



**Consejo Económico
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COMISIÓN DE DERECHOS HUMANOS
60º período de sesiones
Tema 9 del programa

**CUESTIÓN DE LA VIOLACIÓN DE LOS DERECHOS HUMANOS
Y LAS LIBERTADES FUNDAMENTALES
EN CUALQUIER PARTE DEL MUNDO**

**Nota verbal de fecha 26 de marzo de 2004 dirigida a la secretaria
de la Comisión de Derechos Humanos por la Misión Permanente
de Azerbaiyán ante la Oficina de las Naciones Unidas en Ginebra**

La Misión Permanente de Azerbaiyán ante la Oficina de las Naciones Unidas y las demás organizaciones internacionales en Ginebra saluda atentamente a la secretaria del 60º período de sesiones de la Comisión de Derechos Humanos y tiene el honor de adjuntar el llamamiento que los participantes en la conferencia dedicada al duodécimo aniversario del genocidio de Jodzhalý, celebrada en Bakú el 23 de febrero de 2004, dirigieron a la Organización de las Naciones Unidas, la Organización para la Seguridad y la Cooperación en Europa, el Consejo de Europa, la Comunidad de Estados Independientes, la Unión Interparlamentaria y los parlamentos y Jefes de Estado de todo el mundo.

La Misión Permanente de la República de Azerbaiyán agradecería que se hiciera distribuir la presente nota verbal y su anexo* como documento oficial del 60º período de sesiones de la Comisión de Derechos Humanos en relación con el tema 9 del programa, "Cuestión de la violación de los derechos humanos y las libertades fundamentales en cualquier parte del mundo".

* Se reproduce como se presentó, en el idioma original únicamente.

Annex

APPEAL

**to the United Nations, Organization of Security and Cooperation in Europe,
Council of Europe, Commonwealth of Independent States, Inter-
Parliamentary Union, parliaments and heads of states of the world**

**on behalf of participants – women NGOs
and well-known women activists of the Republic –
of the Conference of February 23, 2004
devoted to the 12th anniversary of Khojaly genocide**

We, on behalf of millions of girls and women of the Republic of Azerbaijan and thousands of women, girls, martyrs' mothers, who were subject to Armenian aggression, were expelled from their ancient lands and inhabited in tent camps, carriages and other inhuman residencies, appeal to you to bring to your attention historical truth and tragedy of our fate and call you to raise your voice in restoration of justice.

XX century that deserves to be considered as a period of speedy scientific and technical progress of the world civilization, triumph of peace and prosperity, human rights and humanism, unfortunately, also remained in the memory of the humanity with the merciless wars, barbarous racism and chauvinism which resulted in horrible crimes. Still innocent bloods continue to be shed as a result of ethnic and religious conflicts in the new century and millennium. Events of September 11 proved again that no state is insured against terrorism – the biggest threat to peace and tranquility in our planet. Azeri people, suffering from Armenian terrorism over the last century immediately after September 11 unanimously supported international antiterror movement and expressed its readiness to be in the first rows of this struggle.

Azeri people, having been a terrorism target of Armenians for long ago, faced with bloody troubles especially after declaration of its independence.

Armenian terrorists, who committed the most severe terrors over the world did not confine with human tragedy and even never concealed their feelings of hostility towards democracy and independence.

After declaration of independence of Azerbaijan for the second time Armenian terrorists committed one of the most terrible tragedies of the century – Khojaly genocide. Khojaly genocide is one of the unprecedented brutalities against Azerbaijanis committed by the Armenian nationalists, who are the authors of the adventurous and chauvinist policy of establishment of "Great Armenia" "from sea to sea" (from Black Sea to the Caspian Sea).

On the 26th of February 1992, Armenian military units attacked Khojaly peaceful residents of the town were brutally killed, 613 persons, including 106 women and 63 children were killed with harsh torture, and 421 persons were severely maimed. As a result of the tragedy about 1500 civilians were taken as hostages or missing, 155 children lost their parents, town, with the population of 10000 was ransacked and burnt.

Indifferent attitude and cold manner of the world community towards Khojaly genocide, impunity of grave criminals and killers of children caused not only disbelief to justice and deep sadness in Azeri people, but also led to increasing of Armenian aggression and terrorism as a whole. Its obvious example is vandalism and kid execution in Nagorno Karabakh and other Azerbaijan territories after Khojaly genocide.

We appeal to all parliaments, heads of the states and international organizations to draw your attention to this terrible tragedy and to the facts that more than 500 thousand Azerbaijanis were massacred by Armenians from the beginning of the century up to now, the territories now named the Republic of Armenia were forcibly misappropriated at the expense of eternal Azeri territories by Armenians, more than 2 millions of Azerbaijanis were expelled from these territories, historical names of about 2000 residencies of Azeri origin were changed, 20% of Azerbaijan territories (12 regions) were occupied, more than 1 million of Azerbaijanis became refugees and internally displaced persons. We call you to condemn this vandalism in accordance with the principles and norms of international law, to recognize Khojaly genocide and to stand for liberation of occupied Azerbaijani territories.

**Appeal was adopted on February 23 2004, at the
Conference held in the State Committee
on Women's Issues**
