

UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL



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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STATE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General wishes to submit the following statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration on 7 June 1958.

1. The Iranian question (see S/3890).
2. Special agreements under article 43 and the organization of the armed forces made available to the Security Council (see S/3890).
3. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/3890).
4. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/3890).
5. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations (see S/3890).
6. Appointment of a governor for the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/3890).
7. The Egyptian question (see S/3890).
8. The Indonesian question (see S/3890).
9. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/3890).
10. Reports on the strategic Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the resolution of the Security Council of 7 March 1949 (see S/3890).
11. Applications for membership (see S/3890).
12. The Palestine question (see S/3890, S/3916 and S/3944).
13. The India-Pakistan question (see S/3890, S/3895, S/3900, S/3902/Rev.1, S/3903, S/3908, S/3912, S/3916, S/3921 and S/3926).
14. The Czechoslovak question (see S/3890).
15. The question of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/3890).
16. The Hyderabad question (see S/3890).

17. Identic notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (see S/3890).
18. International control of atomic energy (see S/3890).
19. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa) (see S/3890).
20. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China (see S/3890).
21. Complaint of failure by the Iranian Government to comply with provisional measures indicated by the International Court of Justice in the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company case (see S/3890).
22. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons (see S/3890).
23. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare (see S/3890).
24. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3890).
25. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3890).
26. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3890).
27. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China. Letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China (see S/3890).
28. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal, which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888 (see S/3890).

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29. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations (see S/3890).
30. The situation in Hungary (see S/3890).
31. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria (see S/3890).
32. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/3890).
33. Letter dated 13 February 1958 from the permanent representative of Tunisia to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint by Tunisia in respect of an act of aggression committed against it by France on 8 February 1958 at Sakiet-Sidi-Youssef" (see S/3967).
34. Letter dated 14 February 1958 from the permanent representative of France to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Situation resulting from the aid furnished by Tunisia to rebels enabling them to conduct operations from Tunisian territory directed against the integrity of French territory and the safety of the persons and property of French nationals" (see item 39 (a) below) (see S/3967).
35. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General (see S/3967).
36. Complaint of the representative of the USSR in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft armed with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union" (see S/3996 and S/4002).
37. Letter dated 22 May 1958 from the representative of Lebanon addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint by Lebanon in respect of a situation arising from the intervention of the United Arab Republic in the internal affairs of Lebanon, the continuance of which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security" (see S/4017).

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At its 822nd meeting on 5 June, the Security Council agreed, at the request of the representative of Lebanon, to postpone its consideration of the question until 6 June. On that date, at its 823rd meeting, the Council heard opening statements by the representatives of Lebanon and of the United Arab Republic, and decided to continue its discussion of the question on 10 June.

38. Letter dated 29 May 1958 from the representative of Tunisia to the President of the Security Council concerning: "Complaint by Tunisia in respect of acts of armed aggression committed against it since 19 May 1958 by the French military forces stationed in its territory and in Algeria".
39. Letter dated 29 May 1958 from the representative of France to the President of the Security Council concerning: (a) "The complaint brought by France against Tunisia on 14 February 1958" (see item 34 above); and (b) "The situation arising out of the disruption, by Tunisia, of the modus vivendi which had been established since February 1958 with regard to the stationing of French troops at certain points in Tunisian territory".

In a letter dated 29 May 1958 (S/4013), the representative of Tunisia requested the President of the Security Council to convene a meeting to consider the complaint by Tunisia (item 38). He transmitted an explanatory memorandum on the question, and on 1 June (S/4019) transmitted a further memorandum outlining the events complained of.

In a letter dated 29 May (S/4015), the representative of France requested that at its next meeting the Security Council consider the complaint by France (item 39 above), and also transmitted an explanatory memorandum.

At its 819th meeting on 2 June 1958, the Security Council included these two items on its agenda and invited the representative of Tunisia to participate in their consideration. Following statements by the representatives of Tunisia and of France at the 819th and 820th meetings on 2 June, the Council proceeded with the discussion of the two questions, and continued that consideration at the 821st meeting on 4 June. It was agreed, without objection, to adjourn further discussion of the two questions until 18 June.

