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National Income Data and Related Statistics
(Document prepared by the Statistical Office)

1. The data shown in the present document represent the conclusions arrived at by the Committee on Contributions at its twentieth session after reviewing for each Member State its statistics of national income, exchange rates and population; these data were used by the Committee as a basis for the comprehensive review of the scale of assessments.

AFGHANISTAN

	<u>March 1957-</u> <u>March 1958</u>	<u>March 1958-</u> <u>March 1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million afghanis)	25,246	27,222	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (afghanis per US dollar)	40	41	
National income (million dollars)	631	664	648
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		13,000	
Per capita income (dollars)			50

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Average of weighted averages of buying and selling rates; see following pages. Sources: IMF Annual Report on Exchange Restrictions 1958 and 1959 and Afghanistan Ministry of Planning.

3/ UN Statistical Yearbook 1959.

AFGHANISTAN (continued)

An estimate of the gross national product at factor cost in 1953/54 is published in Economic Survey of Asia and the Far East 1954 (p. 57). This figure has been adjusted for depreciation with 5 per cent of the gross national product in order to bring it into line with the national income concept. The figure 5 per cent is based on information in the UN National Accounts Yearbook 1959 for Cambodia, Ceylon, Burma, China (Taiwan), and Cyprus, according to which the depreciation in recent years constituted about 5-6 per cent of gross national product. This figure was used as a rough estimate for Afghanistan.

As production and price statistics for Afghanistan are scarce, a very rough extrapolation of the 1953/54 gross national product figures had to be made. The extrapolation was made with a series of direct taxes. An extrapolation with an export series gave approximately the same result for 1956/57 and 1957/58 (the series was not available for 1958/59).

AFGHANISTAN (continued)

Exchange rates

A multiple exchange rate system prevails in Afghanistan. The following table gives averages of the different exchange rates, computed in different ways.

Unweighted Averages of	Afghanis per US dollar	
	31 December 1957	31 December 1958
a. All buying rates	37.0	36.8
b. All selling rates	31.0	32.7
c. All rates (average of a. and b.)	34.0	34.7
d. Three most important buying rates <u>1/</u>	33.3	34.9
e. Three most important selling rates <u>2/</u>	35.5	38.2
f. Six most important rates (average of d. and e.)	34.4	36.5
g. Weighted average of buying rates	37 <u>3/</u>	38
h. Weighted average of selling rates	43 <u>3/</u>	44
i. Unweighted average of g. and h.	40	41

The average of the weighted averages for buying and selling rates (line i) was used in the present conversion of national income into dollars.

1/ For exports of (a) karakul, (b) cotton and wool and (c) free market rate.

2/ For imports of (a) sugar, (b) cotton, tea and medicine and (c) free market rate.

3/ Weighted by percentage breakdown on different commodities of exports and imports, respectively.

ALBANIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
Net material product 1/ (thousand million lek)	17.4	18.5	22.2	
Exchange rate 2/ (lek per US dollar)	150	150	150	
Net material product (million dollars)	116	123	148	129 3/

1/ A figure of net material product for 1954 as published in Economic Survey of Europe in 1955 was extrapolated by using official indices of growth of material product. The latter indices were taken from the following sources: Economic Survey of Europe in 1956, ECE; Anuari Statistikor, 1959, Statistical Board, Tirana, 1959; and Economic Survey of Europe in 1959, ECE.

2/ Tourist rate.

3/ The estimate of net material product was increased by 7 per cent to bring it closer to the concept of national income according to the UN definitions. This percentage was recommended in Working Paper No. 9. The estimates as accepted at the 1961 session were as follows:

National income (million \$) 138

Population (thousands) 1,507

Per capita income (dollars) 92

ARGENTINA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million 1950 pesos)	57,301	60,726	55,193	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (pesos per US dollar)	7.65	7.65	7.65	
National income in 1950 prices (million dollars)	7,490	7,938	7,215	
National income in current prices (million dollars)	9,063	9,843	9,091	9,332
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		20,248		
Per capita income (dollars)				461

1/ See the following page for derivation.

2/ Average of all buying and selling rates (including a free rate of 14 pesos per dollar) existing in 1950. See International Financial Statistics, IMF and the following page for derivation.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

ARGENTINA (continued)

	<u>1950</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	
GNP at current market prices (million pesos)	62,249	229,818	317,108	601,356	} <u>a/</u>
GNP at 1950 constant market prices (million pesos)	62,249	69,919	71,663	68,209	
Implicit price index	100	329	442	882	<u>b/</u>
National income in current prices (million pesos)	51,939	188,520	268,408	486,800	<u>a/</u>
National income in constant 1950 prices (million pesos)	51,939	57,301	60,726	55,193	<u>c/</u>

a/ Source: Reply to the National Accounts Questionnaire.

b/ Derived

c/ Derived by deflating by the implicit price index.

	<u>1950</u>	<u>1954</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Implicit price index for US					
1954 = 100	89.5	100	108.4	110.8	112.6
1950 = 100	100	112	121	124	126

National income in current prices was obtained by inflating national income in 1950 prices by the implicit price index for USA as shown above.

Exchange rate. The rate of 7.65 pesos per dollar was derived as an unweighted average of several buying and selling rates which existed in mid-1950; the rates were 9.73, 5.37, 6.08, 12.53, selling rates; 3.36, 4.83, 5.73, 7.20 and 14 (free) were buying rates. On August 29, 1950 the exchange system was substantially revised and the previous complex structure of multiple rates was replaced by a system of two fixed rates of 5.00 and 7.50 pesos per US dollar, applying to both buying and selling of exchange and a controlled free rate.

AUSTRALIA

	<u>1957</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1958</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1959</u> <u>1/</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>2/</u> (million £ A)	4,624	4,949	5,408	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (US dollars per £ A)	2.24	2.24	2.24	
National income (million dollars)	10,358	11,086	12,114	11,186
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		9,846		
Per capita income (dollars)				1,136

1/ Years begin 1 July.

2/ Source: Reply of 16 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

3/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

4/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

AUSTRIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million Schillings)	98.5	101.9	107.5	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (Schillings per US dollar)	26.00	26.00	26.00	
National income (million dollars)	3,788	3,919	4,135	3,947
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		7,021		
Per capita income (dollars)				562

1/ Source: Reply of 10 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

BELGIUM

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs)	411.9	414.8	427.2	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs per US dollar)	50	50	50	
National income (million dollars)	8,238	8,296	8,544	8,359
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		9,053		
Per capita income (dollars)				923

1/ Source: Reply of 27 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

BOLIVIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
Gross national product <u>1/</u> (million 1950 US dollars)	246.1	242.9	247.0	
National income <u>2/</u> (million 1950 US dollars)	219.8	216.9	220.6	
Implicit price index <u>3/</u> (1950 = 100)	121	124	126	
National income (million dollars)	266	269	278	271
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		3,369		
Per capita income (dollars)				80

1/ Source: For 1957 and 1958 communication of 25 January 1961 in response to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire. The 1959 estimate has been obtained by extrapolating the 1958 estimate on the basis of an increase of 1.7 per cent mentioned on page 57 of the Economic Survey of Latin America, 1959.

2/ After an adjustment of 10.7 per cent for depreciation and indirect taxes (minus subsidies). See El Salvador for details.

3/ Source: Survey of Current Business, July 1960.

4/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

BRAZIL

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million cruzeiros)	865.3	1,051.5	1,349.5	
Implicit price deflator for Brazil <u>2/</u> (1949 = 100)	310.8	354.2	476.1	
Implicit price deflator for Brazil (1957 = 100)	100	114	153	
National income deflated (thousand million cruzeiros)	865.3	922	882	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (cruzeiros per dollar)	77.29	77.29	77.29	
National income (million 1957 dollars)	11,195	11,929	11,412	
Implicit price deflator for US <u>4/</u> (1954 = 100)	108.4	110.8	112.6	
Implicit price deflator for US (1957 = 100)	100	102.2	103.9	
National income (million dollars)	11,195	12,191	11,357	11,748
Population <u>5/</u> (thousands)		62,725		
Per capita income (dollars)				187

1/ Source: Reply of 1 March 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: Contas Nacio-nais do Brasil, 1947-1959 (mimeographed by Instituto Brasileiro de Econcmia (Fundação Getulio Vargas), Rio de Janeiro, February 1960.

3/ Quarterly average of 1957 "Free Rate"; Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

4/ Source: Survey of Current Business, July 1960.

5/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

BULGARIA

Official estimates of national income in leva could not be converted at any of the available exchange rates since the resulting estimates were completely out of line with estimates for other countries. The exchange rates available were: official rate, tourist rate and a new official rate established in January 1961.

For this reason a different procedure was adopted the calculation steps of which are summarized in the following table.

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
(1) Net material product (thousand million 1939 leva)	105.5	-	-
(2) Exchange rate 1939 (leva per US dollar)	112.5	-	-
(3) Net material product (million 1939 dollars)	942	-	-
(4) US cost of living (1939 = 100)	202	-	-
(5) Net material product (million current dollars)	1,903	-	-
(6) Net material product (million leva)	32,089	34,283	41,671
(7) Net material product (1957 = 100)	100	106.8	129.9
(8) Extrapolated net material product (million 1957 dollars)	1,903	2,032	2,472
(9) US implicit prices (1957 = 100)	100	102.2	103.9
(10) Net material product (million current dollars)	1,903	2,077	2,568

BULGARIA (continued)

Steps (1) to (5) are exactly the same as followed by the Committee at its 1958 session. This 1957 estimate was then extrapolated by the rate of increase in net material product implied in the official estimates submitted (cf. communication of 2 February 1961), and then inflated to current dollar basis by using implicit price index for the United States. The rates of exchange implicit in the above calculations are for 1957, 16.9 leva per dollar, for 1958, 16.5 leva per dollar and for 1959, 16.2 leva per dollar. These implicit rates are obtained by dividing figures in line (6) by figures in line (10).

The estimates of net material product were increased by 6 per cent to bring them closer to the UN definitions of national income. This percentage is taken from the communication of the Bulgarian delegation (doc. A/CN.2/R.169). The final figures accepted at the 1961 session are as follows:

Average 1957-59 national income (million dollars)	Population (thousands)	<u>Per capita income</u> (dollars)
2,314	7,728	299

BURMA

	<u>1957</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1958</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1959</u> <u>1/</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>2/</u> (million kyat)	4,581	4,453	4,637	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (kyat per US dollar)	4.762	4.762	4.762	
National income (million dollars)	962	935	974	957
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		20,255		
Per capita income (dollars)				47

1/ Years end 30 September.

2/ Source: Reply of 9 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

3/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

4/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CAMBODIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million riels)	13,798	14,407	15,490	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (riels per US dollar)	35.00	35.00	35.00	
National income (million dollars)	394	412	443	416
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		4,740		
Per capita income (dollars)				88

1/ Source: Reply to National Accounts Questionnaire 1960. For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Statistical Yearbook 1959.

CAMBODIA (continued)

The figures as submitted refer to gross domestic product at factor cost and are given in 1956 prices. The figures were inflated with an index of consumer prices referring to working class families in Phnom-Penh (Source: Bulletin mensuel de statistique, Royaume du Cambodge, October-November 1960). An allowance for depreciation of 5 per cent of gross domestic product was made (cf. Annuaire statistique rétrospectif du Cambodge, 1937-1957, Phnom-Penh, p. 175). The calculations are as follows:

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product at 1956 factor cost (million riels)	14,524	14,307	14,689
Consumer price index (1956=100)	100	106	111
GDP, inflated (million riels)	14,524	15,165	16,305
National income (95 per cent of GDP) (million riels)	13,798	14,407	15,490

CAMEROUN

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (1000 million francs CFA)	85	84	85	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	440	400	344	395
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,187		
Per capita income (dollars)				124

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CAMEROON (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product (thousand million francs CFA) <u>1/</u>	89	...	...
Population (thousands) <u>2/</u>	3,214	3,187	3,225
Index for population (1957=100)	100	99	100
Gross domestic product, extrapolated (thousand million francs CFA)	89	88	89
National income (95 per cent of GDP) (thousand million francs CFA)	85	84	85

1/ Source: Cable received on 11 April 1961.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CANADA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million Canadian dollars)	23,950	24,919	26,628	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (Canadian dollars per US dollar)	.965	.968	.956	
National income (million dollars)	24,819	25,743	27,854	26,139
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		17,048		
Per capita income (dollars)				1,553

1/ Source: Reply of 11 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics; quarterly averages.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	22	23	27	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	114	110	109	111
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,161		
Per capita income (dollars)				96

1/ Extrapolation of figure for 1956 given in "République Centrafricaine", submitted with letter of 13 April 1961; also see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Demographic Yearbook 1959.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC (continued)

The extrapolation of the 1956 figure (21.5 thousand million francs CFA) was made with a series for exports of cotton. This series is as follows.

	Index
1956	100
1957	100
1958	106
1959	122

Sources: "La zone franc en 1958" p. 372, and Bulletin Mensuel de Statistique de la République Centrafricaine, October 1960.

CEYLON

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million rupees)	4,829	5,181	5,384	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (rupees per US dollar)	4.762	4.762	4.762	
National income (million dollars)	1,014	1,083	1,131	1,078
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		9,388		
Per capita income (dollars)				115

1/ Source: Reply of 26 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CHAD

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	36.7	37.1	37.5	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	190	177	152	173
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		2,600		
Per capita income (dollars)				67

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CHAD (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income (thousand million francs CFA) <u>1/</u>	...	37.1	...
Population (thousands) <u>2/</u>	2,580	2,600	2,620
Index for population (1958=100)	99	100	101
National income, extrapolated (thousand million francs CFA)	36.7	37.1	37.5

1/ Source: Communication of 19 October 1960 from the Government of Chad.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics for 1957 and 1958. The 1959 figure was obtained by assuming the same rate of increase during 1958-1959 as during 1957-1958.

CHILE

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income ^{1/} (million escudos)	1,937.9	2,480.9	3,404.8	
Exchange rate ^{2/} (escudos per US dollar)	.716	1.035	1.053	
National income (million dollars)	2,707	2,397	3,233	2,779
Population ^{3/} (thousands)		7,298		
Per capita income (dollars)				381

^{1/} Source: Reply of 5 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

^{2/} For derivation see the following page.

^{3/} UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CHILE (continued)

Derivation of Exchange Rate

1959:

Only one free rate of 1.053 escudos per dollar.

1958:

Free rate (Tourist and capital)

Quarters				Quarterly
I	II	III	IV	Average
.916	1.073	1.030	1.120	1.035

1957:

Free rate (Tourist and capital)

Quarters				
I	II	III	IV	
.618	.745	.727	.773	.716

Note on exchange rates of Chile: Beginning 27 January 1959, the exchange system was unified and all exchange transactions take place in a single exchange market. The single market replaces the system, introduced on 20 April 1956, of a separate free rate for trade transactions (exports, permissible imports, a few capital transfers) and a separate free rate for non-trade transactions (tourist and most capital transactions).

A new monetary unit, the escudo, equal to 1,000 Chilean pesos was introduced on 1 January 1960. The exchange rate and all prices and claims in pesos were adjusted at the same time by the same ratio.

Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

CHINA

The final estimates accepted by the Committee on Contributions at its 1961 session are as follows:

National income (million dollars)	Population (thousands)	Per capita income <u>(dollars)</u>
56,743	678,851	84

The above estimates of national income in dollars and of population were obtained by simply adding separate estimates for China (Mainland) and China (Taiwan). The derivations of the latter two estimates are shown on the following pages.

CHINA (Mainland)

	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
(a) Index number of net material product in 1952 prices <u>1/</u> (1949 = 100)	248.3	259.7	348.0	422.6	
(b) Same as line (a) (1956 = 100)	100	105	140	170	
(c) Net material product in 1952 prices <u>1/</u> (thousand million yuan)	88.8	...	...	...
(d) Net material product (extrapolated) <u>2/</u> (thousand million yuan)	88.8	93.2	124.3	151.0	
(e) Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (yuan per US dollar)	2.355	2.355	2.355	2.355	
(f) Net material product (million dollars)	39,575	52,781	64,119		
(g) National income <u>4/</u> (million dollars)	42,345	56,476	68,607	55,809	
(h) Population <u>5/</u> (thousands)		669,000			

1/ Sources: Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics, 1959. Ten Great Years, Statistics of the Economic and Cultural Achievements of the People's Republic of China, the State Statistical Bureau, Foreign Languages Press, Peking, 1960.

2/ The prices have remained stable during the period in question.

3/ Sources: Economic Surveys of Asia and the Far East, 1957, 1958 and 1959.

4/ The estimates of net material product shown on line (f) were raised by 7 per cent to bring them closer to national income according to the United Nations concept. This percentage was recommended by the Statistical Office in Working Paper No. 9.

5/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CHINA (Taiwan)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million NT dollars)	29,982	32,827	38,513	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (NT dollars per US dollar)	32.28	36.38	39.70	
National income (million dollars)	929	902	970	934
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		9,851		

1/ Source: UN National Accounts Questionnaire, 1960.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, International Monetary Fund; "principal selling rate".

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

COLOMBIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million pesos)	14,724	16,277	18,649	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (pesos per US dollar)	5.02	6.33	6.18	
National income (million dollars)	2,933	2,571	3,018	2,841
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		13,522		
Per capita income (dollars)				210

1/ Source: Reply of 24 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ For derivation see the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

COLOMBIA (continued)

Calculation of exchange rates

1957:

	Quarters				Quarterly Average
	I	II	III	IV	
Coffee export rate	3.15	4.11	4.10	4.28	3.91
Free rate	6.42	5.96	5.94	6.22	<u>6.13</u>
	Total				10.04
	Unweighted Average				5.02

1958:

	Quarters				Quarterly Average
	I	II	III	IV	
Coffee export rate	4.72	5.00	5.02	4.84	4.90
Free rate	7.24	7.84	7.74	8.23	<u>7.76</u>
	Total				12.66
	Unweighted Average				6.33

1959:

	Quarters				Quarterly Average
	I	II	III	IV	
Coffee export rate	4.81	4.74	5.11	5.03	4.92
Free rate	8.03	7.98	6.75	7.01	<u>7.44</u>
	Total				12.36
	Unweighted Average				6.13

Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

CONGO (BRAZZAVILLE)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	22.0	22.5	22.9	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	114	107	93	105
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		780		
Per capita income (dollars)				135

1/ Per capita national income in 1956 expressed in francs CFA/Source: Communication from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Congo (Brazzaville), dated 20 October 1960/multiplied by population mid-1957, mid-1958 and at the beginning of 1959.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics. The 1957 figure is an average of the pre-devaluation and post-devaluation rates.

3/ Source: UN Demographic Yearbook 1959.

CONGO (LEOPOLDVILLE)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million Congolese francs)	48,820	48,050	48,185	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (Congolese francs per US dollar)	50.0	50.0	50.0	
National income (million dollars)	976	961	964	967
Population <u>2/</u> (thousands)		13,559		
Per capita income (dollars)				71

1/ Source: Reply of 24 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

COSTA RICA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million colones)	1,885	2,025	2,100	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (colones per US dollar)	5.97	5.97	5.97	
National income (million dollars)	316	339	352	336
Population <u>1/</u> (thousands)		1,076		
Per capita income (dollars)				312

1/ Source: Reply of 4 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Simple average of principal export rate and two import rates.
Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

CUBA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million pesos)	2,294	2,210	2,073	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (pesos per US dollar)	1.00	1.00	1.00	
National income (million dollars)	2,294	2,210	2,073	2,192
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		6,459		
Per capita income (dollars)				339

1/ See the following page for 1959; 1957 and 1958 estimates are taken from Memoria 1958-1959 of Banco Nacional de Cuba p. 96.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CUBA (continued)

Derivation of the 1959 national income estimate

In view of the fact that industrial origin estimates for Cuba are not available, a very rough extrapolation was made on the assumption that only agriculture (sugar and non-sugar sectors separately) has changed during the year. The remainder was left unchanged.

The contributions of economic activities related to sugar and of non-sugar agriculture to national income were obtained from: Anuario Azucarero de Cuba (Cuba Sugar Year Book, 1959), Cuba Económica y Financiera. These percentages were applied to the 1958 national income figure, so that sugar and non-sugar parts of national income for 1958 were obtained in pesos.

The sugar part of national income in 1958 was extrapolated for 1959 by value of sugar exports. The source used for value of sugar exports was International Financial Statistics, IMF.

The non-sugar agriculture contribution in 1958 national income was extrapolated for 1959 by using a combined index of value of coffee, tobacco and rice. Rice production and prices were unchanged; therefore the weight of this was kept constant in both years. For coffee and tobacco a weighted quantity index was prepared on the basis of production figures weighted by values (in the case of coffee value of production and in the case of tobacco the exports value). Since the agricultural wholesale prices and cost-of-living showed very little change between 1958 and 1959, no adjustment was made for this reason.

CYPRUS

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million £)	74.9	71.5	67.7	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per £)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	209.7	200.2	189.6	199.8
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		549		
Per capita income (dollars)				364

1/ Source: Reply of 10 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: Foreign Information Service, Annual Summary, Exchange and Foreign Trade, Regulations, First National City Bank, p. 100.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

No recent official estimates of national income were available to the Committee on Contributions. The following procedure was adopted and the calculation steps are summarized below:

	<u>1950</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
(1) Net material product (thousand million 1937 korunas)	68.2	...	...	...
(2) Index of net material product	100	166	180	192
(3) Net material product (extrapolated) (thousand million 1937 korunas)	68.2	113.2	122.8	130.9
(4) Exchange rate in 1937 (korunas per dollar)	29.235	29.235	29.235	29.235
(5) Net material product (million 1937 dollars)		3,872	4,200	4,478
(6) U.S. cost of living (1937 - 100)		194.	200	202
(7) Net material product (million current dollars)		7,512	8,400	9,046
(8) National income (net material product increased by 16 per cent) (million current dollars)		8,714	9,744	10,493

As shown in step (1) above a net material product estimate for 1950, given in 1937 prices is the basis of the calculation. (Source: Economic Survey of Europe Since the War, Economic Commission for Europe, 1953, p. 26).

As shown in steps (2) and (3), estimates of net material product for 1957, 1958 and 1959 were obtained by extrapolating the 1950 estimate by official index of growth of net material product. (Source: Replies of 25 October and 30 December 1960 from the State Statistical Office to the United Nations National Accounts Questionnaire).

These estimates in korunas could not be converted at any of the prevailing exchange rates since the resulting estimates would be completely out of line with estimates for other countries in comparable economic situations as suggested by various economic indicators. For this reason a

CZECHOSLOVAKIA (continued)

different procedure (illustrated in steps (4) - (7)) was followed to arrive at national income estimates in dollars. The source for step (4) is Pank of International Settlements, 16th Annual Report, Fasle, p. 69. The sources for step (6) are UN Statistical Yearbook 1957 and International Financial Statistics. January 1961. The exchange rates for conversion of koruna estimates into dollars which are implicit in the aforementioned procedure are:

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
korunas per dollar	56.7	58.5	59.1

These are considerably more favourable than the exchange rates prevailing during 1957-1959: official (7.2 korunas per dollar) and tourist (14.3 korunas per dollar).

The net material product estimates thus obtained were then increased by 16 per cent to account for income arising from certain services omitted from official calculations. The estimate of 16 per cent was lower than that estimated by the Statistical Office in Working Paper No. 9 basing itself on statistics published in official sources.

Therefore, the final figures used by the Committee as a basis of their work are:

Average* 1957-59 national income (million dollars)	Mid-1958 population (thousands)	Per capita income (dollars)
9,650	13,474	716

* Average of the three figures shown in step (8)

DAHOMY

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	30	31	33	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	155	148	134	146
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,725		
Per capita income (dollars)				85

1/ For derivation see the following page

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics

DAHOMY (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income (thousand million francs CFA) ^{1/}	...	...	33
Population (thousands)	1,717	1,725	1,863 ^{2/}
Index for population (1959 = 100)	92	93	100
National income, extrapolated (thousand million francs CFA)	30	31	33

^{1/} Source: Reply to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire, received on 10 February 1961.

^{2/} Obtained by interpolating 1958 and 1960 figures.

DENMARK

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million kroner)	26,722	27,727	30,678	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (kroner per US dollar)	6.907	6.907	6.907	
National income (million dollars)	3,869	4,014	4,442	4,108
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		4,515		
Per capita income (dollars)				910

1/ Source: Reply of 6 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million pesos)	564	576	589	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (pesos per US dollar)	1.00	1.00	1.00	
National income (million dollars)	564	576	589	576
Population <u>3/</u>		2,797		
Per capita income (dollars)				206

1/ Source: Reply of 13 March 1961 to the National Accounts Questionnaire.
See the following page for derivation.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross national product at market prices (million pesos)	631.4	644.6	659.8
Depreciation (5.7%)	36.0	36.7	37.6
Indirect taxes net of subsidies (5%)	31.6	32.2	33.0
National income at factor cost (million pesos)	564	576	589

For depreciation the same ratio of depreciation to GDP at market prices was used as for Costa Rica, which is roughly 5.7 per cent. See Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics 1959, UN.

For indirect taxes (minus subsidies) a rate obtained in some Latin American countries was used (roughly 5 per cent). See Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics, UN.

ECUADOR

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income ^{1/} (million sucres)	9,758	10,135	10,540	
Exchange rate ^{2/} (sucres per US dollar)	15.82	15.61	15.88	
National income (million dollars)	617	649	664	643
Population ^{3/} (thousands)		4,049		
Per capita income (dollars)				159

^{1/} Source: Reply of 6 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

^{2/} Source: International Financial Statistics. See the following page for derivation.

^{3/} Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

ECUADOR (continued)

Derivation of exchange rate

Rates for 1957

Official buying rate						15.00
Official selling rate						15.15
Free rate						
	I	Quarters II	III	IV	Quarterly Average	
	17.85	17.58	17.25	16.58	17.32	<u>17.32</u>
					Total	47.47
					Average	15.82

Rates for 1958

Official buying rate						15.00
Official selling rate						15.15
Free rate						
	I	Quarters II	III	IV	Quarterly Average	
	16.50	16.65	16.86	16.66	16.67	<u>16.67</u>
					Total	46.82
					Average	15.61

Rates for 1959

Official buying rate						15.00
Official selling rate						15.15
Free rate						
	I	Quarters II	III	IV	Quarterly Average	
	17.43	17.73	17.84	16.96	17.49	<u>17.49</u>
					Total	47.64
					Average	15.88

EL SALVADOR

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income ^{1/} (million colones)	1,112	1,097	1,011	
Exchange rate ^{2/} (colones per US dollar)	2.50	2.50	2.50	
National income (million dollars)	445	439	404	429
Population ^{3/} (thousands)		2,434		
Per capita income (dollars)				176

^{1/} For derivation see the following page

^{2/} Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

^{3/} Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

EL SALVADOR (continued)

Estimates for gross domestic product at 1950 market prices were taken from Hechos y Cifras de El Salvador 1959, Dirección General de Estadística y Censos, San Salvador, September 1960, p. 55. These figures were adjusted to the national income basis using the following adjustments:

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u> (million colones)	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product in 1950 market prices	1,218	1,250	1,227
Gross domestic product at current market prices	1,255	1,238	1,141
<u>minus</u> depreciation	72	71	65
<u>minus</u> indirect taxes (minus subsidies)	65	62	57
net factor income from abroad	<u>-8</u>	<u>-8</u>	<u>-8</u>
National income	1,112	1,097	1,011

The constant price estimates were adjusted to the current price basis by using the wholesale price index (including coffee) for El Salvador published in International Financial Statistics. The index was as follows:

	<u>1950</u>	<u>1953</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
	95	100	98	94	88
or	100		103	99	93

For depreciation the same ratio of depreciation to GDP at market prices was used as for Costa Rica, which is roughly 5.7 per cent. See Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics 1959, UN.

For indirect taxes (minus subsidies) a rate obtaining in some Latin American countries was used (roughly 5 per cent). See Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics 1959, United Nations.

Net factor income adjustment was made on the basis of figures taken from the Balance of Payments Yearbook, IMF.

ETHIOPIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million <u>Ethiopian</u> dollars)	<u>1,496</u>	1,594	1,654	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (<u>Ethiopian</u> dollars per US dollar)	<u>2.484</u>	<u>2.484</u>	<u>2.484</u>	
National income (million dollars)	<u>602</u>	<u>642</u>	<u>666</u>	<u>637</u>
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		<u>20,000</u>		
Per capita income (dollars)				<u>32</u>

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: Communication of 16 May 1961 from the Government of Ethiopia.

ETHIOPIA (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross national product at market prices <u>1/</u> (million Ethiopian dollars)	1,675	1,785	1,852
National income <u>2/</u> (million Ethiopian dollars)	1,496	1,594	1,654

1/ Source: Communication of 16 May 1961 from Central Statistical Office.

2/ A deduction of 10.7 per cent was made from gross national product at market prices (5.7 per cent for depreciation and 5 per cent for indirect taxes minus subsidies).

FEDERATION OF MALAYA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million Malayan dollars)	4,513	4,313	4,750	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (Malayan dollars per US dollar)	3.05	3.06	3.06	
National income (million dollars)	1,480	1,409	1,552	1,480
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		6,499		
Per capita income (dollars)				228

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

FEDERATION OF MALAYA (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross national product at factor cost <u>1/</u> (million Malayan dollars)	4,750	4,540	5,000
National income (million Malayan dollars) (after 5 per cent deduction for depreciation)	4,513	4,313	4,750

1/ Source: Reply to the Secretary-General's letter dated 25 April 1961.

FINLAND

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million markka)	903.3	961.3	1,018.1	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (markka per US dollar)	320	320	320	
National income (million dollars)	2,823	3,004	3,182	3,003
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		4,376		
Per capita income (dollars)				686

1/ Source: Reply of 17 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, par rate.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

FRANCE

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (1,000 million old francs)	15,960	18,000	19,340	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (old francs per US dollar)	377	420	493.7	
National income (million dollars)	42,334	42,857	39,174	41,455
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		44,584		
Per capita income (dollars)				930

1/ Source: Reply of 7 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ For 1957 a weighted average of pre- and post-devaluation exchange rates, weights used being the number of days the rates were valid. For 1958 and 1959, see International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

GABON

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	14	16	18	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	73	76	73	74
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		417		
Per capita income (dollars)				177

1/ Extrapolation of figure given for 1956 in communication from the Foreign Minister of Gabon, dated 24 October 1960. For the extrapolation, see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Demographic Yearbook 1959.

GABON (continued)

The extrapolation of the 1956 figure was made with exports of wood (83 per cent of total exports in 1957). The series is as follows:

Index 1956 = 100

1957	128
1958	146
1959	158

Sources: La zone franc en 1958, p. 375 and Bulletin mensuel de statistique de la République Gabonaise.

GHANA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
Gross national product <u>1/</u> at factor cost (million £.G.)	359.8	378.9	433.9	
National income <u>2/</u> (million £.G.)	<u>335</u>	<u>352</u>	<u>404</u>	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (U.S. dollars per £.G.)	<u>2.80</u>	<u>2.80</u>	<u>2.80</u>	
National income (million dollars)	<u>938</u>	<u>986</u>	<u>1,131</u>	<u>1,018</u>
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		<u>6,361</u>		
Per capita income (dollars)				<u>160</u>

1/ Source: Reply of 5 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Adjusted by making 7% deduction for depreciation (cf. Ceylon).

3/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

4/ The census estimate for 1960 is 6,691,000 and figures for 1958 and 1959 are not yet revised to accord with the latest census figure. The annual rate of growth of the population is believed to be 2.5 per cent. (Source: Cable reply of 18 May 1961). The mid-1958 estimate is obtained by extrapolation of the 1960 figure by the above rate of increase.

GREECE

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million drachmas)	70,690	73,143	75,694	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (drachmas per US dollar)	30.00	30.00	30.00	
National income (million dollars)	2,356	2,438	2,523	2,439
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		8,173		
Per capita income (dollars)				298

1/ Source: Reply of 2 May 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

GUATEMALA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million quetzales)	553.6	548.9	561.5	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (quetzales per US dollar)	1.00	1.00	1.00	
National income (million dollars)	553.6	548.9	561.5	555
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,546		
Per capita income (dollars)				157

1/ Source: Reply of 20 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

GUINEA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	43.3	45.0	47.2	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	224	214	191	210
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		2,604		
Per capita income (dollars)				81

1/ For derivation see the next page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

GUINEA (continued)

	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income (thousand million francs CFA) <u>1/</u>	43.3	...	...	...
Population (thousands) <u>2/</u>	2,492	2,496	2,604	2,727
Index for population (1956 = 100)	100	100	104	109
National income, extrapolated (thousand million francs CFA)	43.3	43.3	45.0	47.2

1/ Source: Outre-mer 1958, p. 676.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

HAITI

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million dollars)	222	222	204	216
Population <u>2/</u> (thousands)		3,424		
Per capita income (dollars)				63

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

HAITI (continued)

Derivation of national income

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross national product at factor cost <u>1/</u> (million US dollars)	234	234	...
Money supply, index <u>2/</u>		100	92
Gross national product at factor cost, extrapolated	234	234	215
National income <u>3/</u> (million dollars)	222	222	204

1/ Source: Communication of 24 April 1961.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

HONDURAS

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million lempiras)	585.6	615.5	638.9	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (lempiras per US dollar)	2.00	2.00	2.00	
National income (million dollars)	293	308	319	307
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,828		
Per capita income (dollars)				168

- 1/ Source: Reply of April 1961 to the National Accounts questionnaire.
2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.
3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

HUNGARY

	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million forints)	109,511
Exchange rate <u>1/</u> (forints per US dollar)	23.48
National income (million dollars)	4,664 ^{<u>3/</u>}
Population <u>2/</u> (thousands, mid-1958)	9,898
Per capita income (dollars)	471

1/ Source: Communication from the Hungarian Delegation to UN dated 31 March 1961.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

3/ The estimate of net material product was increased by 12 per cent to bring it closer to UN concept of national income. This percentage was recommended by the Statistical Office in Working Paper No. 9. The final figures as accepted by the Committee were:

National income (million dollars)	Population (thousands)	Per capita income (dollars)
5,224	9,898	528

ICELAND

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million kronur)	3,800	4,300	4,550	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (kronur per US dollar)	28.46	31.65	31.65	
National income (million dollars)	134	136	144	138
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		168		
Per capita income (dollars)				821

1/ Source: National Accounts Questionnaire 1960.

2/ For derivation see the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

ICELAND (continued)

Derivation of exchange rate

For each year an unweighted average was taken of "principal import rate" for the year in question and the par rate of 38.00 established on 22 February 1960. The reason for this is that the rates prevailing during the years in question were unrealistically overvalued in terms of the dollar.

1957

<u>Principal import rate</u>	<u>1960 par rate</u>	<u>Average</u>
18.93	38.00	28.46

1958

<u>Principal import rate</u>	<u>1960 par rate</u>	<u>Average</u>
25.30	38.00	31.65

1959

<u>Principal import rate</u>	<u>1960 par rate</u>	<u>Average</u>
25.30	38.00	31.65

Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

INDIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million rupees)	113.9	126.0	128.4	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (rupees per US dollar)	4.762	4.762	4.762	
National income (million dollars)	23,919	26,459	26,963	25,780
Population <u>3/</u> (millions)		411		
Per capita income (dollars)				63

1/ Source: Reply of 27 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ For derivation see the following page.

INDIA (continued)

The latest population census estimate refers to 1 March 1961 and shows a population of 438 million. The annual rate of growth of the population is calculated at 2.149 per cent (1951 Census, Provisional Population Totals, Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, Office of the Registrar General, p. xii). The 1958 population estimate has been extrapolated by using the rate of growth mentioned above.

INDONESIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million rupiahs)	165.0	174.2	202.9	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (rupiahs per US dollar)	25.27	33.42	39.06	
National income (million dollars)	6,529	5,212	5,195	5,645
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		87,800		
Per capita income (dollars)				64

1/ Source: National Accounts Questionnaire, 1960.

2/ End of year "principal export and import rates" were weighted by value of exports and imports respectively. See the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

INDONESIA

Derivation of exchange rates

1957

Principal export rate	22.7	Value of exports (dollars)	969
Principal import rate	28.4	Value of imports (dollars)	804
Weighted average: 25.27 rupiahs per dollar.			

1958

Principal export rate	30.3	Value of exports (dollars)	755
Principal import rate	37.9	Value of imports (dollars)	514
Weighted average: 33.42 rupiahs per dollar.			

1959

Principal export rate	36.0	Value of exports (dollars)	872
Principal import rate	45.0	Value of imports (dollars)	459
Weighted average: 39.06 rupiahs per dollar.			

Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

IRAN

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million dollars)	2,264	2,273	2,537	2,358
Population <u>2/</u> (thousands)		19,677		
Per capita income (dollars)				120

1/ Extrapolation of estimates by United States Operations Mission in Iran. Also published in: Economic Developments in the Middle East 1956-1957, p. 21.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

IRAN (continued)

An estimate of the gross national product during the year 21 March 1957-20 March 1958 has been made by the United States Operations Mission in Iran (also published in Economic Developments in the Middle East 1956-57, p. 21). The estimate, given in 1955 prices, was extrapolated with indices for agricultural production and oil production. The contribution of other sectors than agriculture and the oil industry, was assumed to have increased by 5 per cent annually on the basis of available production statistics. The results, being in 1955 prices, were inflated by a wholesale price index. An allowance for depreciation and net indirect taxes with 12 per cent of the gross national product at market prices was made.

In a communication from the Iranian Statistical Office, the per capita national income is estimated at \$150. On this basis national income is 2,952 million dollars.

IRAQ

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million I dinar)	357	349	396	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollar per I dinar)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	1,000	977	1,109	1,029
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		6,590		
Per capita income (dollars)				156

1/ Extrapolation of 1956 figures in "An Estimate of the National Income of Iraq 1953-1956" (Dissertation for Ph.D., Cambridge 1959 by K. Haseeb).

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

IRAQ (continued)

An estimate of the national income of Iraq 1957-1959 has been obtained by extrapolating figures given in "An Estimate of the National Income of Iraq 1953-1956" by K. Haseeb (Dissertation for Ph.D., Cambridge 1959), summary pp. 567-568. The 1956 figures were extrapolated by the Statistical Office with available current series.

The part of the gross domestic product originating in agriculture was extrapolated with a volume index for "field crops" and an index for the number of animals slaughtered in the abattoirs. The group mining and quarrying was extrapolated with an index for the production of crude petroleum. Manufacturing was extrapolated with an index for the consumption of electricity in manufacturing 1956-1957 and for the following years an annual increase of 10 per cent, the same as during 1953-1956, was assumed. The extrapolation of the 1956 figure for construction was made partly with the number of building licenses granted, partly with the construction expenditure under the Development Board, deflated by a price index for building materials in Baghdad. Electricity and water, and transport and communication were extrapolated with total consumption (assumed equal to production) of electricity and the number of ton-kilometers of goods carried by the railways, respectively. Wholesale and retail trade, banking and insurance, and services were assumed to hold a constant percentage of the gross domestic product, whereas ownership of dwellings was believed to have been unchanged in constant prices, mainly because the building construction was fairly constant throughout the period. Government services were assumed to have increased as total central government expenditure, deflated by the general wholesale price index in Baghdad.

The aggregate obtained in the way described above is the gross domestic product at constant factor cost. This aggregate was inflated by using an index for wholesale prices in Baghdad and an index for petroleum export prices, obtained by dividing the value of petroleum exports by the quantity each year. Different sub-indices to the wholesale price index were used for different components in the gross product. The gross domestic product at current factor cost was reduced by the net transfers

IRAQ (continued)

of investment income to the rest of the world, estimated from the balance of payments. The gross national product at current factor cost so obtained was finally reduced by an estimated capital depreciation of 5 per cent of the gross national product (the same as in 1956) in order to arrive at the national income.

IRELAND

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million £)	454.9	467.8	491.0	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (dollars per £)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	1,274	1,310	1,375	1,320
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		2,853		
Per capita income (dollars)				463

1/ Source: Reply of 13 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

ISRAEL

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million I L)	2,399	2,721	3,047	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (I L per US dollar)	2.23	2.23	2.23	
National income (million dollars)	1,076	1,220	1,366	1,221
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,997		
Per capita income (dollars)				611

1/ Source: Reply of 25 January 1961 to the National Accounts Questionnaire.

2/ Average of "official rate" and "rate on export premiums". See International Financial Statistics.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

ITALY

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million lire)	12,319	13,177	13,914	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (lire per US dollar)	625	625	625	
National income (million dollars)	19,710	21,083	22,262	21,018
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		48,735		
Per capita income (dollars)				431

1/ Source: Reply of 28 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

IVORY COAST

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	90	106	111	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	466	505	449	473
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,090		
Per capita income (dollars)				153

- 1/ Source: 1958: Reply to Committee on Contributions questionnaire 14 February 1961. The figure submitted (112 thousand million francs CFA), referring to gross domestic product, was reduced by 5 per cent for depreciation.
1957 and 1959: For derivations see the following page.
- 2/ Source: International Financial Statistics. The 1957 rate is an average of the pre-devaluation and the post-devaluation rates.
- 3/ Source: UN Demographic Yearbook 1959.

IVORY COAST (continued)

The 1957 and 1959 figures are extrapolated from estimates available for 1956 and 1958. (Sources: 1956 estimates: Inventaire économique et social de la Côte d'Ivoire 1947-1958, Ministère des Finances. 1958 estimate: Reply to Committee on Contributions questionnaire). The extrapolation from 1956 to 1957, which is very rough, was made with available production statistics in the fields of agriculture and industry (e.g. production of cocoa and coffee, electricity and cotton yarn). Production statistics for 1959 are very incomplete. The agricultural production was estimated by extrapolating the 1956 figure with the production of coffee and cocoa. All other groups were assumed to have increased by 3 per cent over 1958. As no industrial breakdown of the national income in 1958 was available, the non-agricultural sectors were assumed to have accounted for the same percentage part of total national income in 1958 as in 1956.

JAPAN

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million yen)	8,201.1	8,341.0	9,630.8	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (yen per US dollar)	360	360	360	
National income (million dollars)	22,781	23,169	26,752	24,234
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		91,760		
Per capita income (dollars)				264

1/ Source: Communication of 14 April 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the UN.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

JORDAN

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million dinars)	57	51	60	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per dinars)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	160	143	168	157
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,580		
Per capita income (dollars)				99

1/ Sources: 1954 figure is available in: Albert Y. Padre and Associates: The national income of Jordan 1952-1954, Economic Research Institute, American University of Beirut, published also in the UN publication: Economic Developments in the Middle East, 1956-57, p. 62. See the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

JORDAN (continued)

Figures for the national income of Jordan have been published in The National Income of Jordan, 1952-54 (Albert Y. Badre and Associates, Economic Research Institute, American University of Beirut). The 1954 figures were extrapolated (in 1954 prices) to the period 1957-1959 with whatever relevant economic series available. The 1954 figures for the part of national income originating from agriculture was extrapolated with an index for the volume of important agricultural products, calculated on the basis of information in the Jordan Statistical Yearbook. The income originating from mining and quarrying, and industry was extrapolated with available production statistics, whereas construction, services and trade were assumed to hold the same percentage share of the national income in 1957-1959 as in 1952-1954. The groups real estate and finance were assumed to have remained constant in 1954 prices. Public utilities, transport was extrapolated with an index for the number of railway passengers. Government, finally, was extrapolated with total government revenue, deflated by a wholesale price index.

The national income figures thus obtained, being in 1954 prices, were inflated to current prices by an index for wholesale prices in Amman.

LAOS

Nothing is known about the national income of Laos. At its 1958 meeting, the Committee on Contributions assumed a national income per capita of \$80 annually during 1955-1957.

Statistics over the economic development in Laos are scarce. Available information indicates that exports and the production in forestry increased substantially from 1955-1957 to 1957-1959. On the other hand, rice crops seem to have been bad during the last years. On an average the production of rice was 6 per cent lower during 1957-1959 than during 1955-1957. Thus, there is reason to believe that the per capita national income was lower in 1957-1959 than in 1955-1957. Assuming a per capita income of \$75 and multiplying by the mid-1958 population estimate gives a total national income of \$128 million.

Source: Laos, Annual Statistical Report 1959, USCM/Laos.

LEBANON

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million L.L.)	1,503	1,325	1,621	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (L.L. per US dollar)	3.16	3.16	3.16	
National income (million dollars)	476	419	513	469
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,550		
Per capita income (dollars)				303

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

LEBANON (continued)

The source for the estimates of the net domestic product at current factor cost for 1957 and 1958 is A.Y. Badre, Economic Research Institute, American University of Beirut. (The estimates are also published in UN National Accounts Yearbook 1959).

The estimate for 1959 is obtained by extrapolating the 1958 figure with the increase in the gross national product at current market prices, obtained from a private source and published in Economic Developments in the Middle East 1958-1959 (p.43).

No information is available about the net income payments to or from foreign countries. Therefore, the figures refer to the net domestic product at factor cost rather than to the national income.

Exchange rate.

As all exchange transactions are conducted at free market rates, the free market rate for dollars was used for conversion of the pound figures to dollars.

LIBERIA

Nothing is known about the national income of Liberia. At its 1958 meeting, the Committee on Contributions assumed that the per capita national income of Liberia was \$50.

Available foreign trade statistics indicate that exports were more than 25 per cent higher in 1957-1959 than in 1955-1957. It is therefore believed that the per capita income was higher in 1957-1959 than in 1955-1957.

Assuming a per capita national income of \$55 and multiplying with the population estimate of 1,250,000 gives a total national income of \$69 million.

Source: Foreign Trade Supplement for 1959, Republic of Liberia, Bureau of Economic Research.

LIBYA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million £ L)	43	49	54	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per £ L)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	120	137	151	136
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,153		
Per capita income (dollars)				118

1/ Source: Reply of 18 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Statistical Yearbook 1959.

LIBYA (continued)

The estimates as submitted refer to the gross domestic product at factor cost. Information about factor payments to and from foreign countries is not available. An adjustment for depreciation has been made by 5 per cent of the gross domestic product. The figures are as follows:

	Million Libyan Pounds		
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product at factor cost	45	52	57
Depreciation, assumed 5% of GDP	-2	-3	-3
National income	43	49	54

LUXEMBOURG

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs)	16.9	16.7	17.0	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs per US dollar)	50	50	50	
National income (million dollars)	338	334	340	337
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		320		
Per capita income (dollars)				1,053

- 1/ Source: National Accounts Questionnaire and L'économie Luxembourgeoise
2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.
3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

MADAGASCAR

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	108	110	112	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	560	524	453	512
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		5,131		
Per capita income (dollars)				100

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

MADAGASCAR (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income (thousand million francs CFA) ^{1/}	...	110	...
Population (thousands) ^{2/}	5,003	5,131	5,239
Index for population (1958 = 100)	98	100	102
National income, extrapolated (thousand million francs CFA)	108	110	112

^{1/} Source: Communication received on 14 April 1961

^{2/} Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

MALI

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	54.4	55.5	57.0	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	282	264	231	259
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,700		
Per capita income (dollars)				70

- 1/ Source: Communication of 18 April 1961 to the Secretary-General.
2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.
3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

MEXICO

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million pesos)	92,000	101,800	109,000	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (pesos per US dollar)	12.50	12.50	12.50	
National income (million dollars)	7,360	8,144	8,720	8,075
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		32,348		
Per capita income (dollars)				250

1/ Source: Reply of 28 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

MOROCCO

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs)	646	713	690	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs per dollar)	385	420	442	
National income (million dollars)	1,678	1,698	1,561	1,646
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		10,330		
Per capita income (dollars)				159

1/ Source: Reply of 28 January 1961 to Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ For derivation see the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

MOROCCO (continued)

Exchange rates

The Moroccan currency was devalued in 1957 and again in 1959. In October 1959 a new monetary unit (the dirham, equal to 100 Moroccan francs) was established, but the denomination francs is used here also for 1959. The rate used for 1957 is an average of the predevaluation and post devaluation rates. The rate used for 1959 is an average of the predevaluation and post-devaluation rates, weighted by the number of months each rate was valid (the devaluation was made in October).

NEPAL

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million rupees)	3,000	3,050	3,099	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per rupee)	0.14	0.14	0.14	
National income (million dollars)	420	427	434	427
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		8,910		
Per capita income (dollars)				48

1/ A 1959 national income estimate was available in reply to the UN Questionnaire on Economic Trends, Problems and Policies, 1959/1960. It is mentioned in the reply that national income has been increasing at the rate of 1.6 per cent during the period under review. Therefore, this percentage was used for deriving 1957 and 1958 estimates.

2/ Source: Economic Survey of Asia and the Far East, 1959, ECAFE, p. iv.

3/ Source: Economic Survey of Asia and the Far East, 1959, ECAFE, p. 110.

NETHERLANDS

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million guilders)	29,045	29,990	31,860	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (guilders per US dollar)	3.8	3.8	3.8	
National income (million dollars)	7,643	7,892	8,384	7,973
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		11,186		
Per capita income (dollars)				713

1/ Source: Reply of 3 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

NEW ZEALAND

	<u>1957</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1958</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1959</u> <u>1/</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>2/</u> (million £ NZ)	930	965	1,045	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (US dollars per £ NZ)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	2,604	2,702	2,926	2,744
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		2,282		
Per capita income (dollars)				1,202

1/ Years begin 1 April.

2/ Source: Reply of 9 January 1961 to Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

3/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

4/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

NICARAGUA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million córdobas)	1,382	1,338	1,178	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (córdobas per US dollar)	7.49	7.46	7.42	
National income (million dollars)	185	179	159	174
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,378		
Per capita income (dollars)				126

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, International Monetary Fund. (Quarterly average of "Free Rate".

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

NICARAGUA (continued)

In a letter dated 18 May 1960 the following estimates are given concerning income originating in agriculture.

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Income originating in agriculture			
(million córdobas)	553	535	471

The share of agriculture in national income is approximately 40 per cent according to "Basic Data on the Economy of Nicaragua", World Trade Information Service, Economic Reports, Part I, No. 56-77. The national income estimates, shown on the preceding page are obtained by using the above percentage.

NICARAGUA (continued)

Derivation of exchange rate

1959

	Quarters				Quarterly Averages
	I	II	III	IV	
Free rate	7.40	7.60	7.35	7.35	7.42

1958

	Quarters				
	I	II	III	IV	
Free rate	7.50	7.45	7.45	7.45	7.46

1957

	Quarters				
	I	II	III	IV	
Free rate	7.60	7.60	7.45	7.30	7.49

	NIGER			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	42.6	43.0	44.4	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	221	205	180	202
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		2,490		
Per capita income (dollars)				81

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

NIGER (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product <u>1/</u> at factor cost (million francs CFA) ...		...	46,694
Population (thousands) <u>2/</u>	2,452 <u>3/</u>	2,490	2,555
Index for population (1959 = 100)	96	97	100
Gross domestic product, extrapolated (million francs CFA)	44,826	45,293	46,694
National income (95 per cent of GDP) (million francs CFA)	42,585	43,028	44,359

1/ Source: Les comptes nationaux de la République du Niger en 1959, p.5.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

3/ Obtained by interpolation of 1956 and 1958 figures.

	NIGERIA			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (£ million)	910	950	980	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per £)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	2,548	2,660	2,744	2,651
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		33,052		
Per capita income (dollars)				80

1/ Source: Reply of 12 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Statistical Yearbook 1959.

NORWAY

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million kroner)	22,825	22,032	22,848	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (kroner per US dollar)	7.14	7.14	7.14	
National income (million dollars)	3,197	3,086	3,200	3,161
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,525		
Per capita income (dollars)				897

1/ Source: Reply of 19 April 1961 to the Secretary General's letter.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

PAKISTAN

	<u>1957/58</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1958/59</u> <u>1/</u>	<u>1959/60</u> <u>1/</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>2/</u> (million rupees at constant prices of 1949-52)	20,937	20,917	21,897	
National income adjusted to current prices <u>3/</u> (million rupees)	25,814	24,264	26,933	
Exchange rate <u>4/</u> (rupees per US dollar)	4.762	4.762	4.762	
National income (million dollars)	5,421	5,095	5,656	5,391
Population <u>5/</u> (thousands)		85,635		
Per capita income (dollars)				63

1/ Years begin 1 April.

2/ Source: Reply of 26 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

3/ For inflation to current price basis see the following page.

4/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

5/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

PAKISTAN (continued)

Derivation of cost of living indices

General cost of living indices for industrial workers in
selected cities

(Base: April, 1948 - March, 1949 = 100)

	Karachi	Lahore	Sialkot	Khewra	Narayanganj	Average
1949-50	97	90	85	88	101	92
1950-51	96	82	78	81	99	87
1951-52	100	93	83	94	105	<u>95</u>
					Total	274
					Average 1949-52:	91
<u>1957-58</u>						
	123	111	102	107	116	112
<u>1958-59</u>						
	118	103	99	101	111	106
<u>1959-60*</u>						
	122	108	105	106	120	112

The above figures in the last column were converted as follows:

Index numbers

1949-52 = 100

1949-52	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60
91	112	106	112
100	123	116	123

* For 1959-60 annual average indices were not available and an average was computed from monthly indices from April 1959 to March 1960.

Source: Statistical Bulletin, Central Statistical Office, September 1960, Karachi, p. 1294.

	PANAMA			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income 1/ (million balbcas)	315.9	326.7	348.0	
Exchange rate 2/ (balbcas per US dollar)	1.00	1.00	1.00	
National income (million dollars)	316	327	348	330
Population 3/ (thousands)		995		
Per capita income (dollars)				332

1/ Source: Reply of 21 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

PARAGUAY

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million guaraníes)	19,554	20,730	24,163	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (guaraníes per US dollar)	111.30	111.30	122.00	
National income (million dollars)	176	186	198	187
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,687		
Per capita income (dollars)				111

1/ Source: Reply of 28 April 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, International Monetary Fund. Fluctuating free market rate, introduced 12 August 1957.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

PERU				
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million soles)	23,655	27,124	33,450	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (soles per US dollar)	19.06	23.96	28.08	
National income (million dollars)	1,241	1,132	1,191	1,188
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		10,213		
Per capita income (dollars)				116

1/ Source: Reply, received 9 February 1961, to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ For derivation see the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

PERU (continued)

Derivation of exchange rate

1957

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Average
Principal rate	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
Other	19.04	19.07	19.19	19.17	<u>19.12</u>
				Total	38.12
				Average	19.06

1958

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Average
Principal rate	22.69	23.70	24.56	24.49	23.86
Other	22.95	23.87	24.82	24.63	<u>24.07</u>
				Total	47.93
				Average	23.96

1959

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Average
Principal rate	27.40	28.67	27.83	27.70	27.90
Other	27.63	29.74	27.94	27.71	<u>28.26</u>
				Total	56.16
				Average	28.08

PHILIPPINES

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million pesos)	8,764	9,323	9,768	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (pesos per US dollar)	2.010	2.010	2.094	
National income (million dollars)	4,360	4,638	4,665	4,554
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		24,010		
Per capita income (dollars)				190

1/ Source: Reply of 4 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics. For derivation see the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

PHILIPPINES (continued)

Derivation of exchange rates

Rates for 1957 and 1958

Buying rate	2.004
Selling rate	<u>2.015</u>
Total	4.019
Average	2.010

Rate for 1959

	Quarters				
	I	II	III	IV	
Buying rate	2.004	2.004	2.004	2.004	
Selling rate	2.015	2.015	2.519	2.519	
" "	...	...	2.015	2.015	
Total	<u>4.019</u>	<u>4.019</u>	<u>6.538</u>	<u>6.538</u>	
Average of each quarter	2.010	2.010	2.179	2.179	Quarterly Average
					2.094

POLAND

The figures accepted by the Committee on Contributions as base for the assessment of Poland are as follows:

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (1000 million zlotys)	267.4	288.9	318.0	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (zlotys per dollar)	24	24	24	
National income (million dollars)	11,142	12,038	13,250	12,143
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		28,783		
Per capita income (dollars)				422

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ This is an average of special buying and selling rates used and a rate used for paying contributions to international organizations.
Source: Official Table of Rates of Exchange No. 5/61 National Polish Bank.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

POLAND (continued)

The Polish Government's reply (dated 24 April 1961) to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire gives the following estimates of national income adjusted to the factor cost basis.

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income			
(1000 million zlotys)	224.4	239.5	252.2

However, the Committee on Contributions, after some discussion, decided to adopt the following procedure.

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
(1) Net material product (1000 million zlotys)	301.4	321.3	345.8
(2) Turnover, income and land taxes (1000 million zlotys)	70.1	71.0	69.3
(3) Net material product, excluding turn-over etc. taxes (1000 million zlotys)	231.3	250.3	276.5
(4) Addition for "non-productive" services (1000 million zlotys)	36.1	38.6	41.5
(5) National income (1000 million zlotys)	267.4	288.9	318.0

The net material product estimates shown on line (1) are taken from the Polish Statistical Yearbook and the UN Yearbook of National Accounts Statistics, 1960. Turnover, income and land taxes are also taken from the Yearbook (page 183, Table 3, line 7). Figures shown on line (3) are obtained by subtracting line (2) from line (1).

To the figure of net material product on line (3) was added an estimate of the "non-productive" services excluded from the concept of Poland's national income but included in United Nations' national income concept. The addition was 12 per cent of net material product including turn-over, income and land taxes, i.e. of the figures shown on line (1) above. The percentage for "non-productive" services was recommended by the Statistical Office in Working Paper No. 9.

PORTUGAL

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million escudos)	50.5	51.9	54.8	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (escudos per US dollar)	28.90	28.90	28.80	
National income (million dollars)	1,747	1,796	1,903	1,815
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		8,981		
Per capita income (dollars)				202

1/ Source: Reply of 13 February 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF. For 1957 and 1958 there were no fluctuations of the official exchange rate. For 1959 there were very small fluctuations and therefore a quarterly average was taken.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

ROMANIA

No official estimates of national income were received by the Secretariat in response to its circular letter of 4 January 1961.

An average 1955-57 estimate of net material product amounting to U.S. \$2,880 million was submitted to the Secretariat by the Romanian Delegation in 1958.

The above estimate of net material product was extrapolated to 1957, 1958 and 1959 by using the following index numbers of growth of net material product taken from various communications from the Central Statistical Office of Romania. These are published in the United Nations Yearbook of National Accounts, 1960, p. 200.

Index numbers of net material product:

	(1950 = 100)	(1955-57 = 100)
1955	192	
1956	178	
1957	207	108
1958	214	111
1959	242	126

The extrapolated results are as follows:

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average</u> <u>1957-59</u>
Net material product (million dollars)	3,110	3,197	3,629	3,312

The foregoing estimates of net material product were then increased by 9 percent to account for certain "non-productive" services which are omitted from the official calculations. The percentage was recommended by the Statistical Office in Working Paper No. 9.

Therefore, the final figures used by the Committee on Contributions as a basis of their work are:

National income (million dollars)	Population (thousands)	Per capita income (dollars)
3,610	18,059	200

SAUDI ARABIA

The following estimates were made by the International Cooperation Administration of the United States Government.

Gross national product at market prices	1 billion U.S. dollars
National income	850 million U.S. dollars
Population	6.3million
<u>Per capita income</u>	135 U. S. dollars

The above estimates were accepted by the Committee at the 1961 session.

SENEGAL

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (1000 million francs CFA)	116	119	121	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per U.S.dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	601	567	490	553
Population <u>1/</u> (thousands)		3,015		
Per capita income (dollars)				183

1/ For sources and derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

SENEGAL (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income (1000 million francs CFA)	...	...	121 <u>1/</u>
Population (thousands)	2,955 <u>2/</u>	3,015 <u>3/</u>	3,077 <u>3/</u>
Index for population(1959 = 100)	96	98	100
National income, extrapolated (1000 million francs CFA)	116	119	121

1/ Source: Communication received on 10 April 1961.

2/ Obtained by extrapolation of the 1958 figure, assuming the same rate of increase in 1957-1958 as in 1958-1959.

3/ Source: Communication from the Delegation of Senegal.

	SOMALIA			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million somalos)	734	706	743	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (somalos per US dollars)	7.143	7.143	7.143	
National income (million dollars)	103	99	104	102
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		1,980		
Per capita income (dollars)				52

1/ Source: Cable received 12 April 1961 from the Statistical Office of Somalia.

2/ Source: Report of the Trusteeship Council (Doc. A/4100) (p. 71).

3/ Source: UN Statistical Yearbook 1959.

	SOUTH AFRICA			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million rand)	3,575	3,714	4,035	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per rand)	1.391	1.391	1.391	
National income (million dollars)	4,973	5,166	5,613	5,251
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		14,418		
Per capita income (dollars)				364

1/ Source: Cable of 13 April 1961 from the Bureau of Census and Statistics. Years begin 1 July.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

SPAIN

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income ^{1/} (million pesetas)	385,717	440,210	463,387	
Exchange rate ^{2/} (pesetas per US dollar)	43.06	47.5	55	
National income (million dollars)	8,958	9,268	8,425	8,884
Population ^{3/} (thousands)		29,662		
Per capita income (dollars)				300

^{1/} Source: Reply of 13 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

^{2/} For derivation see the next page. (Quarterly average of "Other export rate". A majority of foreign trade transactions (both export and import) took place at this rate.

^{3/} Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

SPAIN (continued)

Derivation of exchange rate

1957:

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Averages
	37.24	45	45	45	43.06

1958:

	Quarters				
	I	II	III	IV	
	45	45	50	50	47.5

1959:

	Quarters				
	I	II	III	IV	
	50	50	60	60	55

Source: International Financial Statistics, International Monetary Fund.

SUDAN

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million Sudanese £)	289	305	321	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per Sudanese £)	2.872	2.872	2.872	
National income (million dollars)	830	876	922	876
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		11,146		
Per capita income (dollars)				79

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

SUDAN (continued)

	<u>1957/58</u>	<u>1958/59</u>	<u>1959/60</u>
Gross domestic product (million Sudanese £) <u>1/</u>	305	322	339
Net domestic product (95 per cent of GDP) (million Sudanese £)	290	306	322
Net factor income to abroad <u>2/</u>	1	1	1
National income (million Sudanese £)	289	305	321

1/ Source: Cable received on 27 April 1961.

2/ Assumed to be the same amount as in 1955/56, cf. "The National Income of Sudan 1955/56" Khartoum 1959.

SWEDEN				
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
Gross national product at factor cost <u>1/</u> (million kronor)	48,306	50,212	53,224	
National income <u>2/</u> (in million kronor after deduction of 11%)	42,992	44,689	47,369	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (kronor per US dollar)	5.173	5.173	5.173	
National income (million dollars)	8,311	8,639	9,157	8,702
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		7,415		
Per capita income (dollars)				1,174

1/ Source: Reply to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire of 17 February 1961.

2/ Cf. United States for percentage.

3/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

4/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

	SYRIA			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (£ million)	2,443	2,076	2,321	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (£ per US dollar)	3.58	3.58	3.58	
National income (million dollars)	682	580	648	637
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		4,283		
Per capita income (dollars)				149

1/ Official estimates for 1957-1959 in 1956 prices are given in UAR, Syria: Statistical Abstract 1959, p. 372. These estimates have been inflated to current prices with wholesale price indices.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

THAILAND

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million baht)	39,443	40,140	43,288	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (baht per US dollar)	20.71	20.90	21.09	
National income (million dollars)	1,905	1,921	2,053	1,960
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		21,474		
Per capita income (dollars)				91

1/ Source: Reply of 30 December 1960 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire and letter of 2 February 1961. For derivation see the following page.

2/ Average of quarterly average rates, buying and selling. See following pages for derivation.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

THAILAND (continued)

The official estimates received in response to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire are gross domestic product at market prices. The following adjustments were made to bring these figures to the national income basis on the basis of a letter of 2 February 1961 from the Central Statistical Office.

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
	(million baht)		
Gross domestic product at market prices	44,670	45,458	49,010
<u>minus</u> depreciation	2,234	2,273	2,450
<u>minus</u> indirect taxes (minus subsidies)	2,893	2,983	3,216
net factor income from abroad	<u>- 100</u>	<u>- 62</u>	<u>- 56</u>
National income at factor cost	39,443	40,140	43,288

Net factor income from abroad: Figures in baht were estimated by using the Balance of Payments Yearbook, Volume 12, International Monetary Fund.

THAILAND (continued)

Exchange rates

Rate for 1957:

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Average
Buying rates	20.57	20.60	20.59	20.71	20.62
Selling rates	20.75	20.77	20.78	20.90	<u>20.80</u>
				Total	41.42
				Average	20.71

Rate for 1958:

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Average
Buying rates	20.66	20.73	20.91	20.93	20.81
Selling rates	20.85	20.92	21.10	21.10	<u>20.99</u>
				Total	41.80
				Average	20.90

Rate for 1959:

	Quarters				Quarterly
	I	II	III	IV	Average
Buying rates	21.00	20.99	21.01	21.01	21.00
Selling rates	21.19	21.17	21.19	21.19	<u>21.18</u>
				Total	42.18
				Average	21.09

TCGO				
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	14.8	14.9	19.5	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	77	71	79	76
Population (thousands)		1,100		
Per capita income (dollars)				69

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

TCGO (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
National income (thousand million francs CFA) <u>1/</u>	...	14.9	...
Population (thousands)	1,093	1,100	1,442
Index for population (1958 = 100) <u>2/</u>	99	100	131
National income, extrapolated (thousand million francs CFA)	14.8	14.9	19.5

1/ Source: Communication of 18 November 1960 from the Delegation of Togo.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

TUNISIA				
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million dinars)	222	265	243	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (dinars per US dollar)	0.385	0.42	0.42	
National income (million dollars)	577	631	579	596
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,852		
Per capita income (dollars)				155

1/ Reply of 18 April 1961 to the Secretary General's letter. For derivation see following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

TUNISIA (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product at 1957 prices <u>1/</u> (million dinars)	238.5	269.5	258.2
Net domestic product (95 per cent of GDP)	227	256	245
Net factor income to abroad <u>2/</u>	-5	-2	-2
National income at 1957 prices (million dinars)	222	254	243
General wholesale prices <u>3/</u>			
1953 = 100	110	115	110
1957 = 100	100	104.5	100.0
National income at current prices (million dinars)	222	265	243

1/ Estimates submitted by the Government of Tunisia.

2/ 1957: UN mission to Tunisia.
1958-1959: Balance of Payments Yearbook, International Monetary Fund.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

TURKEY				
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million T L)	26,623	33,873	40,095	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (T L per US dollar)	6.23	7.26	8.54	
National income (million dollars)	4,273	4,666	4,695	4,545
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		26,163		
Per capita income (dollars)				174

1/ Source: Letter of 6 January 1961 from the Central Statistical Office of Turkey.

2/ For derivation see the following page.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

TURKEY (continued)

Calculation of effective exchange rates

A. For 1959

Average of 1) effective selling rate and 2) weighted average of export rates.

Percentage of total exports	i)	Exchange rate used	ii)
Opium and tobacco	27.9	5.60	
All other	72.1	9.00	
Weighted average of export rates		8.05	
Import (selling) rate	ii)	9.03	
<u>Average</u>		<u>8.54</u>	

B. For 1957 and 1958

A weighted average of the same type as for 1959 is very difficult to calculate, because during 1957 and the first 7 months of 1958 different rates were used not only for different goods but also for the quality of the products and also for the currency in which the transactions were made. The 1957 and 1958 effective rates have been arrived at by adjusting the 1959 rate by the relative price developments in US and Turkey 1957-1959. As indicators of the price development, the whole-sale price index in each country have been used.ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ These indices and the relative price index are as follows:

	Turkey		US		Relative index
	1953=100	1959=100	1953=100	1959=100	
1957	164	72	107	98	73
1958	190	84	108	99	85
1959	227	100	109	100	100

The 1957 exchange rate is $(8.54 \times 0.73 =) 6.23$ T L per dollar and the 1958 rate $(8.54 \times 0.85 =) 7.26$ T L per dollar.

Using the weighted average method for 1958, by applying the exchange rate system in force by 31 December 1958 to the exports during 1958, gives 7.91 T L per dollar.

- Notes
- i) Source: Statistique annuelle du commerce exterieur, 1959(Turkey).
 - ii) Source: IMF: Annual Report on Exchange restrictions, 1960.
 - iii) IMF: International Financial Statistics.

	USSR			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million new rubles)	126	144	154	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (dollars per new ruble = 10 old rubles)	1.00	1.00	1.00	
National income (thousand million dollars)	126	144	154	141
Population <u>3/</u> (millions)		207.1		
Per capita income (dollars)				681

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ Tourist rate, valid up to 31 December 1960.

3/ Interpolation of figures for 1956 and 1959 given in UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

USSR (continued)

Estimates of net material product 1957-1959 were obtained by extrapolation of an estimate for 1960, published in Izvestia, 26 January 1961. This source states a percentage increase in net material product of 8 per cent from 1959 to 1960. The estimate for 1960 was 144 thousand million new rubles. The extrapolation from 1959 to 1958 and 1957 was made with an index for the net material product given in the USSR Statistical Yearbook 1959, p. 63. The index is as follows:

	Original index (1940 = 100)	Recalculated index (1959 = 100)
1957	334	82
1958	376	93
1959	405	100
(1960)	-	(108)

The conversion of the net material product estimate to national income was made on the basis of information contained in "Economic Survey of Europe in 1959" (chapter III p. 5), published by Economic Commission for Europe. It is estimated that net material product accounts for about 84 per cent of national income according to the United Nations concept. The results are as follows:

	<u>Net material product</u>	<u>National income (UN concept)</u>
	(Thousand million new rubles)	
1957	109	126
1958	124	144
1959	133	154

UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million £)	1,005	1,031	1,037	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per £)	2.872	2.872	2.872	
National income (million dollars)	2,886	2,961	2,978	2,942
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		24,791		
Per capita income (dollars)				119

1/ Extrapolation of estimates for 1956 given in a communication from the National Planning Commission, Office of the Secretary-General, Cairo, 1957. Also published in UN Yearbook of National Account Statistics 1959. For derivation see the following page.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC (continued)

An estimate of the national income 1957-1959 has been made by extrapolating the 1956 figures (cf. footnote 1 on preceding page). The part of the national income originating in agriculture was extrapolated by a volume index for agricultural production. The groups mining and quarrying, manufacturing, and electricity, gas and water were extrapolated by production indices taken from Egyptian sources. Construction was assumed to have increased as the production of cement (adjusted for exports). Transportation, storage and communication, wholesale and retail trade, banking, insurance and real estate, ownership of dwellings, and services were assumed to have remained constant in volume. No separate estimates for these groups were available for 1956, which made an extrapolation of the different series very difficult. Information for the period 1954-1956 indicates that the sum total for these groups remained virtually unchanged in volume during that period. Public administration and defence, finally, was extrapolated with total government expenditure.

The national income estimates thus obtained are in 1954 prices. The inflating of the estimate to current prices was made with the official cost-of-living index.

UNITED KINGDOM

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million pounds)	17,630	18,359	18,941	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (US dollars per pound)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	49,364	51,405	53,035	51,268
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		51,680		
Per capita income (dollars)				992

1/ Source: Reply to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire dated 9 January 1961.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, IMF.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

UNITED STATES

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million dollars)	364.4	365.1	396.6	375.4
Population <u>2/</u> (thousands)		174,787		
Per capita income (dollars)				2,148

1/ Source: Reply of 4 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

UPPER VOLTA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (thousand million francs CFA)	37	41	38	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (francs CFA per US dollar)	193	210	247	
National income (million dollars)	192	195	154	204
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		3,736		
Per capita income (dollars)				55

1/ Extrapolation of figure given for 1956 in communication from Upper Volta, dated 21 October 1960. For the extrapolation see the following page. See also a communication of 1 April 1961 in response to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics. The 1957 rate is an average of the pre-devaluation and post-devaluation rates.

3/ Source: UN Demographic Yearbook 1959.

UPPER VOLTA (continued)

The extrapolation of the 1956 figure was made with a series for exports of living animals (60 per cent of total exports in 1957). The series is as follows:

	Index
1956	100
1957	92
1958	102
1959	95

Sources: La zone franc en 1958, p. 363 and Bulletin mensuel de statistique d'outre-mer, No. 2, 1960.

	URUGUAY			
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income ^{1/} (million dollars)	1,101	1,064	1,099	1,088
Population ^{3/} (thousands)		2,700		
Per capita income (dollars)				403

^{1/} For derivation see the following page.

^{2/} Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

URUGUAY (continued)

Per capita income of \$377 was used at the 1958 session of the Committee on Contributions. Economic Survey of Latin America, 1959 on page 57 gives the following rates of annual changes in per capita product:

<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
(Annual percentage variation with respect to previous year)				
1.4	3.6	5.2	-4.1	-0.4

On this basis, the per capita incomes are as follows:

	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
(US dollars)	377	391	411	394	392
Population (thousands)			2,679	2,700	2,803
National income (million dollars)			1,101	1,064	1,099

VENEZUELA				
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
National income <u>1/</u> (million bolívares)	16,782	18,279	18,689	
Exchange rate <u>2/</u> (bolívares per US dollar)	4.25	4.25	4.25	
National income (million dollars)	3,949	4,301	4,397	4,216
Population <u>3/</u> (thousands)		6,320		
Per capita income (dollars)				667

1/ Reply of 13 January 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ Source: International Financial Statistics, International Monetary Fund. This rate is applied to exports of cacao, unwashed coffee and certain processed cocoa products in a proportion depending on world prices.

3/ Source: UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

YEMEN

Nothing is known about the national income of Yemen. The present contribution from Yemen to the UN is based on a national income of \$203 million, corresponding to a per capita income of \$45 per year. As the national income of Yemen almost entirely comes from agriculture and related activities, and harvests during 1958 and possibly during 1957 and 1959 were bad because of drought, the 1958 figure should probably be adjusted downwards. The population has been estimated at between 4.5 and 5 million and is believed to have remained stable during the past ten years. Assuming a national income of \$40 per capita and a population of 4.5 million the national income of Yemen would be \$180 million.

Source for the statements about drought and population: World Trade Information Service, US Department of Commerce, Part 1, Nos. 60-2.

YUGOSLAVIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	Average 1957-59
Net material product <u>1/</u> (1000 million dinars)	1,829	1,834	2,268	
Estimate of "non productive" services <u>2/</u> (1000 million dinars)	165	165	204	
National income (1000 million dinars)	1,994	1,999	2,472	
Exchange rate <u>3/</u> (dinars per U.S. dollar)	516	516	516	
National income (million dollars)	3,864	3,874	4,791	4,176
Population <u>4/</u> (thousands)		18,189		
Per capita income (dollars)				230

1/ Source: Reply of 1 March 1961 to the Committee on Contributions questionnaire.

2/ An addition of 9 per cent was made to the figures of net material product to bring it closer to the concept of national income according to the United Nations definitions. This percentage was recommended by the Statistical Office in Working Paper No. 9.

3/ Average of tourist rate (400 dinars) and settlement rate for US dollar (632 dinars). See Exchange Restrictions Report, IMF.

4/ UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.