



Asamblea General Consejo de Seguridad

Distr. general
28 de septiembre de 2021
Español
Original: árabe

Asamblea General
Septuagésimo sexto período de sesiones
Tema 37 del programa
La situación en Oriente Medio

Consejo de Seguridad
Septuagésimo sexto año

Cartas idénticas de fecha 14 de septiembre de 2021 dirigidas al Secretario General y a la Presidencia del Consejo de Seguridad por la Representante Permanente del Líbano ante las Naciones Unidas

Por instrucciones del Gobierno del Líbano, le transmito adjunto un resumen estadístico de las violaciones cometidas por Israel de la resolución [1701 \(2006\)](#) durante el mes de julio de 2021 (véase el anexo*).

Le agradecería que tuviera a bien hacer distribuir la presente carta y su anexo como documento de la Asamblea General, en relación con el tema 37 del programa, y del Consejo de Seguridad.

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Embajadora y Representante Permanente

* Se distribuye en árabe e inglés únicamente.



Anexo de las cartas idénticas de fecha 14 de septiembre de 2021 dirigidas al Secretario General y a la Presidencia del Consejo de Seguridad por la Representante Permanente del Líbano ante las Naciones Unidas

Land violations committed in July 2021

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 33 in Alma al-Sha'b, 17 in Mays al-Jabal, 8 in Dahirah, 2 in Bustan, 23 in Yarun, 27 in Hula and 11 in Amra.
	0710	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy foot patrol consisting of 15 personnel in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road, starting at the aforementioned point and reaching point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence, and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	1140	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Sahl al Khiyam near point B90, two Israeli enemy civilian buses approached. Some 35 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1225 hours.
2 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 33 in Alma al-Sha'b, 8 in Dahirah, 30 in Yarun, 16 in Amra, 5 in Hula, 24 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 14 in Mays al-Jabal.
	1300	In occupied Lebanese territory, in the area around point TP36 opposite Udaysah, 17 Israeli enemy soldiers crossed the armistice line and conducted a foot patrol along the dirt road to the area around point TP37. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1410 hours.
	1620	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, near the water pump, while several civilians were present on the bank of the Wazzani River, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of five jeeps and two Humvees approached. Three uniformed soldiers disembarked and fired four rounds into the air in the direction of Lebanese territory without anyone being injured.
4 July	0710	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms at Birkat al-Naqqar, an enemy soldier continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah and laid basecourse in the middle of the trench using three trench diggers and a backhoe, escorted by two Humvees, an olive-coloured Defender jeep, and 10 soldiers who took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the other vehicles and the soldiers left in the direction of the Ruwaysat al-Alam position in the occupied Shab'a Farms.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
5 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 14 in Alma al-Sha'b, 3 in Dahirah, 1 in Bustan, 17 in Yarun, 18 in Amra, 15 in Hula, 6 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 9 in Mays al-Jabal.
	0710	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a Defender jeep and an olive-coloured jeep approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah using a trench digger and a backhoe. Then a JCB excavator dug a trench about 80 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by 14 soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed on the road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah, while the patrol left in the direction of the Ruwaysat al-Alam position in the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1900– 2030	Explosions of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
6 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 42 in Alma al-Sha'b, 11 in Dahirah, 4 in Bustan, 18 in Yarun, 14 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 12 in Hula, 9 in Amra and 1 in Mays al-Jabal.
	0710	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 14 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while four soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0730	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of four Humvees and black jeep approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah using two trench diggers and a backhoe. Then the trench digger dug a trench about 40 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by 14 soldiers who took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of the Ruwaysat al-Alam position in the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1230	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, at the Israeli enemy Humayri position, Israeli enemy personnel pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank at Lebanese territory.
7 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 41 in Alma al-Sha'b, 20 in Mays al-Jabal, 9 in Dahirah, 2 in Bustan, 17 in Yarun, 27 in Hula and 24 in Amra.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, three white pickups, a black jeep and an olive-coloured jeep approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah using two trench diggers, a backhoe and a JCB excavator. They ran a cable inside the trench for about 300 m and filled it with basecourse. They were escorted by 12 soldiers who deployed in the surrounding area and took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed on the road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah, while the patrol left in the direction of the Ruwaysat al-Alam position in the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1110	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani at the Israeli enemy Humayri position, a patrol consisting of 20 soldiers in military uniform approached. They scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1150 hours.
	1150	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Udaysah near point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy civilian bus approached. Some 30 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1220 hours.
	1220	In occupied Palestinian territory, in the area around point B90 opposite Sahl al-Khiyam, an Israeli enemy civilian vehicle approached. Two individuals in civilian clothing stepped out and photographed the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1250 hours.
	1820	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Hula, at the Israeli enemy Shaykh Abbad position, four individuals in military uniform approached, scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1845 hours.
	2220– 2235	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Sahl al-Khiyam near point B90, Israeli enemy soldiers fired 11 flares over the aforementioned town, all of which fell in Lebanese territory.
8 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 37 in Alma al-Sha'b, 50 in Mays al-Jabal, 9 in Dahirah, 2 in Bustan, 28 in Yarun, 21 in Amra, 25 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 9 in Hula.
	0100	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Kila, Israeli enemy soldiers fired two flares that landed in Lebanese territory.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located

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		at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, Israeli enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road and their survey and cleaning in Birkat al-Naqqar. They continued to fill the trench with basecourse using three trench diggers, a backhoe and a truck, escorted by four Humvees mechanisms, an olive-coloured jeep, a black jeep, and soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of the Ruwaysat al-Alam position in the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1000	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, at the Israeli enemy Humayri position, a Merkava tank pointed its cannon at Lebanese territory until 1025 hours.
9 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 3 in Dahirah, 23 in Yarun, 14 in Hula and 11 in Amra.
	2200	In occupied Palestinian territory, south-west of the town of Ghajar, Israeli enemy soldiers fired three flares, one of which was found to have exploded in the Abbasiyat al-Ghajar area in occupied Lebanese territory.
	2210	Opposite the town of Wazzani, five Israeli enemy soldiers crossed the technical fence and conducted a foot patrol. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 2245 hours.
11 July	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, Israeli enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah using two trench diggers, a JCB excavator and a truck, escorted by four Humvees, an olive-coloured jeep and a black jeep. Enemy soldiers deployed in the area and took up combat positions. The excavator dug a ditch 80 m long and 1 m deep. The truck unloaded basecourse at the location, as well as electrical cables that were left by the road to be unspooled later inside the ditch. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed on the road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah, while the patrol left in the direction of the Ruwaysat al-Alam position in the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1930– 2100	Explosions of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1530	On the outskirts of the town of Shab'a, opposite the enemy Radar position, while civilian Abdullah Zahrah was herding about 350 head of goat near the withdrawal line, an Israeli enemy patrol attempted to abduct him, but was unsuccessful. He managed to flee towards his town of Shab'a. The soldier detained the livestock and led them into occupied territory.

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12 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 50 in Alma al-Sha'b, 50 in Mays al-Jabal, 10 in Dahirah, 4 in Bustan, 36 in Yarun, 19 in Hula, 13 in Amra and 27 in Arab al-Luwayzah.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 14 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while four soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms at Birkat al-Naqqar, enemy soldiers completed levelling and cleaning the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah and split rocks using an excavator and a truck. At 1735 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	1130	In occupied Palestinian territory, in the area around points BP10/1 (1) and B29, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons and the cannon of a Merkava tank in the direction of Lebanese territory and Lebanese army soldiers.
	1615	Explosions of unknown origin were heard inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
13 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 31 in Alma al-Sha'b, 52 in Jabal, 4 in Dahirah, 2 in Bustan, 22 in Yarun, 2 in Hula and 17 in Amra.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep and an olive-coloured jeep approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work and surveyed and cleaned the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah. They unspooled about 400 m of electrical cable in the trench using two trench diggers and a JCB backhoe, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1735 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	1130	Inside Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ramiya, in the area around points BP10/1 (1) and B29, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Merkava tank, a Chevrolet van and a Humvee approached. The tank positioned itself along the technical road. Six soldiers in military uniform disembarked from the van and the Humvee and pointed their weapons in the direction of Lebanese territory. At 1150 hours, the tank conducted a patrol from the first to the second of the aforementioned points and pointed its cannon in the direction Lebanese territory and Lebanese army soldiers in while emitting camouflage smoke. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1210 hours.

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	1300	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Sahl al Khiyam near point B90, four Israeli enemy cars approached. Some 15 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1340 hours.
	1930	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Ramiya, Israeli enemy soldiers point the cannon of a Merkava tank and their weapons in the direction of Lebanese territory.
14 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 35 in Alma al-Sha'b, 50 in Mays al-Jabal, 12 in Dahirah, 1 in Bustan, 40 in Yarun, 20 in Hula, 12 in Amra, 11 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 1 in Rabb Thalathin.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 10 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and six of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while four soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep, an olive-coloured jeep and a yellow truck for transporting basecourse approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using a trench digger and a shovel backhoe. The digger dug a trench 100 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1735 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	1045	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ramiya and BP10 (1), an Israeli enemy foot patrol consisting of about 40 soldiers and a dog, a Humvee and two Defender vehicles approached. Some 15 soldiers disembarked, and launched a spy drone several times, which crossed the Blue Line some 20 m into Lebanese territory. Then seven soldiers made an opening in the technical fence near the aforementioned point. A dog was sent to inspect the spot between the technical fence and the Blue Line without breaching it. At 1121 hours, a Merkava tank approached from occupied territory. It crossed the technical fence with about 15 soldiers, who took up positions behind the earthen berms located in the space between the technical fence and the Blue Line without breaching it. At 1149 hours, six civilian jeeps and a GMC van approached from occupied territory. About 15 soldiers in military uniform disembarked, crossed the fence, and inspected the area. They then left with the dog and tank in the direction of occupied territory. At 1245 hours the drone was retrieved and the remaining soldiers closed the opening that had been made. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1340 hours.
15 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 17 in Alma al-Sha'b, 35 in Mays al-Jabal, 4 in Dahirah, 13 in Yarun, 10 in Hula and 32 in Amra.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 14 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to

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		point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while four soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep and an olive-coloured jeep approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench 80 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	0930	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Mays al-Jabal and points B63 (1) and B64, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers approached. They crossed the technical fence and conducted a search of the spot between the fence and the Blue Line without breaching it, and took up positions behind the earthen berms, escorted by a Merkava with its cannon pointed at Lebanese territory. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1210 hours.
	1410	In occupied Lebanese territory, on the outskirts of the town of Udaysah near point TP32 (2), seven Israeli enemy cars approached. Some 25 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1500 hours.
16 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 2 in Dahirah, 35 in Yarun, 23 in Hula, 21 in Amra and 4 in Mays al-Jabal.
	1300	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Kila at the Israeli enemy Shaykh Abbad position, a civilian bus and two civilian cars approached. About 30 individuals in civilian uniform disembarked, scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1330 hours.
	2235	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Sahl al-Khiyam near point B90, Israeli enemy soldiers fired four flares over the aforementioned town that fell in Lebanese territory.
17 July	0030	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Yarun, Israeli enemy soldiers directed a searchlight at Lebanese territory.
	2315– 0500	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Yarun, at the Israeli enemy Hadab position, Israeli enemy personnel directed a searchlight at Lebanese territory several times.
18 July	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep, an olive-coloured jeep and a yellow truck for transporting basecourse approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using three trench diggers and a backhoe. The digger dug a trench 100 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1700 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0900	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ramiya and point B29, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
19 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 8 in Dahirah, 14 in Arab al-Luwayzah Yarun and 16 in Amra.
	0645– 0745	Explosions of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Jabal al-Rus opposite point OP4, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep, an olive-coloured jeep and a Merkava tank approached. The enemy continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench 120 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1730 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	1815– 1940	Explosions of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
20 July	0435– 0445	In occupied Palestinian territory, at Sahl al-Qulaylah, the Israeli enemy fired 12 artillery shells at Lebanese territory. They landed on the outskirts of the towns of Tayr Harfa and Shama'.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, two jeeps and a Rapid van approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench 80 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1730 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	0945	On the outskirts of the town of Shab'a, at Birkat al-Naqqar, while civilian Isma'il Zahrah was herding livestock, the Israeli dropped a smoke bomb from a small drone, without injuring the herder.
	1620– 1720	Explosions of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
21 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 5 in Alma al-Sha'b and 41 in Mays al-Jabal.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep, an olive-coloured jeep and a Merkava tank approached. Enemy personnel continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers, a shovel backhoe and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench about 120 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1630 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0900	<p>In occupied Palestinian territory at the two Israeli enemy positions east of Mays al-Jabal, opposite points B64 and BP31, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Merkava tanks, two Namer personnel carriers, some 18 soldiers and a dog. The two tanks positioned themselves behind the earthen berms, one of them pointing its cannon at Lebanese territory and Lebanese army soldiers. One of the personnel carriers positioned itself opposite point B64. Then the second personnel carrier and the soldiers crossed the technical fence and pointed their automatic weapons in the direction of Lebanese territory. Seven soldiers took up combat positions while the remaining soldiers unloaded sandbags and set up two emplacements without breaching the Blue Line. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1235 hours.</p> <p>At 1045 hours, on the technical road opposite points B66 (1) and B66/1, an Israeli enemy foot patrol consisting of some 21 soldiers and a dog, escorted by a Humvee, approached. They crossed the technical fence, unloaded sandbags and set up four emplacements. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1235 hours.</p>
22 July	0410	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite points TP16 and BP17 and the area extending from Wadi Sa'sa' on the outskirts of the town of Rumaysh to the Jabal al-Tayyarat area on the outskirts of the town of Yarun, the Israeli enemy fired 19 flares, three of which breached the Blue Line, causing a fire to break out over a 100 m ² area of dry brush.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep and an olive-coloured jeep approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using three trench diggers and a truck. The digger dug a trench 75 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1700 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	1110	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Yarun, at the Israeli enemy Jabal al-Tayyarat position, a Merkava tank pointed its cannon at Lebanese army soldiers until 1155 hours.
	1950	On the outskirts of the town of Mays al-Jabal, near point B63, while several civilians were present, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee approached. One of the soldiers fired four rounds into the air in the direction of Lebanese territory to terrorize civilians, without anyone being injured.
23 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 1 in Bustan, 4 in Dahirah, 11 in Amra and 26 in Hula.
	1115	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Hula in the area around point B72, an enemy Israeli patrol consisting of a pickup and two Humvees approached. Six soldiers in military uniform disembarked, pointed their weapons and the machine guns mounted on the Humvees at Lebanese territory. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1145 hours.
	1300	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Kila at the Israeli enemy Jabal al-Tayyarah position, a civilian bus and two civilian cars approached. About 35 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the

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		area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1330 hours.
	2150	In the area surrounding the town of Ghajar, Israeli enemy personnel shone a lantern and threw an unidentified box in the direction of Lebanese territory.
	2335	In occupied Palestinian territory opposite the town of Balida at points B58 (1) and B59, at the dirt road that runs along the technical fence, an Israeli enemy Humvee approached. A soldier disembarked and opened fire in the direction of Lebanese territory, causing a fire to break out over an area of about 20 dunums of dry brush and some olive trees. It spread into a minefield, resulting in the explosion of a mine left behind by the Israeli enemy inside Lebanese territory. The fire also spread into occupied territory. At 2345, the fire was extinguished on the Lebanese side by Civil Defence.
	2355	In the occupied Syrian Golan, opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees approached. At the same time, two flares were fired over road SD1 (the Ghajar bridge) for unknown reasons. They landed in Lebanese territory on the outskirts of the town of Wazzani. The patrol left at 0010 hours on 24 July in the direction of occupied territory.
24 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 6 in Dahirah and 1 in Bustan.
	0001	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, Israeli enemy soldiers fired three flares that landed in Lebanese territory.
	0200	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the area of point B77, Israeli enemy soldiers fired four flares, one of which landed in Lebanese territory.
25 July	0007	The Israeli enemy fired two flares over the occupied town of Ghajar that landed inside Lebanese territory outside the town of Mari.
	0800	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep and an olive-coloured jeep approached. Enemy personnel continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers, a backhoe a truck and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench about 120 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1700 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	0938	Outside the town of Kafr Shuba at Jabal al-Sidanah, opposite point OP4 belonging to the Indian contingent of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon, while civilian Muhammad Atwi was herding livestock, Israeli enemy patrol members fired in the air in the direction of Lebanese territory and over the herder's head without injuring him.
	1115– 1230	Bursts of medium-weapon fire were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1210	On the outskirts of the town of Kafr Shuba at Birkat Ba'tha'il, while civilian Ramzi Abd al-Al was herding livestock, members of an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 soldiers fired in the air over the herder, who lost control of his 600 head of goat. The herd crossed the withdrawal line into the occupied Shab'a

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		Farms while the herder fled towards his town, The patrol led the herd to the Summaqah position. At 1500 hours, the Israeli enemy released the herd in its entirety.
	1350	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 soldiers in military uniform and a dog approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and five of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while seven soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	1830– 2000	Several explosions and medium-weapon fire of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	2220– 2340	Explosions of unknown origin were heard from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms.
26 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 7 in Alma al-Sha'b, 49 in Mays al-Jabal, 7 in Dahirah, 1 in Bustan, 10 in Hula and 31 in Amra.
	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of six soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence, took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	1800	In occupied Palestinian territory, next to point BP14 opposite the Israeli enemy Rumaysh Gate position, 10 soldiers crossed the technical fence. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1805 hours.
	2130	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Mays al-Jabal and points B68 (2) and B69, Israeli enemy soldiers fired eight flares, one of which landed in Lebanese territory.
27 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 42 in Alma al-Sha'b, 4 in Dahirah, 26 in Hula, 18 in Amra and 32 in Yarun.
	0730	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee, a black jeep, an olive-coloured jeep, a truck and a personnel carrier approached. Enemy personnel continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers, a truck and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench about 100 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1800 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	0830	In occupied Lebanese territory opposite Ras al-Naqrurah, south of the Israeli enemy yellow gate opposite point M1 located on the Blue Line in the area to which Lebanon maintains a claim, a white pickup approached. Three Israeli enemy workers in civilian clothing disembarked and installed and welded a square-shaped metal grid above the pedestrian gate in the technical fence, and

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		then welded the gate shut. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1145 hours.
	0900	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	1400	On the outskirts of the town of Kafr Shuba, at Birkat Ba'tha'il, while Ramzi Abd al-Al was herding livestock, an Israeli enemy foot patrol detained about 600 head of goat and led them to the Summaqah position inside the occupied Shab'a Farms until 1600 hours, when the herd was released.
28 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 28 in Mays al-Jabal, 5 in Dahirah, 3 in Bustan, 18 in Hula and 23 in Amra.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and 10 of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while six soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	0730	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep and a personnel carrier approached. Enemy soldiers continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using three trench diggers, a backhoe and two trucks. The digger dug a trench 80 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1735 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
	1640	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Hula at the Israeli enemy Shaykh Abbad position, a group consisting of 10 individuals in civilian uniform approached. They scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1700 hours.
29 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 13 in Alma al-Sha'b, 47 in Mays al-Jabal, 4 in Dahirah, 14 in Hula, 20 in Amra and 29 in Yarun.
	0700	Inside occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36 (2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 soldiers in military uniform approached. They conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then several of the patrol members opened the iron gate in the technical fence and eight of them took up positions inside the emplacement located at the spot, while five soldiers took up positions on the dirt road and pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0730	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, at Tallat al-Sidanah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvees, a black jeep and a personnel carrier approached. Enemy personnel continued levelling work on the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Sidanah in the direction of the enemy Ruwaysat al-Alam position using two trench diggers, a shovel backhoe, a truck and a JCB backhoe. The digger dug a trench about 130 m long and 1 m deep, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions. At 1700 hours, the work ended. The engineering vehicles stayed where they were, while the patrol left in the direction of occupied territory.
30 July	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 7 in Dahirah, 7 in Bustan, 20 in Amra, 22 in Hula and 39 in Yarun.
	1130	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Kila at the Israeli enemy Jabal al-Tayyarah position, a Pullman bus and a civilian car approached. About 40 individuals in civilian uniform disembarked, scouted the area and took photographs of the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1200 hours.
31 July	0950	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the Wazzani resorts, 15 Israeli enemy personnel crossed the technical fence and conducted a foot patrol in the direction of the Wazzani river, combing and inspecting the area. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1150 hours.
	1010	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Maysat in the area of point OP13, three Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons at Lebanese territory.
	1950	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani and a Lebanese Army position, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of three Humvees and a Defender vehicle approached. Some 14 soldiers in military uniform disembarked and fired their weapons in the air in the direction of Lebanese territory without anyone being injured. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 2035 hours.

Sea violations committed in July 2021

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 July	1755	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) of 1 October 2011 for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1845	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 315 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
2 July	0030	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards a Lebanese fishing vessel located in Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	2055	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew.
	2115	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
	2219	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2305	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 315 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
3 July	2300	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards a Lebanese fishing vessel in Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew.
4 July	0047	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 111 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0107	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0311	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes and 32 seconds, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters and sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1737	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 130 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
5 July	0016	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 15 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 481 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
6 July	1730	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1910	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 463 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1930	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 185 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2135	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch fired a flare over Lebanese territorial waters.
	2248	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 166 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and released a percussion bomb. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2330	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch fired two flares over Lebanese territorial waters.
7 July	1840	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 92 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2230	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 39 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The crew fired a flare over Lebanese territorial waters, directed a searchlight at a Lebanese fishing vessel and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
8 July	0845	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 300 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0924	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, two Israeli enemy military launches violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on their way for some 222 m. The two launches then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
9 July	0830	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for one minute, proceeding on its way for some 130 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1925	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 148 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
10 July	0830	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for four minutes, proceeding on its way for some 129 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
11 July	0700	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
13 July	1330	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 37 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 352 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2135	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
14 July	0048	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 148 m. The crew fired a flare over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0952	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 2 hours and 13 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 519 m. The crew dropped two divers into Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2330	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch fired a flare over Lebanese territorial waters.
15 July	0839	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for nine minutes, proceeding on its way for some 351 m. The crew sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0930	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 185 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1842	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
16 July	1705	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1718	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
18 July	0120–0210	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 40 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters, fired to flares, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0732	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The crew fired a flare over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1845	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 37 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 388 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2045	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 35 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 425 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
19 July	1753	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 92 m. The crew fired flares over Lebanese territorial waters, sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
20 July	1855	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
22 July	1815	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 204 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1928	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
24 July	1813	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
25 July	1850	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for eight minutes, proceeding on its way for some 295 m. The crew sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2020	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 370 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
26 July	0155	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 29 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 300 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0325	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for seven minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1815	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 277 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1846	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for four minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2028	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for seven minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2103	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 388 m. The crew fired a flare over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2250	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
27 July	1823	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 204 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2029	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 35 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 241 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters and sounded warning sirens for two minutes. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2105	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 35 minutes, proceeding on its way for an hour and 20 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 444 m. The crew directed a searchlight at Lebanese territorial waters and sprayed water at a Lebanese fishing vessel with a hose. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
29 July	1740	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 370 m. The crew sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1924	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 16 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 463 m. The crew sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2355	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.

Air violations committed in July 2021

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
5 July	1935	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 2240 hours over Yarun.
	2245	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 0015 hours on 6 July over Rumaysh.
6 July	1655	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Shuba. It circled over the South before leaving at 1855 hours over Kafr Shuba.
7 July	0935	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Sa'diyat. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1450 hours over the sea west of Sidon.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1130	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Shikka. They circled over the sea between Tripoli and Tyre before leaving at 1220 hours over the sea west of Tyre.
	1445	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Shikka. It circled over Shikka before leaving at 1750 hours over the sea west of Shikka.
8 July	0950	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1325 hours over the sea west of Khaldah.
	1935	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over the It circled over Beirut and its suburbs and Ba'abda before leaving at 0120 hours on 9 July over Khaldah.
11 July	1140	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 1640 hours over Kafr Shuba.
	1930	Israeli enemy warplanes circled over the occupied Shab'a Farms.
12 July	2130	Two Israeli enemy drones from occupied Palestinian territory violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite Mays al-Jabal and point B64 and proceeding on their way for 1 km. They circled over the town at medium and visible altitude before leaving in the direction of occupied territory at 2205 hours.
13 July	0840	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the South before leaving at 1135 hours over Yarun.
	0935	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Damur. It circled over the sea between Khaldah, Damur, Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1450 hours over the sea west of Khaldah.
	1410	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1505 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
14 July	1045	An Israeli enemy drone from occupied Palestinian territory violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite the town of Ramiya and point B64. It proceeded on its way for 24 m before leaving in the direction of occupied territory at 1245 hours.
	1945	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. They circled over Beirut and its suburbs and Ba'abda before leaving at 2255 hours over the sea west of Damur.
15 July	0635	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1220 hours over the sea west of Damur.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1335	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Sa'diyat. At 1345 hours, it disappeared from radar screens over Beirut. It reappeared at 1745 hours over the sea off Na'imah before leaving at 1800 hours over the sea west of Damur.
16 July	2255	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering from Palestinian territory opposite Sahl al-Khiyam in the area around point B90. It circled over Lebanese territory.
17 July	2010	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 0020 hours on 18 July over the sea off Sa'diyat.
18 July	1230	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Aytarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 1430 hours over Aytarun.
	1430	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South before leaving at 1640 hours over Kafr Kila.
	2210	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South before leaving at 0205 hours on 19 July over Rumaysh.
19 July	0010	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 0115 hours over Kafr Shuba.
	0735	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1335 hours over the sea west of Khaldah.
	1815	Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the Summaqah and Ruwaysat al-Alam positions inside the occupied Shab'a Farms before leaving at 1940 hours.
20 July	1030	An Israeli enemy drone from occupied Palestinian territory violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the southern border at the town of Hula and proceeding on its way for 70 m. It circled over the aforementioned town at an altitude of 300 m before leaving in the direction of occupied territory at 1031 hours.
	1235	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1745 hours over the sea west of Damur.
	1620	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the villages in the Arqub area before leaving at 1720 hours.
	1630	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 1725 hours over Kafr Shuba.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	2320	Two Israeli enemy drones from occupied Palestinian territory violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite Mays al-Jabal at point B64 and proceeding on their way for 150 m. They circled at high altitude over the town's neighbourhoods and a Lebanese army position before leaving at 2340 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
21 July	1400	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs and Ba'abda before leaving at 1750 hours over the sea west of Khaldah.
22 July	0103	Four Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Beirut. They flew north as far as Jubayl before leaving at 0108 hours over the sea west of Jubayl.
	0315	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the South before leaving at 0630 hours over Yarun.
	1125	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Shikka, flying as far as Amyun. It circled over the North before leaving at 1440 hours over the sea west of Shikka.
	1615	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Shuba. It circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1700 hours over the sea west of Jubayl.
26 July	0855	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1305 hours over the sea west of Damur.
	1155	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah and flying north as far as Shikka. They circled over Beirut all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1240 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
29 July	1145	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Sa'diyat. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1720 hours over the sea west of Damur.
30 July	1200	Two Israeli enemy balloons violated Lebanese airspace, entering from Palestinian territory opposite the town of Rumaysh. They circled over a Lebanese army position before leaving at 1220 hours in the direction of occupied territory
	1220	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 1720 hours over Kafr Shuba.
	1235	An Israeli enemy drone from occupied Palestinian territory violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite the town of Ayta al-Sha'b at point BP12 and proceeding in the direction of said town for 100 m. It circled at medium altitude over a Lebanese army position before leaving in the direction of occupied territory at 1300 hours.