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安全理事会
第七十七年

2022 年 4 月 7 日黎巴嫩常驻联合国代表给秘书长和安全理事会主席的
同文信

奉黎巴嫩政府指示，谨随函转递 2022 年 1 月期间以色列违反安全理事会第
1701(2006)号决议行为的统计摘要(见附件)。*

请将本函及其附件作为大会议程项目 38 的文件和安全理事会的文件分发为荷。

常驻代表

大使

阿迈勒·穆达拉里(签名)

* 仅以阿拉伯文和英文分发。



2022 年 4 月 7 日黎巴嫩常驻联合国代表给秘书长和安全理事会主席的同文信的附件

Land violations committed in January 2022

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
3 January	0720	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other six took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
4 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 10 in Mays al-Jabal and 11 in Alma al-Sha'b.
	0715	From occupied Palestinian territory opposite the town of Aytarun and points BP25 and BP26, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 26 individuals in military clothing escorted by a military vehicle and a civilian pick-up truck approached and made an opening in the technical fence opposite point B56. Twenty patrol members crossed the fence through the opening and searched the spot, and one patrol member pointed his weapon at a Lebanese Army patrol in the presence of a patrol of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) The patrol left in the direction of occupied territory at 0910 hours.
	0720	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 11 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	1400	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Duhayrah, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory until 1430 hours.
5 January	–	Some 10 landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated in Alma al-Sha'b.
	0110	From occupied Palestinian territory, Israeli enemy soldiers fired two flares that landed in Lebanese territory near the village of Yarun.
6 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 8 in Mays al-Jabal and 11 in Alma al-Sha'b.
	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon nine patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	1430	Opposite the town of Hula near point BP71, in the presence of a number of civilians inside Lebanese territory, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee vehicle approached from occupied Palestinian territory. Three individuals in military clothing disembarked and fired three shots into the air in the direction of Lebanese territory. The patrol left in the direction of occupied territory at 1440 hours.
7 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 11 in Mays al-Jabal, 10 in Alma al-Sha‘b and 8 in Marwahin.
9 January	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 11 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
10 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 12 in Mays al-Jabal, 10 in Alma al-Sha‘b, 36 in Marwahin and 8 in Duhayrah.
	0850	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
11 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 12 in Mays al-Jabal, 11 in Alma al-Sha‘b, 7 in Marwahin, 7 in Duhayrah and 14 in Yarun.
	1515	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani at the Israeli enemy Humayri position, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of eight individuals in military uniform approached. They scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1610 hours.
12 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 14 in Mays al-Jabal, 13 in Alma al-Sha‘b, 7 in Marwahin, 6 in Duhayrah and 14 in Yarun.
	0710	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 11 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	1610	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Blida between points B61(1) and B62, an Israeli enemy patrol approached. Patrol members fired three rounds into the air in the direction of Lebanese territory.
13 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 12 in Alma al-Sha'b and 14 in Yarun.
	0715	In occupied Palestinian territory opposite the town of Udaysah near point TP35, Israeli enemy soldiers opened the metal gate in the technical fence. A Merkava tank and nine individuals crossed the technical fence and pointed their weapons and the tank cannon towards Lebanese territory.
16 January	0700	According to the operations room of the Force Commander Reserve unit of UNIFIL, on 16 January between 0113 and 0132 hours, the unit's radar detected three flares fired by the Israeli enemy from the occupied side. The flares landed inside Lebanese territory on the outskirts of the town of Bustan.
	2115	Israeli enemy soldiers fired six flares near the Ramta position as several bursts of gunfire were heard near the aforementioned site.
17 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 7 in Mays al-Jabal and 14 in Alma al-Sha'b.
18 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 5 in Mays al-Jabal, 16 in Alma al-Sha'b, 10 in Marwahin, 1 in Duhayrah, 34 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 12 in Amra, 28 in Hula and 30 in Yarun.
	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of eight individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon four patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0745	In occupied Palestinian territory opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two military four-wheel drive vehicles and a civilian car approached. Ten individuals in military clothing disembarked, opened the metal gate in the technical fence and crossed the fence, proceeding about 100 m beyond it. They took up positions west of the fence and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory as the Merkava tank was stationed east of the fence, pointing its cannon towards Lebanese territory. The patrol left in the direction of occupied territory at 0950 hours.
	0850	In occupied Palestinian territory opposite the towns of Mays al-Jabal and Kurum al-Shirazi, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 30 individuals in military clothing and a dog, escorted by a Defender vehicle, approached the dirt road, opened the metal gate and crossed the technical fence opposite point B64. At 0910 hours, a Mitsubishi vehicle approached from occupied territory, escorted by a white Rapid vehicle, two GMC four-wheel drive vehicles and a Humvee equipped with a camouflage smoke generator. At 1015 hours, the

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		patrol members crossed the technical fence as the Humvee released camouflage smoke, escorted by two Merkava tanks, which, stationed behind the earthen berms, pointed their cannons towards Lebanese territory. Fifteen patrol members spread out, took up combat positions and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory and a Lebanese Army patrol.
	2345 and 2355	Opposite the town of Khiyam near point B90, Israeli enemy soldiers fired two flares that landed in Lebanese territory.
19 January	0945	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the towns of Mays al-Jabal and Kurum al-Shiraqi and points B64(1) and B65, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a white pick-up truck and three Defender vehicles approached. Some 17 individuals in military clothing disembarked, opened the metal gate in the technical fence opposite point B64 and searched the area between points B64(1) and B64, escorted by a Merkava tank that pointed its cannon towards Lebanese territory. The patrol left in the direction of occupied territory at 1030 hours.
20 January	–	Some 14 landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated in Alma al-Sha'b.
21 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 15 in Alma al-Sha'b, 14 in Yarun, 4 in Hula, 21 in Amra and 7 in Marwahin.
	1600	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Hula at the Israeli enemy Shaykh Abbad position, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of eight individuals in military uniform approached. They scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1630 hours.
24 January	–	Some 25 landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated in Alma al-Sha'b.
25 January	–	Some 25 landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated in Alma al-Sha'b.
28 January	2345	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Kila near point B84, Israeli enemy soldiers fired two flares that landed in Lebanese territory.
31 January	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 1 in Marwahin, 9 in Yarun and 35 in Arab al-Luwayzah.
	1200 1330	Explosions, the cause of which is unknown, were heard inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.

Sea violations committed in January 2022

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 January	0950	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) of 1 October 2011 for 15 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 50 m. The crew sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
2 January	0755	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
5 January	1727	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2150	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 40 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 445 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
6 January	1010	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 18 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 518 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1510	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) of 1 October 2011 for 12 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. The crew sounded warning sirens and spoke in Hebrew over loudspeakers. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2010	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 389 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2145	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2250	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 15 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
7 January	0515	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1338	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for eight minutes, proceeding on its way for some 185 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1714	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 16 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 351 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1741	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 17 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. Crew members directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters and fired a flare shell for two minutes. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1900	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 12 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 463 m. Crew members directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters for three minutes. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
8 January	0245	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 20 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0400	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 11 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 350 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0846	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0900	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 20 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 100 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0957	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
9 January	0305	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 25 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
14 January	1835	At sea opposite Ra's al-Naqurah, strong waves and winds pushed the Israeli enemy's tenth buoy an additional 351 m into Lebanese territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
18 January	0635	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 12 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
20 January	1905	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for seven minutes, proceeding on its way for some 33 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1925	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 444 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
21 January	1020	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 92 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1415	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1640	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 500 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1740	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1845	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch fired a flare shell and directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
	1848	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 56 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 463 m. Crew members directed several bursts of gunfire and directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
29 January	1820	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch sounded warning sirens and directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
	1958	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 481 m. Crew members directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
30 January	0127	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch sounded warning sirens and directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters for two minutes.
	0137	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 29 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 277 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0627	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0908	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1806	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 444 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

Air violations committed in January 2022

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
6 January	1055	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over the Shuf, Juniyah and Sa'diyat before leaving at 1520 hours over the sea west of Damur.
9 January	1615	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Beirut. It circled over Matn, Ba'abda and Beirut and its suburbs before leaving at 1840 hours over the sea off Beirut.
18 January	1215	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, approaching from east of the town of Mays al-Jabal. It circled over points B64(1) and BP31 and flew as far as the residential neighbourhoods of the town before disappearing from view.
20 January	1255	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 1500 hours over Yarun.
21 January	2120	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, entering from opposite Sahl al-Khiyam near point B90. It proceeded on its way for some 50 m before leaving at 2240 hours, heading towards occupied territory.
24 January	1930	Three Israeli enemy helicopters violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite the town of Adlun in the Abu Zayd area at low altitude. At 2005 hours, they flew out to sea, and at 2015 hours, they flew north at low altitude across the sea opposite the Zahrani area before disappearing from view.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
25 January	1320	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Mays al-Jabal heading north and proceeding as far as Shaqra. It circled over the South before leaving at 1730 hours over Rumaysh.
	1700	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, entering from opposite Mays al-Jabal. It proceeded on its way for some 500 m before leaving at 1705 hours, heading towards occupied territory.
	1735	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering from opposite the town of Mays al-Jabal. It proceeded on its way for some 200 m and circled over the aforementioned residential neighbourhoods before leaving at 1800 hours, heading towards occupied territory.
30 January	0200	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 0235 hours over Yarun.
	1620	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South before leaving at 1800 hours over Kafr Kila.
31 January	0300	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They proceeded as far as Dahr al-Baydar before leaving at 0310 hours over the sea off Khaldah.