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Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 19 December 2024

[on the report of the Second Committee ([A/79/441](#), para. 11)]

79/220. Promotion of sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, for poverty eradication and environmental protection

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions [69/233](#) of 19 December 2014, [71/240](#) of 21 December 2016, [73/245](#) of 20 December 2018, [75/229](#) of 21 December 2020 and [77/178](#) of 14 December 2022 on the promotion of sustainable tourism, including ecotourism, for poverty eradication and environment protection and its resolutions [65/173](#) of 20 December 2010 and [67/223](#) of 21 December 2012 on the promotion of ecotourism for poverty eradication and environment protection, as well as its resolution [78/145](#) of 19 December 2023 on sustainable and resilient tourism and sustainable development in Central America and the Dominican Republic and its resolution [74/214](#) of 19 December 2019 on sustainable tourism and sustainable development in Central Asia,

Recalling also its resolutions [78/260](#) of 26 February 2024, entitled “International Year of Sustainable and Resilient Tourism, 2027”, and [70/200](#) of 22 December 2015 and [75/223](#) of 21 December 2020, entitled “Global Code of Ethics for Tourism”,

Reaffirming its resolution [70/1](#) of 25 September 2015, entitled “Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development”, in which it adopted a comprehensive, far-reaching and people-centred set of universal and transformative Sustainable Development Goals and targets, its commitment to working tirelessly for the full implementation of the Agenda by 2030, its recognition that eradicating poverty in all its forms and dimensions, including extreme poverty, is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development, its commitment to achieving sustainable development in its three dimensions – economic, social and environmental – in a balanced and integrated manner, and to building upon the achievements of the Millennium Development Goals and seeking to address their unfinished business,



Reaffirming also its resolution [69/313](#) of 27 July 2015 on the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, which is an integral part of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, supports and complements it, helps to contextualize its means of implementation targets with concrete policies and actions, and reaffirms the strong political commitment to address the challenge of financing and creating an enabling environment at all levels for sustainable development in the spirit of global partnership and solidarity,

Reaffirming further the Paris Agreement¹ and encouraging all its parties to fully implement the Agreement and parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change² that have not yet done so to deposit their instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, where appropriate, as soon as possible,

Recalling the Sendai Declaration and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030,³ adopted at the Third United Nations World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction, the latter of which, inter alia, highlighted the need to promote and integrate disaster risk management approaches throughout the tourism industry, given the often heavy reliance on tourism as a key economic driver,

Recalling also the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa,⁴

Reaffirming the New Urban Agenda, adopted at the United Nations Conference on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development (Habitat III), held in Quito from 17 to 20 October 2016,⁵

Reaffirming also its resolutions [71/243](#) of 21 December 2016 and [75/233](#) of 21 December 2020 on the quadrennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system and its general guidelines and principles, as well as its resolution [72/279](#) of 31 May 2018, and welcoming the efforts of the Secretary-General to better position United Nations operational activities for development to support countries in their efforts to implement the 2030 Agenda,

Recalling the proclamation of the United Nations Decade on Ecosystems Restoration 2021–2030⁶ and the United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development (2021–2030),⁷

Stressing that poverty is a multifaceted problem that requires a multifaceted and integrated approach in addressing its economic, political, social, environmental and institutional dimensions at all levels,

Recognizing that sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, is a cross-cutting activity that can contribute to the three dimensions of sustainable development and the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals, including by fostering economic growth, alleviating poverty, creating full and productive employment and decent work for all, accelerating the change to more sustainable consumption and production patterns and promoting the sustainable use of oceans, seas and marine resources, promoting local culture, improving the quality of life and

¹ See [FCCC/CP/2015/10/Add.1](#), decision 1/CP.21, annex.

² United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1771, No. 30822.

³ Resolution [69/283](#), annexes I and II.

⁴ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1954, No. 33480.

⁵ Resolution [71/256](#), annex.

⁶ See resolution [73/284](#).

⁷ See resolution [72/73](#).

the economic empowerment of women and young people, Indigenous Peoples and local communities and promoting rural development and better living conditions for rural populations, including smallholder and family farmers,

Welcoming the efforts of the World Tourism Organization, the United Nations Environment Programme, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and the secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity to promote ecotourism and sustainable tourism worldwide,

Recognizing that sustainable consumption and production in tourism is aimed at increasing net welfare gains from economic activities by improving resource use and reducing ecosystem degradation and pollution along the entire tourism value chain, and that a systemic approach and cooperation among actors operating along the value chain, from tourism service providers, to adjacent communities, to tourists, can ensure the sustainability of the sector,

Recalling the adoption of the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns by the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development in 2012,⁸ recalling also the extension of its mandate until 31 December 2030, pursuant to resolution 76/202 of 17 December 2021, and the launching of the sustainable tourism programme of the Framework, and encouraging further implementation through capacity-building projects and initiatives to support sustainable tourism,

Reaffirming the first African Charter for Sustainable and Responsible Tourism at the meeting of African ministers of tourism held in Marrakech, Morocco, on 10 November 2016 on the sidelines of the twenty-second session of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, which outlines the way forward for the application of the principles of sustainability and accountability in the tourism sector in Africa,

Taking note of the Glasgow Declaration on Climate Action in Tourism and its role in accelerating climate action and advancing the tourism sector towards a sustained, sustainable and resilient economic growth pathway,

Taking note also of the role of the Global Tourism Plastics Initiative in addressing plastic pollution in the context of the tourism sector,

Welcoming the holding of the high-level thematic debate on sustainable tourism convened by the President of the General Assembly in April 2024, as an important milestone to work towards a concerted approach on tourism resilience at the highest level and maximizing its contribution to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda,

Acknowledging that tourism was among the economic sectors hardest hit by the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic, stressing that the challenges require comprehensive solutions and international collaboration which contribute to strengthening the policies and financial support needed to sustain the livelihoods dependent on the sector, reduce inequalities, eradicate poverty and safeguard the benefits of tourism, including coastal tourism, in order to promote a more sustainable tourism model based on social inclusion and the conservation and protection of the environment while prioritizing safety and public health and addressing the impacts of COVID-19 on sustainable development, and acknowledging also that tourism is among the economic sectors hardest hit by conflicts and geopolitical tensions,

Reiterating that rebuilding tourism after the disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic remains an opportunity for transformation, with a focus on leveraging its

⁸ A/CONF.216/5, annex.

impact on destinations, fostering community-based models and building more sustainable, resilient and inclusive communities and businesses by harnessing innovation and public-private partnerships to foster investments in sustainable travel and infrastructure, targeted training and human resources development,

Welcoming the report on World Tourism Day 2023, entitled “Investing in people, planet and prosperity”, launched in Riyadh on 27 September 2023, which charts the work of the World Tourism Organization in uniting the sector in the face of crisis, leading tourism’s response and laying the foundations for a more inclusive and resilient future, with updates on work in every global region as well as in key areas, including gender equality, sustainability and climate action, education and upscaling skills, tourism governance and investments and fostering innovation and entrepreneurship, and recalling the first Global Youth Tourism Summit, held from 27 June to 3 July 2022 in Sorrento, Italy, to promote the engagement of young people in the development of sustainable tourism,

Taking note of the efforts made by Member States to promote sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, for poverty eradication and environment protection, as reflected in their national tourism policies and strategies, and stressing the importance of the sector’s becoming more sustainable, resilient, digital and accessible, including through supporting small and medium-sized enterprises with digital skills training, promoting private-public partnerships, strengthening digital infrastructure and connectivity, expanding access to digital payment for underserved service providers and promoting digital tourism and cultural ecosystems,

Reaffirming the Doha Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries,⁹ the Antigua and Barbuda Agenda for Small Island Developing States: A Renewed Declaration for Resilient Prosperity¹⁰ and the new Programme of Action for Landlocked Developing Countries for the Decade 2024–2034,

Looking forward to the 2025 United Nations Conference to Support the Implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development, co-hosted by Costa Rica and France, to be held in Nice, France, from 9 to 13 June 2025, the Fourth International Conference on Financing for Development, to be held in Seville, Spain, from 30 June to 3 July 2025, and the Second World Summit for Social Development, to be held in Qatar from 4 to 6 November 2025,

1. *Welcomes* the report of the Secretary-General of the World Tourism Organization transmitted by the Secretary-General of the United Nations;¹¹

2. *Recognizes* that sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, represents an important driver of sustainable, economic growth, social and cultural development, as well as decent job creation and entrepreneurship for all, the promotion of climate resilience, environmental sustainability and disaster risk reduction in tourist activities and destinations, which can have a positive impact on livelihoods, income generation and education, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status, and thus can contribute to the fight against poverty and hunger, and that it can contribute directly to achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development¹² and the Sustainable Development Goals;

3. *Also recognizes* the potential of sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, in eradicating poverty by improving economic livelihoods in

⁹ Resolution 76/258, annex.

¹⁰ Resolution 78/317, annex.

¹¹ A/79/228.

¹² Resolution 70/1.

local communities, generating resources for community development programmes and projects and creating employment opportunities;

4. *Encourages* Member States, the United Nations system and other international and regional organizations, the private sector and civil society to place present and future generations' well-being at the centre of the recovery, enhancing collaboration between key relevant stakeholders along the tourism value chain, with recovery actions to be aligned with the needs of people, the planet and prosperity to accelerate the transformation to a sustainable, low-carbon and socially inclusive and accessible tourism path;

5. *Encourages* Member States, the international community and the private sector to support the creation of long-lasting synergies between public health and tourism, not only for the competitiveness of the tourism sector but also as a natural barrier for future pandemics;

6. *Encourages* Member States, the United Nations system and other relevant stakeholders, including international and regional organizations and the private sector, to scale up cooperation in ensuring the availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation towards advancing sustainable and resilient tourism, as part of the effort to eradicate poverty and achieve sustainable development;

7. *Recognizes* the importance of supportive fiscal measures for the protection and promotion of economic efficiency and employment in the sector in the aftermath of the COVID-19 crisis, encompassing investment and finance measures, strengthening governance and administrative capacity, supporting decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation for all, which create new momentum for economic growth and expand opportunities, including for women and young people, harnessing digital technology, innovation fostering training and building human capacity, for the successful recovery and resilience of the tourism sector;

8. *Encourages* cooperation between the investment and tourism sectors to advance solutions for unlocking finance, accelerating sustainable investments and contributing to sustainable development in its economic, social and environmental dimensions;

9. *Emphasizes* the need to optimize the economic, social, cultural and environmental benefits stemming from sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism activities, in all countries, including African countries, the least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and middle-income countries;

10. *Also emphasizes* that sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, can contribute to sustainable development, in particular to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and natural resources, and can improve the health and well-being of Indigenous Peoples and local communities, including women and young people, and can create significant opportunities for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and the protection of natural areas by encouraging Indigenous Peoples and local communities in host countries and tourists alike to preserve and respect the natural and cultural heritage;

11. *Stresses* that the cultures, traditions and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples and local communities, in all their aspects, including women and young people, are to be fully considered, respected and promoted, as appropriate, in policy development for sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, and underlines the importance of promoting their participation in decision-making and all tourism operations that affect them and the need to ensure their free, prior and informed

consent in the integration of their knowledge, heritage and values into sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism initiatives, as appropriate;

12. *Recalls* the invitation of the Secretary-General of the World Tourism Organization to Member States, international agencies and other relevant organizations to mainstream biodiversity conservation in the tourism sector and in climate change plans and strategies, intertwining economic, social and cultural elements with climate change adaptation approaches and the preservation of relevant ecosystem services, and emphasizes the need for support and investments at all levels to enhance efforts for the implementation of the goals and targets of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework;¹³

13. *Underlines*, in this regard, the importance of establishing, at the national level, where necessary, appropriate policies, guidelines, institutions and regulations, in accordance with national priorities and legislation, for promoting and supporting sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, as well as cultural and rural tourism and agritourism, and minimizing any potential negative impact;

14. *Invites* Member States to enhance institutional coherence policy that supports funding mechanisms and initiatives for poverty eradication programmes and projects, including initiatives from community-based organizations and micro- and small private sector entities;

15. *Encourages* Member States to use sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, as well as cultural and rural tourism, as a tool to foster sustained and inclusive economic growth, social development and financial inclusion and enable the formalization of the informal sector, the promotion of domestic resource mobilization and environmental protection and the eradication of poverty and hunger, including the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and natural resources and the promotion of investment and entrepreneurship in sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, in accordance with their national development policies and legislation, which may include promoting the development of small and medium-sized enterprises and their resilience and formalization, promoting cooperatives and facilitating access to financing through inclusive financial services, including microcredit initiatives for the poor, women and young people, Indigenous Peoples, older persons, persons with disabilities and local communities in all areas, including rural areas;

16. *Encourages* the development of tourism infrastructure and the promotion of tourism diversification, including through public-private partnerships, as a way to improve livelihoods, foster job creation for local communities, the preservation of their way of life, culture and heritage and the promotion of the three dimensions of sustainable development, while simultaneously inviting Member States to take measures to protect the environment and the sociocultural heritage of a destination;

17. *Encourages* Governments, the United Nations and the specialized agencies to support the coordination of regional and/or international sustainable tourism development frameworks, as appropriate, in order to assist countries in promoting sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, for poverty eradication and environmental protection;

18. *Underlines* the importance of ensuring responsible resource management, addressing the negative impacts of unbalanced tourism, respecting environmental and sociocultural capacities and conducting an environmental impact assessment that does not present additional cost commitments, in accordance with national

¹³ United Nations Environment Programme, document [CBD/COP/15/17](#), decision 15/4, annex.

legislation, for the development of sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism opportunities;

19. *Stresses* the need to ensure the integration of sustainable consumption and production patterns in the tourism sector, including by identifying and adopting tourism-planning approaches aimed at improving efficiency in the use of resources;

20. *Encourages* Member States and other stakeholders to make use of the “Tourism for SDGs platform” launched during the 2018 high-level political forum on sustainable development as a partnership tool aimed at advancing the sustainable development of tourism and its contributions to the Sustainable Development Goals;

21. *Underlines* the need to foster resilient tourism development to deal with shocks, taking into account the vulnerability of the tourism sector to emergencies, as well as the importance of social protection for tourism workers, and invites Member States to develop national strategies for rehabilitation after shocks, including through private-public cooperation and the diversification of activities and products;

22. *Emphasizes* the need for effective measures, in the context of sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism initiatives, to ensure the full empowerment of women, including the equal participation of women and men at all levels and in decision-making processes in all areas;

23. *Also emphasizes* the need for effective measures, in the context of sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism initiatives, to help to ensure the equal participation of young people and women, persons with disabilities and older persons at all levels and in decision-making processes in all areas and to promote the effective economic empowerment, including through international cooperation, of women, young people, persons with disabilities and older persons in sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism activities, mainly through decent job and income creation;

24. *Calls upon* the entities of the United Nations system, in the context of the Sustainable Development Goals, to promote sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, as an instrument that can contribute to achieving those Goals, in particular when it comes to eradicating extreme poverty and ensuring environmental sustainability, and to support the efforts and policies of developing countries in this field;

25. *Acknowledges* the opportunities that the new digital transformation of the tourism sector offers, and calls upon Member States and relevant stakeholders to foster smart solutions that integrate knowledge from traditional and non-traditional data sources, supporting related capacity-building activities and ensuring the long-term participation of local communities and the overall strengthening of a more holistic, evidence-driven approach to sustainable development in tourism;

26. *Calls upon* the entities of the United Nations system to provide support to tourism stakeholders at all levels in their efforts to acquire and utilize the expertise needed for the digital transformation of their businesses and destinations and to support efforts to enhance the available data with georeferenced, spatial components for the generation of more precise and timely information for tourism;

27. *Acknowledges* the statistical framework for measuring the sustainability of tourism, developed by the World Tourism Organization and adopted at the twenty-fifth session of its General Assembly, in October 2023, and endorsed by the Statistical Commission in March 2024,¹⁴ as the first sector-specific model to go beyond gross

¹⁴ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2024, Supplement No. 4 (E/2024/24)*, chap. I., sect. C, decision 55/115.

domestic product metrics, assessing the economic, social and environmental dimensions of tourism while providing principles, definitions and indicators for evaluations at the national and subnational levels, enabling the generation of reliable, comparable data that are critical to realizing the sector's full potential;

28. *Recognizes* the importance of investment in education and training, focusing on issues specific to tourism, in order to enhance competitiveness, and encourages regional and international institutions to provide adequate support to programmes and projects related to sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, taking into account the economic, social, cultural and environmental benefits of such activities;

29. *Invites* relevant specialized agencies, in particular the World Tourism Organization, United Nations bodies and other organizations, to provide technical assistance to Member States, upon request, and to assist, as appropriate, in strengthening legislative or policy frameworks for sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, including those for environmental protection and the conservation of natural and cultural heritage;

30. *Invites* relevant specialized agencies, United Nations bodies, other organizations and multilateral financial institutions to provide technical assistance to Governments, upon request and as appropriate, in identifying needs as well as opportunities to enhance the contribution of sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, to poverty eradication, including by ensuring wider community benefits and promoting tourism, including ecotourism activities, as a viable and sustainable economic development option;

31. *Encourages* the United Nations, the specialized agencies and other organizations, within existing mandates and resources, the public and private sectors and other relevant stakeholders to develop awareness-raising materials that target local development, the empowerment of women, Indigenous Peoples, local communities, youth entrepreneurship and innovation, and the protection of traditional knowledge and traditional cultural expressions in order to ensure the sustainability of the tourism sector and its contribution to a country's development objectives;

32. *Invites* relevant stakeholders to provide, upon request and as appropriate, technical assistance to assist in building the capacity, including for marketing and product positioning, of local communities, social and solidarity economy organizations and enterprises, including cooperatives and micro-, small and medium-sized businesses involved in sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism activities;

33. *Recognizes* the role of North-South cooperation in promoting sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, as a means to achieve economic growth, reduce inequalities and improve living standards in developing countries, and also recognizes that South-South and triangular cooperation, as complements to North-South cooperation, have the potential to promote sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism;

34. *Invites* Governments and other stakeholders to consider joining the framework of the International Network of Sustainable Tourism Observatories of the World Tourism Organization as a way to promote socially, economically and environmentally sustainable tourism, including ecotourism, and to support better informed sustainable tourism policies around the world, mainly through the identification and dissemination of best practices and enhanced awareness of and capacity-building for sustainability among tourism stakeholders;

35. *Calls for* support and engagement from Member States, the United Nations system and other international and regional organizations, notably the World Tourism

Organization, financial institutions, the private sector, civil society and all relevant stakeholders, to ensure inclusive processes in order to promote sustainable tourism as an enabler of sustainable development for local communities and to cater to the needs of populations and businesses, notably to micro-, small and medium-sized enterprises, for which tourism represents the main source of income, so as to diversify their skills, customer base and revenue streams, including through sufficient investments in skills development and training programmes, access to science and technology, promoting the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and natural resources, to strengthen approaches that reduce greenhouse gas emissions, ensuring sustainable consumption and production patterns, all of which have the potential to drive innovation in tourism towards sustainability and, besides mitigating its climate and environmental impacts, can result in sustainable management of scarce natural resources and fragile ecosystems, and calls upon all stakeholders to take into account that the resilience of tourism will depend on the sector's ability to balance the needs of people and the planet for prosperity;

36. *Acknowledges* that addressing challenges, such as the strengthening of health and hygiene measures to boost the safety and confidence of travellers and enhancing safe cross-border travel, continues to be relevant, and calls for strengthening public awareness about the important role of sustainable and resilient tourism for a country's sustainable development and the need to build more resilient and inclusive communities and businesses;

37. *Encourages* the holding of further high-level thematic events on tourism, to be convened in 2025 by the President of the General Assembly in cooperation with the World Tourism Organization, as a regular platform of consultation on tourism in the United Nations system, to build on the work already begun, with a view to advancing towards a concerted approach on tourism at the highest level and maximizing its contribution to the sustainability agenda;

38. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly, at its eighty-first session, in collaboration with the World Tourism Organization and other relevant United Nations agencies and programmes, a report on the implementation of the present resolution, including action-oriented and practical recommendations on ways and means to promote and strengthen sustainable and resilient tourism, including ecotourism, as a tool for fighting poverty and promoting sustainable development in its three dimensions – economic, social and environmental – in a balanced and integrated manner, taking into account relevant reports prepared by the World Tourism Organization in this field.

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