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Crime prevention and criminal justice

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 24 December 2024

[on the report of the Third Committee ([A/79/459](#), para. 37)]

79/242. United Nations African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution [77/234](#) of 15 December 2022 and all other relevant resolutions,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General,¹

Bearing in mind that weaknesses in crime prevention lead to subsequent difficulties at the level of crime control mechanisms, and bearing in mind also the urgent need to establish effective crime prevention strategies for Africa, as well as the importance of law enforcement agencies and the judiciary at the regional and subregional levels,

Aware of the devastating impact of new and more dynamic crime trends on the national economies of African States, such as the high levels of transnational organized crime, including the utilization of digital technology to commit all types of cybercrime, and aware also of illicit trafficking in cultural property, drugs, precious metals, rhinoceros horns and ivory, of piracy and money-laundering and of the fact that crime is a major obstacle to harmonious and sustainable development in Africa,

Deeply concerned about the growing links, in some cases, between some forms of transnational organized crime and terrorism, and recognizing that countering transnational organized crime and terrorism is a common and shared responsibility, and that criminal justice procedures will have to be more cost-conscious, timely and expeditious and sensitive to public responses to minimize or eliminate any suspicion of compromise,

¹ [A/79/247](#).



Emphasizing that combating crime is a collective endeavour to meet the global challenge of organized crime and that investment of necessary resources in crime prevention is important to that aim and contributes to sustainable development,

Noting with concern that in most African countries the existing criminal justice system does not have sufficiently skilled personnel and adequate infrastructure and is therefore ill-equipped to manage the emergence of new crime trends, and acknowledging the challenges that Africa faces in litigation processes and the management of correctional institutions,

Recognizing that the United Nations African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders is a focal point for professional efforts aimed at promoting the active cooperation and collaboration of Governments, academics, institutions and scientific and professional organizations and experts in crime prevention and criminal justice,

Acknowledging the efforts undertaken by the staff of the Institute to reach all regions of Africa, particularly francophone Member States, in order to advance the regional crime prevention and criminal justice framework,

Bearing in mind the African Union Plan of Action on Drug Control and Crime Prevention (2019–2025), aimed at encouraging Member States to participate in and own the regional initiatives for effective crime prevention and good governance and strengthened justice administration,

Recognizing the reforms in governance and management undertaken by the Institute, including the adoption of the strategic plan for the period 2024–2028,

Recalling the Institute's requirement for five core Professional staff to implement its core mandate and activities without constraints and avoid the high turnover of Professional-level staff due to the financial unpredictability of the Institute,

Recognizing the importance of promoting sustainable development as a complement to crime prevention strategies,

Emphasizing the need to create necessary coalitions with all partners in order to achieve effective crime prevention policies,

Recalling the undertaking and conclusion of a preliminary diagnostic study by a consultant of the Economic Commission for Africa prior to the commencement of a full system-wide review process, including the significance of the Institute as a viable mechanism for promoting cooperation among the relevant entities to respond to the crime problem afflicting Africa,

Recognizing the need for increased financial resources to support the recruitment of additional Professional staff, as recommended in the report of the Secretary-General,

Noting with concern that the financial situation of the Institute has greatly affected its capacity to deliver services to African Member States in an effective and comprehensive manner, and noting that one of the findings of the preliminary diagnostic study is that the Institute urgently needs to increase its income,

Recognizing the ongoing efforts by the Governing Board of the Institute to mobilize States members of the Institute, with a view to obtaining and reaffirming their financial commitment to the Institute, in line with the decision of the Board, taken in Addis Ababa on 3 October 2023, to address the decline in financial support for the programmes of the Institute,

Noting that the impact of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic has led to a review in policy regarding crime prevention and criminal justice, and acknowledging the Institute's efforts to develop innovative information management strategies through the use of digital resources, which are vital in reaching out to partners and promoting the visibility of the Institute and its relevance to selected professional networks,

Taking note with appreciation of the seventh extraordinary meeting of the Governing Board with regard to formalizing the operation of the Technical Advisory Committee of the Institute and the efforts made to organize the inaugural meeting of the Committee,

Commending the interactive sessions that the Institute has developed with Member States and stakeholders, including the visit of the Chair to the secretariat for Governing Board duties, and recognizing the attendant benefit that such sessions have for easing consultations with stakeholders to strengthen mobilization of support and resolving emerging governance and programme implementation issues,

Recalling the detailed description provided in the report of the Secretary-General² of funding deficiencies that have severely undermined the capacity of the Institute to serve the needs of the region, and recognizing that crime results in the expenditure of a significant amount of resources,

Bearing in mind that the Institute is an important component of the United Nations crime prevention and criminal justice network and that, without the necessary funds, the Institute will fail to accomplish its vital goals of combating drug trafficking, cybercrime and environmental crimes, among other challenges, as well as its goals of reforming the crucial deficiencies in the region's prosecution system and building effective and strong alliances among law enforcement personnel, professional bodies, academic institutions, individual communities, experts and traditional and civil authorities in order to proactively prevent crime,

Acknowledging the Member States and organizations that have maintained their commitment to the fulfilment of their financial obligations,

1. *Commends* the United Nations African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders for its efforts to promote, coordinate and carry out more activities within its core mandate, including regional technical cooperation related to crime prevention and criminal justice systems in Africa, despite the resource constraints under which it is operating;

2. *Also commends* the Institute for its efforts to promote the exchange of experts with fellow institutes of the United Nations crime prevention and criminal justice programme network, the United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute and the United Nations Latin American Institute for the Prevention of Crime and Treatment of Offenders;

3. *Further commends* the efforts of the Chair of the Governing Board in strengthening resource mobilization for the Institute through awareness-raising among Member States;

4. *Recalls* the decision of the Governing Board of the Institute to adopt the strategic plan for the period 2024–2028 to address crime in an integrated manner by strengthening national capacities for crime prevention and criminal justice, and calls upon Member States, including those members of the Institute, all relevant entities of

² A/73/133.

the United Nations and non-governmental organizations to give the support necessary for its full implementation;

5. *Acknowledges* the progress made by African States in the implementation of the African Union Plan of Action on Drug Control and Crime Prevention (2019–2025) and the mechanism for its implementation, follow-up and evaluation;

6. *Encourages* Member States to raise awareness of the work of the Institute and its relevance to the successful implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development;³

7. *Reaffirms* the need to further strengthen the capacity of the Institute to support national mechanisms for crime prevention and criminal justice in African countries;

8. *Also reaffirms* the benefits, in some cases, of the utilization of alternative remedial measures, where appropriate, applying standards of ethical conduct and using local traditions, counselling and other emerging correctional rehabilitation measures, consistent with the obligations of States under international law;

9. *Notes* the efforts of the Institute to establish contacts with organizations in those countries that are promoting crime prevention programmes and its maintenance of close links with regional and subregional political entities, such as the African Union Commission, the East African Community, the Commission of the Economic Community of West African States, the Intergovernmental Authority on Development and the Southern African Development Community;

10. *Encourages* the Institute, in cooperation with relevant United Nations agencies, to take into account the various planning authorities in the region that focus attention on the coordination of activities that promote development based on sustainable agricultural production and preservation of the environment in developing its crime prevention strategies;

11. *Urges* States members of the Institute that have failed to meet their annual assessed financial contributions to the Institute to pay all or part of their outstanding arrears, taking into consideration that member States are to fund 80 per cent of the approved budget, and in this regard encourages all member States and organizations to fully honour their financial obligations;

12. *Notes with appreciation* the efforts of the Governing Board to restructure the Institute and recruit the Director General, Deputy Director General and Director of Training and Programmes, in line with the strategic goals of the Institute;

13. *Recalls* the introduction by the Institute of a cost-sharing initiative in its execution of various programmes with Member States, partners and United Nations entities;

14. *Urges* all Member States and non-governmental organizations and the international community to continue to adopt concrete practical measures to support the Institute in the development of the requisite capacity and in the implementation of its programmes and activities aimed at strengthening crime prevention and criminal justice systems in Africa;

15. *Urges* all States that have not already done so to consider ratifying or acceding to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocols thereto,⁴ as well as the United Nations Convention against Corruption,⁵

³ Resolution 70/1.

⁴ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vols. 2225, 2237, 2241 and 2326, No. 39574.

⁵ *Ibid.*, vol. 2349, No. 42146.

and encourages States parties that have not yet implemented the conventions to inform the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime of any impediments that they encounter and of their need for technical assistance to overcome those impediments;

16. *Encourages* African States that are not yet members of the Institute to consider becoming member States in order to enhance its collaborative efforts and enlarge its support base and thereby strengthen the fight against crime and terrorism, which hamper individual and collective development efforts on the continent;

17. *Commends* the continued support provided by the Government of Uganda as host country, including resolving the issue of the ownership of the land on which the Institute is located and facilitating the collaboration of the Institute with other stakeholders within Uganda and the region and with international partners;

18. *Also commends* the efforts of the Institute in implementing several programmes in the region, which have contributed, inter alia, to a growing set of coordinated remedial responses to crime on the basis of technical support in facilitating mutual assistance by law enforcement agencies and the emergence of regional jurisdictions;

19. *Recalls* the initiative of the Institute to collaborate with relevant universities to operationalize the link between criminal justice authorities and sources of traditional justice approaches so as to harmonize the use of restorative practices, where appropriate;

20. *Also recalls* the initiatives of the Institute to work with specific academic and specialized human rights institutions that are connected to other professional networks in the region to promote curricula that have a strong crime prevention and criminal justice component;

21. *Encourages* the Institute to consider focusing on specific and general vulnerabilities of each programme country, with an emphasis on tailoring practitioner training and development efforts to address identified vulnerabilities, and to maximize the use of available initiatives to address crime problems with existing funds, as well as available capacity, by creating useful coalitions with regional and local institutions;

22. *Requests* the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to continue to work closely with the Institute, and requests the Institute to provide the annual report on its activities to the Office and to the Economic Commission for Africa Conference of African Ministers of Finance, Planning and Economic Development;

23. *Requests* the Secretary-General to enhance the promotion of regional cooperation, coordination and collaboration in the fight against crime, especially in its transnational dimension, which cannot be dealt with adequately by national action alone;

24. *Commends* the Institute for its improved efforts in terms of resource mobilization;

25. *Recalls* its resolution [77/234](#), and requests the Secretary-General, taking into consideration the new strategic plan of the Institute for the period 2024–2028, to continue his efforts to mobilize the financial resources necessary to maintain the Institute with the core Professional staff required to enable it to function effectively in the fulfilment of its mandated obligations;

26. *Requests* the Secretary-General to increase the United Nations grant for the Institute to fully cover the staffing costs of core Professional staff in order to implement its core mandate and activities without constraints and avoiding the high turnover of Professional-level staff due to financial unpredictability of the Institute;

27. *Reiterates its request*, made to the Secretary-General in its resolution [77/234](#), to intensify efforts to mobilize all relevant entities of the United Nations system to provide the financial and technical support necessary to the Institute to enable it to fulfil its mandate, bearing in mind that the precarious financial situation of the Institute greatly undermines its capacity to respond positively and effectively to the growing need in the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders;

28. *Invites* Member States and other partners to consider providing extrabudgetary resources to enable the Institute to effectively implement its mandate;

29. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its eighty-first session a report on the implementation of the present resolution, including recommendations on further strengthening the capacity of the Institute.

*55th (resumed) plenary meeting
24 December 2024*