



CONTENTS

	Page	Page
Statement by the President	1513	
Agenda item 47: General and complete disarmament (<i>concluded</i>): (a) Report of the Conference of the Committee on Disarmament; (b) Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency; (c) Report of the Secretary-General Report of the First Committee	1513	1522
Agenda item 115: Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its eleventh session Report of the Sixth Committee		
Agenda item 117: Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization Report of the Sixth Committee		
Agenda item 118: Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country Report of the Sixth Committee		
Agenda item 121: Report of the Special Committee on Enhancing the Effectiveness of the Principle of Non-Use of Force in International Relations Report of the Sixth Committee	1518	
Agenda item 122: Resolutions adopted by the United Nations Conference on the Representation of States in Their Relations with International Organizations: (a) Resolution relating to the observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or the League of Arab States; (b) Resolution relating to the application of the Conven- tion in future activities of international organizations Report of the Sixth Committee		
Agenda item 123: Consolidation and progressive evolution of the norms and principles of international economic development law Report of the Sixth Committee		
Agenda item 124: Draft Code of Offences against the Peace and Security of Mankind Report of the Sixth Committee		
Agenda item 73: Implementation of the Programme for the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination: report of the Secretary-General Report of the Third Committee		
Agenda item 74: World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimi- nation: report of the Secretary-General Report of the Third Committee		
Agenda item 81: Elimination of all forms of racial discrimination: (a) Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination; (b) Status of the International Convention on the Elimina- tion of All Forms of Racial Discrimination: report of the Secretary-General; (c) Status of the International Convention on the Suppres- sion and Punishment of the Crime of <i>Apartheid</i> : report of the Secretary-General Report of the Third Committee		
Agenda item 86: Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoy- ment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, includ- ing the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (<i>concluded</i>) Report of the Third Committee		
Agenda item 89: Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance (<i>con- cluded</i>) Report of the Third Committee		

President: Mr. Indalecio LIEVANO (Colombia).

Statement by the President

1. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): In view of the exceptional circumstances in which we have been forced to work owing to staff difficulties, I would appeal to representatives to co-operate with me and to agree to consider agenda items before the General Assembly even though in some cases the necessary documents are not available in all the working languages.

2. I have requested the co-operation of the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, who has kindly agreed, to introduce in English—which is not his working language—the reports of that Committee which have not yet been distributed to all Members of the General Assembly.

AGENDA ITEM 47

General and complete disarmament (*concluded*):*
(a) Report of the Conference of the Committee on Disarmament;
(b) Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency;
(c) Report of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/33/435)

3. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will first consider the report of the First Committee on agenda item 47. There are two documents in connexion with this item: A/33/435, the report of the First

* Resumed from the 84th meeting.

Committee, which was presented by its Rapporteur, Mr. Mihajlović of Yugoslavia, at the 84th plenary meeting of the General Assembly, on 14 December 1978, and A/33/L.33, containing an amendment to draft resolution H in paragraph 24 of the report.

4. Since copies of the report of the Fifth Committee on the administrative and financial implications of some draft resolutions are not at present available, I request the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, Mr. Hamzah of the Syrian Arab Republic, to read the Committee's report.

5. Mr. HAMZAH (Syrian Arab Republic), Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee: For technical reasons, the Fifth Committee's report on the administrative and financial implications of draft resolutions A, D and E in paragraph 24 of document A/33/435¹ has not yet been distributed.

6. I am authorized by the Fifth Committee to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt draft resolutions A, D and E and the draft decision in paragraph 25 an additional appropriation of \$165,000 under the programme budget for the biennium 1978-1979 will be involved. Conference servicing costs will be before the Assembly at a later stage.

7. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I should like to express my thanks to the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee for agreeing to introduce the report in a language which is not his mother tongue.

8. I call now on the representative of Canada to introduce an amendment to draft resolution H.

9. Mr. EDMONDS (Canada): I should like to introduce a minor amendment [A/33/L.33] agreed to by all the sponsors of the original draft of the text of the First Committee's draft resolution H on the prohibition of the production of fissionable materials for weapons purposes, which appears in paragraph 24 of document A/33/435. The amendment concerns the second preambular paragraph of the draft resolution. The new text of the second preambular paragraph would read as follows:

"Convinced that efforts to halt and reverse the nuclear arms race will facilitate the prevention of the proliferation of nuclear weapons and other nuclear explosive devices".

10. I believe that this amendment, although a minor one, will improve the text of that part of the draft resolution and make it more widely acceptable as a whole. The modification of the language also serves to reflect more clearly the original intention of that preambular paragraph.

11. I trust that this amendment will be acceptable to everybody here.

12. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I call on the representative of Ethiopia, who wishes to explain his vote before the voting.

13. Mr. MAKONNEN (Ethiopia): Ethiopia's profound interest in the success of the Strategic Arms Limitation

Talks has been repeatedly asserted, most recently during this session of the General Assembly. The progress achieved in those talks in this last year has been much less than satisfactory to the international community in general and it is particularly disappointing to my delegation. That point was duly emphasized by the leader of the Ethiopian delegation during the debate of the tenth special session of the General Assembly, which was devoted to disarmament.²

14. The attempts to link Ethiopia's legitimate right of self-defence to progress in those very important Strategic Arms Limitation Talks by one of the parties to the negotiations may have been a convenient move but it was certainly a mistaken one. Since the negotiations are of interest not only to the two negotiating parties but also to the international community as a whole, we should have liked draft resolution C in document A/33/435 to have included an appeal to those concerned to refrain from seeking to establish groundless links between the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks process and extraneous matters, particularly matters which infringe the right of a Member State to survive. In view of that omission, the Ethiopian delegation will abstain in the vote on the draft resolution.

15. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now take decisions on the nine draft resolutions grouped under the heading "General and complete disarmament", which have been recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 24 of its report [A/33/435].

15. We turn first to draft resolution A. The First Committee adopted draft resolution A by consensus. May I consider that the General Assembly wishes to adopt draft resolution A?

Draft resolution A was adopted (resolution 33/91 A).

17. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution B. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Kenya, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea,

² See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Tenth Special Session, Plenary Meetings*, 16th meeting.

¹ Subsequently circulated as document A/33/507.

Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Kuwait, United Arab Emirates

Draft resolution B was adopted by 132 votes to none, with 2 abstentions (resolution 33/91 B).³

18. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution C. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Burma, Burundi, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic,⁴ Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: Albania

Abstaining: Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Czechoslovakia, Ethiopia, Hungary, Malawi, Mongolia, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

³ The delegation of Mauritius subsequently informed the Secretariat that it wished to have its vote recorded as having been in favour of the draft resolution.

⁴ The delegation of the German Democratic Republic subsequently informed the Secretariat that it wished to have its vote recorded as an abstention.

Draft resolution C was adopted by 127 votes to 1, with 10 abstentions (resolution 33/91 C).

19. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution D. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Burma, Burundi, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cyprus, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Angola, Belgium, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Mongolia, Netherlands, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Draft resolution D was adopted by 117 votes to none, with 21 abstentions (resolution 33/91 D).

20. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution E. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Burundi, Canada, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Cyprus, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Iran, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Papua

New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Spain, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Barbados, Bhutan, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burma, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Congo, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Egypt, Ethiopia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Mauritius, Mongolia, Mozambique, Oman, Sao Tome and Principe, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, Yemen, Yugoslavia

Draft resolution E was adopted by 93 votes to none, with 40 abstentions (resolution 33/91 E).

21. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution F. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Angola, Austria, Brazil, Burma, Cuba, Gabon, Ireland, Israel, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Spain, Sweden

Draft resolution F was adopted by 105 votes to 18, with 12 abstentions (resolution 33/91 F).

22. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution G. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Burma, Burundi, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Mongolia, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

Abstaining: Mexico

Draft resolution G was adopted by 126 votes to 9, with 1 abstention (resolution 33/91 G).

23. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We now come to draft resolution H. I invite Members to turn their attention first to the amendment contained in document A/33/L.33, which refers to the second pre-ambular paragraph: May I take it that it is the wish of the General Assembly to adopt that amendment? A recorded vote has requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Bolivia, Botswana, Burundi, Canada, Central African Empire, Chile, Colombia, Cyprus, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Israel, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand,

Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire

Against: None

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bulgaria, Burma, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, France, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Hungary, India, Italy, Luxembourg, Mauritius, Mongolia, Mozambique, Poland, Portugal, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Trinidad and Tobago, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The amendment was adopted by 86 votes to none, with 41 abstentions.

24. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I shall now put to the vote draft resolution H, as amended. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Burma, Burundi, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Cyprus, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Mongolia, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bhutan, Congo, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, France, Guinea, India, Mauritius, Mozambique, Oman, Sao Tome and Principe

Draft resolution H, as amended, was adopted by 108 votes to 10, with 16 abstentions (resolution 33/91 H).⁵

25. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): Lastly, we come to draft resolution I. The First Committee adopted that draft resolution by consensus. May I consider that the General Assembly wishes to adopt draft resolution I?

Draft resolution I was adopted (resolution 33/91 I).

26. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I now invite representatives to turn their attention to the recommendation in paragraph 25 of the report of the First Committee [A/33/435]. I shall now put that recommendation to the vote. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Burma, Burundi, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cyprus, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Australia, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Canada, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Ethiopia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Ivory Coast, Mongolia, New Zealand, Norway, Papua New Guinea, Sweden, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The recommendation was adopted by 108 votes to none, with 23 abstentions (decision 33/422).

27. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I shall now call on those representatives wishing to explain their vote after the vote.

28. Mr. PAPAJORGJI (Albania): The Albanian delegation voted against draft resolution C recommended by the First

⁵ The delegation of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya subsequently informed the Secretariat that it wished to have its vote recorded as having been in favour of the draft resolution.

Committee in its report A/33/435. As we stressed during the voting on the same draft resolution in the First Committee, in the view of our delegation the question of taking note with pleasure of the demagogic declarations on disarmament of the United States imperialists and the Soviet social imperialists cannot even be raised. It has already been clearly proved that whenever the imperialist super-Powers talk about disarmament and peace they increase their efforts towards military build-up and war. The two imperialist super-Powers and the military aggressive blocs they lead constantly raise their military budgets, armies and weapons. The two imperialist super-Powers are the main protagonists in the armaments and arms race. Of course, from time to time they issue statements on disarmament, but, needless to say, the super-Powers lack the slightest desire to disarm themselves. Their only aim is to cover up their continued armament.

29. The Albanian delegation believes that even the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks, which are mentioned in the resolution, merely provide a bargaining forum in which the two super-Powers can arrange a schedule between themselves for their armament and the arms race. We hold that such talks have nothing to do with genuine and true disarmament.

30. Mr. GARCIA ROBLES (Mexico) (*interpretation from Spanish*): My delegation considers it a privilege to have had the opportunity in the First Committee—through the amendments submitted in document A/C.1/33/L.54, sponsored by Mexico together with six other delegations, and also through the informal talks to which those amendments led—to contribute to the bringing about of considerable improvements in the draft resolution dealing with the Committee on Disarmament, a draft initially numbered A/C.1/33/L.42, which, before being put to a vote, was revised twice.

31. Precisely for that reason—and because none of the many Members of the United Nations has actually questioned the validity of the agreement reached at the recent special session of the Assembly devoted to disarmament, according to which, as stated in the Final Document of the Tenth Special Session of the General Assembly, “the membership of the Committee on Disarmament will be reviewed at regular intervals” [*resolution S-10/2, para. 120*]—we doubly regret having had to abstain in the vote just taken on the draft resolution submitted to us by the First Committee as draft resolution G.

32. The explanation of our abstention is the same as the one we gave in the First Committee, which appears in the record of the meeting of that Committee held on 1 December.⁶ We are convinced that, while consensus is desirable in adopting any decision on disarmament, with regard to the composition of the Committee on Disarmament consensus is more than desirable; it is essential.

33. In the light of the statements we heard at that meeting of the Committee from the representative of Tunisia, acting as spokesman of the sponsors of draft resolution A/C.1/33/

L.42/Rev.2,⁷ and the representative of the Soviet Union,⁸ who explained the reasons for his negative vote—reasons that were probably similar to those of other delegations that voted against the draft resolution—my delegation ventures to hope that, in a spirit of mutual understanding, the Assembly may perhaps receive at its thirty-fifth session a report of the Committee on Disarmament defining “modalities”, to use the term used in the resolution, for the review of the composition of the Committee that can be unanimously adopted by the Assembly itself at the second of its special sessions devoted to disarmament.

34. However, we should not entertain illusions concerning the difficulty of the task. As I have already stated, there is a general feeling in favour of a review of the composition of the Committee at regular intervals, but it remains to be determined how and when. To this end it will be necessary, *inter alia*, to define the meaning and scope of the words “review”, on the one hand, and “regular intervals”, on the other, in the context of the Final Document.

35. The successful completion of that difficult task will require patience, perseverance and a reasonable measure of flexibility.

36. As it has done in the past, my delegation will continue to act in such a way as to contribute to the attainment of constructive results that may earn the consensus of the nuclear Powers and the rest of the world, since that is an essential requirement in this field and one that was rightly stressed by the General Assembly when, 17 years ago, it adopted resolution 1660 (XVI) of 28 November 1961, which served as the starting point for the establishment of what was to be called the Eighteen-Nation Committee on Disarmament.

AGENDA ITEM 115

Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its eleventh session

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/349)

AGENDA ITEM 117

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/413)

AGENDA ITEM 118

Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/478)

⁶ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-third Session, First Committee, 60th meeting, pp. 58-61.*

⁷ *Ibid.*, pp. 86-90.

⁸ *Ibid.*, p. 66.

AGENDA ITEM 121

Report of the Special Committee on Enhancing the Effectiveness of the Principle of Non-Use of Force in International Relations

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/418)

AGENDA ITEM 122

Resolutions adopted by the United Nations Conference on the Representation of States in Their Relations with International Organizations:

- (a) Resolution relating to the observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or the League of Arab States;
- (b) Resolution relating to the application of the Convention in future activities of international organizations

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/485)

AGENDA ITEM 123

Consolidation and progressive evolution of the norms and principles of international economic development law

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/484)

AGENDA ITEM 124

Draft Code of Offences against the Peace and Security of Mankind

REPORT OF THE SIXTH COMMITTEE (A/33/487)

37. Mr. OMAR (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya), Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee (*interpretation from Arabic*): I have the honour of introducing to the General Assembly the reports of the Sixth Committee on the following agenda items: item 115 [A/33/349]; item 117 [A/33/413]; item 118 [A/33/478]; item 121 [A/33/418]; item 122 [A/33/485]; item 123 [A/33/484]; and item 124 [A/33/487].

38. With reference to agenda item 115, the recommendation of the Sixth Committee is contained in paragraph 41 of its report [A/33/349]. This recommendation contains two draft resolutions, which were adopted by consensus. In draft resolution I the General Assembly, *inter alia*, would commend the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law for the progress made in its work and for its efforts to enhance the efficiency of its working methods. The Assembly would also remind the Commission of its earlier call, contained in paragraph 6 of resolution 32/145 of 16 December 1977, to take account of the relevant provisions of the resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at its sixth and seventh special sessions and note, as a response to that call, the inclusion in the proposed work programme of the item entitled "Legal implications of the new international economic order" and the decision of the Commission to establish a working group on this matter.

39. Draft resolution II provides, *inter alia*, that the General Assembly would decide that an international

conference of plenipotentiaries should be convened in 1980 at the location of the International Trade Law Branch, or at any other suitable place for which the Secretary-General may receive an invitation, to consider the draft Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods prepared by the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law and to embody the results of its work in an international convention and such other instruments as it may deem appropriate. The General Assembly would also decide that the Conference should consider the desirability of preparing a Protocol to the Convention on the Limitation Period in the International Sale of Goods, adopted at New York in 1974, which would harmonize the provisions of that Convention with those of the Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods as it may be adopted by the Conference.

40. The recommendation of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 117 is contained in paragraph 8 of its report [A/33/413] and was adopted by consensus. According to the draft resolution, the General Assembly would, *inter alia*, decide that the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization should continue its work in order to list the proposals which have been made or will be made in the Committee and to identify those which have awakened special interest and examine proposals which have been or will be made to the Committee with a view to according priority to the consideration of those areas on which general agreement is possible. The General Assembly would also request the Special Committee at its next session to complete the listing and examination of proposals made by Member States on the question of the peaceful settlement of disputes and to continue its work on the proposals regarding the question of the maintenance of international peace and security and other topics.

41. With regard to agenda item 118, the recommendation of the Sixth Committee is contained in paragraph 7 of its report [A/33/478]. This draft resolution, which was adopted by consensus, provides, *inter alia*, that the General Assembly would urge the host country to take all necessary measures without delay in order to prevent any acts violating the security of missions and the safety of their personnel or the inviolability of their property and in order to ensure normal conditions for the existence and functioning of all missions. The General Assembly should also express its appreciation to the New York City Commission for the United Nations and the Consular Corps and those bodies which contribute to its efforts to help to accommodate the needs, interests and requirements of the diplomatic community, to provide hospitality and to promote mutual understanding between the diplomatic community and the people of the City of New York.

42. With regard to item 121, the recommendation of the Sixth Committee, adopted by a recorded vote, appears in paragraph 8 of document A/33/418. According to the draft resolution the General Assembly would decide, *inter alia*, that the Special Committee should continue its work with the goal of drafting, at the earliest possible date, a world treaty on the non-use of force in international relations, as well as on the peaceful settlement of disputes, or such other recommendations as the Committee deems appropriate.

43. Because of lack of time, the Sixth Committee did not consider agenda item 122. Its recommendation, which was adopted by consensus, can be found in paragraph 4 of the Committee's report [A/33/483]. According to the terms of that recommendation, the item entitled "Resolutions adopted by the United Nations Conference on the Representation of States in their Relations with International Organizations" should be included in the provisional agenda of the thirty-fourth session of the General Assembly.

44. With regard to agenda item 123, the recommendation of the Sixth Committee, adopted by consensus, is to be found in paragraph 5 of its report [A/33/484]. According to the terms of the recommendation, the General Assembly would include in the provisional agenda of the thirty-fourth session an item entitled "Consolidation and progressive development of the principles and norms of international economic law relating in particular to the legal aspects of the new international economic order".

45. Finally, with regard to item 124, the recommendation of the Sixth Committee, adopted by a vote, is to be found in paragraph 8 of its report [A/33/487]. According to the terms of the draft resolution, the General Assembly would request the Secretary-General to invite Member States and relevant international intergovernmental organizations to submit their comments and observations on the draft Code of Offences against the Peace and Security of Mankind, including comments on the procedure to be adopted, not later than 31 December 1979 and to prepare a report to be submitted to the General Assembly at its thirty-fifth session.

46. I should like to express my sincere hope that the Assembly will adopt the recommendations of the Sixth Committee which I have just introduced.

Pursuant to rule 66 of the rules of procedure, it was decided not to discuss the reports of the Sixth Committee.

47. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will first consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 115 [A/33/349]. We shall now take decisions on the two draft resolutions recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 41 of its report.

48. We shall first take a decision on draft resolution I, entitled "Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law". The Sixth Committee adopted draft resolution I by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to adopt the draft resolution?

Draft resolution I was adopted (resolution 33/92).

49. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): Draft resolution II is entitled "United Nations Conference on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods". The report of the Fifth Committee on the administrative and financial implications of that draft resolution is in document A/33/498. The Sixth Committee adopted draft resolution II by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to adopt the draft resolution?

Draft resolution II was adopted (resolution 33/93).

50. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 117, entitled "Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization" [A/33/413]. Before we take a decision on the draft resolution before the Assembly, I request the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, Mr. Hamzah of the Syrian Arab Republic, to read the Committee's report.

51. Mr. HAN'ZAH (Syrian Arab Republic), Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee: I have the honour to introduce to the General Assembly the Fifth Committee's report on the administrative and financial implications of the draft resolution in paragraph 8 of document A/33/413. For technical reasons, the written report of the Fifth Committee has not been distributed in the Assembly.⁹ I am authorized by the Fifth Committee to inform the General Assembly that should it adopt the draft resolution in document A/33/413 it will involve an additional appropriation of \$10,000 under the programme budget for the biennium 1978-1979. Conference servicing costs in relation to the financial implications will come before the Assembly at a later stage.

52. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 8 of its report [A/33/413]. The Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to adopt the draft resolution?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 33/94).

53. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I call on the representative of Uganda who wishes to explain his delegation's position after the decision of the General Assembly.

54. Mr. WANI (Uganda): When the General Assembly established, by resolution 3499 (XXX), a Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization, we understood its mandate would be the inescapable task of finding ways and means of modernizing, improving and enhancing the operational role of the United Nations. If it found that that could be done by a review of the Charter, then let the Special Committee so recommend to the General Assembly. At its last session the Special Committee devoted its time to a discussion of, among other things, the peaceful settlement of disputes and the rationalization of existing procedures of the United Nations. With all due respect, we are not convinced that in pursuing those aims the Committee is fulfilling its original mandate.

55. The resolution just adopted by the General Assembly and contained in document A/33/413, notes, in its sixth preambular paragraph, that progress has been made in fulfilling the mandate of the Special Committee. We hold the contrary view. Furthermore, we are yet to be convinced that the list of priorities in paragraph 3 of the said resolution is in the best interest of the fulfilment of the

⁹ Subsequently circulated as document A/33/519.

original mandate of the Special Committee. We are especially sceptical about whether the rationalization of existing procedures of the United Nations has any relevance to the mandate of the Special Committee.

56. With regard to paragraph 4, we wish to understand it to apply strictly to substantive issues only and hope that the approach will not be employed to block the recommendations of the majority.

57. My delegation joined in the consensus on the resolution in document A/33/413, not in order to signify its full support of it, but rather because we believe that we should not allow any tactics to divert attention from the goals pursued by the Special Committee. Indeed, we thereby reaffirm our hope that the Special Committee will overcome the obstacles to its fulfilment of the difficult but noble task we have entrusted to it.

58. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on relations with the host country. The report is contained in document A/33/478. We shall now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 7 of its report. The Sixth Committee adopted the draft resolution by consensus. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to adopt the draft resolution?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 33/95).

59. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 121 [A/33/418]. We shall now take a decision on the draft resolution entitled "Report of the Special Committee on Enhancing the Effectiveness of the Principle of Non-Use of Force in International Relations", which has been recommended in paragraph 8 of the report of the Sixth Committee. The report of the Fifth Committee on the administrative and financial implications of that draft resolution is contained in document A/33/501. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic,

Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: Albania

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, China, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The draft resolution was adopted by 117 votes to 1, with 23 abstentions (resolution 33/96).

60. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I shall now call on the representative of Albania, who wishes to explain his vote after the vote.

61. Mr. HYSENAJ (Albania) (*interpretation from French*): The delegation of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania would like to explain its vote on the draft resolution recommended by the Sixth Committee in its report A/33/418, which deals with the question of the preparation of an international treaty on non-use of force.

62. The attitude of the Albanian delegation to this is well known. We explained it in the First Committee and in the General Assembly at the two previous sessions when this question was debated and the relevant resolutions were adopted. In accordance with our unswerving position of principle and for the reasons we have already explained and which we do not feel it necessary to recall here, the Albanian delegation voted against the draft resolution.

63. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 122, concerning resolutions adopted by the United Nations Conference on the Representation of States in Their Relations with International Organizations. The report is contained in document A/33/485. We shall now take a decision on the recommendation of the Sixth Committee in paragraph 4 of its report. The Committee adopted the recommendation without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly adopts the recommendation?

The recommendation was adopted (decision 33/423).

64. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 123, entitled "Consolidation and progressive evolution of the norms and principles of international economic development law", which is contained in document A/33/484. We shall now take a decision on the recommendation of the Sixth Committee in paragraph 5 of that report. No vote was taken on that recommendation in the Committee. May I take it that the General Assembly adopts the recommendation?

The recommendation was adopted (decision 33/424).

65. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I call on the representative of the United States, who wishes to explain his position.

66. Mr. PETREE (United States of America): Before we complete the consideration of this item, concerning which we joined in the consensus of the Assembly, we wish to make a brief comment on the change in the title of the item that occurred late in the Sixth Committee's consideration of it.

67. My delegation attaches no importance to the change in the title of the item. The sponsor of the item, the Philippines, asked that its title be changed and its request was granted as a matter of courtesy. That act had no more substantive consequence than approving the inclusion of an item in the agenda. Our positions with regard to a new international economic order are well known and are unchanged. The concept is a political and economic one in a very early stage of evolution. It is thus premature, in our view, to speak of "legal aspects" in this context.

68. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now consider the report of the Sixth Committee on agenda item 124 [A/33/487]. We shall now vote on the draft resolution entitled "Draft Code of Offences against the Peace and Security of Mankind", which has been recommended by the Sixth Committee in paragraph 8 of that report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mauritania, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Turkey,

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Zaire

The draft resolution was adopted by 116 votes to none, with 23 abstentions (resolution 33/97).

AGENDA ITEM 73

Implementation of the Programme for the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination: report of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/33/422)

AGENDA ITEM 74

World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination: report of the Secretary-General

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/33/447)

AGENDA ITEM 81

Elimination of all forms of racial discrimination:

- (a) **Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination;**
- (b) **Status of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination: report of the Secretary-General;**
- (c) **Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid: report of the Secretary-General**

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/33/381)

AGENDA ITEM 86

Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (concluded)*

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/33/473)

AGENDA ITEM 89

Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance (concluded)*

REPORT OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE (A/33/474)

69. Miss RICHTER (Argentina), Rapporteur of the Third Committee (*interpretation from Spanish*): I have the honour of presenting today the reports on agenda items 73, 74 and 81, which the Third Committee considered together with items 76 and 82, which have already been considered by the Assembly, and on items 86 and 89.

70. The report on agenda item 73, which is in document A/33/422, contains in paragraph 7 a draft resolution, which was approved by the Third Committee without a vote, on

* Resumed from the 84th meeting.

the implementation of the Programme for the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination.

71. The report on agenda item 74 is in document A/33/447 and in paragraph 14 contains two draft resolutions on, respectively, the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination and the results of that Conference.

72. The report on agenda item 81 is in document A/33/381 and in paragraph 17 contains three draft resolutions. Draft resolution I refers to the status of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and was approved without a vote. Draft resolution II refers to the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination; and it, too, was approved without a vote. Draft resolution III refers to the status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of *Apartheid*.

73. The report on agenda item 86 appears in document A/33/473. Paragraph 19 contains two draft resolutions which the Third Committee approved separately without a vote. Draft resolution I is entitled "Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights". Draft resolution II has the same title.

74. The report on item 89 appears in document A/33/474, and in paragraph 11 contains a draft resolution on the "Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance".

Pursuant to rule 66 of the rules of procedure, it was decided not to discuss the reports of the Third Committee.

75. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will consider first the report of the Third Committee on agenda item 73 [A/33/422]. We shall now take a decision on the draft resolution entitled "Implementation of the Programme for the Decade of Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination" which has been recommended by the Third Committee in paragraph 7 of that report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea,

Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The draft resolution was adopted by 124 votes to none, with 12 abstentions (resolution 33/98).

76. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Third Committee on agenda item 74, "World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination" [A/33/447].

77. I call on the representative of Israel, who wishes to speak in explanation of vote before the voting.

78. Mrs. BEN-AMI (Israel) (*interpretation from Spanish*): As my delegation has consistently stated, our attitude towards racism and racial discrimination is based on the biblical precept contributed to the world by the people of Israel that "... God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him" [Genesis 1:27].

79. As we are called upon today to vote on draft resolutions I and II, contained in document A/33/447, my delegation feels it urgent once again to express its most serious reservations.

80. In those draft resolutions note is taken of the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination. As is well known, in the charged atmosphere of the Conference, régimes notorious for their lack of humanity donned the robes of public prosecutor to point an accusing finger at Israel, the Zionist movement and, consequently, the Jewish people—the classic victim of racial persecution—singling them out in a grotesque condemnation of racism and racial discrimination.

81. Draft resolutions I and II approve the Declaration adopted at the Geneva Conference. Thus the sponsors of the amendment to draft resolution A/C.3/33/L.17, which is now draft resolution I—a draft resolution that in its original form had symbolized consensus—and of draft resolution II have reintroduced by a semantic device the infamous formula, "zionism equals racism". This can be gathered from a mere reading of articles 18 and 19 of the Declaration, in which Israel is condemned for its "policy of racial discrimination". As stated in article 18:

"The Conference condemns the existing ... relations between the zionist State of Israel and the racist régime of South Africa". [See A/33/262, para. 33.]

In article 19, the Conference called for “the cessation [by Israel] of all practices of racial discrimination” [*ibid.*].

82. Today the General Assembly is called upon to adopt that Declaration, and thus indirectly endorse the unspeakable formula of 1975, which has been revived despite the efforts of responsible delegations to eliminate extraneous elements from the text—to paraphrase as moderately as my delegation can the terminology used by some delegations. Probably there is still a lack of awareness of the seriousness of the situation. But to the people of Israel the danger signs are clear, because just as zionism cannot be divorced from Judaism, anti-zionism cannot be divorced from anti-Semitism; and just as classic anti-Semitism denies the Jews equal rights within a society, anti-zionism tries to deny equal rights to the State of Israel in the international community.

83. Draft resolutions I and II request the Economic and Social Council to undertake an evaluation of the activities of the Decade, bearing in mind the results of the Conference as they appear in the Declaration it adopted. Hence the adoption of these draft resolutions would mean that any activities pertaining to the Decade would have to take that Declaration into account—which is one of the reasons my delegation did not take part in the voting on agenda item 73.

84. Perhaps we cannot yet weigh the damage which this irresponsible attitude may do to the legitimate struggle against racism and racial discrimination and to those oppressed peoples which the Decade could have freed—the vast majority of which, living in countries that voted in favour of the Declaration, continue to be the victims of institutionalized repression and discrimination. The direct or indirect repetition of absurd texts in various resolutions and on various items, creates confrontation and hinders the achievement of our essential goals.

85. My country categorically rejects the Declaration adopted by the Conference and considers the provisions relating to Israel and zionism totally devoid of any moral or legal basis.

86. My Government wishes again to extend its appreciation to those countries which, through their non-participation, dissociation from the Conference, or negative votes, repudiated the sanctioning of anti-Semitism and the renewed attacks on the people of Israel. We invite the other Members of the General Assembly to reconsider this question with all due seriousness.

87. Therefore, my delegation will vote against draft resolutions I and II as well as against any other document that condones or mentions the Declaration adopted by the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination. My delegation requests a recorded vote.

88. Once again, we wish to say that we identify with the struggle of peoples for the elimination of racism and racial discrimination in the hope that in the near future the true purpose of the Decade in its content and essence may be found. It is in this spirit we are pleased to announce that the Government of Israel, at its meeting on 10 December 1978, decided to ratify the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination.

89. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): Before we take a decision on the draft resolutions before us, I call on the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, Mr. Mohammed Hamzah of the Syrian Arab Republic, to read the report of the Fifth Committee since the copies are not yet available.

90. Mr. HAMZAH (Syrian Arab Republic), Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee: I wish to introduce to the Assembly the report of the Fifth Committee on the administrative and financial implications of draft resolutions I and II contained in paragraph 14 of document A/33/447.¹⁰ I am authorized by the Fifth Committee to inform the General Assembly that the adoption of draft resolution I in document A/33/447 would involve an additional appropriation of \$200,000 under the programme budget for the biennium 1978-1979. The adoption of draft resolution II in document A/33/447 would involve an additional appropriation of \$55,000 under the programme budget for the biennium 1978-1979. The conference operating costs in relation to these two draft resolutions will come before the General Assembly at a later stage.

91. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on the two draft resolutions recommended by the Third Committee in paragraph 14 of its report, document A/33/447.

92. We shall turn first to draft resolution I entitled “World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination”. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica,¹¹ Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia

Against: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

¹⁰ Subsequently circulated as document A/33/521.

¹¹ The delegation of Costa Rica subsequently informed the Secretariat that it wished its vote to be recorded as an abstention.

Abstaining: Bahamas, Central African Empire, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Gabon, Guatemala, Ivory Coast, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Swaziland, Zaire

Draft resolution I was adopted by 107 votes to 18, with 11 abstentions (resolution 33/99).¹²

93. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I now put to the vote draft resolution II entitled "Results of the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Chad, China, Colombia, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zambia

Against: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Guatemala, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Abstaining: Bahamas, Central African Empire, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Gabon, Honduras, Ivory Coast, Malawi, Mexico, Nepal, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Swaziland, Zaire

Draft resolution II was adopted by 101 votes to 19, with 15 abstentions (resolution 33/100).¹³

94. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I call on those representatives wishing to explain their vote after the vote.

95. Mrs. MODISI (Botswana): Botswana has voted affirmatively for both resolutions relating to the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination, because we are as firmly committed as ever to the eradication of racial discrimination in all its forms, especially racial discrimination in its most virulent form—

apartheid. Our brothers and sisters in neighbouring countries ruled by oppressive racist régimes in southern Africa can always count on our support in this regard.

96. However, in keeping with its now well-known position concerning economic sanctions against South Africa that is due solely to the reality of our geographical location in southern Africa, the delegation of Botswana wishes to record its reservation on those aspects of the Programme of Action relating to economic sanctions against South Africa. This reservation, of course, in no way affects our support for the heroic people of South Africa. We are resolutely behind them in their just struggle.

97. Mr. VARGAS CAMPOS (Mexico) (*interpretation from Spanish*): The delegation of Mexico wishes to set on record the fact that it maintains the reservations, which it expressed on the appropriate occasion, about the Declaration and Programme of Action adopted by the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination that was held in Geneva in August this year. In particular we wish to state that we have serious reservations about paragraph 18 of the Declaration approved by the World Conference since it contains ideas not acceptable to Mexico. Notwithstanding that, on this occasion and in the Third Committee we voted in favour of draft resolution A/C.3/33/L.17 in its amended form, reproduced as draft resolution I in the report of the Third Committee [A/33/447], in order to highlight the concern of the Government of Mexico over the fact that it has not been possible to eliminate racism and racial discrimination in the world.

98. For this reason, we believe that the international community should find viable and effective ways of attaining the objectives set by the United Nations in its struggle against this crime.

99. Mrs. ARANA (Peru) (*interpretation from Spanish*): The delegation of Peru voted in favour of draft resolution I contained in document A/33/447 since Peru actively participated in the World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination and supported the Declaration and Programme of Action prepared by the Conference, the spirit and basic principles of which it fully shares.

100. However, we wish to state that we maintain the reservations entered by the delegation of Peru in Geneva as well as in the Third Committee concerning some paragraphs of that Declaration.

101. Mr. PETREE (United States of America): The United States delegation did not participate in the voting on draft resolutions under agenda item 73 and 74 for reasons which have been explained on a number of occasions in this Assembly. I take this occasion simply to reiterate that our policy of non-participation continues because nothing has occurred to give us reason for changing it. My delegation especially regrets that the results of the World Conference held last summer were so disappointing and that the valuable opportunity which that Conference presented to return the Decade to its original basis, as approved by consensus by this Assembly, has been lost.

102. Mr. VALDERRAMA (Philippines): The Philippines is a State party to the International Convention on the

¹² The delegation of Sierra Leone subsequently advised the Secretariat that it wished to have its vote recorded as having been in favour of the draft resolution.

¹³ *Idem*.

Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of *Apartheid*. The Philippines participated in the World Conference in Geneva and voted in favour of the Declaration and the Programme of Action. My delegation, therefore, voted in favour of the draft resolutions contained in document A/33/447 in reaffirmation of the Philippines policy of support for the programme for the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination and for the elimination of racism, racial discrimination, *apartheid* and colonialism.

103. When this question was considered in the Third Committee my delegation expressed the hope that a compromise could be reached which would have made a consensus vote possible. My delegation regrets that that was not possible.

104. Mr. GAGLIARDI (Brazil): The Brazilian delegation voted in favour of draft resolution I contained in document A/33/447.

105. My delegation, however, would like to reiterate that the Brazilian position regarding some specific points of the Declaration and Programme of Action adopted in Geneva is registered in the report of the Conference, in its annexes VI and VII, and in the report of the Secretary-General [A/33/262], as well as in the statement made during the debate on that item in the Third Committee.¹⁴

106. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Third Committee on agenda item 81, concerning the elimination of all forms of racial discrimination. The report is contained in document A/33/381.

107. Before the Assembly takes decisions on the draft resolutions before us I request the Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, Mr. Hamzah of the Syrian Arab Republic, to read that Committee's report relating to draft resolution II.

108. Mr. HAMZAH (Syrian Arab Republic), Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee: I have the honour to introduce to the Assembly the administrative and financial implications of draft resolution II contained in paragraph 17 of document A/33/381.¹⁵ The written report of the Fifth Committee, for technical reasons, has not appeared before the Assembly. I am authorized by the Fifth Committee to inform the General Assembly that, should it adopt draft resolution II in document A/33/381 it will involve no additional appropriation under the programme budget for the biennium 1978-1979. Conference service and cost in relation to this financial implication will come before the Assembly at a later stage.

109. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now take a decision on the three draft resolutions recommended by the Third Committee in paragraph 17 of its report [A/33/381].

110. Draft resolution I is entitled "Status of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of

Racial Discrimination". The Third Committee adopted draft resolution I without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

Draft resolution I was adopted (resolution 33/101).

111. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): Draft resolution II is entitled "Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination". The Third Committee adopted draft resolution II without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

Draft resolution II was adopted (resolution 33/102).

112. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): Draft resolution III is entitled "Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of *Apartheid*". A separate vote has been requested on the second preambular paragraph of draft resolution III. If I hear no objection, I shall take it that the Assembly agrees to that request. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, El Salvador, Finland, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Guatemala, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Papua New Guinea, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Abstaining: Bahamas, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Fiji, Gabon, Greece, Honduras, Ivory Coast, Malawi, Nepal, Panama, Paraguay, Samoa, Spain, Suriname, Uruguay

The second preambular paragraph was adopted by 98 votes to 21, with 16 abstentions.

113. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall now vote on draft resolution III entitled "Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and

¹⁴ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-third Session, Third Committee, 25th meeting, and ibid., Third Committee, Sessional Fascicle, corrigendum.*

¹⁵ Subsequently circulated as document A/33/522.

Punishment of the Crime of *Apartheid*", as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, El Salvador, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Japan, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Paraguay, Portugal, Spain, Swaziland, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay.

Draft resolution III as a whole was adopted by 109 votes to none, with 30 abstentions (resolution 33/103).

114. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): I shall call now on those representatives who wish to explain their votes after the voting.

115. Mr. MARAŞLI (Turkey): When draft resolution II was voted upon in the Third Committee, my delegation did not participate in the vote on either operative paragraph 5 or the draft resolution as a whole. For the same reasons as we gave at the 28th meeting of the Third Committee the Turkish delegation did not participate in the adoption of that draft resolution by the General Assembly.

116. Miss SHALHOUB (Jordan) (*interpretation from Arabic*): My delegation voted in favour of draft resolution II although we had some reservations with regard to operative paragraph 5. We turn now to the report of the Third Committee on agenda item 86 [A/33/473]. After the vote we tried to rectify the situation, but could not do so. However, having studied the matter closely, my delegation now wishes to state that we are voting in favour of the text in its entirety and of operative paragraph 5 in particular, in accordance with our policy from the outset in this field.

117. Mr. SHERIFIS (Cyprus): The positive vote of the delegation of Cyprus on draft resolution II emanates, *inter alia*, from the firm conviction of my Government that the General Assembly should give additional effect to the decisions of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination. We maintain that for the Assembly to ignore those decisions or to pass over them in silence would be tantamount to undermining the Committee's role as well as the Convention's effectiveness.

118. It is our view that the Convention's effectiveness depends to a considerable extent on the Committee's ability to function and to press for results in furtherance of the objectives set out in the Convention. Operative paragraph 5 of this draft resolution is important to my delegation for an additional specific reason: this is because the Committee's decision referred to in that operative paragraph, which the Assembly has now endorsed thus making it its own resolution, deals with the racial discrimination policies practised by the occupation forces in Cyprus. I shall not elaborate on this decision inasmuch as the Assembly is aware of its contents. The implementation of the decision now endorsed by this Assembly would mean the withdrawal of all foreign troops from my country, the repatriation of the settlers implanted in Cyprus from abroad and the return of all citizens of the Republic of Cyprus to their ancestral homes and properties. In other words, the implementation of this resolution would result in the full enjoyment by all Cypriots of their fundamental rights and freedoms, without discrimination.

119. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We shall take a decision on the two draft resolutions recommended by the Third Committee in paragraph 19 of its report.

120. We come first to draft resolution I entitled "Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights". The Third Committee adopted draft resolution I without a vote. May I consider that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

Draft resolution I was adopted (resolution 33/104).

121. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): We now turn to draft resolution II also entitled "Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights". The Third Committee adopted draft resolution II without a vote. May I consider that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

Draft resolution II was adopted (resolution 33/105).

122. The PRESIDENT (*interpretation from Spanish*): The General Assembly will now consider the report of the Third Committee on agenda item 89 [A/33/474]. We shall now vote on the draft resolution entitled "Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance" which has been recommended by the Third Committee in paragraph 11 of its report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Burma, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Empire, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Cyprus, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Rwanda, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United

Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia

Against: None

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bulgaria, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Congo, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Equatorial Guinea, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Mongolia, Mozambique, Poland, Romania, Sao Tome and Principe, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

The draft resolution was adopted by 118 votes to none, with 21 abstentions (resolution 33/106).

The meeting rose at 1.45 p.m.