



经济及社会理事会

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人权委员会
第六十届会议
议程项目9

在世界任何地区人权和基本自由遭受侵犯的问题

2004年3月26日阿塞拜疆常驻联合国日内瓦办事处代表团

致人权委员会秘书处的普通照会

阿塞拜疆共和国常驻联合国日内瓦办事处和其他国际组织代表团向联合国人权委员会第六十届会议秘书处致意，并谨代表2004年2月23日在巴库举行的霍贾里种族灭绝十二周年会议的与会者，随此照会转交致联合国、欧洲安全与合作组织、欧洲委员会、独立国家联合体、议会联盟、世界各国议会和国家首脑的呼吁。

阿塞拜疆共和国常驻代表团谨请将本普通照会以及所附资料 * 作为人权委员会第六十届会议的正式文件，在题为“在世界任何地区人权和基本自由遭受侵犯的问题”的议程项目9下分发。

* 附件不译，原文照发

Annex

APPEAL

**to the United Nations, Organization of Security and Cooperation in Europe,
Council of Europe, Commonwealth of Independent States, Inter-
Parliamentary Union, parliaments and heads of states of the world**

**on behalf of participants – women NGOs
and well-known women activists of the Republic –
of the Conference of February 23, 2004
devoted to the 12th anniversary of Khojaly genocide**

We, on behalf of millions of girls and women of the Republic of Azerbaijan and thousands of women, girls, martyrs' mothers, who were subject to Armenian aggression, were expelled from their ancient lands and inhabited in tent camps, carriages and other inhuman residencies, appeal to you to bring to your attention historical truth and tragedy of our fate and call you to raise your voice in restoration of justice.

XX century that deserves to be considered as a period of speedy scientific and technical progress of the world civilization, triumph of peace and prosperity, human rights and humanism, unfortunately, also remained in the memory of the humanity with the merciless wars, barbarous racism and chauvinism which resulted in horrible crimes. Still innocent bloods continue to be shed as a result of ethnic and religious conflicts in the new century and millennium. Events of September 11 proved again that no state is insured against terrorism – the biggest threat to peace and tranquility in our planet. Azeri people, suffering from Armenian terrorism over the last century immediately after September 11 unanimously supported international antiterror movement and expressed its readiness to be in the first rows of this struggle.

Azeri people, having been a terrorism target of Armenians for long ago, faced with bloody troubles especially after declaration of its independence.

Armenian terrorists, who committed the most severe terrors over the world did not confine with human tragedy and even never concealed their feelings of hostility towards democracy and independence.

After declaration of independence of Azerbaijan for the second time Armenian terrorists committed one of the most terrible tragedies of the century – Khojaly genocide. Khojaly genocide is one of the unprecedented brutalities against Azerbaijanis committed by the Armenian nationalists, who are the authors of the adventurous and chauvinist policy of establishment of "Great Armenia" "from sea to sea" (from Black Sea to the Caspian Sea).

On the 26th of February 1992, Armenian military units attacked Khojaly peaceful residents of the town were brutally killed, 613 persons, including 106 women and 63 children were killed with harsh torture, and 421 persons were severely maimed. As a result of the tragedy about 1500 civilians were taken as hostages or missing, 155 children lost their parents, town, with the population of 10000 was ransacked and burnt.

Indifferent attitude and cold manner of the world community towards Khojaly genocide, impunity of grave criminals and killers of children caused not only disbelief to justice and deep sadness in Azeri people, but also led to increasing of Armenian aggression and terrorism as a whole. Its obvious example is vandalism and kid execution in Nagorno Karabakh and other Azerbaijan territories after Khojaly genocide.

We appeal to all parliaments, heads of the states and international organizations to draw your attention to this terrible tragedy and to the facts that more than 500 thousand Azerbaijanis were massacred by Armenians from the beginning of the century up to now, the territories now named the Republic of Armenia were forcibly misappropriated at the expense of eternal Azeri territories by Armenians, more than 2 millions of Azerbaijanis were expelled from these territories, historical names of about 2000 residencies of Azeri origin were changed, 20% of Azerbaijan territories (12 regions) were occupied, more than 1 million of Azerbaijanis became refugees and internally displaced persons. We call you to condemn this vandalism in accordance with the principles and norms of international law, to recognize Khojaly genocide and to stand for liberation of occupied Azerbaijani territories.

**Appeal was adopted on February 23 2004, at the
Conference held in the State Committee
on Women's Issues**
