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GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
Thirty-ninth session  
Item 71 of the preliminary list\*  
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO  
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES  
AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF  
THE POPULATION OF THE OCCUPIED  
TERRITORIES

SECURITY COUNCIL  
Thirty-ninth year

Letter dated 22 June 1984 from the Chargé d'Affaires a.i.  
of the Permanent Mission of Jordan to the United Nations  
addressed to the Secretary-General

I am sending you the most recent information on Israel's settlement activity in the occupied Arab territories during the month of May 1984. This activity, which violates the principles of international law relating to military occupation and, in particular, the Hague Conventions of 1907 and the fourth Geneva Convention of 1949, includes the confiscation of Arab land for the establishment of new settlements.

I need not stress the danger of the continuation of such a policy for peace and security and for the prospects for peace in the region.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter and its annex circulated as an official document of the General Assembly, under item 71 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Farouk KASRAWI  
Chargé d'Affaires a.i.

\* A/39/50.

ANNEX

Israeli settlement during the month of May 1984

During the month of May 1984, the occupation authorities established two settlements, namely:

1. Giv'at Haradar. Established on 28 May 1984 on land belonging to the villages of Beit Surik and Badu, in the Ramallah district.

2. Tel Tefo'im. Established on 29 May 1984 in the Beisan region.

During this month, the Israeli authorities also confiscated 1,585 dunums of West Bank land, the breakdown of which is as follows:

1. 10 dunums of the land of Al-Jib, in the Jerusalem district, belonging to the citizen Abdullah Sulaiman Khalayah, confiscated on 15 May 1984.

2. 75 dunums of the land of Dura, in the Hebron district, belonging to the citizen Abd al-Fattah Husayn and his brothers, confiscated on 14 May 1984.

3. 1,500 dunums situated on the south side of the Gate of the Pillar in Jerusalem, confiscated on 22 May 1984, of which 750 dunums belonged to the Baptist church and 750 dunums to the Al-Husayni family.

Settlement news reported this month includes the following:

1. The Jerusalem newspaper Al-Fajr of 15 May 1984 reported that, on 14 May, the Ministerial Settlement Committee decided to establish three new settlements: Migdalim (near Nablus), Hachlili (in the southern part of the West Bank) and Adam (near the settlement of Giv'on in the Jerusalem area).

2. The Jerusalem newspaper Al-Fajr of 16 May 1984 reported that the Israeli authorities intend to build a new street 40 metres wide linking up the village of Badu with the street of Nabi Samwil, which extends to the city of Jerusalem, in order to make a link-up with the new settlement of Hachlili.

(Signed) Shawkat MAHMUD  
Minister for Occupied Territories Affairs

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