

**ECONOMIC
AND
SOCIAL COUNCIL****CONSEIL
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RESTRICTED

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ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

CONVENTION FOR LIMITING THE MANUFACTURE AND
REGULATING THE DISTRIBUTION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS OF 13 JULY 1931
AS AMENDED BY THE PROTOCOL OF 11 DECEMBER 1946

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

SEIZURE OF 1 KG. 991 .6 gr. OF OPIUM RESIDUE AT
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA ON 31 DECEMBER 1945

Supplementary Report No. 1125 (a) communicated
by the Government of the United States of America, 8 May 1946.

Note by the Secretary-General

In accordance with Article 23 of the Convention for Limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs of 13 July 1931, as amended by the Protocol of 11 December 1946, the Secretary-General has the honour to communicate the following report on the above-mentioned seizures to the Members of the United Nations and to the other parties to the Convention.

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT
BUREAU OF NARCOTICS
WASHINGTON D.C.

May 8, 1946.

Date of seizure:	December 31, 1945
Place of seizure:	Patagonia, Arizona
Name of person or firm implicated:	Albin Grambs, American citizen
Kind and quantity of drugs seized:	4 pounds, 6 ounces, 148.75 grains (1 Kg. 991 .6 gr.) net, of a dried residue remaining after a water extract had been made in the process of making prepared opium.
Origin of manufacture (marks, labels, etc.):	Mexico. No identifying marks or labels.

Where shipped or forwarded from: Mexico
Forwarding agents or consignors: Albin Grambs
Destination or address: United States

Remarks:

In seizure report No. 1125 (final item, last page), reference was made to a seizure of 4 pounds, 6 ounces, 148.75 grains (1 Kg.991 .6gr) of prepared opium from Albin Grambs. It was stated that a sample of prepared opium from one of the cans contained only 2.96 percent anhydrous morphine, while a sample from the second can contained 3.16 percent anhydrous morphine. The chemist making the analysis was requested to report whether the opium contained an exceptionally large quantity of water, or whether it had been adulterated with some other substance.

A report from the chemist in question states that the seizure was not prepared opium, but from its physical condition, appeared to be the dried residue remaining after a water extract had been made in the process of making prepared opium. Under the circumstances, the chemist stated he considered the morphine content in the two samples rather high.

(signed) H.J. Anslinger
Commissioner of Narcotics