



General Assembly

Distr.: General
10 January 2014

Original: English

Sixty-eighth session

Agenda item 151

Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus

Budget for the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015

Report of the Secretary-General

Contents

	<i>Page</i>
I. Mandate and planned results	5
A. Overall	5
B. Planning assumptions and mission support initiatives	5
C. Regional mission cooperation	7
D. Results-based-budgeting frameworks	8
II. Financial resources	19
A. Overall	19
B. Non-budgeted contributions	20
C. Efficiency gains	20
D. Vacancy factors	20
E. Contingent-owned equipment: major equipment and self-sustainment	21
F. Training	21
III. Analysis of variances	23
IV. Actions to be taken by the General Assembly	25



Annexes

I. Definitions	26
II. Organization charts	28
Map	30

Summary

The present report contains the budget for the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP) for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015, which amounts to \$56,124,600, exclusive of budgeted voluntary contributions in kind in the amount of \$1,068,300

The budget provides for the deployment of 860 military contingent personnel, 69 United Nations police officers, 37 international staff and 113 national staff.

During the budget period, the operations of the Force will continue to ensure the implementation of its mandate, which is to maintain the stability of the buffer zone and to facilitate a return to normal conditions. It will also provide substantive, administrative and logistic support to the Secretary-General's good offices mission in the ongoing political negotiations for a Cyprus settlement.

The total resource requirements for UNFICYP for the financial period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 have been linked to the Force's objective through a number of results-based-budgeting frameworks, organized according to components (political and civil affairs, military, United Nations police and support). The human resources of the Force, in terms of the number of personnel, have been attributed to the individual components, with the exception of the Force's executive direction and management, which can be attributed to the Force as a whole.

The explanations of variances in resource levels, both human resources and financial resources, have been linked, where applicable, to specific outputs planned by the Force.

Financial resources

(Thousands of United States dollars. Budget year is from 1 July to 30 June.)

Category	Expenditure ^a (2012/13)	Apportionment ^a (2013/14)	Cost estimate (2014/15)	Variance	
				Amount	Percentage
Military and police personnel	22 756.1	23 811.5	23 058.2	(753.3)	(3.2)
Civilian personnel	14 465.7	14 847.6	15 603.1	755.5	5.1
Operational costs	16 871.4	16 716.9	17 463.3	746.4	4.5
Gross requirements	54 093.2	55 376.0	56 124.6	748.6	1.4
Staff assessment income	2 226.7	2 234.8	2 376.4	141.6	6.3
Net requirements	51 866.5	53 141.2	53 748.2	607.0	1.1
Voluntary contributions in kind (budgeted)	999.2	1 228.3	1 068.3	(160.0)	(13.0)
Total requirements	55 092.4	56 604.3	57 192.9	588.6	1.0

^a Reflects the realignment of resources for Government-provided personnel from the operational costs group to the civilian personnel group of expenditure and the realignment of resources for the self-sustainment of uniformed personnel from the operational costs group to the military and police personnel group of expenditure.

Human resources^a

	<i>Military contingents</i>	<i>United Nations police</i>	<i>International staff</i>	<i>National staff^b</i>	<i>Total</i>
Executive direction and management					
Approved 2013/14	—	—	3	—	3
Proposed 2014/15	—	—	3	—	3
Components					
Political and civil affairs					
Approved 2013/14	—	7	10	13	30
Proposed 2014/15	—	—	10	13	23
Military					
Approved 2013/14	834	—	2	2	838
Proposed 2014/15	834	—	2	2	838
United Nations police					
Approved 2013/14	—	62	1	1	64
Proposed 2014/15	—	69	1	1	71
Support					
Approved 2013/14	26	—	22	96	144
Proposed 2014/15	26	—	21	97	144
Total					
Approved 2013/14	860	69	38	112	1 079
Proposed 2014/15	860	69	37	113	1 079
Net change	—	—	(1)	1	—

^a Represents the highest level of authorized/proposed strength.

^b Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.

The actions to be taken by the General Assembly are set out in section IV of the present report.

I. Mandate and planned results

A. Overall

1. The mandate of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP) was established by the Security Council in its resolution [186 \(1964\)](#). The most recent extension of the mandate was authorized by the Council in its resolution [2114 \(2013\)](#).
2. The Force is mandated to help the Security Council achieve an overall objective, namely, to ensure peace and security in Cyprus and the return to normal conditions.
3. Within this overall objective, the Force will, during the budget period, contribute to a number of expected accomplishments by delivering related key outputs, shown in the frameworks below, which are organized by component (political and civil affairs, military, United Nations police and support).
4. The expected accomplishments would contribute to the fulfilment of the Security Council's objective within the lifetime of the Force and the indicators of achievement show a measurement of progress towards such accomplishments during the budget period. The human resources of UNFICYP, in terms of the number of personnel, have been attributed to the individual components, with the exception of the executive direction and management, which can be attributed to the Force as a whole.
5. The headquarters for the Force and sector 2 are located in Nicosia, where the Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General/Chief of Mission is also located, while sectors 1 and 4 headquarters are based in Skouriotissa and Famagusta, respectively. The Force provides administrative, logistical and technical support to its substantive, military and United Nations police personnel deployed in its main sector headquarters as well as to military personnel in 11 patrol bases and 9 permanent observation posts.

B. Planning assumptions and mission support initiatives

6. Planning for the 2014/15 period is based on the assumption that the Force will continue to maintain its current military and police strength. The activities of UNFICYP will continue to focus on creating conditions conducive to the achievement of a comprehensive settlement of the Cyprus problem. In this regard, UNFICYP will continue to facilitate the resolution of conflicts and disputes between the two communities, promote mutual dialogue and cooperation through bicommunal activities and support the opening of additional crossing points and other confidence-building measures such as mine action and military de-confrontation. While striving to achieve progress towards normal living conditions, UNFICYP will continue to take measures against the unauthorized use of the buffer zone and provide humanitarian assistance to members of both communities, as required.
7. In addition, UNFICYP will assist the Special Representative of the Secretary-General/Chief of Mission, as the principal adviser and deputy to the Special Adviser of the Secretary-General on Cyprus, in her efforts to support the full-fledged negotiations between the Greek Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot leaders. UNFICYP will provide substantive, administrative, logistical, technical and public

information support to the Office of the Special Adviser of the Secretary-General, including supporting the meetings of bicomunal technical committees, working groups and other expert groups which discuss matters of common concern, as well as in the implementation of any measures agreed upon by the parties. To this end, UNFICYP will continue to designate substantive staff (political, civil affairs and public information) and police officers to facilitate and support the good offices, as required.

8. The support component will continue to provide the logistical, administrative and security services necessary for the Force to implement its mandate. Toward this end, the major assumptions that will underlie the Force's operations and plans during the 2014/15 period are driven largely by the provision of the resources necessary to fully implement the mandate of the Force, while taking initiatives to achieve further efficiencies, where feasible. The three-year energy and water conservation project implemented in the 2011/12 to the 2013/14 periods has helped to mitigate the impact of increasing costs of electricity. The project included, among others, the insulation of buildings, the installation of solar panels to heat water and the restructuring of water distribution systems. Given the favourable results of the project, the proposed 2014/15 budget provides for the acquisition of monitoring devices to include automatic timers and other measuring and control devices with a view to facilitating more real-time, on-site measurements and to empowering facility users to participate more conscientiously in the conservation of energy.

9. Following the downsizing of the Force from 1,230 to 860 military contingent personnel in the 2005/06 period, a number of observation towers had been closed. As a result of the recent completion of the assessment of all temporary observation points in the buffer zone, the Force intends to refurbish and reopen 10 observation towers to be manned on a part-time basis in order to ensure adequate observation at key points along the buffer zone and to enhance situational awareness in areas that are increasingly contested by one or both sides. Accordingly, the proposed 2014/15 budget provides for related construction works and materials and supplies to facilitate the reopening and manning of the observation towers. The proposed budget also provides for construction works and related materials to facilitate repairs to unsafe local structures that pose risks to UNFICYP personnel patrolling in the buffer zone.

10. With regard to its operating environment during the summer months, the Force has experienced frequent outbreaks of fire in the buffer zone that have necessitated the replacement of its firefighting equipment. Consequently, the proposed 2014/15 budget provides for the implementation of a Force-wide programme to upgrade the fire safety standards of the Force in accordance with those of the host country. Provision has also been made for the upgrade of the closed-circuit television system that was installed in 2005/06, which has exceeded its economic lifespan.

11. With regard to efficiency initiatives, best practices and resource reprioritization, the proposed 2014/15 budget includes provisions for the installation of monitoring devices in UNFICYP locations to facilitate energy conservation. With regard to information technology, the 2014/15 budget provides for the projected replacement of 60 desktop computers with virtual desktop devices, which would result in the more efficient management of central information technology applications, standardization of computer profiles and secure backup and restoration in the event of equipment failure. During the 2014/15 period, UNFICYP will extend,

where feasible, the lifespan of equipment in various areas, including facilities and infrastructure, communications and information technology, beyond its normal useful life. Efficiency gains have also been taken into account as a result of the improved planning in the transport arrangements for military contingent personnel.

12. The proposed budget for the 2014/15 period takes into account the observations and recommendations of legislative bodies and policy decisions by the Department of Peacekeeping Operations and the Department of Field Support. To this end, the leadership and management skills of senior staff will be strengthened in order to enhance the management of UNFICYP resources through the implementation of various internal and external training programmes. To this end and in accordance with Department of Peacekeeping Operations and Department of Field Support training policies for all United Nations personnel, the Mission Training Focal Point in the integrated mission training centre will ensure support for the training requirements of military, police and civilian personnel. Additionally, staff members will be encouraged to utilize more self-paced, distance and e-learning opportunities in all training-related activities, while the train-the-trainer policy will be fully implemented. Along with the Department of Field Support, UNFICYP will continue to monitor the progress of the implementation of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) and take adequate measures to ensure the successful deployment of the three Umoja phases and associated process areas. In the 2014/15 period, the Force will provide for indirect costs to support Umoja and other information technology systems. A detailed explanation will be provided in the overview report of the Secretary-General on United Nations peacekeeping operations. In its continued efforts to achieve efficiencies, emphasis will be laid on enhancing regional cooperation, where appropriate, with missions in close proximity, in particular with regard to the deployment of Umoja within the mission and to information and communications technology services, HIV/AIDS counselling and conduct and discipline matters.

C. Regional mission cooperation

13. UNFICYP will continue to be the designated safe haven for the United Nations missions in the region and the administrative place of assignment for United Nations entities operating in Yemen and the Syrian Arab Republic. In this regard, UNFICYP will continue to maintain close cooperation with other United Nations missions in the region, including the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL), the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF), the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO), the Office of the United Nations Special Coordinator for Lebanon and the Office of the United Nations Special Coordinator for the Middle East Process. The Force will continue to participate in the regional force commanders' conference. It will also continue to provide full support to the Committee on Missing Persons and the Secretary-General's good offices mission in Cyprus.

14. UNFICYP will continue to rely on support from UNIFIL, including in relation to its participation in the regional information and communications technology services initiative, which is intended to achieve economies of scale in the provision of communications and information technology services for UNDOF, UNIFIL, UNTSO and UNFICYP. Furthermore, the Force will request counselling assistance

from UNIFIL, when required, as part of regional cooperation initiatives between missions in close proximity.

D. Results-based-budgeting frameworks

15. To facilitate the presentation of proposed changes in human resources, six categories of possible action with regard to staffing have been identified. Annex I.A of the present report provides definitions of the six categories.

Executive direction and management

16. Overall mission direction and management are to be provided by the immediate Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General.

Table 1

Human resources: executive direction and management

	International staff						National staff	United Nations Volunteers	Total	
	USG-ASG	D-2-D-1	P-5-P-4	P-3-P-2	Field Service	Subtotal				
Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General/Chief of Mission										
Approved posts 2013/14	1	—	—	1	1	3	—	—	3	
Proposed posts 2014/15	1	—	—	1	1	3	—	—	3	
Net change	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

Component 1: political and civil affairs

17. Pursuant to its mandate, UNFICYP facilitates the resolution of various issues between the two communities and promotes increased dialogue and cooperation through support of bicomunal activities and other confidence-building measures, such as the opening of additional crossing points through the buffer zone. In addition, UNFICYP will continue to contribute to efforts to further normalize living conditions in the buffer zone, while working to prevent its unauthorized use, and to provide humanitarian assistance to members of both communities, as required. The establishment of two National Professional Officer posts in the 2013/14 period has strengthened the capacity of UNFICYP to reach out to local community leaders with the aim of facilitating more regular intercommunal contact and to resolve everyday issues at the lowest possible level. Pursuant to the integrated approach adopted by the Secretary-General regarding UNFICYP and his good offices, the Force will continue to assist the Special Representative of the Secretary-General/Chief of Mission, as the principal adviser and deputy to the Special Adviser to the Secretary-General, in her efforts to support full-fledged negotiations between the Greek Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot leaders and their representatives. In this regard, the Office of the Special Representative will continue to interact with the parties and the international community, and to coordinate contingency planning in relation to the settlement in line with Security Council resolution 2114 (2013). In addition, the Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General will continue to ensure appropriate coordination with the United Nations country team. The Force will also continue to

support the peace process through the facilitation of the meetings of bicomunal technical committees, which discuss confidence-building measures aimed at improving the day-to-day life of Cypriots, and to implement measures arising from the committees' deliberations. UNFICYP will also provide assistance to the Secretary-General's good offices, including on matters pertaining to political and peacekeeping questions, as well as public information, logistical and administrative support.

<i>Expected accomplishments</i>	<i>Indicators of achievement</i>
1.1 Improved relations between Greek Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot communities	<p>1.1.1 Maintenance of joint technical projects, social and cultural events, political and economic meetings and other related activities under UNFICYP facilitation that contribute to improved intercommunal relations (2012/13: 229; 2013/14: 280; 2014/15: 280)</p> <p>1.1.2 All incidents relating to civilian activities that may give rise to tension between the two sides are prevented or resolved through UNFICYP facilitation or direct action</p> <p>1.1.3 Increased public awareness of the Force's profile and its role in creating conditions to foster the political process</p>
<i>Outputs</i>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular facilitation of the negotiation process under the auspices of the Secretary-General's good offices, including the provision of confidence-building initiatives, such as possible new crossings, as well as support for the implementation of technical committee decisions • Weekly liaison with relevant authorities, political parties and civil society representatives of the Cypriot communities, as well as with the diplomatic community and donors, with a view to facilitating intercommunal contacts and joint activities in order to prevent or resolve issues that could give rise to tensions and to promote confidence and trust between the communities • Implementation of a public information and communications strategy as part of broader efforts to improve relations between the communities, promote the role of civil society and support the efforts of the good offices mission, including 360 media monitoring reports, 120 situation/media summaries, 4,600 media monitoring translations, 1,000 briefings and the organization of weekly press encounters of the Special Adviser and Special Representative in connection with the leaders' meetings 	
<i>Expected accomplishments</i>	<i>Indicators of achievement</i>
1.2 Progress towards normal living conditions in the United Nations buffer zone and for Greek Cypriots and Maronites in the north and Turkish Cypriots in the south	<p>1.2.1 Maintenance of civilian activities in the buffer zone, including agricultural projects, commercial and residential construction, infrastructure repair and maintenance projects that continue to be supported by UNFICYP (2012/13: 60; 2013/14: 75; 2014/15: 75)</p> <p>1.2.2 All issues raised by the minority communities on both sides are resolved</p>

Outputs

- Daily interaction with the authorities on the resolution of educational, cultural, religious and other issues of the communities on both sides
- Weekly humanitarian visits to Greek Cypriot and Maronite communities in the north (two or three visits per week)
- Bimonthly meetings with relevant authorities to address housing, welfare, education, legal, employment and other issues affecting Turkish Cypriots in the south
- Daily meetings with local authorities and the civilian population to promote compliance with UNFICYP procedures on civilian use of the buffer zone
- Monthly visits to places of detention and related judicial proceedings to monitor the well-being and situation (including non-discrimination) of minority prisoners and detainees on both sides of the island and to provide escorts for family visits, as needed
- Facilitation, through liaison with relevant authorities and civil society groups on both sides, of the conduct of pilgrimages and other religious and cultural observances to sites on both sides and in the buffer zone, including the provision of escorts, as needed
- Provision of legal advice on issues relating to the implementation of the UNFICYP mandate and civilian activities in the buffer zone

External factors

Both sides will cooperate in creating conditions for improved relations; effective freedom of movement of all personnel

Table 2
Human resources: component 1, political and civil affairs

Category	Total
I. Military contingents	–
II. United Nations police	
Approved 2013/14	7
Proposed 2014/15	–
Net change	(7)
International staff	
III. Civilian staff	
Office of the Senior Adviser	
Approved posts 2013/14	–12–14
Proposed posts 2014/15	–12–14
Net change	–––––

Civil Affairs Section

Approved posts 2013/14	–	–	2	1	1	4	10	14
Proposed posts 2014/15	–	–	2	1	1	4	10	14
Net change	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Public Information Section

Approved posts 2013/14	–	–	1	1	–	2	3	5
Proposed posts 2014/15	–	–	1	1	–	2	3	5
Net change	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Subtotal, civilian staff

Approved posts 2013/14	–	1	5	2	2	10	13	23
Proposed posts 2014/15	–	1	5	2	2	10	13	23
Net change	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Total (I-III)

Approved posts 2013/14								30
Proposed posts 2014/15								23
Net change								(7)

^a Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.

18. The support provided by seven United Nations police officers under this component related primarily to the conduct of dedicated monitoring of the crossing points that had been opened in prior periods. Taking into account that the task of monitoring the crossing points is now conducted by United Nations police officers who are deployed in the sectors, it is proposed that the functions of the seven United Nations police officers be focused on strengthening support for the implementation of mandated tasks under the United Nations police component.

Component 2: military

19. The military component of UNFICYP will continue to focus its activities on ensuring the continued stability and the creation of conditions conducive to achieving a comprehensive political settlement. In this regard, the maintenance of the ceasefire and a calm situation in the buffer zone, with particular attention to preventing a deterioration of the security situation that could negatively affect the political process, will remain key priorities. In support of these objectives, UNFICYP will continue to hold regular meetings with counterparts on both sides to exchange information and to address issues that may be a source of disagreement, or to defuse any potential tension; and will continue to ensure that an effective military liaison process exists at all levels of command between the Force and the opposing forces. Furthermore, UNFICYP will continue to carry out its tasks with regard to the maintenance of the ceasefire and the integrity of the buffer zone through the implementation of the mobile patrolling concept and the provision of support for the implementation of confidence-building measures, such as mine action, reduction in

tension between the opposing forces and the equitable application of the rules governing access to and use of the buffer zone.

<i>Expected accomplishments</i>	<i>Indicators of achievement</i>
2.1 Maintenance of the ceasefire and the integrity of the United Nations buffer zone	<p>2.1.1 Maintenance of the number of ceasefire violations to minimum levels (2012/13: 371; 2013/14: 200; 2014/15: 200)</p> <p>2.1.2 Increase in the number of authorized civilian activities within the buffer zone (2012/13: 2,225; 2013/14: 2,150; 2014/15: 2,275)</p>

Outputs

- 73,832 mobile troop patrol days, comprising 69,160 troop patrol days; 1,248 troop patrol days jointly with United Nations police; 208 troop patrol days jointly with the Sector Civil Affairs Team; and 3,216 troop air patrol days
- 6,552 military observer and liaison group mobile patrol days, comprising 1,456 patrol days in sector 1; 2,600 patrol days in sector 2; and 2,496 patrol days in sector 4
- 10,220 operational/base duty troop days of United Nations installations in 6 camp areas, comprising 3,285 troop days in sector 1 (Camp Saint Martin and Roca Camp); 2,190 troop days in sector 2 (Wolseley Barracks); 1,825 troop days in sector 4 (Camp General Stefanik and Camp Szent István); and 2,920 troop days in the United Nations Protected Area
- 10,950 permanent observation post troop days
- 365 daylight observation post troop days
- 23,725 troop days to maintain security of United Nations installations in 6 camp areas, comprising 2,920 troop days in sector 1 (Camp Saint Martin and Roca Camp); 2,920 troop days in sector 2 (Wolseley Barracks); 4,380 troop days in sector 4 (Camp General Stefanik and Camp Szent István); and 13,505 troop days in the United Nations Protected Area
- 1,320 air support and air patrol hours (maximum of 110 flying hours per month x 12 months) covering the full length of the buffer zone
- 6,068 daily liaison contacts with opposing forces at all levels on buffer zone-related issues, comprising 1,688 contacts at UNFICYP headquarters level and 4,380 contacts at the sector level
- 52,560 troop platoon-size quick reaction reserve days, comprising 17,520 Sector Reserve quick reaction reserve days with 2 hours' notice to move; 9,855 quick reaction reserve days with 30 minutes' notice to move; 18,250 Mobile Force Reserve quick reaction reserve days with 2 hours' notice to move; 2,190 quick reaction reserve days; 1,095 helicopter quick reaction reserve days with 30 minutes' notice to move; and 3,650 military police patrol days
- Daily monitoring of the buffer zone by closed-circuit television systems, target location systems, global positioning system and night observation capability
- 3,694 troop support days, comprising 1,500 support days to United Nations agencies, funds and programmes, the good offices and other actors engaged in confidence-building, reconciliation and humanitarian matters, meetings of leaders and representatives of the two sides; 350 support days for official events; 600 troop support days; and 1,244 troop support days for military assistance at social events,

including 4 pilgrim activities, commemorations, demonstrations during anniversaries and bicomunal meetings

- Maintenance and monitoring of 11,592 m of minefield fencing at the remaining 4 minefields

External factors

Opposing forces will cooperate

Table 3

Human resources: component 2, military

Category								Total	
I. Military contingents									
Approved 2013/14								834	
Proposed 2014/15								834	
Net change								–	
International staff									
		USG-ASG	D-2-D-1	P-5-P-4	P-3-P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff	Total
II. Civilian staff									
Office of the Force Commander									
Approved posts 2013/14		–	1	–	–	1	2	2	4
Proposed posts 2014/15		–	1	–	–	1	2	2	4
Net change		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total (I-II)									
Approved 2013/14								838	
Proposed 2014/15								838	
Net change								–	

Component 3: United Nations police

20. The mandated tasks of the United Nations police component of UNFICYP are based on the application of paragraph 5 of Security Council resolution 186 (1964). The United Nations police will continue to focus on promoting trust between the two communities and on activities related to the civilian use of the buffer zone. They will also continue to strengthen its support to the other components by enhancing their patrolling activities. They will continue to build on their relationships with the police and other authorities as well as non-governmental organizations from both sides in order to develop more effective anti-crime strategies and facilitate, as necessary, the investigation of crimes committed in the buffer zone. The United Nations police will continue to explore ways to promote cooperation between police authorities from both sides in relation to the criminal activities that affect the two communities; support the good offices of the Secretary-General in relation to the implementation of confidence-building measures; and provide technical assistance to the Technical Committee on Crime and Criminal Matters and the Joint Communications Room. The United Nations police will also

continue to provide support for the operation of the Limnitis/Yeşilırmak crossing point.

<i>Expected accomplishments</i>	<i>Indicators of achievement</i>
3.1 Enhanced law enforcement in the United Nations buffer zone	3.1.1 Decrease in the number of incidents/violations as a result of increased preventative measures and cooperation with respective police services and other law enforcement agencies (2012/13: 182; 2013/14: 170; 2014/15: 165)

Outputs

- 5,840 United Nations police patrol days
- 3,900 United Nations police days of humanitarian assistance to Greek Cypriots and Maronites in the north, Turkish Cypriots in the south and both communities in the United Nations buffer zone
- 156 United Nations police days of liaison with respective police authorities and other law enforcement agencies
- 728 United Nations police days for the facilitation of escorts at the Limnitis/Yeşilırmak crossing point
- 96 United Nations police days of technical assistance to the Technical Committee on Crime and Criminal Matters
- 240 United Nations police days of liaison and monitoring for the Joint Communications Room

External factors

Police authorities of both sides will cooperate

Table 4

Human resources: component 3, United Nations police

Category	Total
I. Military contingents	–
II. United Nations police	
Approved 2013/14	62
Proposed 2014/15	69
Net change	7
	International staff
III. Civilian staff	

Total (I-III)								
Approved 2013/14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	64
Proposed 2014/15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	71
Net change	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7

21. As explained in paragraph 18 above, it is proposed that the functions of seven United Nations police officers, who had been previously attributed under the political and civil affairs component, be attributed under component 3 to strengthen support in the implementation of the mandated tasks of the United Nations police component.

Component 4: support

22. During the 2014/15 period, the support component of the Force will provide support in the implementation of the Force's mandate through the delivery of related outputs and the implementation of service improvements, as well as the realization of efficiency gains. Support will be provided to 860 military contingent personnel, 69 police officers and 150 civilian staff. The range of support will comprise all support services, including HIV/AIDS programmes, personnel administration, finance, health care, upgrading of troop accommodation facilities, information technology and communications, air and surface transportation, supply and resupply operations, as well as provision of security services throughout the Force.

<i>Expected accomplishments</i>	<i>Indicators of achievement</i>
4.1 Effective and efficient logistical, administrative and security support to the Force	<p>4.1.1 100 per cent physical verification of non-expendable mission assets by 30 June 2015 (2012/13: 100 per cent; 2013/14: 100 per cent; 2014/15: 100 per cent)</p> <p>4.1.2 100 per cent achievement within established benchmarks of property management key performance indicators</p> <p>4.1.3 Reduction in the number of road traffic accidents (2012/13: 3 per month; 2013/14: 4 per month; 2014/15: 3 per month)</p> <p>4.1.4 Increase in the percentage of waste materials being recycled (2012/13: 4 per cent; 2013/14: 10 per cent; 2014/15: 15 per cent)</p>

Outputs

Service improvements

- Implementation of an effective real-time vehicle tracking system for patrol vehicles using ultra-high frequency (UHF) radios with Global Positioning System (GPS) functionality
- Implementation of quarterly campaigns to inform all end users of the continuous need to conserve energy and encourage end users to provide feedback for the improvement of conservation measures

Military, police and civilian personnel

- Emplacement, rotation and repatriation of an average strength of 860 military contingent personnel and 69 police officers
- Verification, monitoring and inspection of contingent-owned equipment and self-sustainment requirements for 812 military contingent personnel (excluding staff officers)
- Supply and storage of rations for 812 military contingent personnel (excluding staff officers) and combat ration packs and bottled water for 860 military contingent personnel (including staff officers) at 5 military positions
- Administration of 150 civilian staff, comprising 37 international staff and 113 national staff
- Implementation of a conduct and discipline programme for all military, police and civilian personnel including training, prevention, monitoring and recommendations for remedial action where misconduct has occurred
- Implementation of Board of Inquiry procedures in accordance with Department of Peacekeeping Operations/Department of Field Support guidelines

Facilities and infrastructure

- Maintenance and repair of 17 military/police sites and 8 police premises, including the completion of 2,900 service requests
- Refurbishment of 10 observation posts
- Sanitation services for all premises, including sewage and garbage collection, disposal and recycling
- Operation and maintenance of 6 United Nations-owned water purification plants in 3 locations
- Operation and maintenance of 91 United Nations-owned generators in 25 locations
- Operation and maintenance of 12 refrigerated containers and 14 walk-in freezers
- Maintenance and renovation of 75 km of roads and 1 bridge
- Maintenance of 17 helicopter landing sites
- Construction of 3 hard-walled ablution facilities
- Supply of 127,000 litres of diesel fuel for generators and 210,000 litres of heating fuel
- Support and maintenance of 11 renewable energy power systems

Ground transportation

- Maintenance and operation of 308 vehicles, including 10 armoured vehicles at Force headquarters (166 United Nations-owned, 39 contingent-owned and 103 rented vehicles)
- Ongoing road safety programme and driver assessments for all United Nations personnel
- Supply of 44,000 litres of petrol and 886,000 litres of diesel fuel

Air transportation

- Operation and maintenance of 3 helicopters (including 1 provided at no cost as a reserve to replace either of the 2 helicopters during maintenance and other periods of downtime)

- Supply of 244,760 litres of aviation fuel

Communications

- Support and maintenance of 1 terrestrial leased line between Cyprus and Valencia, Spain, that supports voice data and fax (both secure and plain), support and maintenance of 1 terrestrial leased line between Cyprus and Beirut and 1 leased line between Cyprus and Camp Ziouani, Israel
- Support and maintenance of 5 broadband global area network satellite systems, 2 Thuraya portable satellite systems, 10 telephone exchanges, 32 microwave links, and 1 high-frequency (HF) and 16 UHF repeaters and transmitters

Information technology

- Support and maintenance of the information technology network, including 15 servers, 105 thin clients, 300 desktops, 61 laptops, 98 printers and 32 digital senders in 25 locations
- Support and maintenance of the wireless area network

Medical

- Operation and maintenance of 7 first aid stations, 6 level I medical facilities (2 contingent-owned medical centres and 4 United Nations-owned medical facilities)
- Maintenance of mission-wide land and air evacuation arrangements for all United Nations locations in Cyprus, comprising 7 external medical facilities in 4 locations
- Operation and maintenance of HIV/AIDS voluntary confidential counselling and testing facilities for all mission personnel
- HIV/AIDS sensitization programme, including mandatory induction training for all new personnel, refresher training and peer education for all mission personnel

Security

- Provision of security advice to designated official/Chief of Mission on an around-the-clock basis
- Up-to-date preparation and submission of key security documents, including the country-specific security plan, security risk assessments, incident reports, security updates and reviews, country evacuation and reception security reports
- Coordination of close protection for senior mission staff and visiting high-level officials, as required
- Conduct of residential surveys for the designated official/Chief of Mission and for other staff members, as required
- Induction security training and primary fire training/drills for all new mission staff
- Conduct of information sessions on security awareness and contingency plans for all mission personnel
- Provision of security to all personnel and their recognized dependants in accordance with the United Nations security management system

External factors

Vendors/contractors/suppliers will be able to deliver goods and services as contracted

Table 5
Human resources: component 4, support

Category	Total							
I. Military contingents								
Approved 2013/14								26
Proposed 2014/15								26
Net change								–
International staff								
II. Civilian staff	USG-ASG	D-2-D-1	P-5-P-4	P-3-P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff	Total
Security Section								
Approved posts 2013/14	–	–	1	–	1	2	3	5
Proposed posts 2014/15	–	–	1	–	1	2	3	5
Net change	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mission Support Division								
Approved posts 2013/14	–	1	4	1	14	20	93	113
Proposed posts 2014/15	–	1	4	1	13	19	94	113
Net change	–	–	–	–	(1)	(1)	1	–
Subtotal, civilian staff								
Approved posts 2013/14	–	1	5	1	15	22	96	118
Proposed posts 2014/15	–	1	5	1	14	21	97	118
Net change	–	–	–	–	(1)	(1)	1	–
Total (I-II)								
Approved 2013/14								144
Proposed 2014/15								144
Net change								–

Mission Support Division

International staff: decrease of 1 post

National staff: increase of 1 post

23. In accordance with the request from the General Assembly to continue to ensure greater use of national staff in peacekeeping operations, UNFICYP conducted a review of its international staffing structure. In the Procurement Section, the current staffing establishment comprises 8 posts (1 P-4, 1 Field Service and 6 national General Service). In this regard, it has been determined that the functions of the Procurement Assistance post (Field Service) can be fully performed by a national incumbent. As a result, it is proposed to convert the Procurement Assistant post from the Field Service category to the national General Service level.

II. Financial resources

A. Overall

(Thousands of United States dollars. Budget year is 1 July to 30 June.)

Category	Expenditure ^a (2012/13)	Apportionment ^a (2013/14)	Cost estimate (2014/15)	Variance	
				Amount	Percentage
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)=(3)-(2)	(5)=(4)÷(2)
Military and police personnel					
Military observers	—	—	—	—	—
Military contingents	20 222.4	21 054.0	20 158.3	(895.7)	(4.3)
United Nations police	2 533.7	2 757.5	2 899.9	142.4	5.2
Formed police units	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	22 756.1	23 811.5	23 058.2	(753.3)	(3.2)
Civilian personnel					
International staff	6 278.7	6 615.5	6 741.2	125.7	1.9
National staff	8 081.8	8 040.1	8 669.9	629.8	7.8
United Nations Volunteers	—	—	—	—	—
General temporary assistance	105.2	192.0	192.0	—	—
Government-provided personnel	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	14 465.7	14 847.6	15 603.1	755.5	5.1
Operational costs					
Civilian electoral observers	—	—	—	—	—
Consultants	24.8	52.7	50.0	(2.7)	(5.1)
Official travel	217.0	339.2	276.0	(63.2)	(18.6)
Facilities and infrastructure	8 518.1	9 018.9	8 884.4	(134.5)	(1.5)
Ground transportation	3 455.2	2 766.4	2 889.0	122.6	4.4
Air transportation	1 952.1	2 350.8	2 631.5	280.7	11.9
Naval transportation	—	—	—	—	—
Communications	778.2	523.7	802.2	278.5	53.2
Information technology	1 137.1	713.1	1 035.4	322.3	45.2
Medical	421.7	332.2	342.3	10.1	3.0
Special equipment	—	25.2	24.2	(1.0)	(4.0)
Other supplies, services and equipment	367.2	594.7	528.3	(66.4)	(11.2)
Quick-impact projects	—	—	—	—	—
Subtotal	16 871.4	16 716.9	17 463.3	746.4	4.5
Gross requirements	54 093.2	55 376.0	56 124.6	748.6	1.4
Staff assessment income	2 226.7	2 234.8	2 376.4	141.6	6.3
Net requirements	51 866.5	53 141.2	53 748.2	607.0	1.1
Voluntary contributions in kind (budgeted) ^b	999.2	1 228.3	1 068.3	(160.0)	(13.0)
Total requirements	55 092.4	56 604.3	57 192.9	588.6	1.0

^a Reflects the realignment of resources for Government-provided personnel from the operational costs group to the civilian personnel group of expenditure and the realignment of resources for the self-sustainment of uniformed personnel from the operational costs group to the military and police personnel group of expenditure.

^b Cost estimates for 2014/15 are inclusive of \$1,068,300 from the Government of Cyprus.

B. Non-budgeted contributions

24. The estimated value of non-budgeted contributions for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 is as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

<i>Category</i>	<i>Estimated value</i>
Status-of-forces agreement ^a	1 226.9
Voluntary contributions in kind (non-budgeted)	—
Total	1 226.9

^a Inclusive of market value, as estimated by UNFICYP, of the cost of United Nations observation posts and office and accommodation facilities provided by the Government of Cyprus to UNFICYP at no cost for military contingents and United Nations police units, including the UNFICYP headquarters complex.

C. Efficiency gains

25. The cost estimates for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 take into account the following efficiency initiatives:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

<i>Category</i>	<i>Amount</i>	<i>Initiative</i>
Rotation of military and police personnel	380.0	Improved planning and transport arrangements for military contingent personnel
Information technology	18.3	Replacement of 60 obsolete desktop computers with virtual desktop infrastructure thin clients
	—	
	—	
Total	398.3	

D. Vacancy factors

26. The cost estimates for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 take into account the following vacancy factors:

(Percentage)

<i>Category</i>	<i>Actual 2012/13</i>	<i>Budgeted 2013/14</i>	<i>Projected 2014/15</i>
Military and police personnel			
Military contingents	(0.1)	1.0	1.0
United Nations police	4.3	2.0	3.0
Civilian personnel			
International staff	—	3.0	2.0
National staff			

<i>Category</i>	<i>Actual 2012/13</i>	<i>Budgeted 2013/14</i>	<i>Projected 2014/15</i>
National Professional Officers	—	25.0	—
National General Service staff	5.4	5.0	5.0

E. Contingent-owned equipment: major equipment and self-sustainment

27. Requirements for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 are based on standard reimbursement rates for major equipment (wet lease) and self-sustainment in the total amount of \$1,427,200 as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Category		Estimated amount	
Major equipment			
Military contingents		1 247.9	
Subtotal		1 247.9	
Self-sustainment			
Facilities and infrastructure		179.3	
Subtotal		179.3	
Total		1 427.2	
Mission factors	Percentage	Effective date	Last review date
A. Applicable to mission area			
Extreme environmental condition factor	—	—	—
Intensified operational condition factor	—	—	—
Hostile action/forced abandonment factor	—	—	—
B. Applicable to home country			
Incremental transportation factor	0.25-3.75		

F. Training

28. The estimated resource requirements for training for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 are as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

<i>Category</i>	<i>Estimated amount</i>
Official travel	
Official travel, training	49.0
Other supplies, services and equipment	
Training fees, supplies and services	15.0
Total	64.0

29. The number of participants planned for the period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015, compared with previous periods, is as follows:

(Number of participants)

	<i>International staff</i>			<i>National staff</i>			<i>Military and police personnel</i>		
	<i>Actual 2012/13</i>	<i>Planned 2013/14</i>	<i>Proposed 2014/15</i>	<i>Actual 2012/13</i>	<i>Planned 2013/14</i>	<i>Proposed 2014/15</i>	<i>Actual 2012/13</i>	<i>Planned 2013/14</i>	<i>Proposed 2014/15</i>
Internal	30	9	13	112	6	21	26	—	—
External ^a	23	16	7	8	5	5	2	—	2
Total	53	25	20	120	11	26	28	—	2

^a Includes United Nations Logistics Base and outside the mission area.

30. The training programme for the 2014/15 period reflects the proposed requirements of \$64,000 with an emphasis on enhancing the substantive and technical skills of UNFICYP staff through its internal and external training programmes. Training courses would cover the areas of public information, engineering, supply, procurement, communications and information technology, security, finance, Inspira, IPSAS and Umoja.

III. Analysis of variances¹

31. The standard terminology applied with respect to the analysis of resources variances in this section are defined in annex I.B of the present report. The terminology used remains the same as in previous reports.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Military contingents	(\$895.7)	(4.3%)

- **Management: reduced inputs and same outputs**

32. The reduced requirements are attributable mainly to: (a) the exclusion of the provision for supplemental payment to troop-contributing countries, which was approved for the 2013/14 period; and (b) lower costs for rations and bottled water in connection with the implementation of the new systems contract effective April 2013.

	<i>Variance</i>	
United Nations police	142.4	5.2%

- **External factor: fluctuation in the exchange rate between the United States dollar and the euro**

33. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to the application of the United Nations operational exchange rate of €0.725 per United States dollar as at 31 December 2013 compared with the United Nations operational exchange rate of €0.770 applied in the 2013/14 budget.

	<i>Variance</i>	
International staff	\$125.7	1.9%

- **Cost parameters: revision of international salary scales**

34. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to the revision of international salary scales effective January 2014.

	<i>Variance</i>	
National staff	\$629.8	7.8%

- **External: fluctuation in the exchange rate between the United States dollar and the euro**

35. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to the application of the United Nations operational exchange rate of €0.725 per United States dollar as at 31 December 2013 compared with the United Nations operational exchange rate of €0.770 applied in the 2013/14 budget.

¹ Resource variance amounts are expressed in thousands of United States dollars. Analysis is provided for variances of at least plus or minus 5 per cent or \$100,000.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Official travel	(\$63.2)	(18.6%)

- **Management: reduced inputs and outputs**

36. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to the implementation of the train-the-trainer policy. The variance is offset in part by the allocation of indirect costs for the support of Umoja in the field. A detailed explanation will be provided in the overview report of the Secretary-General on the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Facilities and infrastructure	(\$134.5)	(1.5%)

- **Management: reduced inputs and outputs**

37. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to lower contractual costs for catering, cleaning and grounds maintenance services. The variance is offset in part by: (a) the replacement of obsolete accommodation equipment that is no longer compliant with health and safety standards; and (b) the refurbishment of 10 observation towers that had been closed since the 2005/06 period; and (c) the acquisition of firefighting and security equipment, prefabricated facilities and refrigeration equipment mainly as replacements for damaged or obsolete equipment.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Ground transportation	\$122.6	4.4%

- **External: fluctuation in the exchange rate between the United States dollar and the euro**

38. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to the application of the United Nations operational exchange rate of €0.725 per United States dollar as at 31 December 2013 compared with the United Nations operational exchange rate of €0.770 applied in the 2013/14 budget, resulting in higher costs for the rental of vehicles and repair and maintenance costs.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Air transportation	\$280.7	11.9%

- **External: revision of letter-of-assist arrangements**

39. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to updated provisions of the letter-of-assist arrangements between the United Nations and a troop-contributing country.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Communications	\$278.5	53.2%

- **Management: additional inputs and same outputs**

40. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to: (a) the allocation of indirect costs for the support of Umoja and other information technology systems in the field. A detailed explanation will be provided in the overview report of the Secretary-General on the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations; and (b) the replacement of communications equipment that is damaged, obsolete or has exceeded its economic lifespan.

	<i>Variance</i>	
Information technology	\$322.3	45.2%

- **Management: additional inputs and same outputs**

41. The additional requirements are attributable primarily to: (a) the allocation of indirect costs for the support of Umoja and other information technology systems in the field. A detailed explanation will be provided in the overview report of the Secretary-General on the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations; and (b) the replacement of equipment that is damaged, obsolete or has exceeded its economic lifespan, particularly in order to ensure the standards required to support the Umoja and Inspira systems.

IV. Actions to be taken by the General Assembly

42. The actions to be taken by the General Assembly in connection with the financing of the Force are:

(a) Appropriation of the amount of \$56,124,600 for the maintenance of the Force for the 12-month period from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015, including \$24,416,067 to be funded through voluntary contributions from the Government of Cyprus (\$17,916,067) and from the Government of Greece (\$6.5 million);

(b) Assessment of the amount of \$31,708,533, representing the balance of the appropriation in subparagraph (a) above at a monthly rate of \$2,642,377 should the Security Council decide to continue the mandate of the Force.

Annex I

Definitions

A. Terminology related to proposed changes in human resources

The following terminology has been applied with respect to proposed changes in human resources (see section I of the present report):

- **Post establishment.** A new post is proposed to be established when additional resources are necessary and when it is not possible to redeploy resources from other offices or otherwise accommodate specific activities from within existing resources.
- **Post reassignment.** An approved post that was intended to cover a certain function is proposed to implement other priority mandated activities unrelated to the original function. While a post reassignment may involve a change of location or office, it does not change the category or level of the post.
- **Post redeployment.** An approved post is proposed to be redeployed to cover comparable or related functions in another office.
- **Post reclassification.** An approved post is proposed to be reclassified (upgraded or downgraded) when the duties and responsibilities of the post have changed substantially.
- **Post abolishment.** An approved post is proposed to be abolished if it is no longer needed to implement the activities for which it was approved or to implement other priority mandated activities within the mission.
- **Post conversion.** The possible options for post conversion are as follows:
 - Conversion of general temporary assistance positions to posts: approved positions financed under general temporary assistance are proposed for conversion to posts if the functions being performed are of a continuing nature.
 - Conversion of international staff posts to national staff posts: approved international staff posts are proposed for conversion to national staff posts.

B. Terminology related to variance analysis

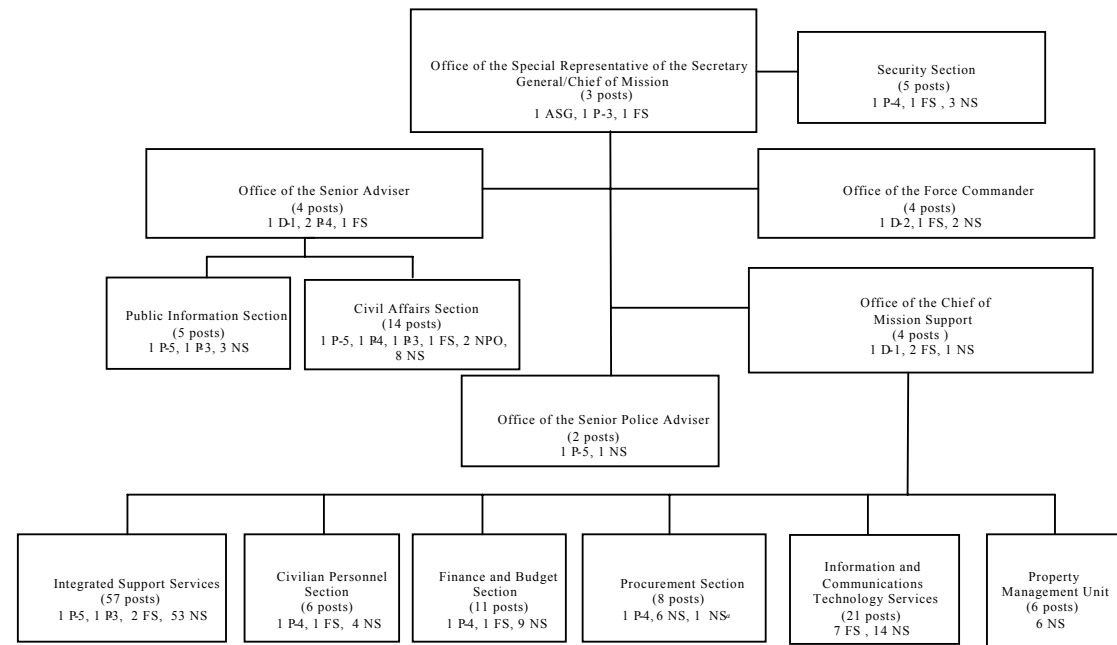
Section III of the present report indicates the single largest contributing factor of each resource variance according to specific standard options encompassed in the four standard categories listed below:

- **Mandate:** variances caused by changes in the scale or scope of the mandate, or changes in the expected accomplishments as driven by the mandate
- **External:** variances caused by parties or situations external to the United Nations
- **Cost parameters:** variances caused by United Nations regulations, rules and policies
- **Management:** variances caused by management actions to achieve planned results more effectively (e.g., by reprioritizing or adding certain outputs) or efficiently (e.g., by taking measures to reduce personnel or operational inputs while maintaining the same level of outputs) and/or from performance-related issues (e.g., by having underestimated the costs or quantities of inputs required to produce a certain level of outputs, or by delayed recruitment)

Annex II

Organization charts

A. Substantive and administrative offices



Abbreviations: ASG, Assistant Secretary-General; D, Director; P, Professional; FS, Field Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; NS, National General Service.

^a Converted post.

B. Military component

