 736	2 022	8 859	0
Paraguay	0.0100	13 103	1 736	2 022	16 861	1 892	11 211	1 736	2 022	14 969	0
Philippines	0.1187	89 948	17 776	24 015	131 739	132 058	0	0	(319)	(319)	(319)
Poland	1.0920	335 568	114 176	220 940	670 684	773 474	0	0	(102 790)	(102 790)	(102 790)
Portugal	0.6739	440 262	120 101	136 353	696 716	630 181	0	0	66 534	66 534	0
Qatar	0.1780	36 372	19 371	36 023	91 766	91 769	0	0	(3)	(3)	(3)
Republic of Korea	2.9805	1 586 123	495 220	603 049	2 684 392	2 662 764	0	0	21 630	21 630	0
Republic of Moldova	0.0100	1 706	1 736	2 022	5 464	6 330	0	0	(866)	(866)	(866)
Romania	0.2334	68 065	15 952	47 230	131 247	154 126	0	0	(22 878)	(22 878)	(22 878)
Russian Federation	2.1128	1 432 955	273 476	427 471	2 133 902	2 133 936	0	0	(34)	(34)	(34)
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	10 455	0	0	(38)	(38)	(38)
Saint Lucia	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	11 271	0	0	(854)	(854)	(854)
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	9 679	0	0	739	739	0
Samoa	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	11 280	0	0	(863)	(863)	(863)
Sao Tome and Principe	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	94	6 565	1 736	2 022	10 323	0
Saudi Arabia	1.0946	664 612	170 467	221 474	1 056 553	1 153 597	0	0	(97 044)	(97 044)	(97 044)
Senegal	0.0100	7 341	1 736	2 022	11 099	10 374	0	0	725	725	0
Serbia	0.0488	31 092	4 786	9 873	45 751	45 752	0	0	(1)	(1)	(1)
Seychelles	0.0100	6 794	1 736	2 022	10 552	10 570	0	0	(18)	(18)	(18)
Sierra Leone	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	548	6 111	1 736	2 022	9 869	0

<i>States parties</i>	<i>Contributions assessed</i>					<i>Contributions outstanding</i>					
	<i>2012 scale of assessments (percentage)</i>	<i>Previous financial periods (1996-2008)</i>	<i>Last financial period 2009-2010</i>	<i>Current financial period^a 2011-2012</i>	<i>Total^a</i>	<i>Collections</i>	<i>Previous financial periods^b (1996-2008)</i>	<i>Last financial period (2009-2010)</i>	<i>Current financial period^c (2011-2012)</i>	<i>Total^c outstanding</i>	<i>Credits forwarded to 2013</i>
Singapore	0.4418	314 841	79 080	89 390	483 311	521 381	0	0	(38 069)	(38 069)	(38 069)
Slovakia	0.1873	51 300	14 358	37 890	103 548	121 735	0	0	(18 187)	(18 187)	(18 187)
Slovenia	0.1358	78 684	21 878	27 484	128 046	128 049	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Solomon Islands	0.0100	6 264	1 736	2 022	10 022	8 147	0	0	1 875	1 875	0
Somalia	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	94	6 565	1 736	2 022	10 323	0
South Africa	0.5077	327 941	66 090	102 732	496 763	377 435	0	16 596	102 732	119 328	0
Spain	4.1899	2 592 969	676 398	847 736	4 117 103	4 117 171	0	0	(67)	(67)	(67)
Sri Lanka	0.0251	15 248	3 647	5 070	23 965	21 466	0	0	2 499	2 499	0
Sudan	0.0132	8 282	2 279	2 669	13 230	1 060	7 222	2 279	2 669	12 170	0
Suriname	0.0100	6 186	1 736	2 022	9 944	8 134	0	0	1 810	1 810	0
Swaziland	0.0100	0	0	253	253	0	0	0	253	253	0
Sweden	1.4032	1 086 315	244 077	283 913	1 614 305	1 614 327	0	0	(22)	(22)	(22)
Switzerland	1.4903	0	241 921	301 524	543 445	543 469	0	0	(24)	(24)	(24)
Thailand	0.2756	0	0	48 780	48 780	77 810	0	0	(29 030)	(29 030)	(29 030)
The former Yugoslavia Republic of Macedonia	0.0100	7 133	1 736	2 022	10 891	10 906	0	0	(15)	(15)	(15)
Togo	0.0100	6 726	1 736	2 022	10 484	2 676	4 050	1 736	2 022	7 808	0
Tonga	0.0100	6 659	1 736	2 022	10 417	10 381	0	0	36	36	0
Trinidad and Tobago	0.0580	21 115	6 153	11 741	39 009	41 423	0	0	(2 414)	(2 414)	(2 414)
Tunisia	0.0396	31 243	7 065	8 005	46 313	36 006	0	2 302	8 005	10 307	0
Tuvalu	0.0100	4 307	1 736	2 022	8 065	7 263	0	0	802	802	0
Uganda	0.0100	7 067	1 736	2 022	10 825	10 767	0	0	58	58	0
Ukraine	0.1147	70 000	10 255	23 214	103 469	103 471	0	0	(2)	(2)	(2)
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	8.7095	5 605 447	1 513 690	1 762 182	8 881 319	9 636 636	0	0	(755 317)	(755 317)	(755 317)
United Republic of Tanzania	0.0106	6 999	1 736	2 135	10 870	8 950	0	0	1 920	1 920	0
Uruguay	0.0356	52 795	6 153	7 205	66 153	63 641	0	0	2 512	2 512	0

States parties	2012 scale of assessments (percentage)	Contributions assessed				Collections	Contributions outstanding				
		Previous financial periods (1996-2008)	Last financial period 2009-2010	Current financial period ^a 2011-2012	Total ^a		Previous financial periods ^b (1996-2008)	Last financial period (2009-2010)	Current financial period ^c (2011-2012)	Total ^c outstanding	Credits forwarded to 2013
Vanuatu	0.0100	5 800	1 736	2 022	9 558	683	5 117	1 736	2 022	8 875	0
Viet Nam	0.0435	15 916	5 469	8 806	30 191	29 607	0	0	584	584	0
Yemen	0.0132	8 451	1 736	2 669	12 856	9 905	0	282	2 669	2 951	0
Zambia	0.0100	6 858	1 736	2 022	10 616	94	6 764	1 736	2 022	10 522	0
Zimbabwe	0.0100	8 376	1 823	2 022	12 221	2 632	5 744	1 823	2 022	9 589	0
Total	100.00	72 002 882	17 515 100	20 398 600	109 916 654	111 425 046	133 032	75 370	826 852	1 035 254	(2 543 643)

Abbreviation: n.a., not applicable.

Note: Eleven States parties have not paid any contributions towards the budgets of the Tribunal.

^a Total subject to rounding differences.

^b A total of 18 States parties have not contributed in full towards the period 1996-2004. The amount outstanding for that period is €55,254.

^c Figures in brackets indicate credits being carried forward towards 2013 (€2,543,643).

^d Not a member of the United Nations; assessed with the floor rate.

^e Agreed contributions in accordance with the Financial Regulations of the Tribunal. For period 2011-2012, see SPLOS/217.

Appendix IV

Performance reports for grants given to the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

(In euros)

A. Korea International Cooperation Agency of the Republic of Korea

	2011-2012
Income	
Grants from the Korea International Cooperation Agency of the Republic of Korea	0
Interest income	0
Loss on exchange	20
Total	20
Expenditures	
Internship programme	29 434
International Foundation for the Law of the Sea, summer academy	0
Fiji workshops	5 428
General administrative expenses	362
Non-refundable tax claims	
Total expenditures	35 224
Shortfall of income over expenditure	-35 204
Assets	
Cash and term deposits	0
Accounts receivable	0
Total assets	0
Reserves	
Prior-period reserve	35 204
Shortfall of income over expenditure	-35 204
Total reserves	0

B. Nippon Foundation

	2011-2012
Income	
Grants from Nippon Foundation	460 000
Interest income	2 805
Gains and losses on exchange	-9
Miscellaneous income	18
Net income	462 814
Expenditures	
Participants (subsistence allowance, travel and insurance)	290 218
Lecturers (subsistence allowance and travel)	80 044
General administrative expenses	63 602
Non-refundable taxes	784
Obligations	0
Total expenditures	434 648
Excess of income over expenditure	28 166
Assets	
Cash and term deposits	235 258
Accounts receivables	2 436
Total assets	237 694
Liabilities	
Payable accounts	1 386
Net assets	236 308
Reserves	
Prior-period reserve	208 142
Excess of income over expenditure	28 166
Total reserves	236 308

C. Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea

	2011-2012
Income	
Contributions	55 000
Interest income	68
Total	55 068
Expenditures	
Internship programme	14 562
Bank charges	514
Total expenditures	15 076
Shortfall of income over expenditure	39 992
Assets	
Cash and term deposits	40 742
Accounts receivables	-750
Total assets	39 992
Reserves	
Prior-period reserve	0
Excess of income over expenditure	39 992
Total reserves	39 992

D. China Institute of International Studies

	2011-2012
Income	
Contributions	100 000
Interest income	110
Net income	100 110
Expenditures	
International Foundation for the Law of the Sea, summer academy	21 000
Bank charges	105
Total expenditures	21 105
Excess of income over expenditure	79 005
Assets	
Cash and term deposits	79 005
Accounts receivables	0
Total assets	79 005
Liabilities	
Payable accounts	0
Net assets	79 005
Reserves	
Prior-period reserve	0
Excess of income over expenditure	79 005
Total reserves	79 005

Appendix V

International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Hamburg

Audit procedures and results of additional audit scope for the period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012

According to the assignment, we have audited the following aspects of operating procedures in addition to our audit of the financial statements for the financial period from 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2012:

- (a) Whether expenses incurred during this financial period are in accordance with the appropriations approved by the Meeting of States Parties;
- (b) Whether expenditures incurred have been appropriately authorized by the party designated for that purpose in the Rules of the Tribunal or the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal;
- (c) Whether staff and person being paid by the Tribunal have been recruited or engaged in the manner provided for in the Rules of the Tribunal or the Staff Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal;
- (d) Whether goods and services have been procured in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal;
- (e) Whether goods and services that have been procured are necessary or not excessive, with regard to circumstances and the functions of the Tribunal;
- (f) Whether the grant given to the Tribunal by the Korea International Cooperation Agency of the Republic of Korea (KOICA), the Nippon Foundation, the Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea and the China Institute of International Studies maintained in separate trustee accounts are administered in accordance with the relevant memorandums and terms of reference.

As part of our audit of the financial statements the following additional procedures have been performed by us:

1. Approval of expenses

As instructed, we have conducted an audit to determine whether the expenses incurred during the financial period 2011-2012 are in accordance with the appropriations approved by the Meeting of States Parties.

From the approved budget for the financial period 2011-2012 amounting to €20,398,600, a total amount of €19,223,375 was spent against approved budget lines, resulting in savings of €1,175,225 (appendix II). Although the overall budget was underspent, overexpenditures were incurred in some budget lines. The Tribunal was able to finance these overexpenditures by using savings from other budget lines in the same section, in accordance with financial rule 104.3 of the Tribunal. We refer also to the explanations in the notes to the financial statements and the financial report contained in appendix I.

2. Authorization of expenditures

We have audited the procedures for the authorization of expenditures, as outlined in the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal, and have conducted tests on a sample basis, to determine if these procedures have been strictly followed by the Tribunal in all material respects.

As a result of the work done, no significant matter came to our attention. In our opinion, the procedures for the authorization of expenditures were carried out in accordance with the Rules of the Tribunal and the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

3. Procedures for recruiting/engaging staff

In the period 2011-2012, the Tribunal recruited five new staff members. We have conducted an audit on a sample basis to determine if the procedures for recruiting and engaging of the new staff members were in line with the Rules of the Tribunal or the Staff Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

As a result of the work done, no discrepancies came to our attention. The Tribunal has carried out the procedures for recruiting and engaging staff in accordance with the Rules of the Tribunal or the Staff Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

4. Procedures for procurement of goods and services

We have conducted an audit to determine if the procedures followed by the Tribunal in the order process were in line with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal (i.e., that they included a request for bids or tenders, fair analysis of tenders and written contracts) and have conducted tests, on a sample basis, to determine if these procedures have been followed by the Tribunal in all material respects.

As a result of the work done, no matters came to our attention. In our opinion, the procedures for procurement of goods and services were carried out in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Rules of the Tribunal.

5. Examination whether goods and services procured are necessary or not excessive, having regard to circumstances and the functions of the Tribunal

We have conducted an audit to determine if (a) the expenditures reported for the financial period have been properly included in the statement of income and expenditures and have been charged to the appropriate budget line; and (b) the goods and services procured were necessary or not excessive with regard to circumstances and the functions of the Tribunal.

In our opinion, the expenditures for the financial period have been properly included in the statement of income and expenditures and have been charged to the appropriate budget line. The overexpenditures in the financial period could be reasonably explained and were compensated by savings under other budget lines. The equipment acquired during the financial period 2011-2012 is duly registered in the inventory list and is being used as required by circumstances and the functions of the Tribunal.

6. Examination regarding the KOICA Grant, Nippon Foundation Grant, the Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea and the China Institute of International Studies Grant

KOICA Grant

We have conducted an audit to determine whether the grant given to the Tribunal by KOICA, which is maintained in a separate trustee account, is administered in accordance with the memorandum of understanding dated 9 March 2004.

In the financial period 2011-2012, no contributions have been provided to the fund.

At the beginning of the financial period 2011-2012, the total reserves of the fund amounted to €35,204. As at 31 December 2012, all reserves were used to provide funding for a workshop and the internship programme. The KOICA Grant was closed in July 2012.

The special bank account for the KOICA Grant shows a balance as at 31 December 2012 of €0.00.

We also refer to the performance report of the KOICA Grant in appendix IV.

Nippon Foundation Grant

We have conducted an audit to determine whether the grant given to the Tribunal by the Nippon Foundation, which is maintained in a separate trustee account, is administered in accordance with the Nippon Foundation Grant Agreements.

Pursuant to the above-mentioned agreements, the Nippon Foundation contributed an amount of €400,000 in the period 2007-2008, €430,000 in the period 2009-2010 and €460,000 in the period 2011-2012 to the Nippon Foundation's International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea capacity-building and training programme on dispute settlement under the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea. The purpose of the grant is to finance the expenses of participations from developing countries in the programme. The Nippon Foundation Grant was invested in a special bank account.

During the financial period 2011-2012, the sum of €434,648 was withdrawn from the Nippon Foundation Grant to provide funding for the programme's activities. In the financial period, participants from several developing countries took part in the programme.

As at 31 December 2012, the special bank account of the Nippon Foundation Grant shows a balance of €235,258.

We also refer to the performance report of the Nippon Foundation Grant in appendix IV.

Trust Fund for the Law of the Sea

Total contributions in the amount of €55,000 were made to the Trust Fund as explained in the financial report in appendix I. A special bank account was set up for the Trust Fund.

During the financial period 2011-2012, an amount of €14,562 was withdrawn to provide funding to the internship programme of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea.

The special bank account shows a balance of €40,742 as at 31 December 2012.

We also refer to the performance report of the Trust Fund in appendix IV.

Trust Fund of the China Institute for International Studies (CIIS Grant)

According to the memorandum of understanding dated 3 May 2012 between CIIS and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, the Institute provided a lump sum of €100,000 as financial assistance for supporting the continuation of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea internship programme, the summer academy on the law of the sea and maritime law and for implementing other programmes.

During the financial period 2011-2012, an amount of €21,000 was withdrawn from the CIIS Grant to provide financial assistance for the summer academy 2012 of the International Foundation for the Law of the Sea.

The CIIS Grant was invested in a special bank account, which shows a balance as at 31 December 2012 of €79,005.

We also refer to the performance report of the CIIS Grant in appendix IV.

Appendix VI

General engagement terms for Wirtschaftsprüfer (German Public Auditors) and Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften (Public Audit Firms) as well as special conditions for increased liability

[For the text of appendix VI, see SPLOS/192, annex I, appendix VI.]
