

General Assembly

Seventy-eighth session

*Official Records***First Committee****25th** meeting

Friday, 27 October 2023, 3 p.m.

New York

Chair: Mr. Paulauskas (Lithuania)*The meeting was called to order at 3 p.m.***Agenda items 90 to 106 (continued)****Action on all draft resolutions and decisions submitted under all disarmament and international security agenda items**

The Chair: The Committee will now begin the third and final phase of its work, namely, action on all draft resolutions and decisions submitted under agenda items 90 to 106.

The Committee will be guided in that regard by the informal papers that are issued by the Secretariat containing the draft resolutions and decisions on which action will be taken each day. Informal paper 1/Rev.3 has been circulated and is available in the conference room. We will take action on the drafts under each cluster listed therein. The Secretariat will revise that informal paper on a daily basis in order to update the drafts that are ready for action at each of our remaining meetings.

I would like to inform the Committee that, at the request of the sponsoring delegations, action on draft resolution A/78/L.29, contained in cluster one, has been postponed to a later stage of the Committee's work.

Before we proceed, I propose that we follow the same procedures adopted by the Committee at previous sessions concerning the conduct of business during this action phase. That is to say, we will have the following established four-step process: first, general statements under each cluster; secondly, explanations of vote before action; thirdly, action on the drafts; and, fourthly, explanations of vote after action.

Under each cluster listed for any given day, the Committee will first hear general statements. That is the opportunity to introduce draft resolutions and decisions ready for action on that day or at subsequent meetings. I would request that the general statements kindly be made as brief as possible and no more than five minutes.

Next, delegations wishing to explain their positions on any of the drafts under a cluster will have the opportunity to do so in a single intervention before the Committee proceeds to take action on those drafts, one after another and without any interruption in between.

I would like to remind delegations that, in accordance with the modalities decided at the organizational meeting of 20 September, explanations of vote are limited to five minutes, with the option of longer statements being reflected on the e-statements portal.

Pursuant to rule 128 of the rules of procedure,

“After the Chair has announced the beginning of voting, no representative shall interrupt the voting except on a point of order in connection with the actual conduct of the voting”.

In the case of a voting error, delegations wishing to register their original voting intention should not disrupt the voting process to request a correction by taking the floor. They should instead submit their voting intention online via e-deleGATE or approach the Secretariat on the process for submitting the original voting intention for reflection in the official records.

This record contains the text of speeches delivered in English and of the translation of speeches delivered in other languages. Corrections should be submitted to the original languages only. They should be incorporated in a copy of the record and sent under the signature of a member of the delegation concerned to the Chief of the Verbatim Reporting Service, room AB-0928 (verbatimrecords@un.org). Corrected records will be reissued electronically on the Official Document System of the United Nations (<http://documents.un.org>).



Once the Committee has completed action on all draft proposals under a particular cluster listed in the day's informal paper, delegations preferring to explain their positions or votes after action is taken will also have the opportunity to do so. Similar to the consolidated explanations of vote before the voting, delegations are requested to make their explanations in one intervention.

Also, in accordance with rule 128 of the rules of procedure, sponsors of draft resolutions and decisions are not permitted to make any statements in explanation of their vote either before or after action is taken.

Delegations seeking recorded votes on any draft resolution or decision are requested to kindly inform the Secretariat of their intention as early as possible and before the day's meeting begins.

All delegations wishing to postpone action on any draft they submitted are also requested to inform the Secretariat at least one day before action is scheduled to be taken on the draft in question. Nonetheless, I appeal to all delegations to make every effort to refrain from delaying action.

In order to ascertain that every delegation fully understands the process for the action phase, the Secretariat has prepared an information sheet, similar to the one that was circulated in previous years, regarding the ground rules for taking action on draft resolutions and decisions.

With the full cooperation of members, I intend to follow the procedure I have just explained in order to ensure the full and efficient utilization of the remaining time for this final stage of our work.

May I take it that the Committee wishes to proceed accordingly?

It was so decided.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on the draft resolutions and decisions listed under cluster 1, "Nuclear weapons", as contained in informal paper No.1/Rev.3. Once we have completed action on cluster 1, we will proceed to take action on the drafts listed under cluster 2, "Other weapons of mass destruction". In accordance with past practice, if action on the drafts listed in the informal paper for a particular meeting is not completed, the Committee will first finish action on the remaining drafts in that informal paper before starting action on the next cluster.

Before proceeding further, let me remind delegations that given the large number of votes requested under this cluster, we need to dedicate at least one and a half hours to the actual voting. That means that in order for the Committee to complete the voting at 6 p.m., it has to start taking action on the proposals under cluster 1 before 4:30 p.m. this afternoon in order to respect rule 128 of the rules of procedure on the non-interruption of the voting process.

I now open the floor for delegations wishing to make either a general statement or to introduce new or revised drafts under cluster 1, "Nuclear weapons".

Let me remind all delegations once again that the sponsors of draft resolutions and decisions may make general statements at the beginning of the consideration of drafts under a cluster but may not make statements in explanation of their vote on their proposals before or after action is taken. Statements are limited to five minutes. Microphones will be automatically cut off once the time limit has been reached. Kindly press the speaker's button on the console in order to be recognized.

Mr. Ogasawara (Japan): Every year since 1994, Japan has submitted draft resolutions on the elimination of nuclear weapons, laying out a pragmatic path towards the realization of a world free of nuclear weapons. Every year, that draft resolution has been adopted by the General Assembly.

This year, a meeting of the Working Group on further strengthening the review process of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) and the first session of the preparatory committee for the eleventh NPT Review Conference were held, wherein States parties reconfirmed the belief that maintaining and strengthen the NPT as the cornerstone of the global disarmament and non-proliferation regime is in the interest of the international community as a whole.

On the other hand, the threat of use of nuclear weapons is higher than at any time since the height of the Cold War, and we face both serious divergence in approaches towards nuclear disarmament and a lack of mutual confidence in international security, making it more difficult for the international community to cooperate in advancing our steps towards a world without nuclear weapons.

Against that backdrop, it is now all the more necessary for the international community to overcome the difference in positions and to cooperate to promote

collective efforts to realize a world without nuclear weapons. Our draft resolution this year, entitled “Steps to building a common roadmap towards a world without nuclear weapons” (A/C.1/78/L.30), is based on resolution 77/76 adopted last year, which reflected the discussions held at the tenth Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) last year and the Hiroshima Action Plan, which Prime Minister Kishida of Japan presented during the Review Conference last year.

Furthermore, having seriously considered comments raised by Member States, we strengthened our draft resolution by further emphasizing the importance of negative security assurances and incorporating more concrete measures, among other efforts, to enhance transparency. We also reflected the discussions in the Working Group on Further Strengthening the Review Process of the NPT and the first session of the NPT Preparatory Committee held this year.

As the only country to have ever suffered atomic bombings during war, Japan will continue to make every effort towards the realization of a world free of nuclear weapons. Japan hopes that the draft resolution will gain the widest possible support from Member States.

Mr. Sivamohan (Malaysia): Almost three decades since it was rendered in 1996, the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the legality of the threat or use of nuclear weapons remains an important milestone.

The enduring salience of the International Court of Justice’s advisory opinion is all the more evident in the present atmosphere of rising tensions and declining trust in the global security environment, when the credibility and integrity of key nuclear disarmament, non-proliferation and arms control instruments are under threat.

It is imperative for the international community to continue to underline the Court’s unanimous conclusion that there exists an obligation to pursue in good faith and bring to a conclusion negotiations leading to nuclear disarmament in all its aspects under strict and effective international control.

Malaysia is therefore honoured to introduce draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21 under sub-item (k) of agenda item 99, entitled “Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the legality of the

threat or use of nuclear weapons”. Only technical updates have been introduced to resolution 77/57, adopted by the General Assembly last year.

Malaysia is grateful to all Member States that have co-sponsored the draft resolution in the current session, and we invite other delegations to also co-sponsor and support that initiative.

Ms. Storsve (United States of America): The United States is taking the floor as an original co-sponsor of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, on building a common road map toward a world without nuclear weapons. We strongly urge all countries to support that thoughtful and well-crafted draft resolution, and we commend the penholder, Japan, for its comprehensive treatment of a wide range of complicated topics.

We believe the draft resolution realistically reflects the very difficult geopolitical challenges and complex circumstances facing nuclear disarmament since the First Committee met a year ago. The United States particularly appreciates Japan’s work to include factual references to the outcome of the July 2023 Preparatory Committee for the Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, a strengthened focus on transparency and accountability, and the draft resolution’s encouragement of further nuclear-weapon-free zones, as appropriate and freely arrived at, and in line with the Disarmament Commission guidelines.

Throughout Japan’s consultations, we heard many countries mention the importance of those topics’ inclusion. Again, I invite colleagues to support that important draft resolution.

Mr. Fetz (Canada): Canada, in cooperation with Germany and the Netherlands, has the honour to introduce the proposed draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, on a treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices.

Stopping the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons is an indispensable step towards a world free of nuclear weapons. To achieve that common objective, we need increased political will towards commencing negotiations. That is long overdue.

We thank the vast majority of delegations who have consistently supported the resolution year after year, and we appeal to all delegations to vote in support of the draft resolution this year.

Advancements in the draft resolution this year, presented by the co-sponsors, are designed to highlight the importance of political will and prioritize efforts to build it. It has been 30 years since General Assembly resolution 48/75 called for negotiations of such a treaty. In that time, we have deepened our collective understanding of what it will take to adopt and implement a treaty. Despite efforts to advance a treaty, the fact that negotiations have not commenced reflects the insufficient political support among key players to negotiate a treaty. The result is that politically we are no closer to the start of negotiations than we were in 1993. In some ways, we are further apart.

We cannot continue with the status quo. The reality is that, despite differing stances, key States need to come to the table and undertake negotiations without preconditions.

In that regard, the new operative paragraph 4 calls on States that possess or produce fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices to engage in transparency and confidence-building measures among themselves. It also requests the Secretary-General and the High Representative for Disarmament Affairs to play an important facilitation role. The paragraph is aimed at advancing meaningful dialogue and progress towards negotiations.

As in last year's resolution 77/68, paragraph 3 recognizes the voluntary fissile material moratoriums adopted by some States that possess or produce fissile material for nuclear weapons. Those moratoriums are an important confidence-building step. It is crucial that we recognize the growing norm against the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices.

We urge Committee members to support the draft resolution as submitted by the sponsors so that we can help to build political will and commence treaty negotiations without further delay.

Ms. Nam (New Zealand): I take the floor on behalf of New Zealand and our fellow co-sponsors, Brazil, Indonesia and South Africa, to briefly introduce draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50, entitled "Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas".

The text underlines the important role played by nuclear-weapon-free zones in strengthening the nuclear non-proliferation regime and notes with satisfaction that all such zones in the southern hemisphere are now

in force. The draft resolution calls for adherence to the Protocols of those zones by all nuclear-weapon States yet to do so and also calls on those States to withdraw any reservations or interpretive declarations contrary to the object and purpose of those Treaties.

The draft resolution welcomes the steps taken to conclude other nuclear-weapon-free zone treaties on the basis of arrangements freely arrived at among the States of the region concerned, including steps taken towards the establishment of such a zone in the Middle East. The text encourages the enhancement of efforts to achieve better coordination among existing zones, including for the competent authorities of the treaties to assist States parties and signatories to facilitate the accomplishment of their goals.

I thank those delegations that co-sponsored the text. I hope that draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50 will once again achieve its usual high level of support.

Mr. Sánchez Kiesslich (Mexico): I take the floor on behalf of Australia, New Zealand and Mexico as co-penholders of the draft resolution on the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (CTBT) (A/C.1/78/L.45).

As committed promoters of the Treaty, we are deeply concerned by the recent actions undertaken by the Russian Federation towards revoking its ratification of the CTBT. While that is a sovereign decision, it is a step in the wrong direction and goes against the international community's long-standing efforts and renewed global determination towards the universalization and entry into force of the Treaty. The Russian Federation is listed in annex 2 of the Treaty, and its ratification is required for the Treaty's entry into force. We therefore urge the Russian Federation to reconsider its decision and demonstrate its commitment to maintaining and strengthening the international norm against nuclear-weapon testing.

The CTBT is a key component of the international peace and security architecture and was a landmark example of multilateral negotiations. While it is not yet in force, the political and moral weight of the Treaty has contributed to the moratoriums on nuclear testing signed by most States. Moreover, the International Monitoring System proves its value every day in its ability to detect nuclear-weapon tests and in monitoring and detecting environmental change and natural disasters. That is why we call upon all eight remaining annex 2 States whose signature and/or ratification is needed for the CTBT to

enter into force to take decisive steps towards adhering to the Treaty without delay or preconditions. We also call on all States to continue upholding the global norm against nuclear-weapon testing and relegate the terrible legacy of such weapons to history.

Finally, we encourage all delegations to vote in favour of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45.

(spoke in Spanish)

On behalf of the New Agenda Coalition, we would once again like to present draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33, entitled “Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments”, even though we did so during the nuclear cluster (see A/C.1/78/PV.12).

As the title suggests, the main objective is to draw attention to the need to speed up compliance with the disarmament obligations and commitments of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, particularly in relation to nuclear-weapon States. The text is founded on General Assembly resolution 76/49 and urges the General Assembly to reinforce the call on States to meet those obligations and commitments.

As we explained during the presentation on 6 October, the draft resolution also contains elements of the preparations and deliberations of the Working Group on Further Strengthening the Review Process of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and the first session of the Preparatory Committee, which took place a few months ago.

We invite all delegations to support draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33.

Mr. Belousov (Russian Federation) *(spoke in Russian)*: We would like to make a general statement on a number of fundamental points contained in the draft resolutions of the cluster “Nuclear weapons”.

The Russian Federation is in favour of a balanced implementation of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) on the basis of its three pillars. At the same time, we are guided by the consensus documents approved by the review cycles of the 1995, 2000 and 2010 NPT Review Conferences and remain committed to their provisions. We are also committed to achieving a nuclear-weapon-free world as the ultimate goal of nuclear disarmament efforts. That should be considered part of the process of general and complete disarmament, in strict compliance with the provisions of

the preamble and article VI of the NPT in its entirety and without singling out individual elements from it. Nuclear disarmament should be carried out in a step-by-step manner based on consensus and taking into account the interests of all countries, and it should be carried out in such a way that the relevant steps do not harm anyone’s security but contribute to stability and lead to the strengthening of international peace and global security.

In that regard, the efforts of all members of the international community, including non-nuclear-weapon States, to create a climate that is conducive to the disarmament process are important. We consider the provision and implementation of security assurances to non-nuclear-weapon States to be a fundamental task of strengthening the NPT regime. In 1995, Russia, together with other nuclear Powers, co-authored Security Council resolution 984 (1995), which provided positive security assurances and took note of the national statements of nuclear-weapon States on negative assurances. The establishment of nuclear-weapon-free zones is one of the best ways to obtain such assurances. By signing the relevant protocols of the treaties establishing such zones, the Russian Federation assumes the legal obligations to respect their nuclear-weapon-free status and refrain from using nuclear weapons against the parties to the zones. The Russian Federation signed and ratified the protocols of the Treaty of Tlatelolco, the Rarotonga Treaty, the Treaty on a Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone in Central Asia and the Treaty of Pelindaba. We support expanding the geography of nuclear-weapon-free zones as a tool for solving the security guarantees problem.

At the same time, we proceed from the premise that all States have the sovereign and inalienable right to express reservations about international treaties. Russia’s interpretive statements on the protocols to the nuclear-weapon-free zones treaties do not affect the interests of States that intend to strictly adhere to their obligations under such treaties. The military and political situation in the world is deteriorating, and, as a result, the international security architecture is facing increasingly serious challenges and threats. In that context, the security guarantees provided by Russia are not unconditional and are designed to ensure that the declared nuclear-weapon-free status of such territories is maintained.

The creation of the Australia-United Kingdom-United States alliance once again confirms the relevance and justification of Russia’s clarifying statements when acceding to the aforementioned protocols, given the fact

that a member State of the nuclear-weapon-free zone has entered into a military alliance with two nuclear-weapon States members of NATO. Russia is constantly informing the international community about the steps being taken in this area, both with the NPT review process and in other relevant multilateral forums. Like the other four countries of the “nuclear five”, Russia regularly submits national reports prepared on the basis of the adopted standardized reporting form, which remains fully relevant.

We believe that the drafting of the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons was a mistake. It was drafted on a non-consensual basis and only deepens the confrontation between States and exacerbates the situation around the NPT, thereby making the nuclear non-proliferation regime less stable.

We are confident that promoting the concept of the humanitarian consequences of using nuclear weapons will lead to a substitution of concepts, whereby the main goal of nuclear disarmament is not to strengthen international security and stability but to achieve some abstract humanitarian standards.

Mrs. Gómez Sardíñas (Cuba) (*spoke in Spanish*): The delegation of Cuba takes the floor to make a general statement on the cluster of topics relating to nuclear weapons.

We would like to reiterate that draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8, entitled “Follow-up to the 2013 high-level meeting of the General Assembly on nuclear disarmament” and submitted by the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries on Cuba’s initiative (see A/C.1/78/PV.11), facilitates the celebration, every 26 September, of the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons. The General Assembly high-level plenary meeting to commemorate that date, pursuant to this draft resolution, is a fitting forum to promote the goal of achieving a nuclear-weapon-free world.

Furthermore, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24, entitled “Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons”, promotes the universalization of the Treaty by urging all States that have not yet done so to sign, ratify, accept, approve or accede to it at the earliest possible date. The draft resolution also welcomes the milestones reached since the signature of the Treaty, including the holding of the first Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty, in 2022. It also refers to the progress made in implementing its goals, such as the

establishment of its Scientific Advisory Group, and it confirms that the second Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty will be held at in New York, from 27 November to 1 December. We recall that the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons was the first legally binding international instrument that stresses the illegal nature of nuclear weapons and which proscribes their existence, development and use. At the same time, it stresses the fact that they are inhumane, immoral and ethically indefensible. Furthermore, the draft resolution strengthens and complements the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, especially with regard to the application of its article VI.

We reaffirm our belief that draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.57, entitled “Nuclear disarmament”, remains one of the texts that best deals with the issue of nuclear disarmament, which is and must continue to be the highest priority in the field of disarmament. We recall that the only effective way to avoid the cataclysmic impact of nuclear weapons is their total elimination in a verifiable, transparent and irreversible manner. Nuclear disarmament obligations and commitments must be fulfilled without further delay.

We encourage all delegations to vote in favour of the aforementioned draft resolutions and those that follow, which also represent multilateral efforts aimed at establishing a nuclear-weapon-free world, namely, draft resolutions A/C.1/78/L.21, “Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the legality of the threat or use of nuclear weapons”; A/C.1/78/L.23, “Humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons”; A/C.1/78/L.25, “Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons”; A/C.1/78/L.32, “Ethical imperatives for a nuclear-weapon-free world”; A/C.1/78/L.37, “Reducing nuclear danger”; and A/C.1/78/L.50, “Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas”. We urge members to vote in favour of the specific paragraphs to be put to a separate vote for all those draft resolutions.

Mr. Ahmed (Egypt): In addition to the introduction provided during the thematic discussion under cluster 1, Egypt would like to highlight the fundamental importance of the draft resolution it submitted on the establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East (A/C.1/78/L.1) and the draft resolution it submitted on behalf of the Arab Group on the risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle

East (A/C.1/78/L.2). We encourage Member States to continue their overwhelming support for these two texts and the most legitimate imperatives and principles that they represent, consistent with a long thread of decisions and resolutions at the United Nations and the Review Conferences to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, including the 1995 resolution on the Middle East.

Moreover, Egypt naturally underscores the major importance of and expresses its full support for draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33, “Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments”, submitted by Mexico, on behalf of the New Agenda Coalition; draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8, on the follow-up to the 2013 high-level meeting of the General Assembly, submitted on behalf of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries; and draft resolutions A/C.1/78/L.47, on the African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty, and A/C.1/78/L.48, on the prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes, submitted on behalf of the Group of African States. Egypt will continue to lend its support to every genuine effort to achieve the objective of the total elimination of all nuclear weapons, as embodied in the draft resolutions presented to the First Committee.

Mr. Tito (Kiribati): I am honoured to deliver this statement on behalf of the delegations of Kazakhstan and Kiribati.

At the outset, please allow me to thank the delegations that have engaged with our delegations at the several meetings we convened in the crafting and the formulation of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.52, entitled “Addressing the legacy of nuclear weapons: providing victim assistance and environmental remediation to Member States affected by the use or testing of nuclear weapons”. We truly appreciate those delegations’ valuable contributions and flexibility, which have made it possible to bring the draft to the Committee’s consideration today. Special thanks go to the members that have decided to co-sponsor and support the draft resolution. As for the others, we hope that they will find it possible to consider adding their sponsorship and support.

The draft resolution submitted by Kazakhstan and Kiribati at this year’s session of the First Committee encourages further international cooperation and discussions to assist victims and assess and remediate environments contaminated by the use or testing of

nuclear weapons and other nuclear explosive devices, including through bilateral, regional and multilateral frameworks, such as relevant treaties. This is a key proposal because it enables Member States to further engage in regional discussions, especially within the Pacific Islands Forum, on victim assistance and environmental remediation.

The draft resolution also urges the user States to share, as appropriate, technical and scientific information on the humanitarian and environmental consequences of such use and testing with Member States affected by the use or testing of nuclear weapons or any other nuclear explosive device, and it calls on the Member States in a position to do so to contribute technical and financial assistance, as appropriate. The draft resolution also recognizes the responsibility of the user States. Significantly, draft resolution L.52 requests that the Secretary-General seek the views and proposals of Member States with regard to efforts and ongoing needs related to victim assistance and environmental assessment and remediation and submit a substantive report, with an annex containing those views, to the General Assembly at its seventy-ninth session for further discussion by Member States.

We strongly believe that the First Committee has the responsibility to provide proper attention to disarmament and international security issues. In the past, the Committee has addressed the humanitarian impact of nuclear weapons and key multilateral nuclear disarmament treaties. The Committee must not only be forward-looking in providing safety and security for all, but it must also look back on the legacy of harm so that the consequences of nuclear weapons and the needs of Member States that have suffered the impact the use and testing of nuclear weapons may be addressed.

The draft resolution is not intended to divide us, but rather provides a basis for the United Nations to address the legacy of nuclear weapons. It also does not create a hierarchy among treaties. We hope that in the current conditions of complex geopolitical realities in the world, the number of Member States that will take a stand for a world free of nuclear threats will increase to many more. We are of the view that in addition to Member States’ diverse range of commitments, perspectives and activities with regard to nuclear disarmament, there is one common factor and approach that unites us all: we all want to live in a safe, peaceful and free world.

Mr. Edtmayer (Austria): I take the floor with regard to draft resolutions A/C.1/78/L.23, on the humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons, and A/C.1/78/P.24, on the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons.

Both draft resolutions contain only technical updates as compared to last year. What has changed, however, is the context. Nuclear risks are higher than they have been in decades, and the urgency of preventing any use of nuclear weapons and making progress on nuclear disarmament is more pressing than ever.

We would like to thank the sponsors and invite all States to support these draft resolutions, which are even more pertinent in the light of the precarious situation in which the international community finds itself on the issue of nuclear weapons.

The Chair: Before the Committee proceeds to take action on the draft resolutions and decisions under cluster 1, we will hear from delegations wishing to explain their position on those drafts.

Mr. Ghorbanpour Najafabadi (Islamic Republic of Iran): I have taken the floor to explain my delegation's position on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, on a fissile material cut-off treaty.

Over the past few years, the draft proposal for a treaty prohibiting the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices has undergone a number of modifications that, overall and primarily, have diminished the draft's required content and orientation to the point that some of its key provisions have been lost in comparison to previously adopted documents. As it did last year, my delegation participated in the informal consultations this year and made suggestions with pertinent reasoning. However, it is regrettable that these suggestions were not taken on board.

Our amendment is consensus-based language, obtained from the outcome document of the 2000 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT). We are of the view that the draft, without reflecting both nuclear disarmament and nuclear non-proliferation objectives, will miss one essential part. Our proposal aligns with the officially established consensus. Therefore, any assertion that there was no consensus during informal consultations is erroneous. This language has been accepted by 191 States parties to the NPT, including nuclear-weapon-States, and by the authors of draft

resolution A/C.1/78/PV.12. This amendment could have an impact if it is included in the operative section of the draft.

Last but not least, with regard to the request for a procedural decision on our amendment, we find the request to be unexpected and contrary to the spirit of dialogue. While it may not violate the formal rules of procedure, it undermines the principle of multilateralism and threatens to eliminate our proposed amendment, which is exceedingly advantageous to the draft and, more crucially, to the global cause of achieving a world free of nuclear weapons. We call on all delegations to rally behind our amendment. We encourage them to vote against the procedural proposal and in favour of our amendment.

With regard to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, unfortunately, owing to the limited flexibility of the sponsor of the draft resolution and through introducing highly controversial language, which includes deviations from the NPT Review Conference agenda's conditionality of nuclear disarmament and balanced focus on non-proliferation versus nuclear disarmament, Iran finds itself compelled to adjust its traditional stance with regard to the draft. For the first time, Iran will vote against the draft resolution as a whole, including its fifth preambular paragraph, which refers to a paper without any legal status. In a similar context, the eleventh preambular paragraph, on security assurances, solely pertains to existing commitments. It does not encompass the imperative requirement for universally applicable legally binding, unambiguous, non-discriminatory and unconditional negative security assurances from nuclear-weapon States.

We underscore our strong disagreement with any insinuation of positive security assurances. Furthermore, it is unfortunate that the twentieth preambular paragraph does not acknowledge nuclear disarmament as the fundamental foundation for global peace and security.

Paragraph 10 should have addressed issues pertaining to non-compliance with nuclear disarmament. Regrettably, this crucial aspect is conspicuously absent in the current draft. We will abstain in the voting on the sixth, seventh, tenth, twelfth, fourteenth and twenty-second preambular paragraphs and on operative paragraphs 3, 5, 6 and 7. In contrast, we will support the

third, eleventh and nineteenth preambular paragraphs for the reasons explained in the full version of our explanation of position.

In conclusion, we maintain our optimism that the draft resolution's sponsor will, in future, consider employing language that not only avoids diminishing support, but also fosters broad backing, including from Iran.

Mr. Fetz (Canada): Our delegation would like to explain our position in opposition to the amendment proposed by Iran on paragraph 1 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12 on a fissile material cut-off treaty.

It is the clear and consistent will of a vast majority of States Members of the United Nations to commence immediate negotiations on a treaty on fissile material. This year, Iran, one of the few States that regularly abstains in the voting on the draft resolution, and last year voted against it, circulated its amendment to operative paragraph 1 for a second time after it had already been defeated at the First Committee last year.

This year, the amendment proposal was duly considered during open consultations. However, the proposal did not enjoy consensus, facing opposition from a number of delegations. Operative paragraph 1 of the draft resolution focuses on the immediate commencement of treaty negotiations. The sponsors of draft resolution L.12 seek to keep the paragraph straightforward to minimize the preconditions to negotiations and encourage States to resolve outstanding issues at the negotiations table.

Member States should not wait any longer to commence negotiations, and Iran's amendment would not promote negotiations. This amendment could perhaps be interpreted by some as imposing additional conditions and potential obstacles to the commencement of negotiations. In that regard, the amendment would be counterproductive and harmful to the intent of operative paragraph 1.

In addition, the substance of Iran's amendment is already addressed in the fourth preambular paragraph. An amendment to paragraph 1 would be duplicative and unnecessary. Furthermore, while Iran is drawing upon language from the outcome document of the 2000 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, that does not mean that it belongs in operative paragraph 1 of this draft resolution. Nor does it mean that in this context

that language is agreed to by all Member States. Such language has never been part of operative paragraph 1, and we see no rationale for inserting it more than two decades after the 2000 Review Conference.

In conclusion, Iran's proposed amendment does not enjoy the consensus of all delegations, and it would not help the international community advance towards negotiations on a fissile material cut-off treaty. Supporting the amendment could also set an unfortunate precedent for States to seek to amend draft resolutions after they are submitted to the Secretariat, against the will of sponsors and with language that was considered but did not enjoy consensus. That runs counter to long-standing practice and would complicate our work in the First Committee.

For those reasons, Canada, Germany and the Kingdom of the Netherlands urge Member States to vote against this unnecessary and unhelpful amendment. We call for support for the draft resolution, as authored by its sponsors, so that we can help to expand political will and commence treaty negotiations without further delay.

Mr. Kim In Chol (Democratic People's Republic of Korea): My delegation takes the floor to explain its position before the vote on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, entitled "Steps to building a common road map towards a world without nuclear weapons".

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea's possession of nuclear weapons is entirely for self-defensive deterrence with a view to safeguarding our country's sovereignty, right to existence and development in the face of the nefarious anti-Democratic People's Republic of Korea hostile policy of the United States, which for several decades has persistently stepped up nuclear threats against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. In order to cope with the United States and its followers' moves of institutionalizing and making a policy of the use of nuclear weapons against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, we are strengthening the role of our nuclear force by consolidating its legal and institutional status for the purposes of national security. No one is entitled to find fault with that independent right of a sovereign State.

Historically, we have trodden a path of difficulties and secured nuclear weapons in order to defend the security and development interests of the State and the people — not to gain recognition or obtain the endorsement of others. The Democratic People's Republic of Korea's status as a nuclear-weapon-State

will remain unchanged. As long as nuclear weapons exist on this planet and the United States evil empire and its vassal forces stick to the doctrine of the omnipotence of nuclear weapons, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will stay the course in bolstering its nuclear force so as to defend peace and security on the Korean peninsula and in the rest of the region.

As of now, Japan's dangerous arms build-up has gone beyond acceptable limits; this can no longer be overlooked. It is an open secret that Japan has steadily upgraded and expanded its military capabilities to attack, having distanced itself from the principle of exclusive defence. Coupled with the alarming increase in its national defence budget, Japan is urgently implementing its security strategy, which was revised last year to serve as a doctrine in favour of pre-emptive strikes and war postures.

Worse still, Japan has quite recently made public its 2023 white paper on defence, in which it justifies its efforts towards turning itself into a military Power by alleging that we are in the most severe and complicated security environment since the Second World War, under the pretext of threats from neighbouring countries. When it comes to Japan's allegations of threats from neighbouring countries, that is nothing but a smokescreen to shift the condemnation of the international community to others and justify its move towards turning itself into a major military Power.

Most serious is the establishment of the tripartite military alliance between the United States, Japan and South Korea, which has finally resulted in the emergence of the Asian version of NATO — a root cause of war and aggression. That is neither rhetoric, nor a threat, nor is it an imaginary entity — it is simply a real and awful threat.

We condemn Japan's discharge of nuclear-contaminated water in the strongest terms, as it is a crime against humanity and takes a heavy toll on the security and safety of humankind. We strongly urge Japan to heed the deep concerns and condemnation from its neighbouring countries and the international community and stop, once and for all, the discharge of nuclear-contaminated water.

Worse still, Japan is constantly importing and stockpiling increasing quantities of plutonium and uranium. Today Japanese political circles are openly clamouring for the country's nuclear-free principles to be re-examined and for nuclear sharing with the United

States to be introduced. The international community should look into the double-dealing identity that Japan has crafted and sharpen its vigilance against it. In this context, my delegation categorically rejects and will vote against draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, sponsored by Japan.

Mr. Ahmed (Egypt): My delegation wishes to explain its position before the voting on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, entitled "Steps to building a common road map towards a world without nuclear weapons", as presented by its main sponsor, Japan.

I need to underline at the outset our traditional positive engagement with our friends and partners. Japan, with its most-compelling history as the only victim of the use of nuclear weapons, is in an outstandingly qualified position to carry the torch and lead global efforts towards a world free of nuclear weapons. While we take good note of the positive intentions on the part of the main sponsor, very regretfully, this draft resolution continues to be challenging to my delegation and several other delegations in this conference room. Although there was severe disagreement on the text of last year's resolution on this topic (resolution 77/76), this year's draft brings additional levels of complexities.

Since it is extremely difficult to touch on each and every paragraph or piece of textual language with which we disagree in what is a lengthy and substantively dense text, we will do our utmost to summarize our reservations and concerns as follows. First, once again, we are not in a position to support any language that can be perceived as a dilution or backtracking on the responsibilities of nuclear-weapon-States and their existing legal obligations and political and moral commitments to eliminating their nuclear arsenals. Examples of that can be found in the fourth and fifteenth preambular paragraphs and in operative paragraphs 1 and 8.

Secondly, Egypt is and will continue to be a fierce defender of the quest to preserve the integrity and credibility of Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) and the quest to achieve its universality as a matter of urgency. As the cornerstone of the nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation regime, the essence of the NPT is the balance between the three pillars of nuclear disarmament, non-proliferation and the facilitation of peaceful uses of nuclear energy without discrimination. Those pillars are interrelated and mutually reinforcing and must be implemented in a comprehensive and balanced manner. Some paragraphs

of the draft resolution either failed to capture that crucial balance or arbitrarily address issues of nuclear safety and security. Cases in point include the third and twentieth preambular paragraphs and operative paragraph 10.

Thirdly, the language in the twelfth preambular paragraph on new nuclear-weapon-free zones does not reflect the most commonly used expressions in that regard. The First Committee should be encouraging new nuclear-weapon-free zones where they do not exist — and not “where appropriate”. The language in the fourteenth preambular paragraph on the nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Middle East should have certainly been stronger and matched the ambitions of dozens of NPT Review Conference and other United Nations outcomes.

Fourthly, we are also concerned about paragraphs that either endorse procedural or institutional practices that have not been agreed or insensitively mix ideas in an incoherent manner. I am referring to the fifth, sixth, seventh and tenth preambular paragraphs and operative paragraphs 4, 5 and 7.

In summary, we are concerned that the consistent and growing divergence of views around this text could undermine the objective of the total elimination of nuclear weapons and complicate the preparatory process of the upcoming NPT Review Conference. A meaningful outcome of the next Review Conference is an absolute must.

For those reasons, Egypt will once again abstain in the voting on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30 and will abstain in the voting or vote against a handful of the paragraphs subject to separate votes. It is our sincere wish that this will be the last time we are compelled to be in this position and that next year will bring a fresh start.

Mr. Turner (United States of America): I have the privilege of delivering this explanation of position on behalf of France, the United Kingdom and the United States.

First and foremost, our three countries share with others the ultimate goal of a world without nuclear weapons. We believe that the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) remains an irreplaceable platform for achieving that goal, and we remain committed to upholding our nuclear-disarmament-related obligations under article VI of the

NPT through an incremental, verifiable approach that takes into account the prevailing security environment and is based on maintaining global strategic stability and undiminished and increased security for all. Accordingly, our three countries fully support draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12 on a fissile material cut-off treaty (FMCT). We believe that now, with one nuclear-weapon State engaged in a significant build-up in its nuclear arsenal, urging the Conference on Disarmament to negotiate an FMCT is more urgent and vital than ever, as a step towards the goal of a world without nuclear weapons. As an important interim step, our three countries remain committed to voluntary moratoriums on the production of fissile material for use in nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices. We call on the one nuclear-weapon State that has not yet taken that step to do so. We invite all countries to join us in supporting these resolutions as a show of commitment to seeking a world without nuclear weapons.

Turning to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24, our three countries have made clear many times why we do not view the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW) as an effective disarmament measure. We stress that that Treaty does not change the legal obligations on our countries with respect to nuclear weapons. We do not accept any argument that the TPNW reflects or in any way contributes to the development of customary international law. Along those lines, we also oppose draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8, as it calls for convening a high-level meeting on nuclear disarmament without regard for the balance reflected in the NPT, which cannot lead to any progress.

We fully understand that a nuclear war would have far-reaching consequences. However, we cannot support draft resolutions A/C.1/78/L.23, entitled “Humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons”, and A/C.1/78/L.32, entitled “Ethical imperatives for a nuclear-weapon-free world”, owing to the fact that language contained therein is incompatible with our security considerations. There are no shortcuts to disarmament, and the international security environment remains relevant to such efforts.

In that regard, we strongly support the establishment of regional nuclear-weapon-free zones on the basis of arrangements freely arrived at by all States of the region concerned. Such treaties reinforce the NPT and the global non-proliferation regime. However, we cannot support draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50 on a nuclear-weapon-free Southern hemisphere and adjacent areas, as we object to the TPNW language it

contains. Additionally, we remain concerned with the apparent contradiction set forth in the draft's stated goal of establishing a nuclear-weapon-free zone that would be composed largely of the high seas, while it simultaneously reaffirms applicable principles and rules of international law, including those of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea relating to the freedom of the high seas.

Finally, we cannot support draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33, entitled "Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments". We recognize the positive changes in the draft resolution since last year. Our countries made constructive proposals in that regard during the last session of the Preparatory Committee for the Review Conference of the NPT. We underscore the commitment of our three countries to responsible nuclear behaviour.

In my national capacity, I would like to explain the United States delegation's abstention on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.1, on a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Middle East. The United States continues to strongly support many of the underlying goals of the draft resolution, but it is not in a position to vote in favour of this draft resolution at this time, given the significant divergence of views among States in the region with regard to how to advance the long-term goal of establishing such a zone in the Middle East. We continue to engage actively with all parties concerned to promote direct, inclusive and meaningful dialogue on a mutually acceptable way forward. The United States hopes that, someday, this draft resolution can once again be adopted by consensus.

Mr. Van Schalkwyk (South Africa): I take the floor in explanation of position on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, entitled "Steps to building a common road map towards a world without nuclear weapons".

The Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) remains the cornerstone of the global nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation architecture and the framework for international cooperation in sharing the benefits of peaceful uses of nuclear energy, science and technology. The key to the future strength, credibility, viability and vitality of the NPT rests on the fundamental bargain across its three mutually reinforcing pillars, which must be recognized and upheld.

The current framing of the proposed draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30 relegates the fundamental pillar of nuclear disarmament while attempting to renege on the grand bargain itself. That poses a significant threat that is slowly but surely destroying the Treaty's integrity while it suffers from consecutive failures of review conferences. South Africa is concerned that in a number of key paragraphs the draft resolution conspicuously and deliberately omits the obligations of nuclear-weapon States as regards their unequivocal undertaking to disarm while reinforcing conditionalities for nuclear disarmament.

In essence, the proposed draft resolution uses unbalanced and incorrect citation of agreed NPT language that creates distance between nuclear disarmament commitments and our ever reaching a world without nuclear weapons. It tries to make retaining nuclear weapons more palatable by reducing the risk of keeping, maintaining and modernizing them. It still maintains levels of qualifications on security assurances to non-nuclear-weapon States in the context of nuclear-weapon-free zones, while favouring security assurances and commitments construed in favour of nuclear alliances and extended nuclear security guarantees.

We have taken note of the efforts of the delegation of Japan to adjust this draft resolution since last year. However, that effort was very limited and did not take into account almost all proposals made during the informal consultations. That has resulted in a number of inconsistencies and in the inclusion of language that we are not accustomed to, and consequently would create more of a challenge than assist us in taking forward the work on nuclear disarmament. Given the catastrophic impact of the testing, use and threat of use of nuclear weapons, there is only one step that is required on nuclear disarmament, namely, urgent actions that clearly define benchmarks and timelines.

If that is the basis on which to move forward towards the next Review Conference of the States Parties to the NPT, it does not bode well for the future of the Treaty and calls into question the credibility of its indefinite extension. It is for that reason, and in order to defend the nuclear taboo that has been eroded by an increasing number of States becoming party to extended nuclear security guarantees and buying into the deterrence doctrine, that South Africa is voting against draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30 and key paragraphs contained therein.

Mr. Sánchez de Lerín (Spain) (*spoke in Spanish*): Spain wishes to explain its position on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.47, entitled “African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty”.

The entry into force, in 2009, of the Treaty of Pelindaba, on the establishment of a zone free of nuclear weapons in Africa, was an important contribution to bolstering international peace and security, which is of particular importance for African countries. Spain has therefore always expressed its unequivocal support for the objectives of the Treaty and welcomed its entry into force. Spain maintains close relations with all African countries and has devoted considerable efforts, through its Ministry of Foreign Affairs, European Union and Cooperation, to promoting the sustainable development of all African countries. Spain is also willing to make the necessary efforts so that the States parties to the Treaty of Pelindaba acquire the necessary capabilities to effectively implement it in their respective territories.

Having carefully considered the invitation extended to Spain to sign Protocol III of the Treaty, in consultation with our parliament and taking into account the guidelines adopted by consensus in the United Nations Disarmament Commission at its substantive session held in 1999 on the establishment of nuclear-weapon-free zones based on arrangements freely arrived at among the States of the region concerned, my Government decided not to sign the Protocol, which we subsequently communicated to the depositary of the Treaty. In that regard, I would like to highlight two points.

First, the Treaty of Pelindaba does not contain any provision, obligation, guarantee or safeguard in the area of nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation that Spain has not already adopted for its entire national territory. As a member of various international bodies, Spain has taken on a number of obligations and implemented safeguards, both under the European Atomic Energy Community and the safeguards agreement and its additional protocols under the International Atomic Energy Agency. Those go beyond the obligations contained in the Pelindaba Treaty, which we already comply with.

Secondly, all Spanish territory has been denuclearized, from a military perspective, since 1976. Our ban on the entry, placement or stockpiling of nuclear weapons on all Spanish territory was reiterated by the Spanish Parliament when Spain joined NATO in

1981 and ratified in a March 1986 referendum. Spain has therefore already taken all necessary steps to ensure that the provisions of the Pelindaba Treaty are implemented throughout our national territory.

Spain has joined consensus on this resolution in the First Committee ever since it was first presented in 1987. However, Spain does not join consensus on operative paragraph 5. We have been working with other delegations to find a more balanced wording that is acceptable to all parties, and we hope that those conversations on the draft resolution will bear fruit for future sessions. We will request an explanation of vote after the voting in order to explain the vote of the European Union and aligned countries on other draft resolutions.

Mr. Sánchez Kiesslich (Mexico) (*spoke in Spanish*): I would like to offer an explanation of vote in favour of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.34, entitled “Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons”. Mexico has traditionally supported this annual resolution and will do so again this year. We are convinced that all proposals to make the world safer and more peaceful, based on international law and not on weapons, should be taken as valid. However, Mexico notes that certain elements of the resolution should be updated to reflect recent developments.

Mexico is convinced that the total elimination of nuclear weapons is the only guarantee against their use. The rhetoric about the threat of the use of nuclear weapons, within the framework of an international complex, is inadmissible and dangerous.

Given the current international environment, Mexico believes that the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW) has become more relevant than ever due to the renewed attention to the threat of the use of nuclear weapons and the continuous increase, development and modernization of nuclear arsenals. In that context, Mexico promotes the universalization of the TPNW as it is fully congruent with the purpose of this resolution.

We consider the TPNW to be the most important advance in nuclear disarmament in recent years and is fully compatible and complementary to the provisions of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) and bolsters its objectives. Similarly, the TPNW already contains, in Article 1, a prohibition on the use of nuclear weapons, as well as a prohibition on assisting others to use or threaten to use nuclear weapons, among other activities prohibited by the Treaty.

Finally, we regret that, despite the efforts of several delegations, the Conference on Disarmament continues to fail to fulfil its mandate, especially to initiate negotiations on new agreements of universal scope.

Mr. Sivamohan (Malaysia): I take the floor to deliver Malaysia's explanation of vote on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, entitled "Steps to building a common road map towards a world without nuclear weapons".

My delegation appreciates the efforts of Japan, as the main sponsor, on this proposal, including through open and inclusive consultations.

Nonetheless, after careful consideration, Malaysia is not in a position to support the draft resolution as a whole. In our view, the text does not sufficiently emphasize the importance and urgency of nuclear disarmament, including in the framework of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT).

The third preambular paragraph fails to reflect the role of the NPT as the cornerstone of the global nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation regime. In the face of threats to the integrity and credibility of the NPT, we cannot afford to mischaracterize the object and purpose of the Treaty and the grand bargain that underpins it.

With regard to the fifth preambular paragraph, the specific reference to non-adopted draft documents in the context of the NPT review cycle poses certain challenges. However, Malaysia recognizes the need to preserve the established principles of multilateral engagement in the NPT review process. That includes the prerogative of the Chair or President, as the case may be, to issue documents in his or her own capacity, without prejudice to the position of any delegation. We hope that future iterations of this resolution can better capture that point.

In the sixth preambular paragraph, the phrase "by some nuclear-weapons States" is problematic, as it unduly limits the scope of the concern of non-nuclear weapon States vis-à-vis the quantitative expansion and qualitative improvement of nuclear forces.

In relation to the seventh preambular paragraph, we had hoped for more constructive language encouraging both parties to ensure the New START Treaty's full and effective implementation and to negotiate a successor agreement.

We are unable to accept the eleventh preambular paragraph, as the security assurances therein are not limited to negative security assurances and could

therefore cover positive security assurances such as those provided by nuclear-weapon States under so-called extended nuclear deterrence arrangements. The persistence and expansion of arrangements of that nature are a cause for grave concern and inimical to nuclear disarmament.

In operative paragraph 3, we believe that the call for engagement with non-nuclear-weapon States in a meaningful dialogue on transparency should apply to all nuclear-weapon States, without qualification.

As to operative paragraph 10, the integrity of the NPT is, regrettably, described as resting on compliance with non-proliferation obligations, without any mention of disarmament.

My delegation will therefore abstain from voting on several paragraphs in the draft resolution, as well as on the draft resolution as a whole.

At the same time, Malaysia remains committed to engaging with Japan on the text in future cycles of the First Committee, with a view to underscoring the imperative of nuclear disarmament in the interest of peace, security and sustainable development for all.

Mr. Kulkarni (India): On draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.2, entitled "The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East", India believes that the focus of this draft resolution should be limited to the region that it intends to address.

The 1969 Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties provides that States are bound by a treaty based on the principle of free consent. The call to those States remaining outside the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) to accede to it and to accept the safeguards of the International Atomic Energy Agency on all their nuclear facilities is at variance with that principle. India is not a party to the NPT and is not bound by its outcome documents. That also applies to certain operative paragraphs in draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.2.

On draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, entitled "Treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices", without prejudice to the priority that we attach to nuclear disarmament, India has expressed its readiness to support the immediate commencement of negotiations on a fissile material cut-off treaty (FMCT) in the Conference on Disarmament (CD) on the basis of CD/1299 and the mandate contained therein.

In that context, India has also participated in the work of the Group of Governmental Experts to make recommendations on possible aspects that could contribute to but not negotiate a treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices (FMCT) and the High-level FMCT Expert Preparatory Group established pursuant to resolutions 67/53 and 71/259.

India's support for FMCT negotiations in the CD is consistent with its interest in strengthening the global non-proliferation regime in a way that would add a measure of strategic predictability and a baseline for future global nuclear disarmament efforts. India therefore welcomes and will vote in favour of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, which shares the same objective of immediate commencement of negotiations on an FMCT in the CD on the basis of CD/1299 and the mandate contained therein.

On operative paragraph 2, India does not object to Member States engaging in discussions in any forum to facilitate negotiations in the CD of an FMCT. However, India would like to reiterate its position that the CD is the most appropriate and formal forum for negotiations on an FMCT.

On operative paragraph 3, India believes that a moratorium on the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or nuclear explosive devices cannot be a substitute for an FMCT. A moratorium, by its very nature is only voluntary, reversible and not verifiable, which is unlike an FMCT, which will impose treaty obligations and will be verifiable and irreversible.

On operative paragraph 4, universal and non-discriminatory transparency and confidence-building measures can be useful complements to a legally binding instrument. They cannot, however, be a substitute for such an instrument and should be considered only within the process of negotiations leading to such an instrument. The consideration of transparency and confidence-building measures as a standalone measure will also further delay the commencement of negotiations on an FMCT.

Finally, as to the reference to the NPT, India is not a State party to the Treaty and, therefore, that particular reference is not applicable to it, which may be kept in perspective by the Member States.

On draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21, entitled "Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the legality of the threat or use of nuclear

weapons", India has been the only State possessing nuclear weapons to have traditionally co-sponsored the resolution in the past. We were disappointed with the substantive changes made to the traditional text of the resolution in 2017 (resolution 72/58). In particular, we were disappointed that references to the early conclusion of a nuclear weapons convention based on the Model Nuclear Weapons Convention, co-submitted by the lead sponsors themselves, had been dropped. Furthermore, the objective of the draft resolution, as reflected in operative paragraph 2, is ambiguous, and therefore, my delegation had to withdraw its co-sponsorship and will abstain in the voting on the draft resolution.

India is voting in favour of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.23, entitled "Humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons", consistent with its participation in the four meetings at Oslo; Nayarith, Mexico; and Vienna on the humanitarian impact of nuclear weapons. Our participation in those meetings was premised on the shared concern about the serious threat to the survival of humankind that could be posed by the use of nuclear weapons.

On draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24, entitled "Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons", India would like to state that it did not participate in the negotiations on the Treaty. We therefore will not become a party to the Treaty and shall not be bound by any of the obligations that may arise from it. India believes that the Treaty does not constitute or contribute to the development of any customary international law.

India reiterates its commitment to the goal of a nuclear-weapon-free world. India believes that goal can be achieved through a step-by-step process, underwritten by a universal commitment and an agreed global and non-discriminatory multilateral framework, as outlined in its working paper "Nuclear disarmament", submitted to the General Assembly in 2006. In that regard, India supports the commencement of negotiations on a comprehensive nuclear weapons convention in the Conference on Disarmament.

The complete text of this pre-voting explanation of vote will be submitted to the Secretariat.

Mr. Veliz Rodríguez (Panama) (*spoke in Spanish*): With regard to and in the spirit of the international treaties, Panama, with reference to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45, entitled "Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-

Ban Treaty”, co-sponsored the draft resolution and will vote in favour of it and encourages all other Member States to consider voting in favour of it.

In addition, with regard to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24, entitled “Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons”, we co-sponsored it and will vote in favour of it.

With regard to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, entitled “Steps to building a common roadmap towards a world without nuclear weapons”, we are co-sponsors of it and will vote in favour of it.

With regard to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.32, entitled “Ethical imperatives for a nuclear-weapon-free world”, we co-sponsored it and will vote in favour of it.

Mr. Ahmed (Pakistan): I wish to share Pakistan’s explanation of vote on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.37 and draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.34.

Pakistan has consistently signalled its willingness to consider and has proposed measures for restraint, confidence-building and risk reduction with regard to and the avoidance of an arms race in South Asia. Unfortunately, the main sponsor of the two draft resolutions has been engaged in actions that increase rather than reduce nuclear dangers in South Asia, including through steps such as expanding and modernizing its conventional and nuclear arsenals, increasing the readiness of nuclear forces and induction of destabilizing weapons systems and nuclearizing the Indian Ocean.

The sponsor has also continuously sought to create space for its offensive doctrine of a limited war under the nuclear overhang. That diabolical narrative that limited conventional conflict is possible under the nuclear threshold without any risk of escalation is dangerous and must be disproved. A conflict between nuclear-armed States must be avoided at all costs. The reckless launch of a supersonic missile by that country last year into Pakistan’s territory and its continued evasion of any meaningful response to the legitimate questions of my country also highlights the ever-widening chasm between its stated proclamations and its actions.

For the reasons just outlined, we will abstain in the voting on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.37 and draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.34.

Pakistan will also abstain in the voting on draft resolutions A/C.1/78/L.23 and A/C.1/78/L.32. Pakistan is mindful of the concerns associated with

the humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons use. Accordingly, we participated in the international conferences on that subject. Nonetheless, we believe that the discourse on nuclear weapons cannot be reduced solely to humanitarian ethical dimensions by trivializing and sidestepping the fundamental and legitimate security concerns of States relying on nuclear weapons to deter aggression. Pakistan underscores the need for a uniting approach endeavouring towards nuclear disarmament, based on the cardinal principle of ensuring equal and undiminished security for all States, as enshrined in the final document of the first special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament (resolution S-10/2).

I will now explain Pakistan’s vote against draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12 and its abstention in the voting on the amendment proposed in its operative paragraph 1.

My delegation recognizes the effort made by Iran to improve the text of operative paragraph 1 of the draft resolution. While a step in the right direction, fundamental problems persist with the operative paragraph, as well as the draft resolution as a whole. In our view, the very approach, the premise, the basis, as well as the proposed outcome of the draft resolution, remains deeply flawed owing to its zealous obsession with only the cut-off of fissile material production, as well as its reference to CD/1299, a document which has far outlived its utility, validity or relevance. The arbitrary fixation on banning the future production of fissile materials, while refusing to address thousands of tons of its stocks, advances neither disarmament nor strategic stability. A treaty which results only in a cut-off of the future production of fissile material while failing to dismantle thousands of tons of its stocks would be a non-starter, given that it would perpetuate existing asymmetries.

A non-proliferation-oriented treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices (FMCT) remains self-serving and cost free for most of its ardent proponents. We would also like to highlight that any potential nuclear war would not be fought with what is going to be produced in the future, but most likely with what is possessed, stockpiled and deployed already.

Pakistan has instead proposed a fissile material treaty that addresses the issues in all their dimensions comprehensively, effectively and verifiably and

explicitly incorporates in its scope fissile material stocks. We reiterate our call for starting work in earnest towards developing a new basis for negotiations on a treaty with a fresh mandate, whose scope expressly encompasses existing stocks and applies equally to all States without discrimination.

In addition, the fallacious assertion in its fifth preambular paragraph that the deadlock in the Conference on Disarmament is attributable to a lack of progress on FMCT does not stand the test of any objective criteria. Such propositions in the draft resolution are well known tactics to deflect scrutiny from non-compliance with nuclear disarmament obligations and a smokescreen to hide decades of gimmickry to block negotiations on nuclear disarmament, the prevention of an arms race in outer space and negative security assurances in the Conference on Disarmament.

Mr. Belousov (Russian Federation) (*spoke in Russian*): I would like to explain the position of the Russian delegation on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.31, “Nuclear disarmament verification”.

The final report of the Group of Governmental Experts to further consider nuclear disarmament issues (see A/78/120), in which Russia was also represented, was consensual. At the same time, in substantive terms, that consensus reflects the principle that experts all agree to disagree. On the one hand, it testifies to the lack of unity in the international community with regard to approaches to nuclear disarmament verification and its scope, which was particularly evident in the discussions between the experts. But most importantly, it suggests that there is no agreement on the expediency of developing early verification procedures in isolation from the comprehensive negotiation work that will be required in future to reach agreements in the fields of arms control and nuclear disarmament. Adhering to the “agree to disagree” logic made it possible to include the entire range of views in the Group’s report.

At the same time, the document also contains a number of important consensus provisions with regard to the fundamental principles on which nuclear disarmament verification should be based. The point is that any verification regime should always be tied to a specific agreement. All States have equal rights to participate in the verification process of the agreements to which they are parties. For States parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT), the verification of nuclear

disarmament should be considered in the context of the practical implementation of the relevant provisions of the NPT. Activities in this area should be carried out in accordance with the non-proliferation obligations of States and the requirement to protect sensitive information. The members of the Group of Governmental Experts also attempted to define the concept of nuclear disarmament verification, although, for the moment, it is a working definition.

We would like to reaffirm Russia’s principled position, which follows directly from what I have just said. We firmly believe that, at this stage, without a clear understanding of the parameters of a specific treaty, agreement or arrangement in the field of nuclear disarmament and the corresponding obligations of States, it makes no sense to put the work on nuclear disarmament verification into practice. We therefore see no objective reason to create a group of scientific and technical experts. It is obvious to us that developing verification mechanisms for the purposes of such agreements is an integral part of the comprehensive negotiation process. The idea of early development of procedures and technologies in the field of nuclear disarmament verification for their possible use in speculative future agreements without knowledge of the subject and scope of those agreements is counterproductive. We do not consider such an approach to be justified from a logical, pragmatic or negotiating point of view. For the same reasons, we do not support capacity-building activities. In general, we firmly believe that the potential benefit of an in-depth discussion of the topic of nuclear disarmament verification at the present stage, in the absence of prospects for reaching any agreements, is greatly overestimated.

With respect to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.31 itself, in our opinion, it does not clearly spell out the very fact that there are different, sometimes diametrically opposed opinions on nuclear disarmament verification issues. It also unjustifiably praises capacity-building efforts. At the same time, we proceed from the premise that this draft is first and foremost aimed at submitting the report of the Group of Governmental Experts — in the preparation of which a Russian expert also participated — to the General Assembly for consideration. We therefore intend to abstain in the vote on this draft resolution.

Mr. Edtmayer (Austria): I take the floor to explain Austria’s position on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, “Steps to building a common road map towards a world

without nuclear weapons”, and I would like to thank the delegation of Japan for submitting the draft.

Austria has decided to abstain in the vote on this draft resolution for the following reasons. First, we maintain our concerns about the framing of the step-by-step approach to nuclear disarmament that runs through the text. We must be more honest about the fact that the step-by-step approach is clearly not leading to progress. It is stuck at the first step and has shown no promise of any progress for almost two decades now. New momentum is urgently needed in the light of the precarious global situation as far as nuclear weapons are concerned, and repeating the same concepts is not going to lead us forward.

Secondly, while we share the concerns about nuclear threats and the non-transparent nuclear build-up by some nuclear-weapon States, the draft resolution should also have been more explicit about the qualitative improvements on nuclear weapons, the significant modernization programmes in all nuclear-armed States and the resulting arms race dynamics, all of which are of grave concern to us. The draft resolution should also be factually correct about the extremely concerning inversion point on global stockpiles at which we have arrived.

Thirdly, we have concerns about how language on the agreed 2010 Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons action plan is being qualified and conditioned with barriers or preconditions to disarmament. Nuclear weapons diminish all of our security. International security will be increased by their elimination.

Fourthly, we would have preferred stronger language on the humanitarian consequences of the risks of nuclear weapons reflecting the discussions on this issue during the 2022 Review Conference of the Parties to the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), and we regret that they were not taken up in the draft. The same goes for the recognition of the victims of nuclear testing. We achieved concrete progress in our NPT discussions. The draft resolution was presented as supposedly reflecting NPT agreements that could not be adopted owing to disagreements in other parts of the text. Yet, in the important areas of humanitarian consequences, risks and victims, the progress achieved was ignored by the text before us.

Fifthly, the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons (TPNW) is now an established treaty that is supported by a clear majority of non-nuclear-weapon

States and whose complementarity with the NPT has been reiterated over and over again. Continuing to ignore the security concerns raised by a majority of States worldwide is not a way to unite towards nuclear disarmament. We would have therefore expected some improvements on how the TPNW was referenced.

We acknowledge the difficulty of the task of presenting an omnibus draft resolution on nuclear disarmament, and we commend the delegation of Japan for its efforts. Austria attaches utmost importance to making clear and credible progress on nuclear disarmament, and we therefore repeatedly presented proposals to improve the text to the drafters and during consultations. We look forward to being consulted at an early stage on this draft resolution in future so as to achieve a text that captures, to a greater extent, the urgency of making progress on nuclear disarmament.

Mrs. Petit (France) (*spoke in French*): France will vote in favour of draft resolutions A/C.1/78/L.1 and A/C.1/78/L.16.

However, I would like to make clear that, concerning both draft resolutions, France maintains its position on the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons, which entered into force on 22 January 2021. Accordingly, France rejects any interpretation of these texts that would imply a link with the Treaty, in particular with respect to the eighth preambular paragraph of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.1 and operative paragraph 5 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.16. For us, they must be understood as the relevant instruments aimed at general and complete disarmament, and as part of the architecture provided for by the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, the cornerstone of nuclear non-proliferation and disarmament regimes, the primacy and authority of which cannot be questioned.

Mr. Edu Mbasogo (Equatorial Guinea) (*spoke in Spanish*): Equatorial Guinea had initially decided to co-sponsor draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, but a final review of the text by the pertinent authorities in our capital has forced our delegation to withdraw from such co-sponsorship. Equatorial Guinea will also abstain in the voting on the draft resolution. We believe that the language of the text goes beyond the context of denuclearization and moves towards non-nuclear issues, as the draft also condemns the terrorist conflicts to which Africa is subjected, without distinction. Guinea Equatorial will therefore abstain in the voting on the draft.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on the draft resolutions.

We will now consider draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.1, entitled “Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East”.

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.1 was submitted by the representative of Egypt on 2 October. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in that document.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal,

Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Israel

Abstaining:

Cameroon, Congo, United States of America

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.1 was adopted by 176 votes to 1, with 3 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Jamaica informed the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.]

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.2, entitled “The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East”.

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.2 was submitted on 2 October by the representative of Egypt on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the League of Arab States. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in that document.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the fifth and sixth preambular paragraphs of A/C.1/78/L.2. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the fifth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Central African

Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India, Israel, Pakistan

Abstaining:

Bhutan, Papua New Guinea, United States of America

The fifth preambular paragraph was retained by 164 votes to 4, with 3 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the sixth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India, Israel, Pakistan

Abstaining:

Bhutan, Papua New Guinea, United States of America

The sixth preambular paragraph was retained by 165 votes to 4, with 3 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.2, as a whole.

A recorded vote has been requested.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Canada, Israel, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Palau, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Cameroon, Congo, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, France, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, India, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Panama, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Romania, Sierra Leone, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.2, as a whole, was adopted by 148 votes to 6, with 28 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8, entitled "Follow-up to the 2013 high-level meeting of the General Assembly on nuclear disarmament".

I give floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): On 20 September, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8 was submitted by representative of Indonesia, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Movement of Non-Aligned countries. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.8.

The present oral statement is made in the context of rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly. The present statement will also be distributed to Member States.

Under the terms of paragraph 5 of the draft resolution, the General Assembly will decide to convene in New York, on a date to be decided later, a United Nations high-level international conference on nuclear disarmament to review the progress made in this regard. The adoption of the draft resolution would not entail any budgetary implications with regard to the programme budget. When information on the format, scope and modalities of the conference becomes available, the Secretary-General will assess the budgetary implications and advise the General Assembly in accordance with rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly. Furthermore, in accordance with established practice, the date of the conference would be determined in consultation with the Department for General Assembly and Conference Management. In this regard, references made to paragraph 11 of resolution 69/250 and subsequent resolutions, the most recent of which is resolution 77/255, in which the Assembly invited Member States to include

a new legislative mandate and adequate information on the modalities for the organization of conferences or meetings.

In addition, the following statement is made in connection with operative paragraph 9 of the draft resolution, in which the Assembly would mandate the holding of a one-day high-level plenary meeting of the Assembly to commemorate and promote the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons on 26 September 2024. Pursuant to operative paragraph 20 of resolution 77/335 on the revitalization of the work of the General Assembly, the Assembly requested the Secretariat to draw the attention of the General Assembly and its subsidiary organs to overlapping high-level meetings of the Assembly prior to action on proposals that mandate the holding of meetings of the Assembly on specific dates. In keeping with this mandate, the Secretariat would like to inform delegations that on 26 September 2024, the general debate of the seventy-ninth session will be in its third day, pursuant to rule 1 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the sixth, twelfth and fourteenth preambular paragraphs of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the sixth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan,

Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Israel, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Congo, Croatia, Czechia, Estonia, France, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Republic of Korea, Romania, Slovakia, Switzerland, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The sixth preambular paragraph was retained by 140 votes to 2, with 30 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the twelfth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador,

Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Croatia, Estonia, France, Greece, Israel, Lithuania, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain

Abstaining:

Albania, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Luxembourg, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Pakistan, Sweden, Tajikistan, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The twelfth preambular paragraph was retained by 129 votes to 16, with 26 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the fourteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia

(Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Cyprus, Georgia, Ireland, Japan, Liechtenstein, Malta, Montenegro, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Republic of Moldova, Switzerland

The fourteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 120 votes to 36, with 14 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Georgia, Japan, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Switzerland

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.8, as a whole, was adopted by 139 votes to 34, with 9 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, entitled "Treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): On 2 October, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12 was submitted by the representatives of Canada, Germany and the Kingdom of the Netherlands. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.12.

The Chair: On 23 October, the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran submitted a draft oral amendment to paragraph 1 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, adding the words "taking into consideration both nuclear disarmament and nuclear non-proliferation objectives". That results in operative paragraph 1 reading as follows:

"urges the Conference on Disarmament to immediately commence negotiations on a treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices, on the basis of CD/1299 and the mandate contained therein, taking into consideration both nuclear disarmament and nuclear non-proliferation objectives".

Before we take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12 and the draft oral amendment, I wish to outline how we will proceed. In accordance with rule 130 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, the Committee will first consider the draft oral amendment to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12. Immediately thereafter, the Committee will consider draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12.

The Chair: The Committee will now take action on the draft oral amendment to draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, Ghana, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mauritius, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Philippines, Singapore, South Africa, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tunisia, Uganda, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Andorra, Australia, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Bhutan, Botswana, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Georgia, Guatemala, Guinea, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Kenya, Kiribati, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Malawi, Mali, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Qatar, Russian Federation, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Switzerland, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Yemen

The draft oral amendment was rejected by 45 votes to 44, with 65 abstentions.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the third, fifth, and eighth preambular paragraphs of draft resolution and operative paragraphs 2, 3 and 4

of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the third preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

China, Mali, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Algeria, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Congo, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lebanon, Namibia, Nicaragua, Niger, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Yemen

The third preambular paragraph was retained by 139 votes to 4, with 23 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the fifth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates,

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Pakistan

Abstaining:

China, Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lebanon, Mali, Namibia, Niger, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic

The fifth preambular paragraph was retained by 151 votes to 1, with 13 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the eighth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra

Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

China, Pakistan

Abstaining:

Congo, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lebanon, Namibia, Nicaragua, Niger, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic

The eighth preambular paragraph was retained by 151 votes to 2, with 12 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 2.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nigeria, North Macedonia,

Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

China, Mali, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Congo, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritius, Nicaragua, Niger, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Yemen

Operative paragraph 2 was retained by 149 votes to 4, with 16 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 3.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg,

Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

China, India, Pakistan

Abstaining:

Algeria, Congo, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Mexico, Nicaragua, Niger, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Yemen

Operative paragraph 3 was retained by 144 votes to 3, with 20 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 4.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece,

Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

China, India, Mali, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Algeria, Austria, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Djibouti, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mexico, Nicaragua, Niger, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Yemen

Operative paragraph 4 was retained by 141 votes to 5, with 22 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria,

Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Mali, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Algeria, Burundi, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Yemen

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.12, as a whole, was adopted by 155 votes to 5, with 24 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.17, entitled "Follow-up to nuclear disarmament obligations agreed

to at the 1995, 2000 and 2010 Review Conferences of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.17 was submitted on 4 October by the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran. The sponsor of the draft resolution is listed in document A/C.1/78/L.17.

The Chair: A separate vote has been requested on the sixth preambular paragraph of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.17.

I shall first put to the vote the sixth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Myanmar, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

India, Israel, Micronesia (Federated States of)

Abstaining:

Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Congo, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Monaco, Montenegro, Mozambique, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The sixth preambular paragraph was retained by 112 votes to 3, with 52 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.17, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Senegal, Singapore, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab

Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Andorra, Armenia, Austria, China, Congo, El Salvador, Georgia, India, Japan, Liechtenstein, Mozambique, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Switzerland, Türkiye

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.17, as a whole, was adopted by 112 votes to 45, with 19 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21, entitled "Follow up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the legality of the threat or use of nuclear weapons".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21 was submitted on 7 October by the representative of Malaysia. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.21.

The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Papua New Guinea has also become a sponsor.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the tenth and eighteenth preambular paragraphs and on operative paragraph 2 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the tenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Mali, Montenegro, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Armenia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Congo, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, France, Georgia, Guinea, Hungary, Israel, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mauritius, Monaco, Niger, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Syrian Arab Republic, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The tenth preambular paragraph was retained by 137 votes to 3, with 31 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the eighteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Georgia, Guinea, Japan, Niger, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Switzerland

The eighteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 111 votes to 40, with 13 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 2.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Tuvalu, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic

of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Guinea, India, Japan, Niger, Pakistan, Serbia, Switzerland

Operative paragraph 2 was retained by 115 votes to 40, with 12 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on the draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21, as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic

of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Georgia, Iceland, India, Japan, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, Norway, Serbia

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.21, as a whole, was adopted by 132 votes to 35, with 15 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.23, entitled "Humanitarian consequences of nuclear weapons".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.23 was submitted on 9 October by the representatives of Austria, Brazil, Costa Rica, Indonesia, Ireland, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, South Africa and Thailand. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.23. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Afghanistan, Eswatini, Guinea, Namibia, Papua New Guinea, Sierra Leone, Suriname and Tunisia have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia,

Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Czechia, Estonia, France, Hungary, Israel, Latvia, Lithuania, Mali, Poland, Romania, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Armenia, Australia, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Congo, Croatia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Pakistan, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.23 was adopted by 136 votes to 13, with 33 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24, entitled "Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24 was submitted on 9 October by the representatives of Austria, Brazil, Costa Rica, Indonesia, Ireland, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, South Africa, Thailand, Vanuatu. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.24. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Afghanistan, Eswatini, Fiji, Guinea, Lesotho and Vanuatu have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, India, Israel,

Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Pakistan, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Marshall Islands, Republic of Moldova, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland, Tajikistan

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.24 was adopted by 124 votes to 43, with 14 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.25, entitled "Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons". I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.25 was submitted on 9 October by the representative of Pakistan. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.25. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Tajikistan has also become a sponsor of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic,

Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nauru, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

None

Abstaining:

Albania, Andorra, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Congo, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lesotho, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Namibia, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.25 was adopted by 117 votes to none, with 66 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, entitled "Steps to building a common roadmap towards a world without nuclear weapons".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30 was submitted on 9 October by the representative of Japan. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.30. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE

portal of the First Committee. Papua New Guinea and the Congo have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the third, fifth, sixth, seventh, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-second preambular paragraphs and operative paragraphs 3, 5, 6, 7 and 10 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote first, one by one.

I shall now put to the vote the third preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

India, Libya, Pakistan

Abstaining:

Algeria, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guatemala, Honduras, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mexico, Mozambique, Namibia, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Uganda

The third preambular paragraph was retained by 129 votes to 3, with 31 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the fifth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Myanmar, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania,

United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Yemen

Against:

China, Cuba, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Nicaragua, Russian Federation, Syrian Arab Republic

Abstaining:

Algeria, Austria, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Costa Rica, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, France, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Malaysia, Mexico, Mozambique, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nigeria, Pakistan, San Marino, Senegal, South Africa, Togo, Uganda, Viet Nam

The fifth preambular paragraph was retained by 125 votes to 6, with 32 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the sixth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kiribati, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Myanmar, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay

Against:

China, Russian Federation, Syrian Arab Republic

Abstaining:

Algeria, Argentina, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Comoros, Cuba, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Malaysia, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Qatar, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Tajikistan, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

The sixth preambular paragraph was retained by 102 votes to 3, with 54 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of the Sudan informed the Secretariat that it had intended to abstain.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the seventh preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kiribati, Latvia, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad

and Tobago, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay

Against:

China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Algeria, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Malaysia, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Yemen

The seventh preambular paragraph was retained by 98 votes to 3, with 56 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the tenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius,

Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

China, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Algeria, Austria, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Cuba, Egypt, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Namibia, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Uganda

The tenth preambular paragraph was retained by 137 votes to 3, with 24 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the eleventh preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi,

Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

Iran (Islamic Republic of), Russian Federation, South Africa

Abstaining:

Algeria, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Egypt, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Namibia, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Togo, Uganda

The eleventh preambular paragraph was retained by 126 votes to 3, with 33 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the twelfth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras,

Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam

Against:

None

Abstaining:

Algeria, Austria, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Comoros, Costa Rica, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Ghana, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Mexico, Namibia, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Oman, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Yemen

The twelfth preambular paragraph was retained by 127 votes to none, with 33 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the fourteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros,

Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Israel

Abstaining:

Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Namibia, Syrian Arab Republic

The fourteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 156 votes to 1, with 6 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the eighteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational

State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, France, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Israel, Monaco, Namibia, Pakistan, Uganda

The eighteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 156 votes to 4, with 5 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the nineteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, France, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

China, Estonia, India, Israel, Latvia, Monaco, Pakistan, Romania, Tajikistan, Uganda, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The nineteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 147 votes to 3, with 11 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the twentieth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), South Africa

Abstaining:

Austria, Cuba, India, Indonesia, Israel, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Namibia, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic

The twentieth preambular paragraph was retained by 146 votes to 3, with 12 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the twenty-second preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

China, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Cuba, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Namibia, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic

The twenty-second preambular paragraph was retained by 144 votes to 2, with 12 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 3.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Nicaragua, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

China, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Austria, Colombia, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Malaysia, Namibia,

New Zealand, Nigeria, Pakistan, San Marino, South Africa, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic

Operative paragraph 3 was retained by 139 votes to 2, with 22 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Algeria informed the Secretariat that it had intended to abstain.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 5.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

China, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Algeria, Cuba, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mexico, Namibia, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia

Operative paragraph 5 was retained by 137 votes to 3, with 23 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 6.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine,

United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

China

Abstaining:

Cuba, Eritrea, Ethiopia, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Mexico, Namibia, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic

Operative paragraph 6 was retained by 148 votes to 1, with 13 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 7.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa,

San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India

Abstaining:

Egypt, Eritrea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Lebanon, Namibia, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic

Operative paragraph 7 was retained by 150 votes to 2, with 8 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 10.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Estonia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, Iceland, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Samoa,

San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Russian Federation, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic

Abstaining:

Algeria, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Guatemala, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mexico, Namibia, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Senegal, Sri Lanka, Sudan

Operative paragraph 10 was retained by 133 votes to 5, with 25 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia,

Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Nauru, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Nicaragua, Russian Federation, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic

Abstaining:

Algeria, Austria, Belarus, Brazil, Burundi, Cameroon, Cuba, Egypt, Ethiopia, France, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Malaysia, Myanmar, Namibia, New Zealand, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Uganda, Zimbabwe

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.30, as a whole, was adopted by 145 votes to 7, with 29 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.31, entitled "Nuclear disarmament verification".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.31 was submitted by the representative of Norway on 10 October on behalf of Brazil, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, South Africa, Switzerland and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.31. A statement on the programme budget implications of this draft resolution has been issued as document A/C.1/78/L.64 and has been placed on the e-deleGATE portal. The additional sponsors are listed on the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Botswana, Eswatini, Iceland, Lesotho, Kazakhstan and Kiribati have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

None

Abstaining:

Congo, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Mali, Russian Federation, Syrian Arab Republic

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.31 was adopted by 175 votes to none, with 5 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.32, entitled “Ethical imperatives for a nuclear-weapon-free world”.

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.32 was submitted by the representatives of Austria, Brazil, Costa Rica, Indonesia, Ireland, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, South Africa and Thailand on 10 October. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in that document. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Burundi, Eswatini, Fiji and Senegal have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A separate vote has been requested on the eleventh preambular paragraph of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.32.

I shall first put that paragraph to the vote.

A recorded vote was taken

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar,

Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Congo, Georgia, Iceland, Japan, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Norway, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The eleventh preambular paragraph was retained by 115 votes to 36, with 15 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.32, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic

Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, China, Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Georgia, India, Japan, Pakistan, Serbia, Switzerland

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.32, as a whole, was adopted by 131 votes to 39, with 11 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33, entitled "Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliot (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33 was submitted by the representative of Mexico on 10 October, on behalf of the New Agenda Coalition. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.33. The additional sponsors are listed on the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Fiji and Lesotho have also become sponsors.

The Chair: Separate recorded votes have been requested on the twenty-fourth preambular paragraph and operative paragraphs 1, 20 and 23 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the twenty-fourth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Georgia, Greece, Japan, Mauritius, Montenegro, Norway, Pakistan, Republic of Moldova, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland, Tajikistan

The twenty-fourth preambular paragraph was retained by 107 votes to 38, with 18 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 1.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia,

Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, China, Congo, Georgia, Japan, Mali, Montenegro, Pakistan, Russian Federation

Operative paragraph 1 was retained by 116 votes to 34, with 11 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 20.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia,

Türkiye, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

India, Israel, Mali, Pakistan, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Czechia, France, Hungary, Monaco, Montenegro, Serbia, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Operative paragraph 20 was retained by 146 votes to 5, with 12 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 23.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France,

Germany, Hungary, Iceland, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Georgia, Greece, Japan, Montenegro, Pakistan, Republic of Moldova, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland

Operative paragraph 23 was retained by 102 votes to 39, with 15 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on A/C.1/78/L.33, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand,

Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, France, Hungary, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, North Macedonia, Poland, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Spain, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, China, Congo, Croatia, Finland, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Japan, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Norway, Pakistan, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.33, as a whole, was adopted by 130 votes to 27, with 24 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.34, entitled "Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): On 10 October, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.34 was submitted by the representative of India. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.34. Additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Mauritius has also become a sponsor of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic,

Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Andorra, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, San Marino, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Belarus, Brazil, Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ecuador, Guyana, Japan, Mali, Marshall Islands, Pakistan, Philippines, Russian Federation, Serbia

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.34 was adopted by 119 votes to 50, with 14 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.37, entitled "Reducing nuclear danger".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): On 10 October, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.37 was submitted by the representative of India. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.37. Additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Burundi, Guinea and Kiribati have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Albania, Andorra, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary,

Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, San Marino, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Argentina, Armenia, Belarus, China, Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Georgia, Japan, Mali, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Serbia, Zimbabwe

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.37 was adopted by 119 votes to 50, with 13 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45, entitled "Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott: (Secretary of the Committee): On 11 October, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45 was submitted by the representative of Mexico, also on behalf of Australia and New Zealand. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.45. Additional sponsors are listed on the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Fiji, Namibia and Papua New Guinea have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the sixth, eighth, ninth and thirteenth preambular paragraphs and on operative paragraphs 1, 5, and 6 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the sixth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi,

Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

India

Abstaining:

Bhutan, Congo, Egypt, Syrian Arab Republic

The sixth preambular paragraph was retained by 163 votes to 1, with 4 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the eighth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

None

Abstaining:

Bhutan, Congo, India, Israel, Pakistan, Syrian Arab Republic

The eighth preambular paragraph was retained by 163 votes to none, with 6 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the ninth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India

Abstaining:

Bhutan, China, Congo, Cuba, Mali, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic

The ninth preambular paragraph was retained by 161 votes to 2, with 8 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the thirteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United

Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Mali, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Bhutan, China, Congo, Egypt, India, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic

The thirteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 159 votes to 2, with 7 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 1.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint

Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India

Abstaining:

Bhutan, Congo, Egypt, Israel, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic

Operative paragraph 1 was retained by 163 votes to 2, with 6 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 5.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman,

Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mali, Russian Federation, Syrian Arab Republic

Abstaining:

Bhutan, China, Congo, Cuba, Djibouti, Nicaragua

Operative paragraph 5 was retained by 159 votes to 4, with 6 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 6.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi,

Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India

Abstaining:

Bhutan, Congo, Egypt, Israel, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic

Operative paragraph 6 was retained by 163 votes to 2, with 6 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea,

Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Abstaining:

Congo, India, Mauritius, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.45, as a whole, was adopted by 176 votes to 1, with 5 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.47, entitled "African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.47 was submitted on 11 October by the representative of Nigeria, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of African States. The sponsors of the draft

resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.47. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Djibouti, Indonesia and Sierra Leone have also become sponsors.

The Chair: The sponsors of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.47 have expressed the wish that the Committee adopt it without a vote. If I hear no objection, I shall take it that the Committee wishes to act accordingly.

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.47 was adopted.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.48, entitled "Prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.48 was submitted on 11 October by the representative of Nigeria, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of African States. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.48. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Djibouti has also become a sponsor.

The Chair: The sponsors of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.48 have expressed the wish that the Committee adopt it without a vote. If I hear no objection, I shall take it that the Committee wishes to act accordingly.

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.48 was adopted.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50, entitled "Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50 was submitted on 11 October by the representative of New Zealand, also on behalf of Brazil, Indonesia and South Africa. The sponsors of the draft resolution are listed in document A/C.1/78/L.50. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Burundi, Fiji, Namibia and Papua New Guinea have also become sponsors.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the sixth preambular paragraph and operative paragraphs 5 and 6 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote first, one by one.

I shall put to the vote the sixth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Georgia, Iceland, India, Japan, Montenegro, Norway, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Slovenia, Switzerland

The sixth preambular paragraph was retained by 111 votes to 35, with 16 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Pakistan informed the Secretariat that it had intended to abstain.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 5.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Mali, Russian Federation

Abstaining:

Albania, Australia, Belarus, Belgium, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Congo, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Greece, Hungary, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco,

Montenegro, North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Operative paragraph 5 was retained by 123 votes to 2, with 37 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Germany informed the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 6.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia

Against:

Israel

Abstaining:

Albania, Australia, Belarus, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, France, Georgia, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Pakistan, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Syrian Arab Republic, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Operative paragraph 6 was retained by 131 votes to 1, with 29 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Pakistan informed the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.]

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50, as a whole. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar,

Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, Israel, Mali, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Congo, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.50, as a whole, was adopted by 143 votes to 6, with 30 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.52, entitled “Addressing the legacy of nuclear weapons: providing victim assistance and environmental remediation to Member States affected by the use or testing of nuclear weapons”.

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliott (Secretary of the Committee): On 11 October, draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.52 was submitted by the representatives of Kazakhstan and Kiribati. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.52. A statement of the programme budget implications of the draft resolution has been issued as document A/C.1/78/L.65 and placed on the e-deleGATE portal. The additional sponsors on the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee are currently reflected on the screen. Lebanon, Fiji and Burundi have also become sponsors of the draft resolution.

The Chair: Separate recorded votes have been requested on the second, third, fourth, fifth, eighth and sixteenth preambular paragraphs and operative

paragraphs 1 and 3 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.52. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote first, one by one.

I shall now put to the vote the second preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, India, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, China, Congo, Croatia, Estonia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Lithuania,

Luxembourg, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Pakistan, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden, Türkiye

The second preambular paragraph was retained by 140 votes to 4, with 23 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Algeria informed the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the third preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Slovakia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

China, Congo, Croatia, Greece, India, Israel, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Pakistan, Slovenia, Sweden

The third preambular paragraph was retained by 155 votes to 3, with 10 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Algeria informed the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the fourth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia,

Senegal, Singapore, Slovakia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Belgium, China, Congo, Greece, India, Israel, Pakistan, Poland, Slovenia

The fourth preambular paragraph was retained by 156 votes to 3, with 9 abstentions.

[Subsequently, the delegation of Algeria informed the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.]

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the fifth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria,

North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Slovakia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, China, Congo, Estonia, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Pakistan, Poland, Romania, Slovenia, Sweden

The fifth preambular paragraph was retained by 147 votes to 3, with 18 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the eighth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg,

Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France

Abstaining:

China, Congo, Croatia, Greece, India, Israel, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), Pakistan, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The eighth preambular paragraph was retained by 155 votes to 1, with 10 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote the sixteenth preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan,

Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, Poland, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Armenia, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Congo, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Georgia, Greece, Hungary, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mauritius, North Macedonia, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Spain, Türkiye

The sixteenth preambular paragraph was retained by 134 votes to 4, with 29 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 1.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt,

El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

China, Congo, Greece, India, Israel, Pakistan, Poland, Sweden

Operative paragraph 1 was retained by 156 votes to 3, with 8 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 3.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia,

Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

France, India, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Congo, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Pakistan, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye

Operative paragraph 3 was retained by 130 votes to 4, with 33 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.52, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain,

Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Democratic People's Republic of Korea, France, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Abstaining:

China, Congo, India, Israel, Pakistan, United States of America

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.52, as a whole, was adopted by 171 votes to 4, with 6 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.57, entitled "Nuclear disarmament".

I give the floor to the Secretary of the Committee.

Ms. Elliot (Secretary of the Committee): Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.57 was submitted on 12 October by the representative of Myanmar. The sponsors of the draft resolution are contained in document A/C.1/78/L.57. The additional sponsors are listed in the e-deleGATE portal of the First Committee. Namibia and Nicaragua have also become sponsors.

The Chair: Separate votes have been requested on the thirty-second preambular paragraph and operative paragraphs 16 and 19 of draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.57. We shall now begin the voting process. I shall therefore put those paragraphs to the vote, one by one.

I shall first put to the vote the thirty-second preambular paragraph.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, China, Croatia, Czechia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, India, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Armenia, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Japan, Montenegro, Niger, Norway, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Switzerland

The thirty-second preambular paragraph was retained by 112 votes to 40, with 13 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 16.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kiribati, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay,

Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Pakistan

Abstaining:

Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Djibouti, Egypt, France, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Monaco, Montenegro, Niger, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Operative paragraph 16 was retained by 149 votes to 1, with 16 abstentions.

The Chair: I shall now put to the vote operative paragraph 19.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guatemala, Guinea, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius,

Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, San Marino, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Türkiye, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

India

Abstaining:

Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Egypt, France, Israel, Montenegro, Niger, Saudi Arabia, Syrian Arab Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Operative paragraph 19 was retained by 156 votes to 1, with 12 abstentions.

The Chair: The Committee will now proceed to take action on draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.57, as a whole.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives,

Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against:

Albania, Australia, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining:

Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Congo, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India, Ireland, Japan, Liechtenstein, Malta, New Zealand, Niger, Pakistan, Republic of Moldova, San Marino, Serbia, South Africa, Uzbekistan

Draft resolution A/C.1/78/L.57, as a whole, was adopted by 117 votes to 42, with 21 abstentions.

The Chair: We have exhausted the time available to us for this afternoon. I sincerely thank the Secretary of the Committee for providing us this opportunity to proceed with the voting in its entirety, as well as for planning for the additional team of interpreters. I also thank the interpreters for their work and very much appreciate everyone's cooperation.

The next meeting of the Committee will be held on Monday at 10 a.m. sharp in this conference room. We will continue to hear statements in explanation of vote after the voting for cluster 1.

The meeting rose at 6.40 p.m.