

UNITED NATIONS  
GENERAL  
ASSEMBLY



Distr.  
GENERAL

A/3198  
S/3662  
2 October 1956  
ENGLISH  
ORIGINAL: VARIOUS

Eleventh session

ELECTION OF A MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE  
TO FILL THE VACANCY CAUSED BY THE DEATH OF JUDGE HSU MO

List of candidates nominated by national groups

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with article 7 of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, the Secretary-General has the honour to submit herewith to the General Assembly and to the Security Council a list in alphabetical order of all the persons nominated by national groups, for the election to be held during the eleventh regular session of the General Assembly in order to fill the vacancy in the International Court of Justice caused by the death of Judge Hsu Mo on 28 June 1956. In accordance with article 15 of the Statute, the term of office of the person elected to fill the vacancy will expire on 5 February 1958, the date on which the deceased member's term of office would have expired.
2. Curricula vitae of the candidates accompany the list.

Name and nationality of candidates

AGO, Roberto (Italy)  
BOLLA, Plinio (Switzerland)  
CHENG Tien Hsi (China)  
KOO, V.K. Wellington (China)

KURIYAMA, Shigeru (Japan)

MORELLI, Gaetano (Italy)

PAREDES, Angel Modesto (Ecuador)

RECTO, Claro M. (Philippines)

Nominated by the national group of:

Sweden  
France  
Netherlands  
Chile  
China  
Dominican Republic  
Ecuador  
Honduras  
Iran  
Lebanon  
Nicaragua  
Philippines  
Argentina  
Japan  
Panama  
Peru  
Sweden  
Switzerland  
Yugoslavia  
France  
Italy  
Ecuador  
Philippines

AGO, Roberto

Italian jurist and professor of international law.

Born 1907; studied at University of Naples; Doctor of Law, 1928; Doctor of Political Sciences, 1929; won a scholarship to the Academy of International Law at The Hague, 1935.

Taught international law at Universities of Cagliari and Messina, 1930-1931 and 1933-1934, respectively; professor of international law at University of Catania, 1934-1935, at University of Genoa, 1935-1938, at State University of Milan, 1934-1956, and at University of Rome, 1956; former Director of Institute of International Law at University of Milan; taught international law at Luigi Bocconi Commercial University in Milan.

Gave courses at the Academy of International Law at The Hague, 1936, 1939 and 1945; at the "Institut Universitaire des Hautes Etudes Internationales" in Genoa, 1947 and 1948; at the European College in Bruges, 1952; at the University of Valladolid, 1952; at the University of European Studies in Turin, 1953, 1954, 1955 and 1956. Has given courses or lectures on international law at academic and scientific institutions in Rome, Milan, Turin, Florence, Naples, Padua, Vicenza and Perugia in Italy, and in London, Cambridge, Oxford, Geneva, Brussels, San Francisco, Oslo, Stockholm, Copenhagen and Coimbra abroad; is scheduled to lecture in Thessalonica, Athens, Madrid, Toulouse, Aix-en-Provence, Brussels and Louvain in 1956-1957.

Associate member of the Institute of International Law; member of the Italian Institute of International Law, the Greek Institute of International and Foreign Law and the American Academy of Political and Social Sciences; president of the International Law Section of the International Congress for the Reform of Arbitration (1954).

Co-director of Rivista di Diritto internazionale and Rivista di Diritto industriale; director of Comunicazioni e Studi of Institute of International Law of University of Milan; managing editor of La Comunità Internazionale.

Attorney of the Supreme Court of Italy; counsel of the Italian Government at the Permanent Court of International Justice, 1935-1938; co-rapporteur on international law of a commission of the Italian Constituent Assembly, 1946-1947; member of a commission of jurists appointed by the Council of Europe to prepare a draft European constitution, 1952; legal consultant of the International

Refugee Organization, 1948-1951, and of the Inter-Governmental Committee on European Migration since 1952; member of the Italian National Committees for UNESCO and UNICEF; member of the Italian delegations to the UNESCO Conferences, 1950, 1951 and 1952, to the Rome Conference for European Community, 1953, and to the International Labour Conference, 1946-1951, 1954, 1955; alternate Italian representative on the Governing Body of the International Labour Organisation, 1948-1954, and representative since 1954; Chairman of the Committee on Standing Orders and the Application of Conventions and Recommendations of the Governing Body of the ILO, 1950-1954; Chairman of the Governing Body of the ILO, 1954-1955.

Secretary-General of the Italian Society for International Organizations since 1945; Chairman of the Executive Committee of the World Federation of United Nations Associations, 1951-1952, and First Vice-President of the Federation since 1953; member of the Executive Committee of the International Studies Conference since 1948.

Member of the Permanent Arbitral Commission between Switzerland and the Netherlands since 1948; President of the Arbitral Tribunal between France and the Saar since 1954.

Author of the following books, in addition to many articles on various topics of public and private international law: Studi di diritto internazionale privato (1932); Teoria di diritto internazionale privato. Parte generale (1934); Il requisito dell'effettività dell'occupazione in diritto internazionale (1934); Lezioni di diritto internazionale privato (1939, reprinted 1948, 1950 and 1952, revised edition 1955); Diritto internazionale delle neutralità (1939-1940); Diritto internazionale privato comparato. Parte generale (1945); Lezioni di diritto internazionale (1943); Elementi di diritto pubblico nordamericano (1945); Scienza giuridica e diritto internazionale (1950).

#### BOLLA, Plinio

Former President of the Swiss Federal Court.

Born in 1896; gymnasium and cantonal lycée, Lugano; Universities of Berne, 1914-1915, and Lausanne, 1915-1921; Doctor of Jurisprudence, University of Lausanne, 1921; Doctor honoris causa, University of Utrecht, 1953.

Advocate at Bellinzona, 1921-1925; lectured on Swiss civil law at the University of Pavia, Italy, 1923-1925; deputy to the Grand Conseil Tessinois, 1921-1925; judge of the Swiss Federal Court, 1925-1950; President of the same court, 1944-1945.

President of the Swiss Association of Jurists, 1938-1940; President of the Swiss Arbitration Commission on Author's Copyright, 1941-1951; President of the Swiss branch of the International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property (IUIPI) and Vice-President of the same Union; Swiss representative on the supervisory committee of the International Union for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works; Chairman of the Switzerland-Denmark Conciliation Commission; Swiss member of the Switzerland-Italy Conciliation Commission; Chairman of the Conciliation Commission for Italy, France, the United Kingdom and the United States established under the Treaty of Peace with Italy. Associate member of the Institut de droit international; foreign member of the Academy of Sciences, Turin; leader of the Swiss delegations to various diplomatic conferences.

Publications: a large number of legal works, particularly on the subject of intellectual property.

#### CHENG Tien-Hsi

Chinese jurist and diplomat.

Born 1884; graduated with honours in law, University of London, 1912; called to Bar in England, 1913; LL.D. (London), 1915; won Quain Prize in Public International Law (University of London), 1916; Fellow of University College, London, 1936; Honorary Benchers, Middle Temple, 1946.

From 1920 to 1925 successively a judge of the Chinese Supreme Court, senior member of the Law Codification Commission, adviser to the Trade Mark Bureau and the Extraterritoriality Commission, technical expert of the Chinese Delegation to the Washington Conference (1921), tutor of the Judicial Academy, substitute member of International Judicial Commission (1926), and lecturer on English law in Peking University. Practised law in Shanghai, 1926-1930. Vice-Minister of Justice and sometimes Acting Minister of Justice, 1931-1934; adviser to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Ministry of Justice, 1934-1936. Delegate to Eleventh International Penal Congress and to Sixth International Congress on the

Unification of Penal Law, 1935; special commissioner of Chinese Government for International Exhibition of Chinese Art in London, 1935.

Judge of Permanent Court of International Justice, 1936-1945; member of Board of Liquidation of League of Nations, 1945-1947; Chinese Ambassador in London, 1946-1950.

Author of Rules of Private International Law Governing Capacity to Contract (thesis, 1915); Civilization and Art of China (1935); China Moulded by Confucious (1946); East and West (1951); Musings of a Chinese Gourmet (1954); Translator into English of Chinese Supreme Court decisions, Prize Court Judgements, first draft Civil Code, etc.

KOO, V.K. Wellington

Chinese jurist and diplomat.

Born 1888; B.A., M.A. and Ph.D. in International Law and Diplomacy, Columbia University; LL.D. Yale, Columbia, St. John's, Aberdeen, Birmingham and Manchester; L.H.D., Miami.

From 1912 to 1915, English Secretary to the President of the Chinese Republic, Secretary of the Cabinet, Counsellor of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Director of the Commission on Foreign Claims arising out of the Revolution of 1911, and member of the Commission to draft a Constitution for the Republic. Minister to United States of America, 1915; plenipotentiary and chairman of Chinese Delegation to the Peace Conference, Paris, 1919; delegate to the Assembly and representative on the Council of the League of Nations, 1920-1922; Minister to Great Britain, 1921; President of the fourteenth session of the Council of the League of Nations, 1921; plenipotentiary to the Washington Conference, 1921-1922; Minister of Foreign Affairs, 1922-1924; Minister of Finance, 1926; Prime Minister and concurrently Minister of Foreign Affairs, 1926-1927; Minister of Foreign Affairs, 1931; chairman of the Financial Commission, 1932; Chinese Assessor to the League of Nations Commission of Inquiry into Manchurian Crisis (Lytton Commission), 1932; Minister to France, 1932-1935; delegate to the Assembly of the League of Nations, 1932-1933; representative on the Council of the League, 1932-1934, delegate to the World Monetary and Economic Conference, London, 1933; delegate to the Conference for the Reduction and Limitation of Armaments, Geneva, 1933.

Nominated member of Permanent Court of Arbitration, 1934; Ambassador to France, 1935-1941; chief delegate to the Assembly of the League, 1935-1936; representative on the Council of the League, 1937-1939; President of the ninety-sixth session of the Council of the League, 1937; chief delegate to the Brussels Conference, 1937; chief delegate to the Assembly of the League, 1938; Ambassador to Great Britain, 1941-1946; special envoy to coronation of Pope Pius XII; special envoy to 800th Anniversary of Portugal.

Chief delegate to Dumbarton Oaks Conference, 1944; acting chairman of delegation to United Nations Conference on International Organization, 1945; chairman of delegation to Preparatory Commission of the United Nations, 1945; chairman of delegation to first, second and third sessions of General Assembly, 1946-1948; Ambassador to United States of America, 1946-May 1956; delegate to Conference of Food and Agriculture Organization, 1950; reappointed member of Permanent Court of Arbitration, 1952; now Senior Adviser to the President of the Republic of China.

Author of Status of Aliens in China (1912).

#### KURIYAMA, Shigeru

Justice of the Supreme Court of Japan.

Born 1886; graduated from Faculty of Law, Tokyo Imperial University, 1913.

Entered Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1914; member of Japanese delegation to Peace Conference, Paris, 1919; member of delegation to first session of the Assembly of the League of Nations, 1920; member of delegation to Washington Conference for the Reduction and Limitation of Armaments, 1921; Chief of Section, Treaties Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1924-1927; First Secretary, Japanese Embassy, Paris, 1927-1929; Secretary-General of delegation to Conference on Reparation Problems between Germany and the Allied Powers at The Hague, and member of the Committee of Jurists of the Conference, 1929; member of delegation to London Naval Conference and member of Drafting Committee of the Conference, 1929; delegate to International Commission for Air Navigation, 1930-1932; Counsellor of Embassy in Paris, 1930-1933; delegate to Reparations Conference, Lausanne, 1933; Director of Treaties Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1933-1937; Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Sweden, Norway

and Denmark, 1937-1939; Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgium and concurrently Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Luxembourg, 1939-1940.

Justice of Supreme Court of Japan since 1947; member of Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1954; Vice-President of Japan Bar Association, 1954-1955; President of Japanese Branch of International Law Association since 1955.

MORELLI, Gaetano

Italian jurist and professor.

Born 1900; Doctor of Law, University of Rome, 1921; assistant lecturer on international law, University of Urbino, 1927-1932; Professor extraordinary at the University of Modena, 1932-1933, and at the University of Padua, 1933-1935; professor ordinarius at the University of Naples, 1935-1951, and at the University of Rome since 1951; since 1951, member of the higher council of education; lectured at the Academy of International Law at The Hague in 1937 (on the general theory of international judicial proceedings) and in 1956 (on the general rules of public international law). Since 1951, associate member of the Institut de droit international. Judge ad hoc of the International Court of Justice, 1954.

Expert on the Italian delegation to the Capitulations Conference, Montreux, 1937; Italian delegate to the seventh conference on private international law, The Hague, 1951; since 1950, member of the Switzerland-Luxembourg Permanent Conciliation Commission.

Co-editor, with Perassi and Ago, of the Rivista di diritto internazionale; co-editor, with Balladore Pallieri and Quadri of the Trattato di diritto internazionale.

Author of many works on public and private international law, including: La sentenza internazionale (1931); Il diritto processuale civile internazionale (the first edition of this work, published in 1938 in the Trattato di diritto internazionale, edited by Fedozzi and Romano, was awarded the Chiovenda Prize and was translated into Spanish in 1953; the second (revised) edition, published in 1954, is included in the new Trattato di diritto internazionale edited by Balladore Pallieri, Morelli and Quadri); Lezioni di diritto internazionale



privato (second edition, 1943); Nozioni di diritto internazionale (third edition, 1951); Elementi di diritto internazionale privato italiano (third edition, 1952, fourth edition, 1955); Considerazioni sulla soluzione guidiziarla delle controversie internazionale (in the second volume of Comunicazioni e Studi of the Institute of International Law of the University of Milan, 1946); Estinzione e soluzione di controversie internazionali (in the third volume of the same publication, 1950).

PAREDES, Angel Modesto

Ecuadorian jurist and professor of international law.

Studied law at Faculty of Law and Social Sciences, Central University of Quito; admitted by the Supreme Court of Justice to practise as an attorney in the Ecuadorian courts.

Professor of logic, psychology and history of philosophy; secretary of the Central Board of Education, Director of Education for Pichincha Province, professor of public and private international law, 1925; Dean of the Faculty of Law, State Counsellor, 1929, Minister of Education and officer in charge of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1931; Director of the National Library, 1932; professor of sociology, 1935; Rector of the Central University, 1936, justice of the High Court of Justice of Quito, 1942; Legal Adviser to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 1944; President of the Special Court of Justice with the rank of Justice of the Supreme Court; Minister Counsellor of Ecuadorian Embassy in Buenos Aires, 1946; professor of international civil law, 1947; professor of diplomatic and consular law, 1950; in 1952 the Ecuadorian Institute of International Law was established and Dr. Paredes was appointed its Director, a post which he still holds while at the same time lecturing at the Institute on international law in time of peace and comparative legislation in the field of private law.

Attended the following international congresses either as a delegate or by invitation: Congress of Jurists, Havana, 1945, and Santiago, Chile, 1946; Conference of International Law and Comparative Legislation, Paris, 1948; UNESCO Conference, 1948; Congress of the International Association of Sociology, Switzerland, 1950, and Belgium, 1953; Conference of the Latin American Society, Quito, 1955.

Member of, among others, Institute of Comparative and International Law, attached to Ministry of Justice of France; Paris Society of Comparative Legislation; Argentine Institute of Sociology; Argentine Institute of International Law; International Association of Sociology; Latin American Association of Sociology; Bogotá Association of Sociology; Colombian Academy of Jurists.

Author of about twenty books in various scholarly fields, particularly sociology and international law; his principal works on the latter, in addition to numerous articles, are Informe acerca de la conveniencia de ratificar el Código de derecho internacional privado, Sánchez de Bustamante (1930); Teoría general del derecho civil internacional (three volumes, 1931-1934); El nuevo derecho internacional y las bases de la paz en América (second edition, 1935); La Carta de las Naciones Unidas (1937); Manual de derecho internacional público, sus principios fundamentales en tiempo de paz (1952); and a pamphlet on La economía de los mares (1955).

RECTO, Claro M.

Philippine jurist and Senator.

Born 1890; A.B., Ateneo de Manila, 1909; LL.M. University of Santo Tomás, 1914; LL.D. (honoris causa), University of Manila, 1936; LL.D. (honoris causa), Arellano University, 1949.

Admitted to the Philippine Bar, 1914; legal adviser of First Philippine Senate, 1916; elected member of House of Representatives, 1919; Minority Floor Leader in House of Representatives, 1919-1922; re-elected, 1922; Minority Floor Leader, 1922-1925; member of Parliamentary Independence Mission to the United States, 1924; admitted to Bar of United States Supreme Court, 1924; re-elected to House of Representatives, 1925; Minority Floor Leader, 1925-1928; elected Senator, 1931; Minority Floor Leader in Senate, 1931-1934; delegate to Constitutional Convention and unanimously chosen its President, 1934. Majority Floor Leader and President pro tempore of Senate, 1934; as President of the Constitutional Convention (1934-1935) which drafted and adopted the Constitution of the Philippine Republic, presented it personally to President Roosevelt for his approval and signature, 1935.

Appointed Associate Justice of Philippine Supreme Court and resigned as President pro tempore of Senate and Senator to be inducted into that Court, 1935; elected Senator (with highest number of votes among the twenty-four elected Senators), 1941; nominated as candidate for International Court of Justice, 1948; President, Philippine Bar Association; elected Senator, 1949, for six-year term; Chairman of Committees on National Defence and Security, Revision of Laws, Banks, Corporations and Franchises of Senate; appointed Ambassador to Spain and Italy, 1950, but declined appointment; re-elected Senator, 1955.

Honorary member of Royal Academy of the Spanish Language (Spain), Royal Academy of Jurisprudence and Legislation (Spain), and Royal Academy of Arts and Sciences (Spain).

Author of The Law of Belligerent Occupation; Validity of Payments during Enemy Occupation; Three Years of Enemy Occupation; and literary and political works and legal treatises.

