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AT THE SEVENTEENTH SESSION AND AT THE FOURTH SPECIAL SESSION  
OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATISTICS OF NATIONAL INCOME AND POPULATION FOR 1957-59

(Memorandum prepared by the Statistical Office of the United Nations)

The attached pages present national income and population statistics available to the Statistical Office for the six countries admitted to the Organization during the course of the seventeenth session of the General Assembly, viz. Algeria, Burundi, Jamaica, Rwanda, Trinidad and Tobago and Uganda, and at the fourth special session of the General Assembly, Kuwait.

ALGERIA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average 1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (thousand million new francs)	7.9	9.0	10.0	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (francs per US dollar)	3.77	4.20	4.937	
National income (million dollars)	2,095	2,143	2,026	2,088
Population <sup>3/</sup> (thousands)		10,390		
Per capita income (dollars)				201

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Sources:

- 1/ Reply to the National Accounts Questionnaire 1959 and communication of 12 January 1963 from Service de Statistique Général de l'Algérie, Algiers.
- 2/ IMF, International Financial Statistics.
- 3/ United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

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BURUNDI

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average 1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (million Belgian francs)	5,117	5,166	5,231	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (Belgian francs per US dollar)	50	50	50	
National income (million dollars)	102	103	105	103
Population <sup>3/</sup> (thousand)		2,150		
Per capita income (dollars)				48

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ IMF, International Financial Statistics.

3/ United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

BURUNDI (continued)

Derivation of national income

	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product <sup>1/</sup> at market prices (million Belgian francs)	5,724	....	....	....
Population <sup>2/</sup> (thousands)	2,065	2,128	2,150	2,176
Index for population (1956 = 100)	100	103.1	104.1	105.4
Gross domestic product at market prices extrapolated (million francs)	5,724	5,901	5,959	6,033
Less depreciation <sup>3/</sup> (2.6 per cent of GDP)		153	155	157
Less net indirect taxes <sup>3/</sup> (3.1 per cent of GDP)		183	185	187
Less net factor income <sup>3/</sup> to abroad (7.6 per cent of GDP)		448	453	458
National income at factor cost (million Belgian francs)		5,117	5,166	5,231

1/ Source: Travaux Input-output au Congo Belge, National Accounts Section, Government General, 1st Report. The estimate for GDP arrived at in this document refers to the former Trust Territory of Ruanda-Urundi; it has been broken down here in the ratio of Rwanda's population to that of Ruanda-Urundi.

2/ Source: United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

3/ The percentages have been derived from estimates in a recent study entitled Produit intérieur brut et revenu national du Ruanda et du Burundi pendant l'année 1961 by UNIA expert, Richard Uloué, Usumoura, 1963.

JAMAICA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average</u> <u>1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (million £)	169.4	175.6	187.3	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (US dollars per £)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	474	492	524	497
Population <sup>3/</sup> (thousands)		1,568		
Per capita income (dollars)				317

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Sources:

- 1/ Reply of 8 March 1963 to the Statistical Office Questionnaire and National Accounts, Income and Expenditure 1961, Government of Jamaica Department of Statistics, Kingston, 1963.
- 2/ IMF, International Financial Statistics.
- 3/ Annual Abstract of Statistics No. 20, Department of Statistics, December 1960.

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KUWAIT

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average 1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (million US dollars)	370	425	505	433
Population <sup>2/</sup> (thousands)		209		
Per capita income (dollars)				2,072

1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ United Nations Demographic Yearbook, 1963.

Derivation of national income

No official estimates of national income at factor cost are available and therefore rough estimates had to be prepared from some data on factor incomes. The most reliable figures are those concerning direct payments by petroleum companies to the government. These constitute the bulk of the national income. The amounts of the direct payments are as follows:

<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1960</u>
(million dollars)			
308	354	421	423

Information on income originating in industries other than petroleum is completely lacking. An official information pamphlet issued as a supplement of The New York Times, 2 June 1963, indicates that other factor incomes (including wages and salaries paid to employees in the petroleum industry) constitute roughly 20 per cent of royalties. On that basis the national income figures would be as follows:

<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
(million dollars)		
370	425	505

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RWANDA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average 1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (million Belgian francs)	5,838	6,030	6,229	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (Belgian francs per US dollar)	50	50	50	
National income (million dollars)	117	121	125	121
Population <sup>3/</sup> (thousand)		2,510		
Per capita income (dollars)				48

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1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ IMF, International Financial Statistics.

3/ United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

RWANDA (continued)

Derivation of national income

	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product <sup>1/</sup> at market prices (million Belgian francs)	6,538	....	....	....
Population <sup>2/</sup> (thousands)	2,359	2,430	2,510	2,553
Index for population (1956 = 100)	100	103.0	106.4	109.9
Gross domestic product at market prices extrapolated (million francs)	6,538	6,734	6,956	7,185
Less depreciation <sup>3/</sup> (2.6 per cent of GDP)		175	181	187
Less net indirect taxes <sup>3/</sup> (3.1 per cent of GDP)		209	216	223
Less net factor income to abroad <sup>3/</sup> (7.6 per cent of GDP)		512	529	546
National income at factor cost (million Belgian francs)		5,838	6,030	6,229

1/ Source: Travaux Input-output au Congo Belge, National Accounts Section, Government General, 1st Report. The estimate for GDP arrived at in this document refers to the former Trust Territory Ruanda-Urundi; it has been broken down here in the ratio of Rwanda's population to that of Ruanda-Urundi.

2/ Source: United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

3/ The percentages have been derived from estimates in a recent study entitled Produit intérieur brut et revenu national du Rwanda et du Burundi pendant l'année 1961 by UNIA expert, Richard Uloué, Usumbura, 1963.



	RWANDA			Average
	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (million Belgian francs)	5,833	6,030	6,229	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (Belgian francs per US dollar)	50	50	50	
National income (million dollars)	117	121	125	121
Population <sup>3/</sup> (thousand)		2,510		
Per capita income (dollars)				48

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1/ For derivation see the following page.

2/ IMF, International Financial Statistics.

3/ United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

RWANDA (continued)

	<u>Derivation of national income</u>			
	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product <sup>1/</sup> at market prices (million Belgian francs)	6,538	....	....	....
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1/ Source: Travaux Input-output au Congo Belge, National Accounts Section, Government General, 1st Report. The estimate for GDP arrived at in this document refers to the former Trust Territory Ruanda-Urundi; it has been broken down here in the ratio of Rwanda's population to that of Ruanda-Urundi.

2/ Source: United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

3/ The percentages have been derived from estimates in a recent study entitled Produit intérieur brut et revenu national du Rwanda et du Burundi pendant l'année 1961 by UNTA expert, Richard Uloué, Usumbura, 1963.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average 1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (million W.I. dollars)	497.2	561.7	603.8	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (W.I. dollars per U.S. dollar)	1.714	1.714	1.714	
National income (million dollars)	290.1	327.7	352.3	323
Population <sup>2/</sup> (thousands)		709		
Per capita income (dollars)				409

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Sources:

- 1/ Reply of 4 April 1963 from the Ministry of External Affairs, Saint Ann's Trinidad to the Statistical Office Questionnaire.
- 2/ United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

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UGANDA

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>Average</u> <u>1957-59</u>
National income <sup>1/</sup> (thousand £)	139,382	139,469	142,137	
Exchange rate <sup>2/</sup> (U.S. dollars per £)	2.80	2.80	2.80	
National income (million dollars)	390.3	390.5	398.0	393
Population <sup>3/</sup> (thousands)	6,356			
Per capita income (dollars)				62

<sup>1/</sup> For derivation see the following page.

<sup>2/</sup> IMF, International Financial Statistics.

<sup>3/</sup> United Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.

UGANDA (continued)

	<u>1957</u>	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>
Gross domestic product <sup>1/</sup> at factor cost (thousand £)	146,718	146,809	149,618
Less depreciation (assumed 5 per cent of GDP)	7,336	7,340	7,481
Net domestic product at factor cost (thousand £)	139,382	139,469	142,137

Note:

Since an official estimate for depreciation is not available, a deduction of 5 per cent was made from the aggregate of gross domestic product at factor cost to arrive at an estimate of net domestic product at factor cost. The figure 5 per cent as a ratio of depreciation to gross domestic product is based on the estimates of several developing countries with economic conditions roughly similar to those obtaining in Uganda. Earlier approximate estimates of gross and net domestic product seem to support this percentage for depreciation.

A further adjustment for net factor income payments from abroad is needed to arrive at national income. No official estimate of net factor income payments is available. However, from related data on foreign trade it appears that the net flow of payments is negligible and that the domestic and national aggregates may be considered identical.

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Source:

- 1/ Reply of 22 February 1963 from Ministry of Economic Affairs, Entebbe, to the Statistical Office Questionnaire.